

YEAR 84, NO. 10

KINGSTON, ONTARIO, FRIDAY JANUARY 12, 1917

SECOND SECTION

2,000 AMERICANS KILLED IN WAR

They Have Given Their Lives For the British Empire.

THE LURE OF ADVENTURE

CAUSED MANY OF THEM TO ENLIST IN CANADA.

Parents Seek Release and State Department at Washington Has a Special Bureau for Appeals.

Lured by the spirit of adventure more than 2,000 Americans have died in battle, fighting in armies of the British Empire.

Somewhere in the United States thousands of anxious mothers and fathers are awaiting the return of those who will never return, and somewhere in France there are Americans fighting in the khaki of Britain who will never return to their native land.

So serious has become the problem of American youths slipping away into Canada to join overseas regiments that the American State Department has been forced recently to create a new division to care for the hundreds of communications which pour in, asking officials of that government to obtain the release of American youths from foreign regiments.

In many cases, these boys have joined in Canada by the simple expedient of falsifying their ages. Today, these same boys can be found in the trenches along the Somme, in the training camps of England, and aboard British vessels patrolling the high seas.

Because of the willingness of the British Government to release and send home boys who joined by fraudulent means, the State Department has found little difficulty restoring "lost" boys to their parents when the boy himself can be located alive, but there are many cases, department officials say, where the names of American boys, sought by terrified parents in America, have been found in the lists of those killed in action. In many instances not even the body can be recovered.

Special Division Necessary.

During the early days of the European war there was a constant stream of requests received at the State Department, asking the release of American volunteer boy soldiers, but it was not until recently that the volume of these requests made it necessary for Secretary of State Lansing to designate a special division to handle such cases. It is called the division of application for the discharge of soldiers and sailors in foreign service. In reality, it is a branch of the diplomatic bureau of the department, and it is operated by Frank A. Bauskett and Miss Frances Marsh.

The figures of the newly-created division show that the cattle boat traffic across the Atlantic from American ports to London is a great recruiting source for the British army. Of late weeks, the number of American boys who have enlisted in London has been even greater than the number enlisted in Canada.

This is chiefly due to the extraordinary precautions the Canadian recruiting officers are taking to avoid such cases. The British Government has shown extreme willingness to release all Americans who joined when under the age of 18 years, but it is no mean task to trace a boy from the time he enlists in Canada until he is found on a British vessel off the Mediterranean coast, or in a trench in France. That's why the Canadian officers are careful to scrutinize the "past performance" of all youthful applicants, and the result has been a rush to London, via the cattle boats, to share in the excitement of the world's greatest war.

If an American boy has enlisted in Canada and his parents believe he has not left the Dominion, the State Department forwards the request for a discharge to United States Consul General Foster at Ottawa. If the boy is still there he's sent to the Ameri-

can consulate under guard and turned over to Mr. Foster.

Locating Boys Difficult.

If the Canadian contingent which such a lad has joined has sailed for England, the job becomes more difficult. Robert P. Skinner, American Consul General at London, then takes up the case and appeals to the British foreign office. This request must pass through the proper official channels, and if the boy is alive, he will be located eventually.

The thing that makes difficult the task of locating these boys, however, is the almost universal tendencies of the youngsters to give fictitious names and addresses. This naturally complicates the task.

The appeals received at the State Department from parents seeking their sons are pathetic in many cases. One mother wrote saying her son was "only 14 and merely over large for his age." Other parents charge that their sons were forced into the service of Great Britain, though such an idea is manifestly inaccurate, as the Government of Great Britain readily releases boys who are under the proper age limit.

At the outbreak of the war, the British authorities made only two requirements—that the boy be an American citizen, and under 21 years of age. Later the age qualification was lowered to 18. Due to the volume of requests, the English authorities are now releasing boys who are under that age. If the boy's father is a naturalized American, the certificate of naturalization must accompany the discharge application.

Owing to the fact that the Department of State has no funds available to pay for the expenses of this work, parents are requested to deposit \$45, which will pay the boy's passage home, and when he is found, another \$25 is required to buy him clothes and food.

"Kitchener Square."

An interesting suggestion for the utilization of the old courthouse grounds in Vancouver, as a site for a soldiers' monument, is made by Mr. J. W. Weart, member-elect for South Vancouver. Mr. Weart proposes his proposal with the suggestion that the Government should, as one of the first acts in office, make a grant of this square to the people of Greater Vancouver, including North Vancouver and New Westminster, who could erect thereon a suitable monument to the memory of the gallant soldiers who have fallen in this war. "In my opinion," said Mr. Weart, "the name that should be given to the square which will undoubtedly be turned over by the Government to the city, is Kitchener square, in a tribute to the memory of Kitchener, the man and soldier, who will be given by history the credit of organizing that magnificent army of citizen soldiers, which is destined to uphold British institutions and be the means of bringing everlasting peace to the world."

Someone Ought to Tell Her.

Dear little Willie was only recently married, and for the last fortnight he had been wearing that famous smile which a man wears on only two occasions—when he is first married and when the first baby arrives. The smile, which suggests a codfish in paradise is extremely annoying to the onlooker. Therefore, Willie's friends were relieved to see him appear one morning looking very glum.

May Be Libel Suit.

Collingwood, Jan. 12.—This week's issue of the Conservative newspaper The Enterprise did not contain a retraction of its statement that Toronto liquor interests were behind Isaac Scott in his campaign in the West Simcoe by-election. The Liberal organizers say that the editor had given his promise that a retraction would be made before the election. A libel action may follow.

A soft answer may turn away wrath, but there are times when one derives more satisfaction from calling a man a liar.

Figures may not lie of their own accord, but a skillful mathematician may juggle them to suit his own purpose.

Was Worried and Nervous From Being Much Alone

Herself and Child Greatly Benefited by Using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

Kingston, Ont., Jan. 12.—The nervous system cannot withstand monotony any better than an excess of excitement. As a result it is not unusual to find many sufferers from nervous troubles among people who are much alone. There is more chance to worry, and worry exhausts the nerve force at a tremendous rate.

The writer of this letter could not rest or sleep, but she found that by using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food her nervous system was built up and she was enabled to sleep in comfort. The results were equally satisfactory when the Nerve Food was used by her eight-year-old boy and both are now enjoying good health.

Mrs. F. Truesdale, 9 Lower Charles Street, Kingston, Ont., writes:

"For some time I suffered from nervousness and sleeplessness, and I attributed it to the fact that I was alone so much with my child, my husband being a sailor. But after trying one box of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food I found I could go to bed at night and get a good night's rest, despite the fact of being alone. I have found excellent results from the Nerve Food, and recommend it with confidence to all suffering as I did from nervousness and sleeplessness. I also used some Nerve Food for my little boy, eight years old, and found it quieted his nerves and made him sleep better."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, a full treatment of 6 boxes for \$2.50, at all dealers, or Edmanston, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Do not be talked into accepting a substitute. Imitations only disappoint.



GIRL MUNITION WORKERS GIVE WOUNDED TOMMIES A "TOPPING" TEA PARTY. There was a waitress for very guest when the Glasgow girl munition workers recently entertained a party of wounded men to a special Christmas spread. The girls who prepared the feast and waited on the men work all day long at shell-making, and have been devoting a good deal of their spare time and no small amount of cash to entertain the wounded soldiers of their city.

DARLINGSIDE MATTERS.

Current Topics Brought Under Review of Correspondent.

Darlingside, Jan. 11.—Lawrence Latimer was unfortunate enough to injure his eye recently, while cutting firewood, and is now confined to the house. One of the children of Eddie Beaulah, Larue Island, is quite ill with pneumonia. George Khent is on his annual pilgrimage to New York state. James Robertson is confined to the house with a severe cold and an injured eye. Fred Latimer had a bee cutting fire wood Wednesday. After a mild spell of some days the mercury took a sudden dip Wednesday morning, and it has since been colder.

During the year just past there was recruited in Canada 178,537 men for overseas service. Despite the very considerable falling off in recruiting during the past six months the year 1916 provided almost half the total of 333,955 recruited since the war commenced.

The Dominion Department of Mines on the basis of the records available estimated that the total production of coal in Canada during the year 1916 was slightly less than thirteen millions gross tons. The greatest increased production occurred in the western provinces, Alberta showing an increase of thirty-two and British Columbia of twenty per cent. It is predicted that the province of Alberta will shortly become one of the greatest coal producing provinces in the Dominion. The supply of coal in that province is said to be practically inexhaustible, especially in the Edmonton district.

The reply of the Entente Allies to the so-called peace proposals of Germany leaves nothing to be desired. It is terse, comprehensive and definite. It marks a new and better era in allied diplomacy, which, if accomplished by equal improvement in military matters, will end the war and secure the world's liberty at a not distant date. Perhaps the new British premier did not frame it, but it is as well worded and as easily understood as if he had. It is not a reply to Germany so much as it is a notification to the world that the Allies are united in meeting Germany's world domination by Bernhardi. "World domination" Germany would mean to the world has been demonstrated in Belgium, Serbia, Northern France, Poland and Roumania. There is no choice but to fight out the present contest for the world's liberty, or give up, either now or later on. If the Allies cannot win in this war they will never win in any other. They could not expect to ever have again the same combination of forces and interests that to-day are co-operating so that justice and liberty shall not perish from the world. What is wanted now is not words but deeds. Unity and efficiency must be the watchwords of the Allies. One side or the other must be decisively and irremediably defeated. It is up to the allied peoples and their leaders to make their victory sure, whatever the time taken, or whatever the cost.

Most Canadians are willing enough to serve the country in any way they can in this time of danger. But there are a good many who are not willing to blind themselves to serve the profiteers without asking for more pay if the cost of living keeps on increasing. If the Government took over the shell factories and established a maximum price for life's necessities there would be no trouble getting munition workers.

The Minister of Justice is, of course, being petitioned to let Kelly—the contractor who stole the foundations and framework of the Manitoba Parliament Buildings—out of the penitentiary. The chances are if the Kaiser were rounded up and jailed in Canada a somebody would start a petition to get him out, and that thousands would sign it. This country is long on sympathy with criminals, a good deal more so than it is on sympathy with their victims.

Who, when his fight is raging hot. Leads on the men through shell and shot? (Whoever it may be, it's not) The Kaiser.

Suffered With Heart For Ten Years

Would Nearly Smother.

There is nothing that brings with it such fear of impending death as to wake up in the night with that awful sense of smothering. The uncertain and irregular heart action causes the greatest distress of both mind and body.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are the only remedy that can give prompt relief and effect a complete cure in cases of such severity.

They strengthen and invigorate the heart, so that it beats strong and regular, and tone up the nervous system so that the cause of so much anxiety becomes a thing of the past. Mrs. M. O. McCready, Wapella, Sask., writes: "I am not much of a believer in medicines, but I feel that it is only right for me to let you know what your wonderful remedy has done for me, and in a very short time, too. I had suffered terribly with my heart for nearly ten years, could scarcely do my work, and would nearly smother at times. I had many remedies, some only relieving me for a time. I got a box of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and felt so much better that I kept on using them, and can truthfully say I feel like a new woman."

"I would advise anyone with heart trouble to use them."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50c. or three boxes for \$1.25, at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

VICTIM OF SWINDLERS.

Germans Suffer From the Scheme of Food Crooks.

Berlin, Jan. 12.—Neukoelln, a suburb of Greater Berlin, has been the victim of a clever food swindle and is mourning the loss of 210,000 marks which it paid three crooks for non-existing carloads of sausage and bacon. The swindlers informed the suburban officials that the food, supposedly military property, was at Aix-La-Chapelle but could be procured quietly for the mentioned sum. The officials agreed on the purchase and to pay the money through the Essen Bank on presentation of duplicate bills of lading.

Through a forged manifest the crooks collected the money and disappeared after leaving with a Neukoelln official the supposed keys to the freight cars. The official waited a week before cautiously inquiring as to the whereabouts of the food only to discover that it did not exist.

"DEBRETT" ROLL OF HONOR

Many Titled People Have Fallen in Battle.

London, Jan. 12.—The roll of honor of those "debreTT" for 1917 has increased to about 1450 names, and embraces: One member of the royal family 14 peers, 21 baronets, 9 knights, 9 M.P.'s, 290 companions, 114 sons of peers, 110 sons of baronets, 150 sons of knights.

The number of heirs to hereditary titles who have been killed is 118.

About the only time a henpecked man is allowed to head the procession is when his wife thinks she hears burglars downstairs.

For Thin, Nervous MEN AND WOMEN

nothing equals or compares with the rich food properties in

SCOTT'S EMULSION

It makes other foods do good. It sharpens the appetite; stimulates the circulation and helps overcome catarrhal troubles. If you are rundown, anemic, or nervous, the benefits you will receive from Scott's Emulsion will surprise you.

Scott & Bown, Toronto, Ont.

THE NATIONAL SPORTS.

Splendid Tribute Paid to Hockey and Lacrosse by an Officer.

The following tribute to Canadian sport, particularly hockey and lacrosse, the national winter and summer sports of the Dominion, is contained in one of the latest books (The Red Watch) dealing with the great European struggle, written by Colonel J. J. Currie, M.P., and having for its subject the doings of the First Canadian Division in Flanders: "The work of organizing and equipping the Canadian Imperial battalions for overseas service was taken up with great vigor by the Minister of Militia and the officers of the department. One of the doings of the churches the best class of youth in the country came forward in large numbers. The clergy appealed to the athletes that had been trained in the gymnasiums of the Y.M.C.A., and Lord's sports contained a large sprinkling of Canadian lacrosse and hockey players."

"It was afterwards to be shown that the manly and strenuous native Canadian sports, lacrosse and hockey, practised by almost every boy in the country from the time he is able to walk, are of a character admirably suited to produce bold and courageous soldiers. Boys who have been accustomed to handle lacrosse and hockey sticks, develop arm and shoulder muscles that make the carrying and use of the rifle easy. First-class athletes do not get fatigued or exhausted when it is otherwise would. In the rough work of the bayonet charge, they keep their heads, and have confidence in their ability to close quarters to overcome their antagonist. They do not dread a blow or a bayonet, for they have been accustomed to roughing it all their lives. When it comes to 'cold steel' it is the man who has the courage and confidence in himself that wins, for nineteen times out of twenty the other man is dominated before blades are crossed, and at once either throw up his hands or runs."

ONTARIO DEAREST PROVINCE.

Workman's Weekly Outlay for Necessities \$15.01 in September.

The Labor Department's October publication of the cost of living figures shows that the average weekly budget of a workingman's family, staple foods, fuel, lighting, and rent, has by the end of September risen to \$15.01, as compared with \$14.63 for August last, \$13.67 for September of last year, and \$13 for September of 1911. The average is made up from prices obtained from sixty cities in Canada, and the items included concern practically only the essentials of very plain living. Nothing is included for clothing, doctor bills, amusement, church or contingencies.

The increase in the cost of living for the wage-earners, on the modest scale measured by rent at \$16 per month, is \$1.54 per week during the past twelve months, and \$2 per week since September of 1911. If the increased cost of clothing is also taken into account the total increase in the workingman's weekly bill for necessities will be considerably greater. Unless his wages have gone up by more than twenty per cent. within the past four or five years he is worse off now than he was in 1911.

Rent is the only item which shows any downward tendency. The average weekly cost of rent is now put at \$4.95, as compared with \$4.53 in September of 1914, and \$4.75 in September, 1913.

Food costs \$8.69 per week now, as compared with \$7.73 in September of last year, \$7.52 in September of 1914, and \$7.13 in September of 1911.

Ontario is the dearest province of the Dominion for food. The average weekly budget for the province is given at \$9.18, as compared with \$8.54 for Quebec, and \$8.65 in Manitoba.

The child is indeed father to the man; the former builds houses of blocks and the latter builds a block of houses.

AUSTRIAN ARMY SHORT OF FOOD

Rations Already Insufficient Further Cut Down on Italian Front.

MEN ARE MUCH DEPRESSED

THERE IS NO CESSATION OF ITALIAN ACTIVITY.

The Work of the "Bombarda"—A New Special Trench Mortar Keeps the Enemy From Close Quarters.

Italian Headquarters, Jan. 11.—Now elements in the situation favoring our Allies have created a profound depression everywhere among the enemy rank and file.

There has been a recent reduction in the rations of the Austrians. The rations for a year past have been barely sufficient. For six weeks past they have been quite insufficient both in quality and quantity.

The line of battle on the Gorizia and Trieste fronts has advanced a considerable distance since the November offensive. There is no relaxing of the Italian endeavor, no cessation of activity even for twenty-four hours. The advantages realized are all in favor of our Allies.

The Austrians in their retreat on the Carso in the last offensive deliberately left a "No Man's Land" about a mile in breadth from Vipacco as far as Jamiano. This condition was a triumph for the new Italian bombarda (special trench mortar), which with heavy 11-inch projectiles harassed the lines of the enemy so he could not come to close quarters. In a series of night advances recorded in some twelve official communiqués the Italian lines were brought forward within bombing distance of the Austrians along the entire sector. These rectifications of the line have been carried out as surprises which frequently have made in the short space of a night on rock soil, which admits of no digging without mining. Whatever has been taken has been held.

The greatest onslaught was against the line of Adrian Werke, a mile and a half east of Montefalco on the night of Dec. 10th. It is doubtful whether such a bombardment and attack has been known before. Certainly nothing finer in the way of resistance stands to the credit of the Italian troops. The trench line in marshes without protection, which for one hour was subjected to the most awful rage of high explosives and big shells to which the Austrians have ever given vent, was held without a break against superior forces of veteran troops.

Few Got Back. Bersaglieri (dismounted cavalry) managed to prevent the greater part of the assailants getting back to their own lines. There is no doubt the intention was to recapture Montefalco that night. Hungarian troops have been largely weeded out of this front for Romania, but a fresh division has arrived from Galicia. The increase in the enemy's artillery has been enormous. Such an abundance of munitions has not been observed for many months as now. There has been a great improvement in the co-ordination of enemy methods in every department. The visibility of the Austrian trench lines has been enormously reduced in the last three months. To improvements in method are added copious supplies of guns, machine guns and munitions. This is the Austrian response to the Italian advance toward Trieste which carried Cadorna's troops to within fifteen miles of his goal.

Love sometimes flies out of the kitchen window when the cooking school graduate enters the door.

Bronchitis Sufferer

Chatham, Ont., Woman Cured by a Simple Remedy.

Chatham, Ontario. "My mother came to visit us last spring and was suffering with what doctors called bronchitis, or a bronchial asthmatic cough. She coughed dreadfully, had difficulty in breathing and tightness all through her chest. She had tried Emulsions of Cod Liver Oil and other remedies without help. We had her try Vinol and the result was it soon loosened the cough and helped her to breathe easier and now she is all right." Henry Schmidt.

Vinol, you know, contains beef and cod liver peptones, iron and manganese peptones and glycerophosphates. It enriches and revitalizes the blood and conveys to the system the vital elements necessary to strengthen the body and throw off the disease. That is the reason it was so successful in Mrs. Schmidt's case.

Anyone in Kingston who has bronchitis, a chronic cough, or needs building up, may try a bottle of Vinol, with the understanding that his money will be returned if he is not satisfied. Mahood's Drug Store, Kingston. Also at the best druggist in all Ontario towns.

Saxol Salve

CURES SKIN AFFECTIONS. One package proves it. Sold and guaranteed by above Vinol druggist.

"TIZ" FIXES ACHING, SWOLLEN, SORE FEET

How "Tiz" Does Comfort Tired, Burning, Calloused Feet and Corns.



Good-bye, sore feet, burning feet, swollen feet, tender feet, tired feet. Good-bye, corns, callouses, bunions and raw spots. No more shoe tightness, no more limping with pain or drawing up your face in agony. "Tiz" is magical, acts right off. "Tiz" draws out all the poisonous exudations which puff up the feet. Use "Tiz" and wear smaller shoes. Use "Tiz" and forget your foot misery. Ah! how comfortable your feet feel. Get a 25-cent box of "Tiz" now at any druggist or department store. Don't suffer. Have good feet, glad feet, feet that never swell, never hurt, never get tired. A year's foot comfort guaranteed or money refunded.

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The steadily increasing sales should be ample proof that our cakes and pastry have quality and value. We also have variety. A few of our leaders.

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