

News And Views Of And For Canadian Farmers

The Latest Market Reports

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Toronto, Feb. 23.—Heavy steers, \$10.50 to \$11; choice butchers, \$10 to \$10.50; do. good, \$8.75 to \$9.25; do. medium, \$8 to \$8.50; do. common, \$6.50 to \$7.50; heifers, good to choice, \$9.50 to \$9.75; do. medium, \$7 to \$7.50; butchers cows, choice, \$8 to \$9; do. medium, \$7 to \$7.50; butcher bulls, choice, \$8.25 to \$9.50; do. good, \$7 to \$7.25; do. medium, \$6 to \$6.50; feeders, 900 to 1,000 lbs., \$7.50 to \$8; do. bulls, \$6.25 to \$6.50; stockers, 700 to 800 lbs., \$7.50 to \$7.75; do. medium, 650 to 750 lbs., \$6.25 to \$6.75; do. light, 600 to 650 lbs., \$5.50; canners, \$5 to \$5.25; cutters, \$4.50 to \$5.75; sheep, light, \$9.75 to \$10.25; do. heavy, \$7.50 to \$8.50; spring lambs, \$10.75 to \$14.75; calves, \$8.50 to \$14.50; hogs, fed and watered, \$14; do. weighed off ears, \$14.25; do. f.o.b., \$13.25.

GENERAL TRADE.

Belleville, 43c to 44c per pound; Brantford, 45c; Cobourg, 40c to 42c; Chatham, 40c; Owen Sound, 37c; Peterboro, 45c to 48c; Port Hope, 40c; St. Thomas, 45c; Stratford, 40c to 43c; and Woodstock, 44c to 45c per pound.

Belleville, 48c to 50c; Brantford, 55c; Cobourg, 50c; Chatham, 60c; Owen Sound, 57c; Peterboro, 50c; Port Hope, 42c; St. Thomas, 48c to 50c; Stratford, 48c to 50c; and Woodstock, 48c to 50c per dozen.

Belleville, \$2 to \$2.30 per bushel; Brantford, \$2; Cobourg, \$2; Kingston, \$2.40; Owen Sound, \$1.65; Peterboro, \$2.40; Port Hope, \$2; St. Thomas, \$1.60 to \$1.90; and Stratford, \$2.50 to \$2.75 per bushel.

Belleville, \$1.85 per bushel; Brantford, \$1.65; Cobourg, \$1.60 to \$1.65; Chatham, \$1.65; Owen Sound, \$1.65 to \$1.60; Peterboro, \$1.70; Port Hope, \$1.68 to \$1.72; St. Thomas, \$1.60; Stratford, \$1.60; and Woodstock, \$1.65 to \$1.55 per bushel.

Belleville, \$11, loose \$9 to \$10; Brantford—baled \$10 to \$12; loose \$8 to \$10; Cobourg—baled \$10, loose \$10; Guelph—bales \$12 to \$13; loose \$10 to \$11; Owen Sound—baled \$10 to \$11, loose \$9 to \$10; Peterboro—baled \$10 to \$12, loose \$8 to \$10; Port Hope—loose \$10; St. Thomas—baled \$15 to \$16, loose \$13 to \$14; Stratford—loose \$12 to \$14; and Woodstock, \$12 to \$14.

GRAIN QUOTATIONS.

Chicago, Feb. 23.—Cattle, receipts 26,000; market, weak; native beef cattle, \$7.75 to \$11.90; western steers, \$6.15 to \$9.10; cows and heifers, \$5.10 to \$5.25; calves, \$9.75 to \$12.75.

Toronto, Feb. 23.—Manitoba wheat—No. 1 northern, \$1.95 1/2; track, bay ports; No. 2, \$1.92; No. 3, \$1.87; No. 4, \$1.78 1/2.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 white, 63c to 65c; No. 3 white, 62c to 64c.

Ontario four—New winter, \$7.15 to \$7.25, in bags, track, Toronto, prompt shipment, \$7, bulk, seaboard, export grade.

Liverpool, Feb. 23.—Close—Flour—Winter patents, 47s. 15s in London (Pacific Coast)—44 1/2 to 45 1/2.

Duluth, Feb. 23.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, \$1.82 1/2; No. 1 Northern, \$1.81 1/4; No. 2 Northern, \$1.77 1/2 to \$1.79 1/4.

Minneapolis, Feb. 23.—Wheat—May, \$1.78 1/2; July, \$1.78 1/2; Cash—No. 1 hard, \$1.80 1/2 to \$1.92 1/4; No. 1 northern, \$1.80 1/2 to \$1.86 1/4; No. 2 northern, \$1.76 1/2 to \$1.83 1/4.

Chicago, Feb. 23.—Prospective ending-of-the-tie-up of neutral ship-

Woodstock—baled \$15 to \$16, loose \$13 per ton.

Vegetables at Toronto. Cauliflowers are a shade easier on the street at Toronto, selling at \$3.50 to \$3.75 per two-dozen case.

Beans at Montreal. Beans at Montreal are still firm and prices unchanged, with quotations as follows: Canadian hand-picked car lots, \$6.75 to \$7 per bushel; three-pound pickers, \$6.50; five-pound pickers, \$6.25; and six to seven-pound pickers, \$6.

Mill Feeds at Toronto. Mill feeds are still firm this week at Toronto, with shorts \$1 per ton higher. Quotations are as follows: Shorts, \$41; bran, \$35; and good feed flour at per bag, \$2.70 to \$2.80.

Butter, creamery, lb. 48 50; Butter, rolls, lb. 45 45; Cheese, lb. 55 60; Eggs, fresh, doz. 55 60; Eggs, case, doz. 45 50.

Cod, steak, lb. 15 15; Eggs, lb. 10 10; Fillets, lb. 12 12 1/2; Finner Haddie, lb. 12 12 1/2; Hake, lb. 12 12 1/2; Haddock, fresh, lb. 12 12 1/2; Halibut, fresh, lb. 20 25; Kippers, doz. 60 60; Oysters, quart 60 70; Perch, lb. 10 10; Pike, lb. 10 10; Rock-fish, lb. 10 10; Salmon, lb. 15 25; Tilapia, lb. 12 12 1/2; Trout, salmon, lb. 18 18; White fish, lb. (fresh) 16 18; Whiting, lb. 18 12 1/2.

Kingston Markets

Kingston, Feb. 24th.

Butter, creamery, lb. 48 50; Butter, rolls, lb. 45 45; Cheese, lb. 55 60; Eggs, fresh, doz. 55 60; Eggs, case, doz. 45 50.

Cod, steak, lb. 15 15; Eggs, lb. 10 10; Fillets, lb. 12 12 1/2; Finner Haddie, lb. 12 12 1/2; Hake, lb. 12 12 1/2; Haddock, fresh, lb. 12 12 1/2; Halibut, fresh, lb. 20 25; Kippers, doz. 60 60; Oysters, quart 60 70; Perch, lb. 10 10; Pike, lb. 10 10; Rock-fish, lb. 10 10; Salmon, lb. 15 25; Tilapia, lb. 12 12 1/2; Trout, salmon, lb. 18 18; White fish, lb. (fresh) 16 18; Whiting, lb. 18 12 1/2.

Apples, peck 60 60; Apples Spys, bbl. 6.00 7.00; Bananas, doz. 30 30; Celery, 10 15; Cocoanuts, each 10 15; Cranberries, qt. 20 20; Dates, lb. 25 25; Grapes, Malaga, lb. 25 25; Grape-Fruit, each 0.8 2.5; Lemons, doz. 25 25; Lettuce, lb. 25 25; Oranges, doz. 20 60; Potatoes, sweet, lb. 8 8.

Barley, bush. 1.00 1.10; Bran, ton 38.00 40; Buckwheat, bush 1.40 1.40.

As Furnished by Geo. Mills & Co.

Table with columns: No. 1 Large, No. 1 Medium, No. 1 Small, No. 2 Large, No. 2 Medium, No. 2 Small. Rows include RACCOON, MINK, WEASSEL, BEAR, WOLF, BEAVER, SKUNK, etc.

As Furnished by John McKay, Limited.

Table with columns: No. 1 Extra Large, No. 1 Medium, No. 1 Small, No. 2 Large, No. 2 Medium, No. 2 Small. Rows include RACCOON, MINK, WEASSEL, BEAR, WOLF, BEAVER, SKUNK, etc.

As Furnished by John McKay, Limited.

Table with columns: No. 1 Extra Large, No. 1 Medium, No. 1 Small, No. 2 Large, No. 2 Medium, No. 2 Small. Rows include RACCOON, MINK, WEASSEL, BEAR, WOLF, BEAVER, SKUNK, etc.

As Furnished by John McKay, Limited.

Table with columns: No. 1 Extra Large, No. 1 Medium, No. 1 Small, No. 2 Large, No. 2 Medium, No. 2 Small. Rows include RACCOON, MINK, WEASSEL, BEAR, WOLF, BEAVER, SKUNK, etc.

Table listing various feed items and prices: Corn, cracked, cwt. 2.35; Corn, white, cwt. 3.20; Corn, yellow feed bush. 1.25; Flour, cwt, first grade 4.90; Flour, cwt, second grade 4.75; Feed flour, bag 2.50; Hay, baled, ton 12.00; Hay, loose, ton 10.00; Oats, local, bush. 75; Oats, Man., bush. 75; Shorts, middlings 40.00; Straw, baled, ton 9.00; Straw, loose, ton 8.00; Wheat, local, bush. 1.65; 1.75.

White extracted lb. 12 1/2; Comb, buckwheat 12 1/2; Comb, clover 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Local, carcass, lb. 15 30; Local, hinds, lb. 13 14; Local, fronts, lbs. 13 14; Western, carcass lb. 16 16 1/2; Western, hinds, lb. 17 18; Western, front, lb. 13 13; Hogs, live, cwt. 12.50; Hogs, dressed, cwt. 11; Lambs, spring, by carcass, lb. 23; Veal, by carcass, lb. 11 15.

Miscellaneous Green Forage.

The apple is not usually considered a feed for stock, but if its composition is compared with that of roots, or even of potatoes, it will be seen that the apple has considerable value and is not to be wasted. They may be used for almost any class of stock, though, as a rule, it is scarcely safe to feed quite so many apples to cattle as one would feed of roots.

The by-product of the cider mill, known as apple pomace, also has considerable value and is worth consideration when available. Cabbages and pumpkins belong to the same class of fodders as turnips and mangels and there is not a very wide difference in their feeding value.

Corn silage also belongs to our group of succulent foods, and hence plays a very important part in keeping animals in condition as well as supplying a large amount of comparatively cheap fodder. It will be noticed that silage from well matured corn is worth considerably more than that from immature corn. It will also be noted that corn silage does not contain so much water as roots though it contains a good deal more fibre. In spite, however, of its high percentage of fibre, good corn silage should be worth twice as much as roots.

Corn silage may be fed to almost any class of stock, though, owing to the fact that there may be some mould which escapes notice, it would probably be just as well not to feed it to horses. Some sheep feeders speak highly of silage for sheep and others very much prefer roots. Probably turnips are rather more satisfactory for sheep than corn silage though a good many sheep feeders use silage. Matured pigs will eat a certain amount of silage, but they waste a great deal and it can scarcely be called a satisfactory feed for pigs. Silage gives best results when fed to cattle and it is suitable for any class of cattle. For matured cattle about forty pounds of silage per day may be regarded as a fairly liberal allowance.

There are on the market a good many ready prepared mixtures of feed for which extravagant claims are sometimes made. Many of these feeds are intended merely to provide a market for such substances as oat hulls, cottonseed hulls and similar materials which, as has been shown, have a very low feeding value in themselves. Some of these mixtures are worth the money asked of them, but others are not, and the farmer must be wide awake to avoid being caught. The agent who sells the feed will probably emphasize the percentage of protein contained in it, but the farmer must remember that this is not the only consideration, and that the fibre content is a pretty sure indication as to whether the mixture is a high grade or low grade product. As already pointed out, a high percentage of fibre means a low grade product, and no farmer should purchase feeds with which he is not familiar without a guarantee as to both the percentage of protein and fibre.

Sometimes weed seeds are included in these mixtures, and some weed seeds such as worm-seed, mustard and other mustards, are decidedly injurious to stock. It is well, therefore, to exercise caution in purchasing these feeds and to insist upon guarantees as previously stated.

The latest research proves that 1,200 eggs hold all the chemical elements contained in a man weighing 150 pounds. This does not mean that if you make an enormous omelet of these 1,200 eggs a man would be produced. It does signify, however, that the elements in the eggs would be equal to the elements in a man.

If a person were to eat nothing but eggs he would get just the chemicals needed for supporting life, but the system would not digest an exclusive diet like this. The person trying to live on eggs alone would soon sicken, and if the diet were not changed would die. If an average man, weighing 150 pounds, were reduced to a 30 lb. man, he would yield 3,630 cubic feet of illuminating gas and hydrogen, or enough to fill a balloon that would carry 155 pounds.

If the normal human body were taken just as it is and all the elements extracted from it there would be found enough iron to make seven large nails; enough fat for fourteen 1-pound candles; enough carbon to make the lead in 65 gross of pencils and phosphorus enough to tip 250,000 matches. Besides all this would be found 20 teaspoonfuls of salt, 50 full-sized lumps of sugar, and 28 quarts of water.

Thus it is evident that a human being is a great chemical factory, and the value of a man in actual material is considerable. The hundred dozen eggs would yield precisely the same quantities of these chemical elements, and even at the present high price of eggs most of us would rather have the eggs used for the purposes than the man.—Tit-Bits.

Nearly 100 auction offerings of American Herefords are on record for the past year, and the general average stands at \$55. An offer of \$20,000 for the second grand champion Hereford bull, Boacido 6th, was refused.

ABITIBI'S EARNINGS

Net Profits Understood to Have Been \$625,878. Toronto, Feb. 23.—It is understood that the net earnings of the Abitibi Power Company were \$625,878, after payment of bond interest, and interest on debenture stock, as against \$600,000, as estimated in the Gazette a few days ago. As last year's business was based on low prices for newspaper the insiders are counting on earnings of two millions this year. It is said that the company has a large amount of cash in hand to provide for new construction work.

A New Coal Company.

Albany, Feb. 23.—With a capital of \$1,750,000 the George Hall Coal and Transportation Company, Inc., of Ogdensburg was incorporated today with the secretary of state. The directors are George Hall, J. C. Howard and Edward L. Strong. The new company is a merger of several coal companies which will deal extensively in soft coal.

Companies Incorporated.

Ottawa, Feb. 23.—The incorporation of the Ford Tractor Company of Canada, with a capital of \$10,000,000 and with its head office at Toronto is announced in the Canada Gazette.

Dominion Textile.