

HERE'S UNIVERSAL SERVICE; BUY BONDS

NEW REVOLUTION ON IN RUSSIA?

A Hint of This Comes From Petrograd in Despatches.

NOTHING OFFICIAL YET

AS TO THE EXTENT OF THE OUTBREAK.

United States Concern is Focused Largely on the Conference Next Sunday Between the Bolsheviks and the Germans.

(Canadian Press Despatch.) Washington, Nov. 29.—Out of the maze of Russian complications, there emerged to-day word of renewed trouble at Petrograd, with the hint of another revolution. What proportions the movement assumed was a matter of conjecture, early reports telling of firing and wounding of several persons and an epidemic of political turmoil. No official message has come on the outbreak.

Like other Entente Allies, the United States Government is reserving the formal expression of its attitude toward the Bolshevik regime pending further developments, and its concern is focussed largely on the conference set for next Sunday between the Bolshevik leaders and the Germans regarding an armistice and peace.

Occupy Petrograd Bank.

(Canadian Press Despatch.) London, Nov. 29.—Maximalist troops have occupied Petrograd state bank, according to the Petrograd correspondent of the Daily Mail. He adds: "The people are going about their business in the most ordinary manner. Nobody is hurrying and one would never imagine that another revolution is in progress. Scenes of political turmoil have now become epidemic here."

FULL SPEED ON FOR THE FINISH

Two More Days Remain to Purchase Victory Loan Bonds.

\$1,734,600 IS THE SUM

THAT HAD BEEN SECURED ON WEDNESDAY NIGHT.

It is Up to the People "To Come Across" and Make the Total Two Million Dollars.

With two more days to go "over the top" and hit the two million dollar mark, the local canvassers for the Victory Loan are putting on full steam for the final drive.

Wednesday was a big day. The canvassers brought in \$47,150 and the banks \$278,000, making a total for the day of \$325,150 and a grand total up to \$1,734,600. This was certainly great.

It is now a case of "coming across" so if there are any business men who have been holding back, now is the time to strike.

Kingston is making a name for herself in this campaign. The township of Storrington is right in the front line, as it was announced on Thursday morning that for Wednesday's work the sum of \$17,000 was secured.

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Hotel Dieu Hospital, of which Miss Ida Roman is president, purchased Victory Bonds in favor of the Mother Superior of that hospital.

Isn't It Worth While? Why be content with a measly 3 per cent. when you can get 5 1/2 per cent. for your money. \$500 at 3 per cent. simple interest returns you \$75 in five years. \$500 invested in a Victory Bond for the same period.

WHIG CONTENTS. 1-New Revolution in Russia; The Victory Loan; Prevent Huns from Rising; To Keep Up Drive; 2-A Strong Organization; Incidents of the Day; 3-As Given General Rank; Busy Time Yet to Come; 4-Editorial; Ripping Rhymes; Press Opinions; Things That Never Happen; 5-Long Campaign On; Was a Hardshell Grit; 6-A Mania for Thieving; District News; 7-Amusements; Announcements; The Forum; 8-Military Matters; Theatrical News; 9-The Sunday School Lesson; 10-Roxane's Confession; Fashion Cut; 11-News from the Country; 12-In World of Sport; Bringing Up Father.

BRITONS CAN'T AVOID SERVICE; RECRUITING DEPOTS OPEN

They and Canadians Will Be Drafted if They Fail to Offer Themselves as Volunteers—Head of Mission Wants All.

New York, Nov. 29.—A warning to British and Canadian residents in the United States that they "cannot escape doing their duty while their fellow citizens in Great Britain and Canada are being drafted for service and their neighbors in the United States who are citizens are being drafted here" was issued by Brig.-Gen. W. A. White, head of the British-Canadian recruiting mission in this country.

"The mission has established recruiting depots through the country," General White said in a statement, "to give Britishers and Canadians an opportunity to volunteer for service through these depots. Some 13,990 men have been enlisted and sent forward to the British and Canadian armies.

"Pending the completion of the conventions which it is expected Secretary Lansing will submit to Congress," he added, "a very active campaign is to be carried on all over the United States through the British and Canadian recruiting mission. This will give all Britons and Canadians an opportunity to volunteer for service instead of waiting to be drafted."

WORLD'S RECORD MEAT ORDER IS PLACED FOR THE ALLIES WITH CHICAGO STOCKYARDS, AT PRICES SET BY U. S. GOVERNMENT

Chicago, Nov. 29.—The greatest meat order in the history of the Chicago stockyards and of the world was placed here yesterday. Joseph P. Cotton, chief of the meat division of the food administration, was the buyer and the purchase was for the allied nations, the Red Cross and the Belgian Relief Commission. The tonnage, the kinds of meats involved and the time for deliveries will remain secret as will the names of the fifteen packers who divided the orders.

The order for the U. S. army failed to arrive in time, it was said, and will be delivered later. It also was said the greater part of the order will be delivered after the first of the year and that cured meats and lard will go to make up a considerable portion of the whole.

The order was placed under the new prices established last Saturday by the food administration, allowing the packers not more than 2 1/2 per cent. profit on meat sales. The order was unusual in that there was no competition, the whole thing being shared out at the Government's own prices, practically at the dictation of Mr. Cotton.

returns you \$137.50. Isn't this extra \$62.50 worth your while?

Two Million Assured.

Robert Meek, chairman of the executive of the Victory Loan, intimates that the amount of two million dollars, the third objective set by the executive, is now assured, but he would like to see the campaign wage so that by Saturday night the sum of \$2,500,000 would be available.

Splendid Results.

Up to Wednesday at 2 p.m. the Victory Loan captains in the Locomotive Works had secured these subscriptions: Capt. J. Fleming—237 men for \$31,350.

Capt. J. Ahearne—116 men for \$25,500. Capt. F. Paynter—128 men for \$15,100.

Capt. W. Patterson—120 men for \$17,650. Total: 601 men for \$89,600.

NO CHANGE AT CAMBRAI IS LONDON REPORT

Berlin Reports That the British Artillery is Shelling Cambrai.

(Canadian Press Despatch.) London, Nov. 29.—No change in British positions on the Cambrai front is reported in to-day's official communication. Belgians repulsed German attacks.

British Shell Cambrai (Canadian Press Despatch.) Berlin, via London, Nov. 29.—British artillery yesterday was shelling the town of Cambrai, the objective of the latest British offensive on the Somme front in France, the German general staff announced to-day.

Some German Raids. (Canadian Press Despatch.) Paris, Nov. 29.—The Germans after a heavy bombardment undertook extensive raids into French territory but were repulsed with heavy losses. Our troops made raids, bringing back prisoners.

BOGUS ENUMERATORS Are Said to be at Work—Warning to Officials.

Ottawa, Nov. 29.—Bogus enumerators are scouring the country. Special instructions have been telegraphed by W. F. O'Connor, general returning officer, to all returning officers in the Dominion that enumerators must be provided with badges or buttons for purposes of identification. Reports are to hand here that men, calling themselves enumerators, have been going about in various constituencies and using influence with the electors.

NO INFANTRY ACTIONS On the Italian Front—Enemy Evidently Worn Out.

(Canadian Press Despatch.) Rome, Nov. 29.—Heavy artillery fighting is in progress all along the front, but no further infantry actions of importance are reported by the War Office. On the lower Piave river Italian batteries directed a destructive fire at enemy boats.

Rev. Cosmo Gordon Lang, Archbishop of York, has accepted an invitation to visit the United States.

The U. S. Navy department has commandeered all tin in New York warehouses.

PREVENT HUNS FROM RISING

Canadian Aviators Did Great Work During the Battle of Cambrai.

RAKE FRIGHTENED ENEMY

WITH BOMBS AND MACHINE GUNS FROM AIR.

Canadian Aviators Flew Only 200 Feet From the Ground—Enemy Surprise Was Complete.

London, Nov. 29.—Besides the Canadian cavalry the Canadian aviators took a heroic part in the last push towards Cambrai. A Canadian officer in the R.F.C. gives me the following story: "The weather was thick with rain, fog and mist. We had to fly not higher than 200 feet, otherwise from above we could see nothing. We got superb view of the whole engagement. When the tanks went over the Huns were caught completely unawares and either bolted in panic or threw up their hands. So complete was the surprise that when our men reached the German line they found German officers breakfasting.

"From the air we could see the cavalry following the tanks. This also was a surprise and added to the Germans' mad desire to run away or surrender. We could see what seemed like an interminable procession of prisoners going towards our lines. The advance was the most rapid yet seen and was also accompanied by slight casualties. Of the great fleet of tanks I only saw three put out of action. Our aircraft did fine work with bombs and machine guns. The enemy's machine guns did little damage.

"I saw no German aeroplanes up. Indeed when the Germans realized they had been surprised they did try to bring some aeroplanes into action, but on leaving their enemy aeroplanes they were riddled by our men. Not one was allowed to rise. We from the air saw one German battery surrender without making any effort to advance."

War Things.

It is announced that China will be represented at the inter-allied conference at Paris.

General Maurice states that there is no important movement of troops so far, from the Russian front.

British troops are in sight of Jerusalem, but are compelled to wait fresh troops and supplies as it is probable the Turks will make a strong defence.

Artillery fighting of the greatest violence is now in progress on the Flanders front in the region of Passchendaele, says a Berlin report.

HUGE WAR FINANCING

Loans of Great Britain Far in Excess of Seven Billions.

New York, Nov. 29.—Latest figures at hand show that England has since the war began loaned \$7,123,000,000 to its allies, including \$777,000,000 to the United States. The total advanced since April was \$1,414,000,000.

The United States, in the seven months since it entered the war, has advanced a total of \$3,861,400,000 to its allies. This is less than England's total, but it is almost 55 per cent of the advance made by England in three years and three months of war, and it was made in less than one-fifth the time.

FIRST VISIT OF ITS KIND

Archbishop of York is Coming to United States.

New York, Nov. 29.—Rev. Dr. Wm. T. Manning, rector of Trinity church, has received a cable message from the Right Hon. and Most Rev. Cosmo Gordon Lang, Archbishop of York, announcing his acceptance of an invitation to visit the United States, it only became known tonight. It will not be the Archbishop's first trip to the United States, but the first time an Archbishop of York has come to this country. It is expected he will arrive on March 1st, and remain a month.

WAR BULLETINS.

Thirty-five hundred German troops have surrendered to the British in East Africa.

The Turks have brought up large reserves and a big battle for Jerusalem is expected.

The crisis in Italy is passed and the Teuton invasion. Fighting is still severe but the Italians are holding all ground.

The British retain Bourlon Wood after fierce fighting near Cambrai.

Canadian Nurse Decorated. Philadelphia, Nov. 29.—Decorated by the French Government for valorous action, during which she was wounded while serving as a nurse, Miss Madeline F. Jaffray, daughter of J. P. Jaffray, Canadian consular agent, who lives in this city, arrived home yesterday.

TEUTON LOSSES IN ITALY ARE SIMPLY APPALLING

The Invaders Will Only Get Through Over the Dead Bodies of the Gallant Italians, Who are Determined Never to Yield.

Italian Army Headquarters in Northern Italy, Nov. 29.—A visit made to-day to the fighting ground at Monte Tomba, Monte Monfenera and other mountains in the fighting zone in the north, and then to the Piave line, where it joins the mountain front, afforded opportunity to see this central point of the present huge struggle, and obtain from officers at several division and brigade headquarters direct information in regard to the condition of affairs.

General Garibaldi, commander of the famous Alpine Brigade, declared the fighting had shown that the Italian troops could hold the line beyond any question. Speaking of the spirit of his men, he added: "If the enemy ever does get past, owing to superior generalship or superior strength of guns, it will be only over the dead bodies of our troops, for they are determined never to yield."

The roads leading to the battle front showed increasing masses of troops being brought up for concentration on the threatened line. Much artillery was coming in.

While the pressure of Austro-German forces is still impetuous, at the same time they seem to have been worn down by heavy losses and the unexpected strength of the resistance they have encountered. This staff officer estimated the enemy losses as fully two or three times those of the Italians, as the defensive lines always have afforded greater shelter.

So appalling have been the casualties suffered by the enemy in his fruitless attacks that it was reported to-day he had withdrawn several crippled divisions (nearly 105,000 men).

Prisoners declare that some battalions of several hundred men have been reduced to thirty or forty by the vigor of the Italian defence.

THE BELGIAN ARMY IS NOW COMPOSED OF TEN DIVISIONS, AND ALL ARE ALERT AND READY.

Havre, Nov. 29.—Then divisions strong, the Belgian army is ready to take its part in the offensive in Flanders whenever the word is given. The Belgian Minister of War to-day told the Associated Press that the Belgian Army was composed of 117,000 men at the beginning of the war, increased by 20,000 volunteers in August, 1914, and reduced to 60,000 men after the battle of the Yser. Since then by the enrolment of Belgian refugees and the enlistment of volunteers who have braved the live wire barriers on the Holland frontier it has been brought up to ten divisions of well-trained troops.

"In August, 1917," said the Minister, "the Belgian army had twelve times as many machine guns as in 1914, seven times as many field guns and heavy pieces, with five times as much ammunition as was on hand at the outset of hostilities. It is building its own cannon, making its own powder and its own projectiles."

OBTAIN EXEMPTION IN QUEBEC FOR PAY

Another Tribunal Member Resigns, Saying He is Disgusted With Actions.

Quebec, Nov. 29.—Magistrate Simard, of Baie St. Paul, member of the Military Exemption Board at Baie St. Paul, has resigned and sent the following letter to E. L. Newcombe, Deputy Minister of Justice, at Ottawa: "I am tired of walking in this dirt. Send me permission to retire."

CLERGYMEN EXPELLED

Only Mexican-Born Priests Allowed to Remain.

Mexico City, Nov. 29.—The arrest and expulsion of a number of foreign clergymen was announced in a statement issued by the governor of the federal district. The statement says the clergymen have already been sent on their way out of the country together with other persons classed as undesirable.

The expulsion of the clergymen is said to have resulted from their failure to comply with the provision of the new constitution which permits only Mexican born priests to exercise religious functions.

Week's Toll of Ships.

(Canadian Press Despatch.) London, Nov. 29.—Shipping losses from submarines show an increase. Fourteen British ships over 1,600 tons and seven under were sunk last week.

WHERE PROMINENT LIBERALS STAND

(The British Whig has been charged with forsaking the Liberal party because it supports the Union Government and the Military Service Act. It is not so. We propose to publish on this page, day by day, the statements of recognized Liberal leaders which prove that they hold the same views as we do. Were the Whig to advocate, at this crisis, any other policy, it would indeed be opposing all that is best and noblest and bravest in Canadian Liberalism.)

ARTICLE NO. 3.

Wrong on the other. For myself I have never seen the part of public duty more clearly. Until the war is over, the terms 'Liberal' and 'Conservative' with all the rivalries which they connote, however legitimate and even laudable in normal times, should be packed in the lumber-room and left to rot. We are living in a day of big deeds, when men are linking in terms of humanity. By our support of the Union Government, we, the voters of Canada, can show that we are not unequal to such a day. It would be quite unpardonable if, in this hour, we refused to lay aside our old party animosities and prejudices.

The People Should Follow Example of Political Leaders. The formation of the Union Government affords the country a grand opportunity. In the past there has been too much sterility as regards war effort on the part of both political parties. Now that they have come together, Canada can bring forth fruit worthy of her. It would be difficult to conceive of any other issue which would have brought two leaders of such diverse views as Sir George Foster and Mr. Rowell, for example, to work side by side. It rejoices much to the credit of the leaders on both sides that they have agreed to sink their differences for the sake of the common cause. Their example should be a genuine inspiration to the general body of voters.

Incidentally, I fail to see how Sir Wilfrid Laurier, even were he successful at the polls, could get together a stable Cabinet. The Union Government has "cornered" the capacity as well as the character of our public life.

Support Union Government or Desert the Soldiers.

For I dread to think what the effect of the Union Government's desertion might be on our soldiers at the front. It would inevitably appear to them as though we at home were careless or indifferent. Not only for their sakes, but also for our own credit, I conceive it to be the duty of the hour, besides which all other purposes are insignificant, to strain every nerve to secure the Union Government's return. We must either support the Union Government or fail our boys in the trenches. These are the two sole alternatives, and I should hope there can be no doubt in the minds of patriotic Canadians as to which is the right course to take. Rarely, as it seems, to me, does a question arise in which the right is so clearly on the one side and the

GERMANS MASSACRE ITALIAN CIVILIANS.

Milan, Italy, Nov. 28.—German-Austrian invading forces have made a second Belgium out of the provinces in Northern Italy which they have overrun. The invading Huns massacred civilian inhabitants, pillaged their homes and stores, made civilians work under military laws, drivers, and in general carried out the terrorist programme of the early days of Belgium.

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