

News From Eastern Ontario

Gananoque

From Our Own Correspondent: Jan. 10.—The regular meeting of the local branch of the Humane and Children's Aid Society was held in the lecture room of Grace church on Monday, and drew out a fair attendance. A conference of the elementary teachers of Grace Sunday school was held on Monday evening at the home of Dr. and Mrs. A. H. Mabee, and was well attended. Mrs. Frank Battams received word this week that her husband, who recently left here to accept a situation in Oshawa, was seriously ill with pneumonia. She left at once for his bedside. William McIntyre, confined to his home for the past week, has so far recovered as to be able to resume his regular employment. The regular monthly session of the Winona Mission Circle of Grace church was held in their lecture hall last evening. Tea was served from 6 to 7 p.m., and was followed by a short programme and business meeting. There was a very good attendance. The pastor's Bible class of Grace church held a social evening in the lecture hall last evening, and a very enjoyable time was spent by a goodly number. The regular meeting of the Willing Circle of King's Daughters was held in the parlor of Grace church last evening, and was well attended. Harold Ralph, Calgary, Alta., was in town yesterday, the guest of his aunt, Mrs. Oscar W. Sheets. Miss Ruth Lillian McLean, whose nuptials are to be celebrated to-day, held a pre-marital reception at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles McLean, First street, last evening, when a large number of her friends availed themselves of the opportunity of wishing her God-speed on the journey of life. The inaugural session of the new town council was held in the council chamber on Monday in accordance with the statute. The mayor, deputy reeve and councillors subscribed to and took oath of office before Town Clerk McCammon. The latter then called upon the mayor to take his seat at the head of the table, where he gave his inaugural address. The mayor and councillors Sine and Cowan were named as a committee for this year. The standing committees for the year are: Finance: Pinnace, Wilson, Keyes and Sine; Roads and Bridges, Ellis, Cowan, Karr; Printing and Police, Keyes, Smith, Lloyd, Smith, Maket and Poor Relief, Lloyd, Cowan, Ellis; Fire and Light, Smith, Keyes and Sine; Court of Revision, Sine, Karr, Cowan, Wilson and Ellis. The following officials were also appointed for 1917: Assessor, R. C. McCullough, salary, \$200; Collector, William Pratt, salary, \$200; Auditors, John Menden and W. A. Peck, \$45 each; Fence Viewers, W. A. Rogers, George Dempster and J. T. Ellis; Pound Keeper, W. S. Lloyd; High School Trustee, T. D. O'Connor. Satan loves hypocrites because they serve him best and require no wages.

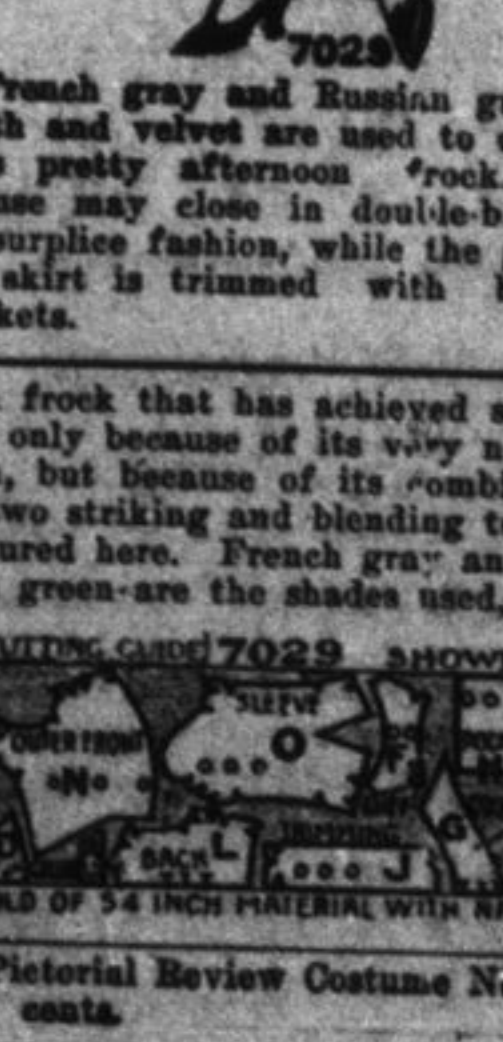
Easy & Practical Home Dress Making Lessons

Prepared Specially for This Newspaper By Pictorial Review

A Successful Afternoon Model



satins being used for the foundation, revers and cuffs, and gray cloth for the bodice and overskirt. In medium size the costume requires 4 1/2 yards 54-inch broadcloth, 3 1/2 yards 36-inch satin for foundation skirt and 1 1/2 yards 36-inch lining. In order to properly cut the dress, note how the various sections of the pattern are placed on both the cloth and the satin. Because there are so many small pieces to the overskirt, it is better to place them together on the cloth so that it may be used to best advantage. The bare collar, the back, the large collar, and back and front gores of the skirt are laid on the lengthwise fold of goods. The center front of the waist, sleeve, cuff and pocket are placed on the material so that the large "O" perforations rest on a lengthwise thread. The pleats are cut from the cloth remaining at the side of the back and front gores. After the cloth sections have been cut, the satin foundation may be undertaken. Fold the satin, then place first on the material the back piece, the large "O" perforations resting on a lengthwise thread, and next the front piece, laid on the lengthwise fold. The front and back of the waist lining sections both are laid with the large "O" perforations on a lengthwise thread of material. The frocks for afternoon wear are particularly pretty this season and show advance touches for winter resort use. Many of the broadcloths and satins are trimmed with fine gold or silver embroidery which are very rich when done on a background of turquoise or Natter blue or coral.



French gray and Russian green in cloth and velvet are used to develop this pretty afternoon frock. The blouse may close in double-breasted or surplice fashion, while the gathered skirt is trimmed with braided pockets. A frock that has achieved success, not only because of its very new design, but because of its combination of two striking and blending tones is pictured here. French gray and Russian green are the shades used, green being used for the bodice and cuffs, and gray cloth for the bodice and overskirt. In medium size the costume requires 4 1/2 yards 54-inch broadcloth, 3 1/2 yards 36-inch satin for foundation skirt and 1 1/2 yards 36-inch lining. In order to properly cut the dress, note how the various sections of the pattern are placed on both the cloth and the satin. Because there are so many small pieces to the overskirt, it is better to place them together on the cloth so that it may be used to best advantage. The bare collar, the back, the large collar, and back and front gores of the skirt are laid on the lengthwise fold of goods. The center front of the waist, sleeve, cuff and pocket are placed on the material so that the large "O" perforations rest on a lengthwise thread. The pleats are cut from the cloth remaining at the side of the back and front gores. After the cloth sections have been cut, the satin foundation may be undertaken. Fold the satin, then place first on the material the back piece, the large "O" perforations resting on a lengthwise thread, and next the front piece, laid on the lengthwise fold. The front and back of the waist lining sections both are laid with the large "O" perforations on a lengthwise thread of material. The frocks for afternoon wear are particularly pretty this season and show advance touches for winter resort use. Many of the broadcloths and satins are trimmed with fine gold or silver embroidery which are very rich when done on a background of turquoise or Natter blue or coral.

FIRMLY BELIEVES IN ITS DESTINY Rumanian Nation Meets Reverse With Fortitude and Stoicism.

London, Jan. 10.—The Jassy, Rumania, correspondent of the Times cables under date of January 10: "To-day the festival of the Orthodox Christmas was celebrated here under circumstances of distress and privation, which might well bring dismay to the stoutest heart, but the Rumanian nation met the stroke of adversity with fortitude and stoicism. An encouraging and touching feature of the present situation is the tone of optimism which pervades the whole community, which is inspired with complete confidence of the ultimate triumph of the Allies in the realization of the national unity for which the greatest sacrifices have been cheerfully endured. The Ministerial Journal Mishearea says: 'The Star of Bethlehem, which two thousand years ago announced to mankind the birth of the Messiah, is a triumph of right and justice for humanity, now rises amid bloodshed, but gives the same eternal hope to the Rumanian people, which ideal has sacrificed all for the sacred ideal, notwithstanding the Allies in the nation maintains a firm belief in its destiny and the victory of civilization over tyranny and barbarism.' A resolve to continue the war is unambiguously expressed. No details of the German peace proposals are known here, but the reply of the Allies meets with cordial approbation. The ministerial press declares that the German overtures are prompted by the hope of escaping the inevitable consequence of their approaching defeat."

VIENNA'S FOOD SCARCE AND BARBERS ARE FEW

Papal Nuncio Writes That Life is No Round of Pleasures. Rome, Jan. 10.—The Stampa Turin published a letter in its issue of yesterday, said to have been written by the Papal Nuncio in Vienna, in which the writer declares that life in the City of Vienna has become all but intolerable. A dozen eggs, and these said to be none too fresh, cost nineteen shillings in the Austrian capital, while the supply of food on the most modest scale necessary to support the five servants in the residence of the nuncio represents the daily expenditure of four pounds. The nuncio himself, despite his 70 years of age, has been reduced to shaving himself. Barbers are few, and their charges for their services are so high that only the extremely wealthy are able to engage a man to shave them.

SHIPMENTS OF CHEESE

Half Million in Money Received by Farmers in Vicinity. Perth, Jan. 10.—Perth district has been noted for many years past as one of the best cheese centres of the province, and the record for 1916 has eclipsed that of all former years, in quantity of cheese manufactured and the price received for the finished article. Not only has an immense amount of cheese been made in this section last year, but the quality was nearly of the best grade. Last year the first shipment of cheese left Perth on May 1st, and the last was loaded on the 15th of December. It is estimated that there were about 2,304,320 pounds of cheese shipped in that time. Placing the average price paid for the cheese for the whole season at 18 1/2 cents per pound, which is rather low, it would amount to the astonishing figure of \$426,298.20 worth of cheese shipped from the local district during the season. Nearly half a million dollars distributed to the farmers within radius of eight or ten miles of Perth for their cheese alone.

255TH GETS RECRUITS

Sergt. Mellor, Former Minister, Recommended For Lieutenantcy. Trenton, Jan. 10.—Trenton Opera House was packed to the doors at a recruiting meeting in the interest of the 255th Overseas Battalion. The speakers included Lieut.-Col. Kidd, D.S.O., returned after eighteen months, at the front; Lieut.-Col. S. B. Seobell, Capt. E. H. McLean and Sergt. J. J. Mellor. Six recruits responded to the appeal of the speakers, and were at once attested. Sergt. Mellor, who was a Methodist minister before enlisting in the 255th as a private, has rendered such valuable services that Col. Seobell has recommended his promotion to lieutenant.

CAINTOWN MAN KILLED

By a Train Near Montreal—The Late Ivan Hodge. Caintown, Jan. 8.—A sad accident occurred on Saturday last when Ivan Hodge, son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hodge of Caintown, was killed near Montreal by a train. The late Mr. Hodge was but twenty-two years of age. He leaves to mourn his loss his mother and father, two sisters, Mrs. Thomas Hodge of Rockport, and Mrs. Thomas Hodge of Rockport, and three brothers, Ray of Smith's Falls, Willard of Brockville, and Wesley at home. The funeral will take place Tuesday afternoon from his father's residence to the Methodist church, Caintown. Rev. Mr. Bradford of Mallorytown is to officiate.

SUNK BY ONE SUBMARINE

Norwegian Steamer Taken Into the Port of Hamburg. Berlin, Jan. 10.—One single submarine, according to the Admiralty, sank the French battleship Gaulois, the British transport Invernia, and two contraband freighters. The Norwegian steamer Lipp, formerly the American steamer Gilchrist, was captured by the Germans and brought into Hamburg with contraband.

Your Birthday.

January 10th. You have a good deal of self-control, but are apt to fly up into unreasonable tempers at times. Tuesdays for you to begin any important undertaking. You are inclined to be health, particularly your lungs, which are inclined to be weak. Live out of doors as much as possible and practice deep breathing exercises. You look on the bright side of things. You are of a sociable nature and natural temperament. You are always at your best under these conditions. Hence, you should not live in the country, which is not suited to your intellectual pursuits and studies, but remember that love and duty are higher human attributes than intellect, and that these are the most important in the long run. You have great natural abilities and powers, you determine to exercise, should bring you into prominence. You have great determination. Famous person born this day: Marshal Ney, the famous French general.

GERMAN PRESS VIEWS OF WILSON NOTE

"Comedy With England to Save Letter From Submarines," Paper Says.

Paris, Jan. 10.—Newspapers recall some of the appreciations of President Wilson's note published at the end of December last by great organs of public opinion in Germany. The Post wrote: "If the United States demand territorial integrity of Belgium from us, if President Wilson wished seriously and impartially to peace he would understand that the twelfth of December we had already done everything in that direction which was humanly possible." Tagliche Rundschau wrote: "We must not at any price allow ourselves to be fettered by the United States in our conduct of war, and in the second place we must not admit that neutrals, and especially the United States, who have given innumerable proofs of partiality against us, should participate in a peace conference."

TRIBUTE IS PAID TO RUSSIA'S EFFORT

In Rumania's Behalf—Ozar's Troops Make Mackensen Pay Dearly. London, Jan. 10.—The Times pays tribute to the great efforts Russia has made in Rumania's behalf, saying: "Her attempt to hold the Sereth lines has failed, as the attempt to save Bucharest failed; but she has delayed the Germans for weeks and made them pay a heavy price for their successes. The main brunt of the recent defensive has fallen on Russia, for the bulk of the Rumanian army has been withdrawn behind the Russian lines to be refitted and reorganized. Russia could hardly have hoped to do more than delay the end of Mackensen's three large armies at his disposal, and we may be sure, a useful superiority in big guns. "With both their extremities now in the enemy's hands, the Sereth lines, so far as they run west of the river, are useless. No doubt the Rumanians are on their way by this time to their next main defensive position, the River Sereth itself. Behind that line again is the formidable river line of the Pruth. Von Mackensen is now almost within striking distance of Russian territory, but he must either attempt a passage of the Danube from Dobruja or must force the river positions of the Sereth and Pruth before he can set foot on it."

THE MARKET PRICES.

Table with columns for New York Stocks, Canadian Stocks, and Mexican Lines Demoralized. Includes items like Atchafon, Baltimore & Ohio, C.P.R., N.Y.C., Erie, Northern Pacific, Pennsylvania, Reading, Bethlehem Steel, Rep. Steel, U.S. Steel, Inter. Nickel, Anacosta.

Mexican Lines Demoralized

At New London, Alberto Paul, who, incidentally, is Carranza's president of the \$90,000,000 railroad system which grinds Mexico with lines of rust and masses of wreckage, said that the national railways rapidly are being restored to normal, and that services over all the main lines was unimpeded, says Harry H. Dunn in Cartoons Magazine. In El Paso, early in September, I met a wealthy exporter of flour whom I had known in Mexico City seven years before. He had been in El Paso two months trying to ship flour to the starving half-million inhabitants of Mexico City, and could not get them. Does this look like the restoration of the Mexican railroads to normal conditions?

James G. Cane, a commercial traveler, was selected at a mass meeting of North-west Toronto Liberals to oppose Hon. W. D. McPherson, K.C., Provincial Secretary.

LOVERS OF ADVENTURE.

Some Facts About the Famous French Foreign Legion.

The romantic story of Lieutenant-Colonel J. F. Elkington, of the Royal Warwickshire Regiment, whose return to his former rank in the army was the result of his gallantry while serving in the ranks of the French Foreign Legion, has naturally aroused interest in that famous corps. The old idea that the Legion is a regiment of wrong-doers is exploded from pure love of adventure, for it is a regiment that is always on service. By far the greater part of the men serving in the Foreign Legion are Al-Franco and Lorrains who consider themselves Frenchmen, although they have been born under German rule. It is for this they have enlisted. All Frenchmen who enlist have to produce their papers, and this is often the reason that one finds men on the strength who call themselves Belgians or Italians, when they were born and reared in the Republic. It is said by competent authorities that the Legion is the finest fighting force the world has ever seen. It is the "Old Guard" of to-day, and its prestige in the eyes of the world is wonderful. Its men are regarded as an average polu with the same awe and wonderment that a child bestows on a tall Guardsman in his busy and full regimentals. In this it is of incalculable benefit to the army of France. It is recruited from men of all ages, and the man who gives his age as 18 is sure to be younger than he says; the man who says he is from 35 to 40 is bound to be older. In England it is held that a man over the age of 45 is a doubtful man to take on for foreign service, and yet there are thousands of men in the service of the Legion who are over that age—fighting, marching, and standing hardship better than younger men in other armies. In his enthralling book on the Legion, Frederic Mariya tells of an ex-Bishop, a professor (who was fond of war), a German nobleman, a barrister, and an ex-diplomatist, all of whom served with him. Of Englishmen in the Legion he did not meet more than half a dozen in the whole course of his service. All of them with the exception of two had served in the British army. At the same time the regimental rolls of that time said there were 51 Englishmen and 28 Americans serving then. There are battalions known as the "Zephyrs." These are the penal battalions, and as a rule sent to serve in Algeria, or at any rate in some colonial station where life is not a bed of roses. There is a story, too, of a French officer of the regular army who enlisted in the Legion. One day, on parade he was noticed by his general and recognized. The general asked him his name and he gave his alias. The general knew was not his real name, and he pressed him for the truth and got it. He had been an officer under this particular general, and the latter knew that it was not any disgrace that had made him join under another name. He promoted him sergeant on the spot, and soon after from sergeant this man rose to commissioned rank through an act of gallantry. The Legion has seen a great deal of active service of the most difficult and trying kind, and at one time after the Dahomey campaign they had an aggregate of 75 per cent. of their strength on the casualty list. It is a wonderful corps, and it is not strange that there is an atmosphere of romance connected with it, for it has made many men whole again and given men back that thing that is more precious than life—self-respect. In the present war it is keeping up its traditions; it is doing more, it is surpassing itself, and the German troops who meet the men of the Legion in open field are likely to find this true.

Excel With Old Weapons.

If all of the guns of modern warfare could be discarded and hostile nations left to fight with cold steel as they used to in the past ages, it is doubtful if there is any army on earth which could withstand the assaults of Russian soldiers. The reason why Russians would excel at warfare of this kind is that they all inherit the skill with the sword, the battle-axe, the spear, and the knife, that has been handed down through many generations of ancestors who were adept with these weapons. This explains why a Russian bayonet charge is still a thing to be dreaded, and why the Cossacks are able to work such havoc with their sabres. If Russia should ever reach the point of exhaustion and her enemies force their way into the heart of the empire, it is probable that the last desperate stand of the Russian forces would be made with the aid of weapons which have long gone out of general use. Of these old weapons Russia has an almost unlimited quantity. Almost every household boasts of several which have been handed down as heirlooms, and in the government museums and some of the arsenals there are quantities more.

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