

YEAR 84: NO. 218

KINGSTON, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1917.

LAST EDITION

FRENCH BOMB GERMAN CITIES

An Aerial Squadron Paid a Visit to Them on Monday.

STUTTGART AND COLMAR WERE TWO OF THE PLACES THAT WERE BOMBED.

According to German War Office Statement—Nothing of Special Interest to Report From the British Front.

Berlin, Sept. 19.—A French aerial squadron on Monday bombed several German cities in Wurtemberg, Rhonisch Prussia and upper Alsace, according to an official statement issued to-day, by the German War Office.

The War Office said one soldier was wounded, but otherwise there were neither losses nor material damage as the result of the raids.

Occupied One of Heights. (Canadian Press Despatch.) Petrograd, Sept. 19.—Rumanian forces yesterday attacked the Austro-German positions south of Grzechki, in the Cona region, and occupied one of the heights there, says an official statement issued by the Russian War Department.

British Statement. (Canadian Press Despatch.) London, Sept. 19.—The official statement issued to-day by the British War Office concerning military operations on the battle front in France and Belgium says: "The successful raid against German positions in Inverness copse reported in last night's communique was made by troops of the York and Lancaster regiments."

THE DRIVING POWER OF RUSSIA'S ARMY May be Restored by Gen. Alexieff—The Russians Still Advancing.

London, Sept. 19.—The continued progress made by the Russian forces in the Riga district gives hope among military men here that Gen. Alexieff will succeed in his task of restoring the driving power of the Russian army.

Sank a U-Boat. (Canadian Press Despatch.) Christiana, Sept. 21.—An armed U.S. steamer sank a German submarine in the North Sea when the boat was shelling a neutral sailing ship.

Canadian Casualties. Killed in action—D. Williams, Wales. Missing—R. A. Moodie, Perth; D. Tucker, Fort Hope.

OFFICIAL WAR REPORTS.

Italian. Rome, Sept. 18.—Tuesday's official statement says: "In the south-eastern area of the Bainsizza plateau further enemy counter-attacks were promptly repulsed. In the Carso there were brisk artillery duels and a frequent harassing fire."

Portuguese. London, Sept. 18.—An official communication from Portuguese headquarters gives the following information regarding the Portuguese front: There were daily patrol encounters and artillery activity, the latter part of the week.

WHIG CONTENTS.

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THE SENATE BLOCKS LOADED DICE GAME

Attempt to Get New Nova Scotia Lists Made up by Partisan Enumerators

Ottawa, Sept. 19.—A hitch which threatened to hold up prorogation and precipitate a bitter and long-drawn-out fight extending possibly until Parliament dies by the effluxion of time eighteen days hence, occurred in the Senate yesterday in connection with the franchise bill.

In the Senate Senator Ross of Halifax moved an amendment providing that absolutely new lists shall be made up for Nova Scotia by the enumerators, who would of course be all partisan appointees, instead of keeping the present Provisional lists as the basis, as promised in the Commons by Premier Borden and Secretary of State Meighen.

The situation eloped quickly, and seeing he ahead the Government moved in the Senate adjourned the Chamber to give time for a conference which might work out some compromise.

This conference was held last night between representative Liberals and Conservatives of the Senate and Commons, and although no final decision was reached it is understood that a basis of compromise was suggested which may be agreed upon at a further conference to be held to-day.

This compromise is, in brief, that the Provisional lists in Nova Scotia shall be used as the basis for the Federal lists, but may be reopened to add or strike off any electors, qualified or disqualified, from April 1st last to September 1st.

DYNAMITE RINGLEADER CAPTURED AT MONTREAL

Long List of Charges Against Him—Did Not Come to Kingston.

Montreal, Sept. 19.—Henri Monette, alias Charles Edouard Girard, the much-wanted ringleader of the notorious dynamite gang that has stirred the country with its doings, alleged and otherwise, was captured late yesterday afternoon at the Roussin School, in Pointe aux Trembles, by Chief Constable of the city detectives, working with Inspector Giroux of the Dominion Police.

The arrest follows one of the most persistent and hard chased in the history of criminology in Montreal. It was a chase that was replete with false clues, with false information that was undoubtedly given to the authorities by Monette's friends to lead the pursuers away, but through relentless effort it ended successfully.

Monette arraigned before Judge Lenoir this morning, on charges of attempting to murder Lord Althorpe and attempting to destroy his summer home at Cartersville. He pleaded not guilty and was remanded without bail until next Wednesday.

It will be noted that Monette was not in Kingston, and that the Whig's statement regarding the detectives was correct.

BID HIGH FOR COAL

Stocks for Canada Said to Have Been Obtained. Washington, Sept. 19.—Reports to the Geological Survey on production of bituminous coal show a decrease during August at the rate of more than 3,000,000 tons a month and indicates that a shortage of coal this winter, feared by many Government officials, may be a reality unless production shows a decided increase.

Indications are that, while there will be sufficient anthracite for domestic consumption in the east, there may be an insufficiency of bituminous to keep industrial plants going.

Reports to officials here say Canadian interests withdrew approximately 1,700,000 tons of bituminous coal from the United States during the period that elapsed between the Government's fixing of a flat coal price and the placing of the embargo. They are reported to have obtained this large stock by bidding from 25 to 50 cents per ton higher than the price set by the American Government.

Donkubors Resist Tax. Victoria, Sept. 19.—On the grounds that as members of a community settlement all those liable for the tax contributed indirectly, a deputation representing the Donkubor sect waited on Deputy Attorney-General Johnson to-day and voiced objection to the laying of the poll tax on members of that community at Brilliant.

Killed by Typhoon. (Canadian Press Despatch.) Amoy, China, Sept. 19.—More than six hundred natives were killed by a typhoon which struck Amoy without warning at the end of last week. Eighty-five per cent. of water-craft in harbors nearby destroyed. No foreigners are reported lost.

NURSE ACCUSED OF BEING GERMAN SPY.



MISS ISABELLE VALIQUET. When Miss Isabelle Valiquet, a French war nurse, arrived in this country she went to Newark, N. J., to lecture on the work she did at the Battle of the Marne and at Verdun; she was soon acclaimed the most popular young woman in that city. To-day she is the most unhappy of women and has left the United States sad and disheartened because of the calumny circulated about her.

BECK'S POWER FOR KINGSTON

Connection is to be Made About the First of October.

A HIGHER PRICE FOR GAS MAY HAVE TO BE CHARGED THIS FALL.

Owing to the Increased Prices of Coal and Gas—Toys Saw the Hydro-Electric Engineers in Toronto.

R. H. Toye, chairman of the Utilities Commission, has returned from Toronto where he saw the Hydro Electric engineers, who stated that they hoped to connect up with Kingston about the first of October. The line from Napanee is nearly completed and Kingston is about to receive some of Sir Adam's Beck's electrical "juice."

J. M. Campbell, however, was the first to give water to Kingston, connecting up with the city plant from Kingston Mills. Beck power, it is expected, will furnish Kingston's full needs during the fall. The city's electrical machinery will be largely retained in order to keep down the peak load. It may be two or three months before the water-works will be ready to receive electrical power.

Chairman Toye stated that the Commission has all the coal and oil it requires for the gas supply this fall and winter. It may be necessary, however, to again raise the price of gas which has been selling for \$1.20 since last spring. Coal and oil are higher in price and the plant must be run at a loss. Other places have made two and three increases during the past year in their gas prices. In Peterboro the price will be \$1.40. Kingston's price will be raised to \$1.25 at any rate.

CHEAPER POTATOES. United States People to Pay \$1.50 a Bushel.

Washington, Sept. 19.—Potatoes at \$1.50 a bushel—less than half of last February's record retail price—is the prospect for this coming winter. Measures taken by the food administration to-day will prevent the dumping of this year's enormous crop on the market suddenly.

At the same time the administration is preparing to launch a campaign for the sale of potatoes by weight, instead of measure, to insure consumers full value.

The British Casualties. (Canadian Press Despatch.) London, Sept. 19.—The casualties in the British ranks reported for the week ending yesterday were: Killed or died of wounds, 125 officers and 4,755 men; officers wounded or missing, 431; and men wounded or missing, 21,843.

Qualified women registered at Redcliffe College will be admitted to the Harvard Medical School this year.

NEW NATIONAL PARTY MOVEMENT

May Wield Considerable Influence in Politics in Britain.

LIBERALS ARE JOINING

THE UNIONISTS IN THE PROPOSED NEW PARTY.

Prominent Men in England Among Its Supporters—Charges Made Against Party in Power by Manifesto.

New York, Sept. 19.—A special cable to the Tribune from London says: The new national party movement in England, launched two weeks ago with the avowed object of promoting "reforms," "union and defence," is gaining headway and promises to become an important influence in Liberal party in increasingly large numbers are joining with the Unionists, who laid the foundation for the new party, and members of parliament, both at home and at the front, are lending encouragement to the movement.

The manifesto of the new party charges the Unionists, Liberal and Labor parties, in coalition, with delay in providing men, airplanes and other mechanical needs; failure to punish the incompetent; for permitting sectional interference in diplomacy, and for leaving the country in a state of uncertainty and discouragement as a result of vague state statements, in which the whole truth is rarely divulged.

The aims of the national party are briefly described as follows: A national as against a class sectional or sectarian policy; complete victory in the war and after the war; the provision of adequate men, gun, munitions and aeroplanes; the eradication of German influence; honest administration, a pure political system and no sale of honors; class unity and confidence between employer and employed.

Maxim production, combined with fair wages and fair profit. The national party movement includes among its supporters such men as Lord Amulph, former viceroy of India Brigadier-General Sir Richard Cooper, M.P., Major A. N. Burgoyne, M.P., Col. Douglas Carnegie, M.P., Brigadier-General Page Croft, M.P., Viscount Duncannon, Sir John Harrington, who commanded in France in the early days of the war, Sir M. M. Buller, Lord Leonfield, Admiral Sir A. H. Markham, the explorer, and Capt. Lord Montagu of Beaulieu.

Found Conditions Good. Winnipeg, Sept. 19.—Thomas Findlay, the new president and general manager of the Massey-Harris Co., who has visited many of the agencies of the company in the prairie provinces, stated to-day that he had found conditions even better than he had anticipated. The position of the farmer and merchant had changed fundamentally, and it appeared that the entire prairie country had got a start on the way to a permanent and abiding prosperity.

PUBLICITY CAMPAIGN BY THE FOOD CONTROLLER WORTHY OF APPROVAL

Whatever may be thought of the food campaign, the Hon. Mr. Hanna, the food controller, is certainly putting the matter up to the conscience of the people in a decidedly clear fashion. In all the papers of Ontario, advertising space has been purchased and the claims of the conservation of food elaborately explained. It is only within recent years that the benefits of economic advertising have become known. Heretofore campaigns of this character were carried out through the generosity—at least it was so termed—of the publishers, but the war has made it plain that this method had grown stale. The call for vigorous action demanded the presentation of the claims to the people in such a manner as to be most appealing, with the result that splendid promotion work has resulted, and a great advantage secured for the food controller and the Organization of Resources Committee of Ontario.

Hon. Mr. Hanna showed wisdom in adopting the advertising plan. He knows its value and the presentation of his case to the people of the province will, undoubtedly, result in conservation and an increase in available stocks for the Canadian army on active service.

Just at the present moment the first steps being taken are in regard to the needs and method of securing food conservation with particular relation to the signing of the food service pledge, the campaign for which is now on in Kingston.

Some time ago Sir Thomas White found it most advantageous to advertise a campaign for war loans. It proved much cheaper than any other way of raising the amount, hence he has decided to again appeal to the people through an even more extensive advertising campaign than before, so that the fourth war loan will be raised quickly and all the available money in this country placed at the disposal of the Government. The Military Service campaign, making plain the requirements of the hour is also being exploited in admirable form in the newspapers. The begging of assistance is no longer heard. The Government pays for what it wants and the press loyally and devotedly seconds its efforts.

The press of Canada, "the articulate voice of eight millions of people," as the president of the Canadian Press Association has named it, is to be used to its fullest measure with the result that from a financial standpoint as well as from a patriotic standpoint, Canada will show her right "to take her place among those worthy nations who have fought for freedom and Christianity." The people are bound to do service for their country, as well as sacrifice, so that we may maintain our high ideals and be consecrated to the worthiest standards of liberty and righteousness.

BELGIAN AIRMAN DOWNS A HUGE ENEMY PLANE

Tricks Latest Model Into Battle at Altitude of 20,000 Feet.

Washington, Sept. 19.—How Adjutant Maurice Medats of the Belgian flying corps tricked a monster German two-man airplane into a fight at an altitude of 20,000 feet, riddled it with machine gun fire and sent it crashing to earth behind the Belgian lines, killing the pilot and observer, was told in a message to the Belgian legation.

Medats, in a swift Napoleon, was cruising above Dixmude on September 11, when he saw shrapnel from the Belgian guns breaking far above him and he hastened upward to investigate. A German machine with two men was trying to escape the gun fire, and Medats gave chase, but could not overtake the enemy.

"Finding that the German either would not fight or was endeavoring to lead him into a trap," the legation's statement says, "the Belgian decided to try a ruse. Making a half turn, Medats started slowly upward in the Belgian trenches at an altitude of 20,000 feet. He saw the German turn and follow him. Keeping above his adversary, Medats continued to watch him until they were over Dixmude, then turning quickly opened fire with his machine gun. He could see that the German observer, severely wounded, had sunk down in his seat and that the German machine was evidently out of control.

"The Belgian machine was approaching the enemy at such a rate of speed that Medats had only time to fire a few shots point blank and to make a perilous loop to avoid a collision, before the German plane, riddled by bullets, crashed down within the Belgian lines. "The German airplane was found to be an enormous 'Rumpler' of the latest model, put into service at Johannisthal on August 9, propelled by a 260-horse power Mercedes motor and armed with two machine guns."

WAR-TIME ECONOMY!

Chairman and Secretary of Georgian Bay Canal Commission Paid \$27,500. Ottawa, Sept. 19.—Some idea of the war-time "economy" of the Government is given by an answer given in the Commons to a question of Mr. Froulx. He asked for particulars as to salaries paid to the staff of the Georgian Bay Canal Commission, which has just ceased to exist after being in existence for three years of war-time stress. When it was appointed the Government knew that there was no prospect of going ahead with the canal under existing conditions, but it was not considered politically expedient to frankly say so. Since September 1st, 1914, the total amount paid in salaries for the Commission has been \$27,535. Of this amount the Chairman W. Stanford Evans, has received \$17,000, and the Secretary, J. D. C. Hepburn, a brother of the member for Prince Edward county, has received \$10,500.

CAN GET APPLES.

Satisfactory Supply to Be Had Without Setting Prices or Taking Crop. Ottawa, Sept. 19.—The Fruit and Vegetable Committee has advised the Food Controller, after a careful study of the situation, that a satisfactory supply of apples can be secured to the people of Canada at a fair cost without the necessity of setting prices to the producer, and that it is not necessary to take over the apple crop to secure distribution. The Food Controller will exercise supervision over its distribution through ordinary channels of trade on a fair and equitable basis, and will co-operate in the matter of traffic arrangements.

LABORITES ON TRIBUNALS

Government Directs Attention of Judges and Board of Selection. Ottawa, Sept. 19.—It is officially announced that the attention of the Judges and of the Board of Selection appointed by Parliament under the military service act has been directed to the fact that communications have been received by the Government from labor organizations requesting that organized labor should be considered in the appointment to the tribunals which are to be established under that act.

LOOK-OUT DROWNED.

Nineteen-year-old Fell Off Steamer Belleville in Canal. Cornwall, Sept. 19.—A young man named E. Miller, aged nineteen years, who was acting as look-out on the steamer Belleville, of the Canada Steamship Lines, as that vessel was coming west through the St. Lawrence Canal early Sunday morning lost his balance and fell into the canal at Lock 4 and was drowned. His body was recovered shortly afterwards and brought to Cornwall on the Belleville.

ROOSEVELT AGAINST SALOON.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 19.—The Ohio Anti-Saloon League is negotiating with Theodore Roosevelt with a view to having him give a series of speeches on the proposed prohibition clauses to be offered to the state legislature this fall.

Killed in the Crash.

(Canadian Press Despatch.) Camp Borden, Sept. 19.—Second Lieut. Williams, Toronto, and Cadet Ludford, New York, were killed when their aeroplanes crashed together in the air.

The Senate is in a deadlock on the Elections Act.

ONE CANADIAN SLEW NINE HUNS

Bayoneted Three in a Cellar And Seven Others in a Crater.

BRITISH COLUMBIA MAN DISPLAYED HIS PROWESS IN KILLING THE ENEMY.

Battle of Lens Displayed Canadian Courage of Highest Order—More Awards—Conduct Heroic, Judgment Sound.

By Stewart Lyon. Canadian Headquarters in France, via London, Sept. 19.—Awards still being made for heroic conduct and sound judgment that is almost as much a factor in a modern war, indicate that Canadian courage never reached a higher point than in the battle of Lens.

Case after case is to be found in authenticated records in which our men performed prodigies of valor or faced death in order that their comrades should be saved by their self-sacrifice.

Here is a record in the laconic official language of deeds that surpass anything in war fiction, and that are vouched for in writing by a number of eye witnesses.

A non-commissioned officer of a British Columbia battalion, in attacks on enemy, led a section which had the difficult task of mopping up cellars, craters, and machine gun emplacements. "In one cellar he himself bayoneted three Germans and attacked, single-handed, seven others in a crater, killing them all.

FATE OF KORNILOFF NOT YET DETERMINED

The Matter Rests With the Provisional Government—Public Demands Death.

Petrograd, Sept. 19.—Gen. Korniloff continues in strictest custody of the provisional government. His and 23 of his officers are confined in hotel at Mottley, guarded carefully. All Russia is anxious to learn what defense the former generalissimo has made to the treason charges against him. The demand on the part of the public that he be executed as the best possible example to all Russia's troops that discipline is to be enforced without fear or favor, showed little abatement to-day. In the streets the greatest interest was manifest in whether the investigating commission would recommend a civil trial or a military court-martial for Korniloff. Premier Kerensky's proclamation specifying branding Korniloff as a traitor, it was recalled, ordered that he and his accomplices be delivered to "civil tribunals of justice."

SANK GERMAN SUBMARINES

Six Men Were Taken Prisoners From U-Boats. (Canadian Press Despatch.) Copenhagen, Sept. 19.—Two German submarines had been sunk by British naval forces near the Danish coast. Six men from U-boats were taken prisoners. An armed British steamer in the North Sea sank a German submarine which was shelling a neutral sailing vessel. The second submarine was sunk by a British torpedo boat destroyer while attacking an armed steamer.

URGES PEACE AT HOME

Hindenburg Tells Rival Parties to Stand Offences. Amsterdam, Sept. 19.—According to the German press, Field Marshal von Hindenburg has telegraphed to Duke Johann Albrecht, of Mecklenburg, the President of the new "Patriotic Party," the following message: "Your appeal to the men of East Prussia has filled me with great joy, because it seriously warns us Germans not to forget the war during internal dissensions. Despite the promising military situation our people's existence and position in the world is still at stake. The message urged the conclusion of peace between the rival parties in the Empire and added: "If we are united at home, we shall prove unconquerable."

PREMIER BORDEN PLANS TO FORM UNION CABINET

(Canadian Press Despatch.) Vancouver, B.C., Sept. 19.—That it is both his purpose and expectation to form a Union Government before the general elections, which is now imminent, but if that should prove impossible he will certainly do so after the elections if returned to power, is the statement of Premier Borden in a letter addressed to E. P. Davis, a prominent local Liberal, under date of September 16th.