

The Changes in the Federal Cabinet Are Many and Important A Stirring New Offensive by the British About Ypres Sector

THE BRITISH SWEEP FORWARD AT YPRES

Battle of Flanders is Growing More And More Like the Battle of the Somme—British Tactics.

(Canadian Press Despatch.) London, Oct. 4.—The renewal of the Flanders drive comes after an eight-day interval. On Wednesday of last week the British swept forward over ground on both sides of the Ypres-Menin road, advancing from a half mile to a mile at various points along the line.

The same general tactics now being pursued of persistent driving at the same point in the line are evidently expected by the British to achieve a similar result. This time, however, the ground which would have to be abandoned would be far more valuable to the Entente and its loss a correspondingly heavy blow to the Germans.

To-day's attack followed sharply a last despairing effort of the Germans to stave it off. Crown Prince Rupprecht struck at the British line yesterday at its most vital points, but made no impression whatever.

The northern wing of the onrushing British troops was battling forward this morning within a short distance of Pelelappel. It had a footing on the famous Gravenstafel ridge, which juts out from the Passchendaele ridge to the west and had crushed through the Zennebeke-Droodseinde ridge, which is an integral part of the Passchendaele-Chelvenit chain.

The British have already penetrated well behind the hamlet of Broodseinde in which the cross roads formed by highways between Zonnebeke and Eclaire. Further to the south Osmeron Covert, where there had been much hard fighting, was left well in the rear. To-day's battle was along strongholds which comprised the crucially important system of German defence along the Passchendaele-Chelvenit ridge.

GERMAN DEFEAT ONLY END WAR

Winston Churchill Says It Must Be Fought to Decisive Conclusion.

INCONCLUSIVE PEACE FATAL

WORSE THAN CRIME TO STOP CONFLICT BEFORE TIME.

Some Strong Words Were Uttered at a Luncheon Given by the Aldwych Club—The Decisive Overthrow of Prussian Militarism Is Desired.

London, Oct. 4.—Rt. Hon. Winston Spencer Churchill, Minister of Munitions, speaking at a luncheon given in his honor yesterday by the Aldwych Club, said:

"We at this moment are actually in the sternest phase of the war. We are entering the phase in which the convulsion of nations will be the most intense, and when the fruits which are gathered and gained may be won forever or imprudently cast away.

"This is no time to talk of peace. This is the time to talk of British will, of British power and of British duty. There is no difference whatever between the kind of peace that Mr. Asquith called for in his speech last week and the peace which President Wilson demands. Both of their positions pointed to the same conclusion, namely, the decisive overthrow of Prussian militarism.

"Our war aims have been soberly restated but are as yet unachieved. Prussian militarism is not yet overthrown. It is not extravagance of speech to say that the leaders of that militarism are the enemies of the human race.

"If the war ended to-morrow in an inconclusive peace Prussian militarism would claim that it had saved Germany from invasion and defeat. The German Junker leaders would tell the German people that they had saved them; and they would invite us on the morrow of such a fatal peace to become friends and to cultivate commercial relations.

- WHIG CONTENTS. 1—The British Sweep, German Defeat Is Near; Transports Endangered; Britain to Retaliate. 2—City Short of Water; Incidents of Day. 3—Can Ask for Exemption; Military Matters. 4—Editorial: Rippling Rhymes; Press Opinions; Things That Never Happen. 5—Letter Regarding Conscription; Soldiers Did Not Come. 6—District News; Junior Matriculation List; Hibernians Building. 7—Amusements; Announcements; The Forum. 8—Many Forgeries; Military News; Theatrical. 9—Sunday School Lesson; Lecturing to Nurses. 10—Knox's Confession; Kingston's Boat Race. 11—The Whig Bang Paper. 12—A Word of Sport; Bringing Up Father.

PARLIAMENT DISSOLVED.

To Take Effect on Saturday—Guthrie Sworn In. (Canadian Press Despatch.) Ottawa, Oct. 4.—Parliament is dissolved from next Saturday.

Hugh Guthrie, Liberal M.P., was sworn in as solicitor-general to-day. In objection with the announcement of the proclamation breaking up Canada's House of Commons, Premier Borden said the date for the elections would be decided later. It is generally understood here they will not be held before January. Sir Robert also stated that beyond the additions of Messrs. Ballantyne and Guthrie there were no other Cabinet changes to announce.

Western Liberals will hold a meeting here this afternoon, and it is expected that Hon. H. S. Brewster, Premier of British Columbia, and Hon. J. A. Calder, of Saskatchewan, will enter the union cabinet. Sir Wilfrid Laurier will take no further steps respecting his resignation till after consultation with his friends in Toronto.

Austria May Seek Peace Of Its Own

(Canadian Press Despatch.) London, Oct. 4.—The Daily Express correspondent at Amsterdam writes that there is an increase of signs indicating that if Germany continues her present attitude on the question of peace, popular feeling in Austria will force the Vienna and Budapest cabinets to denounce the alliance with Germany and try to secure as good a peace for Austria alone as may be possible.

POLICY DECIDED UPON

For British Reprisals for the German Air Raids. (Canadian Press Despatch.) London, Oct. 4.—According to the Standard, a policy of British reprisals for German air raids has been decided upon. The plan is intimated by Lloyd George on Tuesday.

Raid on German Towns.

(Canadian Press Despatch.) Paris, Oct. 4.—Another aerial raid over Germany was made last night by French aviators. The cities of Frankfurt and Rastatt were bombed in reprisals. Rastatt is a town of 14,000 in Baden. This is the second attack on Frankfurt in the last week.

A Successful Raid.

(Canadian Press Despatch.) London, Oct. 4.—A successful raid by British airplanes on hostile positions on the Macedonian front is reported in an official statement from the War Office to-day. The statement says:

"Our airplanes made a most successful raid on an extensive scale, bombing the enemy's camps and dumps on the Belaschitzka Plain. Hostile troops were scattered by the machine gun fire, and one of seven enemy airplanes which attacked our formation was brought down. All our machines returned safely."

NEWS FROM THE FRONT

Hot Artillery Duel Going on in Russian Territory. (Canadian Press Despatch.) Petrograd, Oct. 4.—On the northern end of the Russian front, in the region of Jacobstadt, an artillery duel of great severity is in progress.

The Active Artillery.

(Canadian Press Despatch.) Paris, Oct. 4.—The night was calm except on the right bank of the Meuse, where the artillery on both sides was very active.

PRICE TO PRODUCE BREAD

Report Presented by the Investigating Commissioner. (Canadian Press Despatch.) Ottawa, Oct. 4.—It costs 6.60c for bakers to produce one pound of bread in Toronto, 6.44c in Ottawa, and from these prices the cost of production runs up in various cities to as high as 7.88c per pound in Vancouver and New Westminster, which is the maximum. This is the finding of High Cost of Living Commissioner W. F. O'Connor, K.C., as stated in an interim report given out here to-day after six months investigation into the milling and bread manufacturing industries in Canada.

The Toronto and Ottawa figures may be assumed to generally represent most of the Ontario cities.

Convoys in Mediterranean.

Washington, Oct. 4.—American destroyers and other naval vessels in European waters are conveying merchant ships through the submarine zones of the Mediterranean as well as in the vicinity of British and French Atlantic ports. The Secretary of the Navy, Mr. Daniels, made this announcement yesterday.

Newfoundland's Governor.

St. John's Nfld., Oct. 4.—The appointment of Sir Charles Harris to be Governor of Newfoundland is officially announced. He succeeds Sir Walter Davidson.

PLIGHT OF TURKEY IS GROWING WORSE

The Germans Take Best of Everything, Leaving Natives to Starve.

London, Oct. 4.—Turkey has only sixty per cent. of the average acreage of wheat under cultivation, on account of the scarcity of manure. Fruits and figs are available, but they need bread and onions. The people are hungry and exhausted. Constantinople fish is canned by the Germans for their use alone. At the hotels fish is obtainable. Turkish soldiers often have no bread. There is no sympathy between the German and Turkish officers and soldiers, as the Turks see that the Germans are better provisioned than themselves. Never asked for better treatment for his troops. One hundred Turkish piastres, paper, are now only worth thirty.

JOHN REDMOND'S SON

Is Awarded the D.S.O. For Gallant Conduct. (Canadian Press Despatch.) London, Oct. 4.—William Archer Redmond, M.P. for Tyrone, son of John E. Redmond, Irish leader, has been awarded the distinguished service order for gallant conduct on the night of September 12th, 13th and 14th of 1916.

A NEW OFFENSIVE EAST OF YPRES

(Canadian Press Despatch.) London, Oct. 4.—Field Marshal Haig has begun a new offensive east of Ypres. The official statement from the British headquarters in France, issued to-day, says that the British attack at six o'clock this morning on a wide front and are making satisfactory progress. A number of prisoners already have been taken.

CANADIANS IN FLYING CORPS

Thousands Have Joined the New and Thrilling Service. (Canadian Press Despatch.) Ottawa, Oct. 4.—Recent spectacular feats of Major Bishop, the Canadian aviator who has won all the medals for valor available in the British army, has called attention strikingly to the manner in which young Canadian people taken to the new manner of fighting, the most difficult and arduous service; also, to further proof of Canada's deep and sincere interest in the war.

Dr. Forbes Dead.

Rochester, N.Y., Oct. 4.—Dr. Charles Forbes, inventor of individual communion cups, died here yesterday, aged seventy-three years. The invention came out in 1893 and was adopted by most Protestant churches at once. One English paper at that time declared it to be the most important innovation in the church ritual since the reformation.

Certificates Over-Subscribed.

Washington, Oct. 4.—The government's latest and largest issue of short-time certificates of indebtedness \$400,000,000, offered in anticipation of second Liberty Loan receipts, has been over-subscribed.

BEEFLESS TUESDAYS.

New York Restaurant Saved 1,700 Pounds Meat. New York, Oct. 4.—New York's principal hotels and restaurants have inaugurated "beefless Tuesdays" in response to the federal food appeals. At one restaurant it was announced that 1,700 pounds of meat had been saved through the marketing off of beef from the menu.

Big Increase in Workmen.

Watertown, N.Y., Oct. 4.—Within the next five months five thousand skilled mechanics will be brought into Watertown to work in the shops of the New York Air Brake Co. and the new government plant just completed was the information received here to-day from New York. These men will receive wages of from \$5 to \$12 per day.

Small Italian Shipping Losses.

Rome, Oct. 4.—Italian shipping losses by mines or submarines for the week ending September 30th in all seas were two sailing vessels—more than 100 tons and three sailing vessels of less than 100 tons.

Japan Offers More Tonnage.

Tokio, Oct. 4.—Japan has offered the United States the use of cargo vessels totaling 100,000 tons in return for a modification of the American export embargo on steel, the newspaper Nichi Nichi declared to-day.

Rushing U.S. Destroyers.

Washington, Oct. 4.—Such remarkable progress has been made in the quick building of the immense flotilla of American destroyers to cope with the submarine campaign, that the Navy Department now is assured of much quicker delivery of the ships than was contemplated at the last estimate, which in itself was far ahead of the original time.

Progress on the Ships Now Building.

and arrangements for others to follow, it was said to-day at the Navy Department, are such that the American navy will lead with its destroyers within eighteen months. It is now certain that all destroyers now building will be delivered ready for duty in European waters early next year. Many of them have not been expected until the winter of 1918. Approximately ten months have been saved.

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ARMY TRANSPORT IS ENDANGERED

By Ship Shortage—U.S. Must Increase Its Tonnage.

Washington, Oct. 4.—Shipping experts here are more than ever convinced that America will face a dearth of tonnage the coming year so serious as to prevent movement of more than 800,000 to 1,000,000 men by the end of 1918. The joint warning of Sir Joseph Maclay, British Shipping Controller, and Lord Northcliffe, publicist, that there must be six million tons of new shipping annually are not unheeded here. American Government heads say they realize that the submarine situation was and is serious.

U.S. Secretary of the Navy Says

There Is No Occasion For Hysteria as Submarine Situation Is More Satisfactory.

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U.S. Must Go It Alone.

However, as the United Press stated on Sept. 29th, "American troop transportation to Europe during the next six months may be greatly curtailed." The War Department has submitted to the Shipping Board an estimate that 10 to 15 tons of shipping space must be available at all times for every soldier sent to Europe. The Government's official estimate is that by the end of 1918 America will have 9,200,000 tons of shipping available.

From the Above Figures, It Can Be Seen

that the total number of men sent to Europe before the end of another year is likely to be under 1,000,000 unless added ships can be obtained from outside. This is doubtful in view of the Allies' own ship needs, and Lord Northcliffe's warning virtually that America must go it alone in the matter of ships.

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MONTREAL LIBERALS SAY THEY'RE AMUSED

Discredit Rumors That Sir Wilfrid Laurier Has Resigned—Regard Possibility Remote

Montreal, Oct. 4.—Local Liberals express amusement over the rumors from Ottawa and Toronto, regarding the resignation of Sir Wilfrid Laurier. They scoff at the idea of anything of the like happening at this juncture and say the rumors are sent out mainly in the hope that they would prove disheartening to Sir Wilfrid's followers. Local Liberals say that there may be a possibility of Sir Wilfrid resigning, provided he is returned to power. Then he would keep the reins in his hands long enough to see his party Government safely launched, and might step out at that juncture in favor of a younger man.

Liberals in Cabinet

Ottawa, Oct. 4.—It is reported that the retiring ministers will be Hon. J. D. Hazen, Hon. Frank Cochrane, Hon. Martin Burrell, Hon. W. J. Roche and Hon. T. W. Crothers, and incidental to their going out, new men will come in, while there will be a more or less general shuffle. Hon. Dr. Reid will probably go to the railway department. Hugh Guthrie, M.P., is the new solicitor-general. Hon. Mr. Ballantyne, who takes over the public works department, has been prominent in the Liberal party. He is a captain of industry, head of the Sherwin-Williams Paint company, and a director of the Canada Cement company and other enterprises. During the Liberal regime he was a member of the Montreal harbor board.

Laurier Not Yet Out.

Ottawa, Oct. 4.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier is in Montreal and next week he plans to be in Toronto. One of his closest counselors and friends stated that while Sir Wilfrid has expressed a desire to be relieved of the party leadership, he will consult his friends before making a definite announcement. When he withdraws he will state his reasons for doing so. A definite announcement is expected within a week.

Controls Storage Dams.

Ottawa, Oct. 4.—G. Brabazon, M.P., has been appointed to the position of superintendent of the Upper Ottawa system of storage dams. The works are largely in his constituency, and for many years Mr. Brabazon has been connected with lumbering and other operations in that district.

HEAVY BLOW DEALT PREMIER KERENSKY

The All Russian Democratic Congress Is Opposed to Coalition Government.

Petrograd, Oct. 4.—The All-Russian democratic congress yesterday voted 813 to 180 against a coalition government. The decision is a blow directly at Premier Kerensky and the provisional government. On Tuesday the same conference voted 766 to 688 in favor of a coalition of all parties in the formation of a cabinet which should firmly administer the Russian democracy. The vote yesterday came after the conference had formally determined to reconsider that decision.

The Sudden Change of Mind by the Democratic Conference

is inexplicable unless the Bolsheviks and Kerensky forces seize upon a moment in the proceedings when the majority elements were absent to hurry through a reconsideration of Tuesday's vote and then had sufficient strength to overthrow the previous vote sustaining Kerensky.

MAJOR MORAHT IS RIGHT.

Says Initiative Will Remain, With Entente in West. Copenhagen, Oct. 4.—Major Morhart, the usually well-informed military critic in the Deutsche-Tageszeitung, predicts further offensive moves with limited objectives against the Russians on the lines of the recent advances in the Riga and Jacobstadt sectors. Apparently he believes that defensive warfare has not been abandoned in the west. He agrees with General von Freytag-Loringhoven, chief of the supplementary general staff, that the general initiative must remain with the Entente.

Major Morhart Dismisses Reports of American Military Help for the Entente as "Imaginary."

Toronto, Oct. 4.—Rev. S. D. Chown has planned to leave Toronto, Oct. 10th, for a tour of the western provinces. A special feature of the tour will be the opening of a new church Sunday, Oct. 21st, in Nelson, B.C. Dr. Chown hopes to be in Winnipeg, Oct. 14th, and will go from there to Regina. In addition to the general work of overlooking the various churches, which is the main object of the superintendent's tour, Dr. Chown will speak upon his visit to the front, in all the principal centres from Winnipeg to Victoria.

The Toronto Globe Says that Sir Wilfrid May Retire, but his Resignation Is Not Yet Accepted.

The death of the famous German aviator, Voss, has been established. His body was identified.

BRITAIN AT LAST TO RETALIATE

Will Soon Fight Huns With Their Own Weapons of Frightfulness.

THE NATION-WIDE DEMAND FOR REPRISALS OVER GERMAN CITIES TO BE GRANTED.

The Government isAwaiting the Decision of the Military Authorities to Put a Programme Into Effect. London, Oct. 4.—England has about decided to-day that once again it must fight the German with the Boches' own weapons of frightfulness. The public demand for reprisals over German cities for the work of German airmen over London and coast counties had approached the point of a nation-wide cry. Authoritative reports to-day had it that the government was practically ready, awaiting only decision of the military authorities, to put a formidable reprisal programme into force.

The proponents of a strict eye-for-eye and tooth-for-tooth retaliation pointed out forcefully that for weeks England and the other allies early in the war endured the German frightfulness of poison gas before it was reluctantly determined that for the safety of its manhood the inventors of this ghastly form of warfare must be fought with their own weapon. The same was true of the German revival of Greek fire.

The Northcliffe newspapers in particular are thunderingly demanding action. The press as a whole points out that the Germans seldom raid Paris or other French cities, because they know if they do the retaliation will be prompt and the damage repaid four-fold to German cities. In the meantime, London awaits each night with the belief that the "baby-killers" will again come on their raiding expeditions. The city confidently expected a raid last night. The streets were almost deserted and cellars had been made ready for occupancy. But the Germans did not appear.

War Tidings.

The London Evening Standard states "on the highest authority" that the British Government is paying special attention to the question of reprisals for German air attacks on London and other places. Despatches from Holland gathered by frontier correspondents say that the Allied airmen are playing havoc with the German railway communications and military establishments in Belgium.

GIVE THE GERMANS BOMB FOR BOMB

That is the Way Lord Northcliffe Would Stop Air Raids on England. Toronto, Oct. 4.—"The only way to deal effectively with the German raids in England is to do as the French do—give them bomb for bomb," said Lord Northcliffe, head of the British war mission in the U.S.A., who arrived in Toronto yesterday afternoon, and who is visiting Canada for the twentieth time. "I have always advocated reprisals," he said. "Paris is only 52 miles away from the Germans, and do you ever hear of raids upon Paris? The French give them bomb for bomb. That is the remedy. That is the remedy anyone would propose who understands Germany."

"Is there any reason for believing that Lord Kitchener is alive?"

"Lord Northcliffe looked at the questioner with surprise and then replied slowly. "Not the slightest reason for any such assumption. Lord Kitchener was drowned in the wreck of the Hampshire all right."

In Memory of Geyner.

Paris, Oct. 4.—The Government has been invited to place in the Pantheon, where many great Frenchmen are buried, an inscription to perpetuate the memory of Captain George Geyner, the famous French aviator, as "a symbol of the aspirations and enthusiasm of the army."

HINDENBURG'S FRIGHTFUL MOTTO FOR GERMANY.

London, Oct. 4.—"Let us gnash our teeth and not say a word about peace until the bloody war is done and victory is ours," is what Field Marshal Hindenburg replied to a telegram of congratulations on his seventieth birthday, according to an Exchange Telegraph Amsterdam dispatch. "This must be the motto of the whole German people," the German commander asserted.



HUGH GUTHRIE, M.P., LIBERAL. Has been sworn in for the coalition cabinet as solicitor-general.