

KEEP THE HOME FIRES BURNING; BUY BONDS

\$510,000 AMOUNT NOW SUBSCRIBED

By the People of Kingston to Canada's Victory Loan.

A STATEMENT IS ISSUED

WITH REGARD TO THE MATTER OF EXPENSES.

The Canvassers Are Most Enthusiastic—\$100,000 Was the Amount Subscribed on Wednesday.

The half million mark in the Victory Loan subscriptions of this district has been passed, and since Monday night the grand total of \$510,000 has been attained.

On Wednesday no less than \$100,000 were received and among them were a great many small subscriptions.

G. R. Warburton, the district organizer, mentioned the fact to the Whig on Thursday morning, and stated that he was very gratified at the interest the small investors were taking in the campaign.

There seems to be some misunderstanding regarding fully registered bonds. Despite anything in the prospectus it has been announced that the Minister of Finance has agreed to have bonds from \$50 and up fully registered.

Arrangements are being made for the ladies' auxiliary committee to provide some of the publicity matter provided by the Victory Loan executive.

The women's branch of the Victory Loan committee are meeting every day at three o'clock in the Board of Trade rooms. They are greatly interested in the campaign, and will help all they can.

The committee is aiming high and hope that by to-night the total of \$600,000 which was the first objective will be reached.

The question of expenses in connection with the Victory War Loan having been raised, the chairman of the executive committee handed out this statement to-day:

OFFICIAL WAR REPORTS.

British.

The afternoon report said: "Following upon the increased activity of the artillery already noted, the Germans yesterday afternoon attacked the positions held by our troops on the high ground north of Passchendaele. The attack was repulsed completely.

French.

Paris, Nov. 14.—The War Office announcement to-night reads: "Artillery actions occurred north of the Aisne, in the region of Valenciennes, and on the right bank of the Meuse, in the sector of Apremont forest. North of Berry-au-Bac one of our patrols after an engagement this morning brought back prisoners and a machine-gun. In addition, one of our detachments entered German front-line trenches north of Comiliet, and after having explored the positions, destroyed shelters and captured material, returned intact to its own lines.

Want Peace Negotiations.

Copenhagen, Nov. 15.—A monster mass meeting of Social Democrats in Vienna on Monday adopted resolutions urging the Central Powers immediately to propose an armistice to Russia and "invite all belligerents to begin peace negotiations," according to dispatches received here to-day.

Had an Air Fight.

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TURKS DRIVEN BACK 7 MILES

Decisive Victory Won by Allenby's Force Over Turks in Palestine.

CLOSING IN ON JERUSALEM

BRITISH ENCAMPED WHERE JUDAS BETRAYED THE MASTER

Sank by a Submarine—Destroyer and Monitor Operating With British Army Torpedoes.

London, Nov. 13.—British forces in Palestine yesterday attacked the new Turkish positions and drove back the enemy a distance of seven miles, it was announced to-day by Major-General Maurice, chief director of military operations at the War Office.

The Turkish force confronting General Allenby, the British commander, has now lost half its entire effectiveness, General Maurice continued.

He said booty taken in yesterday's attack had not yet been reported, but that one cavalry division, which was only a small part of the force engaged, took 1,100 prisoners, two guns and 14 machine-guns.

General Maurice said the British front in Palestine now ran along the Wadi Surar. This position immediately covers Jaffa and the railway junction on the route to Jerusalem.

Wadi Surar was the Biblical brook Kedron, which Jesus went over with his disciples into the garden he was wont to frequent, and whither he was followed by Judas and betrayed.

"The keynote of our operations in the eastern theatre," said General Maurice, "is the defence of won Falkenhayn's preparations for the recapture of Bagdad. General Maude's latest move up the Tigris succeeded in destroying the Turkish stores of ammunition piled up for this enterprise.

"Having accomplished this, Maude has now fallen back to his old position, as there is no point in prolonging communications to no purpose.

"Meanwhile, Gen. Allenby has been striking a powerful blow on the Palestine front. The forces opposing Allenby have been very roughly handled. They have lost half their effectiveness, and must be reformed from the army which von Falkenhayn has been preparing at Aleppo for the Bagdad attack.

"A British destroyer and a small monitor which were operating in conjunction with the British army in Palestine have been sunk, it was officially announced this evening. A total of 23 men from the two vessels are missing. The text of the statement announcing the losses reads: "One of His Majesty's destroyers and a small monitor have been sunk by an enemy submarine while co-operating with the army in Palestine. Seven men are missing from the destroyer and 26 from the monitor."

CHECKED THE GERMANS IN THEIR ADVANCE

They Have Been Seeking to Cross Over the Piave River.

(Canadian Press Despatch.)

Rome, Nov. 15.—The Italians have defeated the renewed efforts of the Germans to cross the Piave river. Those of the enemy who forced a crossing at two points on the previous day are being held in check, the War Office announced today.

Was Much Enthusiasm.

(Canadian Press Despatch.)

Rome, Nov. 15.—Great enthusiasm and patriotic feeling marked Wednesday afternoon's sitting of the Italian Chamber of Deputies. Prof. Vittiello Orlando, in his first speech as Premier, struck the key note of his policy, namely, that the situation called for acts rather than for words. The Premier spoke feelingly of the assistance being rendered by the Entente Allies to Italy. Referring to the creation of an inter-Allied supreme council and military council, Prof. Orlando announced that they would include representatives of the United States.

Total of Victory Loan.

(Canadian Press Despatch.)

Toronto, Nov. 15.—It was announced at the headquarters of the publicly committee of the Victory Loan campaign here to-day that the total amount reported subscribed from various centres all over the Dominion approximates \$36,811,475. The three days' total for Ontario is \$24,962,000.

French Cabinet Situation.

(Canadian Press Despatch.)

Paris, Nov. 15.—The situation growing out of the resignation of the Painleve Ministry is yet most indefinite. M. Clemenceau is still favorable for the premiership with even betting that the former Premier will be re-appointed.

Professor William Julius Mickel.

Toronto, an authority on general paralysis of the insane, is dead, aged seventy years.

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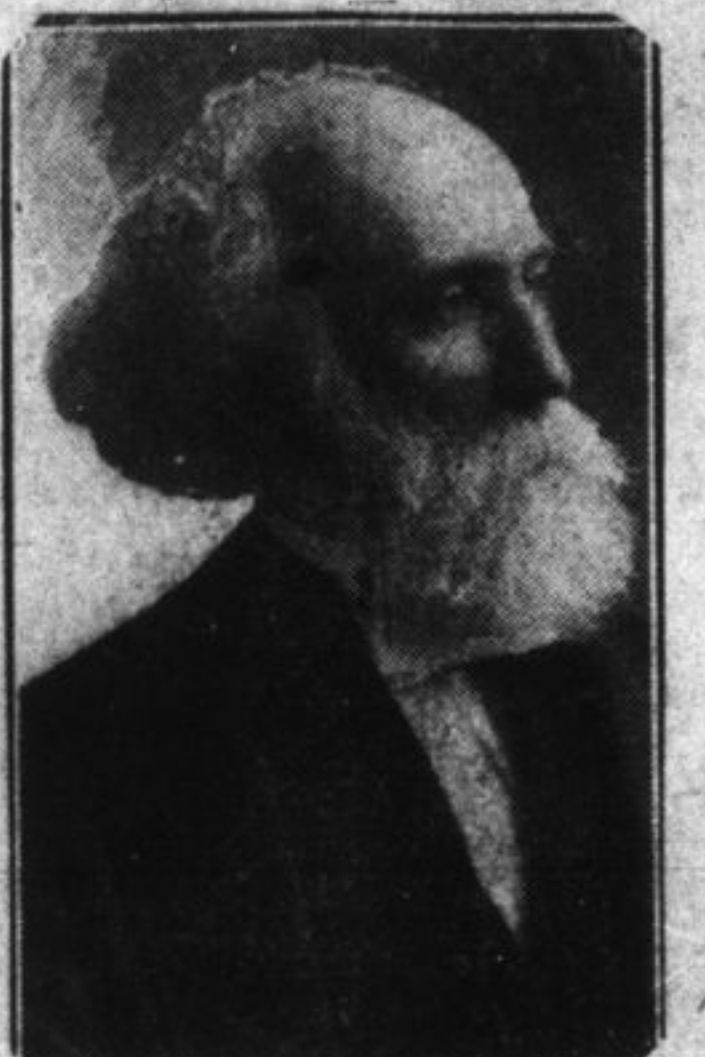
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JUSTICE BROTON Who is presiding at the Sister Basil case in the City Hall.

NO CHANGE AT PIAVE.

According to a Despatch from Berlin on Italian Situation.

(Canadian Press Despatch.)

Berlin, Nov. 15.—The London-German troops on the mountain front in northern Italy are advancing to the south from Fossano and Feltri, says to-day's official. No change is reported along the lower Piave river.

FAILS TO MOVE THE CANADIANS

German's Boasted Attack to Sweep Passchendaele Ridge Results in Defeat.

CANADIANS WON'T BUDGE

EVEN IF OLD HINDENBURG DOES WANT THE SIDGE.

Canadian Guns Are Blasting the Foes—On to the Ridge the Canadians Stormed Their Way in Remarkable Series of Battles.

(Canadian Press Despatch.)

London, Nov. 15.—Hindenburg has failed. The boasted attack which was to have swept our troops off Passchendaele Ridge was launched late yesterday afternoon.

From "Vindictive Crossroads to Vocation Farm the enemy advanced in force, only to be met by the terrific fire of our artillery, causing him heavy losses every step of the advance. Those of the enemy who survived our barrage were caught by rifle and machine gun fire and repulsed along the line by our infantry.

As he has failed to blast our men out of the position, so the enemy has failed to drive them out. Canada is secure on the ridge. Our troops have been daily strengthening the forward line, while our guns have been advancing to new positions.

Prepared for yesterday's attack, our artillery and infantry co-operated in the decisive defeat of picked fighting troops of the Central Empire.

Our Guns Blasting Foes.

Behind us are Moselemarkt, Meetchele, Bellevue Crest farm, lone mounds of concrete that were enemy pill-boxes, blasted trees, mud and devastation. Enemy shells are blasting Passchendaele, our guns are blasting his, while our men are toiling to strengthen their positions in the mud. From Passchendaele to Ypres, mist hangs over the land, veiling the desolation. Our men have won their way through the valley of the shadow, that is the salient to the heights that represent domination, the crown of their great achievement. The dead of the Empire lie in the valley, the dead of three years, our dead of Langemark, St. Julien, of yesterday and of to-day. Because of them, the living who fought with them, followed after them, the ridge is ours. The tragedy of low graves is relieved by the victory of high hills. For the triumph that is Passchendaele is shared by all. The shadow over the salient is lifting. Up to the ridge and on to the ridge the Canadian corps stormed its way in a remarkable series of battles. In several battles, 1,174 prisoners, including two battalion commanders, have been captured.

WHY NOT RESULT IN CHANGES.

(Canadian Press Despatch.)

New York, Nov. 15.—Associated Press cables predict that the storm of criticism levelled at Lloyd George as the result of his Paris speech and plans then outlined will not result in any changes in the Government. The debate will likely be continued when he makes another statement, but nobody appears to have anything better to offer than the Inter-Allied War Council plans which the Premier has proposed.

Pleaded "Not Guilty."

Hamilton, Nov. 15.—Charged with manslaughter in connection with the death of Dr. D. G. McRobbie, a well known Hamilton doctor, on August 19th, Harry Smith, J. J. McAniff, Walter Scott and Herbert Ansell, were placed on trial yesterday. The quartette pleaded not guilty.

Killed in Street Fighting.

(Canadian Press Despatch.)

London, Nov. 15.—Two thousand persons have been killed in street fighting in Moscow. In Kiev and various other towns anarchy prevails.

Attacks Failed.

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James P. McNichol, State Senator and Republican leader, dropped dead in Philadelphia on Wednesday.

LOYD GEORGE FACES A CRISIS

Formation of War Council Brings Torrent of Criticism And Abuse Upon Him.

HE MAY BE FORCED OUT

ACCORDING TO THE LATEST WORD FROM LONDON.

Even the London Times Says That His Weakness is to Think Out His Plans to Their Logical Conclusion.

London, Nov. 15.—Premier Lloyd George explained to the House of Commons to-day that the inter-Allied Council, the establishment of which was arranged for at the recent conference of British, French and Italian representatives would have no executive power. He said final decision in regard to matters of strategy and the distribution and movement of armies would rest with the several Governments of the allies.

The new Council, he said, would be charged with the duty of surveying continuously the field of operations as a whole in the light of information derived from all the Governments and staffs, and also of co-ordinating plans and making plans of its own, if necessary, for the better conduct of the war.

Facing a Crisis.

New York, Nov. 15.—An Associated Press despatch from London dated Tuesday says:

Premier Lloyd George on his return from his trip to consult and hear Great Britain's ally, Italy, finds himself faced by the sharpest crisis of his career as Prime Minister. The crisis is one which may quite possibly result in a vote of want of confidence by the Parliament, would be followed automatically by his resignation.

No action taken by any British Government since the beginning of the war has caused such a maelstrom of criticism, speculation and symptoms of uneasiness as the announcement of the formation of an international war council composed of Cabinet Ministers of Great Britain, France and Italy, with military committee representing the three nations, which latter is to be in constant session at Versailles.

The questions being asked are whether it will bring effective control of the campaign, and particularly how far the new military trinity will supersede or overlap the management of British operations by the general staff of the army.

"A Bad Press."

During the past twenty-four hours the Premier has had what in Europe is called "a bad press." The comments on his action range from violent attacks by the Morning Post and the Globe to questioning and critical comment. Even the Times, which is credited with being the chief instrument in the overthrow of the Asquith Government in Lloyd George's interest, said that "his weakness is a failure to think out his plans to their logical conclusion," which may be regarded as a considerable way of saying the Premier is prone to slip before he looks. The Globe, which recently has been edited by L. J. Mase, a prominent publicist, best known as the editor of the National Review, calls the Premier a "dangerous demagogue," and terms with the strategy of the war. "This is the strongest language printed by English newspapers since the political truce was declared at the beginning of the war.

Will Not Result in Changes.

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RUMANIA TO FIGHT TO THE VERY END

She is With the Entente Despite the Fall Down of Russia.

Stockholm, Nov. 15.—"Rumania continues to stand shoulder to shoulder with our fighting Allies," said the Rumanian Minister to Sweden yesterday, when told that reports were being spread here attributing separate peace tendencies to his country.

"The people, court and army are united and indivisible," he continued. "There is no tinge of Bolshevism in us, and we have no thoughts of a separate peace.

"We are with the fighting Allies to the end. Our army will be in a very dangerous and even critical position if the Petrograd Soviet manages to secure an armistice or separate peace. In that event we shall have to bear the brunt of an attack by millions of Austrians and Germans. But we shall fight on, and if we go down it will be with the flag flying, fighting for liberty, just as America and the rest of the Allies.

MOTOR TO CHURCH A CRIME

Major-General Lipssett, of the Canadians, Accused in London.

London, Nov. 15.—Major-General Lipssett was summoned for using a motor contrary to restrictions. He had hired the car to go to church. The police urged it was not a matter of household business. This is the lowest since the beginning of Germany's campaign.

ONLY ONE BRITISH STEAMER IS SUNK.

(Canadian Press Despatch.)

London, Nov. 15.—Only one British merchant vessel of over 1,500 tons was sunk by a submarine last week. This is the lowest since the beginning of Germany's campaign.

EMPLOYEE DESERTER

Says He Has Made Up Mind Not to Be a Soldier.

Ottawa, Nov. 15.—Harold Morris, aged thirty-one, an employee of the Lands Department Branch of the Interior Department, as the first resident of the Capital to be charged with unlawful desertion under the Military Service Act. He appeared in the Police Court yesterday in a non-penitent mood, and was remanded a week.

"I am not available for the army," he said when arrested, "because I have decided in my own mind that I will not fight."

MARLBOROUGH TOGETHER.

Announcement Creates Interest in Social Circles.

London, Nov. 15.—The Graphic prints the following: "The Duke of Marlborough is forty-six to-day. Both he and his Duchess are at Blenheim Palace."

In view of the fact that the Duke and Duchess, who was formerly Consul Vanderbil of New York, have been separated for a number of years, the children spending part of the time with their mother and part with their father, this announcement is causing great interest in social circles.

Canadian Casualties.

Killed in action—Lieut. R. Corbett, Brockville; Lieut. F. T. Pendergast, Cornwall; P. Leoney, Peterboro.

Died of wounds—W. Brown, Pembroke; W. L. Yates, Berryton; S. R. Burt, Arnprior; E. E. Galbraith, York; G. W. Gemmill, Peterboro; G. T. B. Cover, Enterprise; P. L. Thibout, Odessa; A. McNaughton, Cobden; W. P. Banks, Smith's Falls; A. E. Thompson, Peterboro; W. H. Murray, Brockville; M. Montroy, Williamstown.

Wounded and gassed—J. J. Murray, Peterboro.

Wounded—G. A. Williams, Deseronto; T. Campbell, Port Hope; G. Campbell, F. R. Blackwell, Peterboro; R. Sadler, Billings Bridge; John Jones, Belleville; Joseph Leason, Cornwall; V. Asseline, Belleville; P. Reid, Cardinal; D. Maher, A. E. Tobin, Peterboro; N. J. Campbell, Havelock; C. H. Perrin, Prescott; L. E. Carswell, P. Monahan, Brockville; W. Mearns, Shannonville; C. E. Rowe, Cornwall; Roy Houston, Deseronto; W. A. Lean, Apsley; R. Hutchings, Halliburton; F. Mearns, Demorestville; H. F. O'Neill, Belleville; A. Mose, Cornwall; H. Patterson, Christie's Lake; W. M. Robertson, Lindsay; J. B. Jerry, Gananoque; Henry Dean, Madoc; W. McDonald, Alexandria; V. Saucier, Martintown; C. S. Hart, Cornwall; S. A. Mansfield, Smith's Falls; H. J. Murdoch, Spencerville; V. H. Robertson, Gananoque; J. W. Gaffin, Pembroke; W. Perry, Kingston; W. L. Bennett, Port Hope; E. H. Oliver, Belleville; B. F. St. Perre, Frontenac; H. Doloman, Peterboro.

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DEFENCE ASKS FOR NON-SUIT

As Regards the Two Corporations Included in Sister Basil's Case.

MOTHER GENERAL'S POWER

IS LIMITED; MUST ACT WITH HER COUNCIL.

Letters Passed Between Father Mea and the Archbishop—Chief of Police Bailie Made a Statement Regarding the Case.

The conclusion of the court proceeding on Wednesday will be found on pages 12 and 13. When the case of Sister Mary Basil vs. Archbishop Spratt, et al, was resumed on Thursday morning, W. N. Tilley, counsel for the plaintiff, finished reading the sworn evidence of Sister Gabriel, taken under oath, by a commission at Moosejaw, Sask.

After this evidence was put in, Father Mea was recalled to the stand. Witness produced the canon of the Catholic church, showing the rules and regulations governing the church and its institutions, and explained some points therein to Lally McCarthy, counsel for the defence. Father Mea also presented the statutes of the National Council of Quebec.

Mr. McCarthy said he did not want anything presented which did not have a bearing on this case.

Father Mea pointed out that these statutes had a bearing on the case, as they stated that no Sister could be taken out of a diocese without the consent of the Archbishop.

Father Mea read over some of the regulations contained in the authorities he presented.

In answer to Mr. McCarthy, witness said that the Mother General was invested with power, but must act with her Council.

Witness was asked when he had posted the first document of Sister Basil sent to Rome. Witness said it was posted on Sept. 13th, 1916.

Counsel Took Objection.

Mr. McCarthy objected to Father Mea reading from a printed document. The judge sustained the objection and then Father Mea made a verbal explanation. The Archbishop was called, he said, the first superior of the diocesan institute, having to a certain extent absolute authority.

Mr. Tilley put in as exhibits the letters of Father Mea to Archbishop Spratt, written the 14th of February 1916, and the Archbishop's reply. Father Mea's letter informed the Archbishop about Sister Basil of Belleville giving Sister Basil no work and instructing the other sisters to have no intercourse with her; it also told of the assault made upon Sister Basil. Father Mea asked the Archbishop to intervene and enable Sister Basil to live a peaceful life.

The Archbishop's reply, dated 18th April, stated that he was informed that Father Mulhall, had provided for Sister Basil's needs in so far as required.

Father Mea stated in reply to this that he made an investigation and found that nothing had been done.

On 28th May, 1917, the Archbishop wrote Father Mea admonishing him to desist in his course he had taken with regard to Sister Basil and ordering him in future to refrain from interfering with a religious Sister inter or without.

"Did you obey that mandate?" asked Mr. Tilley.

"Yes in this way," replied Father Mea, "I read over the letter to the Archbishop and his secretary and asked His Grace if he wished me to do as it stated. He replied that he did, so I told Sister Mary Basil that I could no longer act as her counsel. She wanted then to seek the protection of the civil courts, but I advised her to wait a while longer."

(Continued on page 6.)

The Argentine Congress will grant