

YEAR 83—NO. 246

KINGSTON, ONTARIO, MONDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1916

LAST EDITION

BRITISH GAINS ARE REVIEWED

By Frederick Palmer Who Speaks Optimistically of British Position.

HAVE DRIVEN ENEMY BACK TO A DEPTH OF FROM FOUR TO EIGHT MILES.

On Sunday the British went forward 500 yards on a three-mile front, and their casualties are reported light.

(Special to the Whig.) New York, Oct. 23.—In a despatch from the British western front, Frederick Palmer speaks optimistically of the British position. He says: "More than three and one-half months of battle on the Somme with the heaviest concentration of artillery, infantry and every type of war material and the most skillful and desperate the world has ever known, has resulted in marked development of the British fighting efficiency and of the means of reducing the losses of the attackers."

"In the way of concrete achievements the British have taken 30,000 prisoners or a little less than 1,500 for each of the 21 villages captured, with an average population of about three hundred souls. They have taken 125 guns, 100 trench mortars and trench guns and 429 machine guns. They have not lost a gun. "The British have driven the Germans back on a front of eleven miles to a depth of from four to eight miles."

Notable British Advance.

London, Oct. 23.—The British official statement issued last night reads: "The total number of prisoners taken in Saturday's operations between the Schwaben redoubt and Le Sars is now reported as 1,018, including 16 officers."

"Early Saturday the enemy made a determined attack in considerable strength on the Schwaben redoubt (Thiepval area). At all points except two he was repulsed with loss before reaching our trenches. At two points he entered the trenches, but was ejected immediately, leaving five officers and 79 men prisoners and a large number of dead in front of our trenches. "Subsequently we delivered a successful attack on a front of some 5,000 yards between the Schwaben redoubt and Le Sars. We advanced our line 300 to 500 yards, and captured the Stiff and Regina trenches, as well as advanced posts north and northeast of the Schwaben redoubt. In the course of this fighting we took some hundreds of prisoners. During the day hostile artillery was active in the region south of Arras and around Gueudecourt. Our casualties are believed to be light."

FRENCH TAKE HILL NORTHWEST OF SAILLY

Have Taken 450 Prisoners in the Chaulnes Sector Since Saturday.

(Special to the Whig.) Paris, Oct. 23.—Following a short artillery bombardment, French troops last night, late, stormed and captured hill No. 128, northwest of Sully-Sallies, south of the Somme. The Germans bombarded during the night but made no new attacks. Since Saturday the French have taken 450 prisoners on the Chaulnes sector. The Germans exploded a mine southeast of Dumesnil, but were unable to occupy the crater.

Missing Scow Found. Watertown, N.Y., Oct. 23.—The scow Northern Lights, which it was feared had been lost in the storm on Lake Ontario Wednesday night, was found Saturday afternoon on Gill Harbor shoal by Captain Harrison J. Angley and a crew of eight men on board the Watertown Naval Militia's gunboat, the Sandoval. The four men of the crew were found safe on the shore of Galloups Island and brought back to Sacket Harbor on the Sandoval.

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SUBMARINE DIVED IN ROARING SEA

Perilous Hour in Deutschland's Trip Graphically Described by Skipper of U-liner.

New York, Oct. 23.—How the merchant submarine Deutschland dived like a plummet to the floor of the ocean, then stood on her head whirling dizzily while a furious storm lashed the surface and a British destroyer scoured the sea in search of her prey, is narrated in graphic detail by the U-boat's commander, Captain Paul Koenig, in the following article:

The adventures of the first undersea merchantman have formed the subject of a book written by her intrepid commander, one of the chapters of which is herewith reproduced by the International News Service for the first time in America. The book, which has just been published in Germany, has caused a tremendous sensation.

TWO SCHOOL PUPILS, AGED 15, WEDDED.

Norwich, N.Y., Oct. 23.—Stuart C. Mudge, aged 15 years, a school boy, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Mudge, of this city, demanded marriage license of City Clerk Robinson, Saturday, stating Miss Ruth Whilmarsb, aged 15, a school girl, and he were to be married. City Clerk Robinson hesitated at first, but after the parents of the two children had given their consent, marriage license was issued, and the couple were married here last evening by Rev. Alexander Frazer, pastor of Calvary Baptist church.

REPORT CONSTANZA TAKEN BY BULGARS

Berlin War Office States That This Rumanian Seaport Has Fallen.

(Special to the Whig.) Berlin, Oct. 23.—The Rumanian seaport of Constantia has been captured by the Bulgarians, the official War Office statement announced today.

Rain Impedes British. London, Oct. 23.—Rain is impeding British operations on the Struma front, said an official statement dealing with the Macedonian fighting today. Successful trench raids of the Doiran sector were reported.

Rumanians Retreating.

(Special to the Whig.) Bucharest, Oct. 23.—Fighting continues with great violence near Constantia, the War Office announced today. Immediately south of Crnovoda the Rumanians have retreated.

Rumanians Have Advantage.

London, Oct. 23.—In two particulars the Rumanians have the advantage. Mackensen, having battered vainly against the allied right wing along the Danube in his former attempt against Cernavoda, is now concentrating his attack on the coastlines. Here his forces are constantly exposed to the fire of the Russian warships. Here also he is farthest away from his goal. So long as the Russians and Rumanians can hold the Danube line from Rasova north there is little fear of Cernavoda falling to the enemy. The farther he bends forward his centre and right flank the more Mackensen exposes his left wing to flank attacks that might envelop part of his army.

The capture of Cernavoda would give the Teutons the only bridge across the Danube on the Rumanian southern frontier. This bridge is one of the largest in the world, and miles of it crosses the swamps on the Rumanian bank of the Danube.

NORWEGIANS WARNED WAR MAY BE NEAR

Newspapers Regard Situation Arising From Sub Controversy as Perilous.

London, Oct. 23.—An Exchange Telegraph despatch from Copenhagen says: "The position between Norway and Germany arising out of the Norwegian measures against submarines absorbs the Norwegian press. The Antipostas of Christiania, while agreeing that the whole Norwegian people is ready to support the Government, reminds its readers that the nation must have a clear understanding that the step into war is not a long one, and that it is a great task for a small neutral country to uphold the ideals of peace against those of war."

EGYPTIAN CAMEL CORPS.

Swept Down on Enemy Camp in Armoured Cars.

(Special to the Whig.) London, Oct. 23.—Deserting their "ships of the desert," an Egyptian camel corps in armoured cars swept down upon an enemy camp at Dakkha oasis, capturing 125 prisoners and disposing of the enemy. It was officially announced today.

DUTCH STEAMER SUNK.

Believed Captain and Fifteen of Crew Drowned. (Special to the Whig.) London, Oct. 23.—The Dutch steamer Fortuna has been sunk. Ten of her crew were landed today, but it is believed the captain and fifteen others were drowned.

CONNAUGHT'S AID FOR IRELAND

He Alone Can Handle the Problem in the Emerald Isle.

IRISH RECRUITING DEAD

FAILURE TO CARRY LLOYD GEORGE'S SCHEME THROUGH.

Has Shaken Asquith's Prestige—Connaught's Personality and Prestige Indicate Him as the Only Man for the Crisis.

London, Oct. 23.—The Duke of Connaught received a warm welcome home. Every one recognized his splendid service in the vicerealty of Canada, and the prospect of his doing fresh great service and the initiation of a new era in Ireland. Each day makes more clear the dangers and disappointment of the present Irish situation. Dissatisfaction and unrest were never greater.

Irish recruiting is dead, while things are as now. No scheme receiving it voluntarily has any prospect of success. The coalition cabinet is divided within itself upon the issue, unable to agree on an satisfactory plan.

Asquith's Prestige Shaken. Asquith's prestige is badly shaken by failure to carry Lloyd George's scheme through. The more danger of a policy of drift, allowing things to develop themselves inevitably, spells disaster.

The Duke of Connaught presents the one outstanding figure to-day who might lend a new attempt to make a fresh start, going to Ireland as viceroy under a big, new conciliation scheme with immediate granting of a considerable measure of home rule.

Reason for Hope.

The Irish situation demands boldness, prompt leadership. Connaught's personality and prestige indicate him as the only man for the crisis. Two elements give reason for hope, which is obvious in the southern districts. The Nationalist extremists and the Southern Unionists give signs that they are willing to combine on a generous national policy.

ADRIFT 36 HOURS ON RAFT IN STORM

Capt. Grashaw, of the Colgate, Tells About That Freight-er's Finish.

Cleveland, O., Oct. 23.—Storm-swept Lake Erie yesterday gave up the story of the drowning of twenty-one men and the rescue of the whale-back James B. Colgate. Earlier back James B. Colgate, of Buffalo, was on the steamer Colgate, which was wrecked on Friday morning for Port William with coal. She sank that night off Long Point, Canada. Her master, Captain Walter Grashaw of this city, drifted on a raft for two nights and a day before he was rescued by the ferry steamer Marquette and steamer No. 2 of Rondeau, Canada. Half dead from exposure he was brought ashore late yesterday at Connaught, O.

Every one of the crew of twenty-one perished, nineteen when the Colgate foundered in Friday's storm, and two when exhaustion forced them to relinquish their hold on the raft that carried their captain. The lone survivor was unable to-day to give a list of his crew, owing to the many changes made at Buffalo just before the vessel sailed. Of the men shipped at Buffalo, however, seven are known to have been from New York state points.

The drowning of the Colgate's crew raised the casualties of "Black Friday," as it is known in marine circles, to twenty-seven. Six men were lost when the steamer Filer sank in Lake Erie on Friday, only Captain Mattison being saved. Earlier that night the steamer Marshall F. Butters foundered, but its crew of thirteen men were saved. Less than an hour after the Filer sank, the Colgate, by far the largest of the three victim vessels, went down.

STILL HOPE TO SETTLE.

The Threatened C.P.R. Strike—Crothers is Very Busy.

(Special to the Whig.) Ottawa, Oct. 23.—In connection with the C.P.R. strike situation, Hon. T. W. Crothers is continuing his conference with Sir Robert Borden and others of his colleagues in the hope that some means of settling the difficulty may be arrived at. It is not likely that the application of a board of conciliation will be complied with unless the men agree to recognize it.

MARGATE VISITED BY HUN AIR PILOTS

(Special to the Whig.) London, Oct. 23.—The English watering place of Margate, eighty miles southeast of London, was raided by German air forces this morning and three bombs dropped, it was officially announced this afternoon. The Cliftonville hotel was slightly damaged and a man and woman were slightly injured.

Sir Joseph Beerham Dead.

(Special to the Whig.) London, Oct. 23.—Sir Joseph Beerham, aged sixty eight, famous as the manufacturer of Beerham's pills, died today. He was noted for his philanthropy and his eccentric advertising stunts.

PREMIER OF AUSTRIA WAS ASSASSINATED

By an Editor of Vienna—First Affair of Kind Since War Began.

London, Oct. 23.—Count Karl Stuerghk, Premier of Austria, was shot Saturday by a Vienna publisher named Avler. Count Stuerghk, as distinct from Hungary, has a separate premier and parliament, which meets at Budapest. Over both Austria and Hungary there is an Imperial Ministry of three, known as the Common Ministry.

News of the shooting of Count Stuerghk, the first leader of a belligerent nation to be assassinated since an assassination started the great war, reached London from Berlin via Reuters' Amsterdam correspondent. The Premier was at dinner when shot. Grave riots followed the murder of the Austrian Premier, a Rome despatch says.

Assassin Confesses.

Vienna, Oct. 23.—The assassination of the Austrian premier, Count Karl Stuerghk, was purely political and was induced by his refusal to convene Parliament, according to admission of Dr. Friedrich Adler, his assassin, shortly after his arrest. Dr. Adler is an eccentric and super-radical Socialist, sometimes known as "the Liebenicht of Austria." He is editor of Der Kampf. At first he declined to reveal his motive, but, after being locked up, he broke down.

Dr. Adler's arrest was accomplished only after he wounded two men who leaped after he had fired on Count Stuerghk. He discharged the two remaining chambers of his revolver at the two wounded Austrian and German officers, with drawn sabers, overpowered him.

The assassin, who is 32 years old, is a son of Dr. Victor Adler, a Reichsrat deputy and a Socialist of mild type. By a coincidence the father was shot by the Austrians in 1911 when Count Stuerghk was shot at six times by the Dalmatian Socialist Vakusch. On that occasion the count was uninjured.

THE PRESENTATION OF 146TH COLORS HAS BEEN POSTPONED

The consecration and presentation of the 146th Battalion colors, which were to have taken place Tuesday afternoon, Oct. 24th, have been postponed at the request of Brig-Gen. Hemming to Friday afternoon, Nov. 3rd.

The reason for the postponement is the absence of troops from the city. There are only a few troops left, and this week they will be busy cleaning up Barrieheld camp. By next Friday the R. C. H. A. will have returned from Petawawa with their camp band, whose music will contribute materially to the martial spirit of the occasion. The R. C. H. A., combined with the troops already in the city, will provide a more splendid military setting for the impressive ceremony.

The programme that was drawn up for Oct. 24th will be followed on Nov. 3rd. The colors will be consecrated and presented on the Cricket Field, after which they will be deposited in St. Andrew's church with an appropriate ceremony.

GIVEN TWELVE HOURS TO QUIT CHICAGO

School Principal Who Tried to Wreck Home of Married Teacher Confesses.

Chicago, Oct. 23.—Confronted by evidence, he had written more than one hundred letters attacking the reputation of one of his woman teachers, John Henry Hill, principal of the Morgan Park High School, after an all-night grilling in the office of the Board of Education, confessed that he had attempted to wreck the teacher's home in order to win her for his sweetheart. Hill's resignation was accepted, and on his promise to leave Chicago within twelve hours, it was agreed that he should not be prosecuted.

Hill has a wife and five children, and the woman to whom he wrote, Mrs. Marie Moore, is married to Oliver C. Moore, a dental student at Northwestern University. She was teaching to pay Moore's tuition.

Hill admitted, according to a detective, that he hoped to cause Moore to obtain a divorce and to induce the School Board to discharge her in order to force her to come to him.

ENEMY SHELLING.

(Special to the Whig.) London, Oct. 23.—Considerable enemy shelling of British positions between Lessar and Guendecourt last night was reported by Gen. Haig today, but no infantry actions of importance occurred on the Somme front. South of Ypres, the British occupied two mine craters.

OPEN ANOTHER BIG OFFENSIVE

Seven Millions of Men Come to Grips in Mighty Conflict.

THE RUSSIANS ARE READY FOR VIGOROUS FIGHTING WITH THE TEUTONS.

Next Three Weeks Will See Climax to Gigantic Operations—The Winter Will Favor the Czar's Armies.

London, Oct. 23.—The greatest battle in the world's history is about to be staged on the eastern front, in the opinion of high military officials here. After months of manoeuvring nearly seven millions of men have come to grips along the almost unbroken front from Riga to the Danube. Hand-to-hand fighting of the most violent character is going on the whole length of the 900-mile line. The next three weeks will probably see the climax of this extraordinary struggle.

Slowly Gain Ground.

So far there is no indication of a definite result, although the Russians unquestionably are slowly gaining ground. The chief Russian move at the moment seems to aim at the envelopment of Halicz from the north and the cutting of the Teuton line of communication between that stronghold and Lemberg. That the attacks of the Czar's troops are succeeding in smashing the army's defence at some points is indicated in no uncertain manner by the sudden and hurried transfer of the German 3rd Guards Division to the Halicz sector from Lemberg, where they had hitherto been held in reserve.

Make Dent in Line.

In Volhynia the Russians have made a great dent in the enemy's line near Czeryany. Fifteen miles southeast of Kovel, which bids fair to bring about the defeat of the Teutons once a big Russian attack has got under way in this region.

The Carpathians are in an extremely interesting and important. Once the Czar's troops break through the mountain passes they will obtain a vital success. Not only will the lines of the Russians and Rumanians be completely linked together, but the danger of Falkenhayn's drive will be eliminated. To the Rumanians the Russians will bring reinforcements that may result in the sweeping of the whole of Transylvania.

Observers here lay emphasis on the value of the severe Russian winter to the Czar's troops. Whatever new ground the Russians are able to win before the winter sets in, in earnest, it is pointed out will remain in their possession until spring.

Unlike the battle on the western front, the struggle cannot be continued in the east. The winter period will prove, as it has proved in the past, of immense value to the Russians and of little value to the Teutons.

War Tidings.

British troops early Saturday advanced on a line of 5,000 yards to a depth of 500 yards, capturing Stuff and Regina trenches, and taking over 800 prisoners.

The Germans made several desperate attempts to recapture lost ground on the Somme on Saturday, but were repulsed with heavy losses. In the region of Chaulnes French troops won brilliant successes.

A British submarine torpedoed a German light cruiser of the Kolberg class in the North Sea Thursday morning. Two of the best known French Generals Marchand and Deville were wounded on the Somme front; one slightly and the other seriously.

Hostile aeroplanes dropped four bombs in vicinity of Sheerness, England, Sunday. No casualties reported.

The Germans again attacked in strong force early Sunday morning French positions in the region Chaulnes, but were repulsed with heavy loss.

The British fleet bombarded the defenses of the Lower Struma. French detachments of Russian and Italian troops were landed to-day.

WHEAT KINGSTON HAS DONE.

When the question "What has Kingston Done?" was put to Lieut. Mouch at the recruiting office on Monday he answered that 125 men enlisted at his recruiting office in the last three months, or about three in two days. The statement that Kingston has contributed 2,000 men to the overseas force can not well be disputed with this record compared to that for the Dominion-wide returns.

FOREIGN MISSIONARIES SERVING IN THE WAR

Presbyterian Men and Women Forsake Orient For Battlefront.

Toronto, Oct. 23.—A number of the foreign missionaries of the Presbyterian Church, both men and women, have enlisted. Dr. Carr Harris of Honan, is with the medical service in France. Dr. Kate McMillan, Korea, is serving in a military hospital in Scotland. Miss Margaret McHarrie, of India, is serving in England, and Miss Emma Smillie, also of India, is in a hospital there, nursing wounded soldiers from the Persian Gulf and Mesopotamia. Rev. C. J. Davidson, of India, is an officer in the Army Clothing Department. Shejehanpur, and Rev. C. D. Donald is now an officer in the Indian army.

All the sons of the foreign missionaries who are old enough for service are on the battle line.

TWENTY-ONE LOST WHEN VESSEL FOUNDERED

(Special to the Whig.) Cleveland, Ohio, Oct. 23.—Twenty-one members of the crew of the steamer Colgate were drowned in Lake Erie Friday night when the steamer foundered in the storm.

Dead Number 48.

(Special to the Whig.) Toledo, Ohio, Oct. 23.—The probable toll of Lake Erie's black Friday storm jumped to forty-eight dead to-day with the arrival in Toledo of the steamer Mathews with three bodies from the foundered steamer Merida, and a report that four other bodies from the same boat had been recovered. The Merida was owned by James Playfair of Midland, and left Fort William last week with a crew of twenty-five.

THE 146TH ABSORBED WITH 95TH BATTALION

According to information received from England Monday afternoon, the 146th Battalion has been absorbed into the 95th Battalion, Toronto, which is commanded by Lieut.-Col. Robert Barker, a cousin of James P. Pense, Princess street, Kingston.

Lieut.-Col. C. A. Low, Lieut.-Col. Ferguson, Capt. Karl Kane and Capt. J. T. Sutherland, quartermaster, now constitute the 146th Battalion.

SIR WILFRID'S REASON FOR DECLINING THE OFFER OF SIR ROBERT BORDEN.

Ottawa, Oct. 23.—The belated invitation of Sir Robert Borden for co-operation through a Parliamentary committee in the work of recruiting has been respectfully declined by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, leader of the Opposition. In his reply to the invitation Sir Wilfrid says:

"I feel that, under the circumstances, in acceding to your suggestion my assistants to the cause which I have endeavored to serve from the first of the war would not be untrammelled, and consequently not as effective as if I continue to serve it according to my own ways as heretofore."

Sir Wilfrid declares that an entirely new complication has been put on the situation by Sir Thomas resignation, and "especially by his reason for resigning."

Sir Robert, in acknowledging receipt of Sir Wilfrid's reply, expresses regret, and declares that he cannot realize how Sir Wilfrid's course would be hampered by appointing five members to the proposed committee.

In his first letter to Sir Wilfrid the Premier stated that during last session he had suggested to Sir Wilfrid the formation of a Parliamentary committee along similar lines. To this Sir Wilfrid replies that he has no recollection of such a suggestion.

DOGS CAUSE PARALYSIS

And Westmount Canines and Felines Must Be Destroyed.

Montreal, Oct. 23.—Prize-winning dogs from New York, which were exhibited at a dog show about three weeks ago, are supposed to have been the medium through which started the infantile paralysis in Westmount, and local medical authorities are interested in this theory. Two cases have developed in families that had dogs at the show. On this basis the Westmount officials are acting, and Saturday orders were issued in that municipality that every cat and dog belonging to any family that had been afflicted with infantile paralysis must be destroyed forthwith.

Spain's Fruit Trade.

Madrid, Oct. 23.—The Minister of State, replying to a question in the Chamber of Deputies to-day, said that the German Government has promised to respect conditionally Spanish ships carrying fruit, even those with consignments to belligerent ports. The minister requested the Chamber not to discuss the torpedoing by German submarines of merchant ships.

W. M. Ackworth of London, Eng., who has had much experience in railway matters, succeeds Sir George Paish, who has resigned on account of ill-health from the Railway Board of Inquiry.

THE RUMANIANS SUFFER DEFEAT

Rolled Back on 45-Mile Front by Superior Forces.

SITUATION IS SERIOUS

ACCORDING TO REPORTS FROM RUMANIAN CAPITAL.

Sofia Reports That Bulgarian Right Wing Has Smashed Through Rumanian Defences and Is Six Miles from Constantia.

(Special to the Whig.) London, Oct. 23.—With their lines still intact, the Rumanians are being rolled back on a 45-mile front in Dobruja, under tremendous pressure by superior German, Bulgarian and Turkish forces. At the Rumanian capital the situation is regarded as serious, said a Petrograd despatch to-day.

Bulgars Near Constantia.

(Special to the Whig.) Sofia, Oct. 23.—The Bulgarian right wing has smashed through the Rumanian defenses and arrived within less than six miles of the important Rumanian seaport of Constantia, it was officially announced to-day.

The capture of the seaport of Tuzla, twelve miles south of Constantia, was reported from Berlin only Saturday afternoon. The Bulgarian official report of a six-mile advance, if true, indicates that the Rumanians may have suffered a most severe defeat.

Offering Stabborn Resistance.

(Special to the Whig.) Petrograd, Oct. 23.—Russo-Rumanians continue their retirement in Dobruja under enemy pressure, though offering stubborn resistance, it was officially announced to-day.

In the Trotus, Ortus and Stancu valleys, in Transylvania, the Rumanians attacked the enemy and compelled a slight Austro-German retirement.

In western Dobruja the Rumanians have been successful in stubborn fighting. The fighting on the Galician-Volhynian front is slackening. Austro-German attempts to cross the Boldruka, north of Brody, were repelled by Russian fire.

DAILY MEMORANDUM

City Council, 8 p.m. Tuesday. Division Court, 9 a.m., Tuesday. See top of page 3, right hand corner for probabilities.

A meeting for the Horsemen will be held at 8 o'clock sharp, Wednesday, Oct. 25th, at 8 o'clock sharp. Those interested will kindly attend.

BORN

MAITIN—In Kingston, on October 21st, 1916, to Lieut. and Mrs. J. B. Martin, 9 York street, a son.

MARRIED

YORK-JOHNSTON—On Saturday morning, Oct. 21st, 1916, at the home of the bride's parents, by the Rev. E. H. McLean, Harold Archibald York, second son of Mr. and Mrs. John J. York, Montreal, to Annie Florence, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Johnston, 189 Clergy street, Kingston, Ont.

DIED

BLACK—In Kingston, on Oct. 20th, 1916, Mrs. David Black. Funeral took place from her late residence, 146 Colborne St., Saturday morning.

INTERMENT at Centreville, Oct. 22nd, 1916, Miss Helen, aged three months, 16 days, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Roy A. Darrling, 546 Albert street.

BURIAL service Tuesday at Latimer church at 10 o'clock.

FLANNAGAN—In Kingston, on Oct. 22nd, 1916, Mrs. Mary Ann Flannagan. The funeral will take place from her late residence, 130 lower Bagot street, on Wednesday morning, at 9 o'clock to St. Mary's Cathedral, where a solemn requiem mass will be sung for the happy repose of her soul. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend. Interment will be made at Wolfe Island.

JAMES REID

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Familiar Quotations

WORDS OF WISDOM FROM MANY THINKERS. The purpose firm is equal to the deed; Who does the best his circumstance allows. Does well, acts nobly; angle could no more. —EDWARD YOUNG.