

BARRIEFIELD CAMP.

Whig Phone BARRIEFIELD CAMP No. 1909
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ALL THE NEWS OF ALL THE CAMP DAILY by OUR SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE

OFFICER COMMANDING
3RD DIV
GEN. T. D. R. HEMMING

Russ H. Barker '16

THE 3RD MILITARY DIVISION ALREADY SUPPLIES ITS QUOTA

It has Recruited Over 40,000 Men For the Half Million Canadian Expeditionary Force—The Latest Recruiting Figures.

Military District No. 3 has already recruited its proportion of the Dominion's call for 500,000 volunteers, it having supplied 38,886 men for units raised here, and fully 3,000 for units in other districts.

The figures are very gratifying to the officers at headquarters, who until the recent organization of a recruiting staff had the full responsibility of securing men for the colors. It remains now for the recruiting staff to carry this district far over the record number and keep its splendid reputation above that of other districts in Canada.

When the Premier on last New Year's Day asked for half a million men there were head shakings that meant that such a statement would be suitable for one who talked in his sleep. All their predictions have gone wrong, however, insofar as this military district is concerned. Its part—40,330—has been secured, and are now serving their country.

Some time ago the Whig requested Lieut.-Col. Mulloy to furnish the official figures, and he gave the information that half a million from Canada meant thirteen per cent. The population of Canada was based on the last census of 3,831,067 males. There is a population of 310,325 males in No. 3 Military District, which gives the above total of 40,330 required for overseas service.

When the latest recruiting return was issued on Tuesday, it was shown that 351 more men were enlisted. This brings the grand total of actual men serving at 38,886. It has been estimated that fully 3,000 men have joined units in Montreal and Toronto.

THREE EX-KINGSTONIANS

NOW GUNNERS IN "C" BATTERY, R. C. H. A., AT TETE DE PONT.

Kenneth Henderson, Stuart and Frederick McNaughton Arrived From Montreal Tuesday—A Good Chance for Kingstonsians.

"C" Battery, R. C. H. A., received eleven recruits on Tuesday, and three of them proved to be ex-Kingstonians, with a wide circle of friends here. Kenneth R. Henderson is a son of L. L. Henderson, formerly agent of the Montreal Transportation Company here. The other two are sons of A. McNaughton, who was with the Kingston and Pembroke Railway for a number of years, leaving to take a responsible position

with the head office at Montreal. Stuart and Frederick both went to school in the city, and are now re-joining acquaintances.

Lieut. G. A. McCarter, commanding the battery, is at a loss to understand the motives behind the citizens of Kingston. "C" Battery, R.C.H.A. offers every inducement to the would-be recruit, but only occasional ones come forward, whereas there should be a steady flow from Kingston into Kingston's Own Permanent Force unit.

As an example of the class that are being secured the following men will be coming in to-day from Montreal. Their names and occupations are: C. Ostrom, telephone operator; J. E. Oitock, clerk; Robert Lovell, jockey, and W. H. MacNeilly, high school teacher. All are fine built men, who have realized what an exceptional opportunity the local batteries offer to recruits.

TO STANDARDIZE CAMPS

LIEUT.-COL. MILLS IS MAKING A REPORT ON THE SUBJECT.

He Will Likely Suggest Permanent Buildings For Drying And Recreation Purposes—Will be Good Improvement.

It is the intention of the Militia Department to standardize all of the training camps in Canada and put each on a system of training facilities. Lieut.-Col. Mills, who went overseas with the second battalion, has been appointed to make a report on this matter, and will make an exceedingly good one about Barriefield after having been here for several days. In all probability one innovation that will be brought about will be permanent buildings, which will prevent inconvenience of wet clothes after a spell of wet weather. With only canvas protection, one acquainted with camp life knows that in wet weather there is a dampness in the air that breeds rheumatism and kindred sickness. A great percentage of this could be stopped and a vast improvement in comfort brought about if permanent drying rooms or recreation rooms would be built.

This year each soldier's pay was taxed to pay for the huge canvas which formed the recreation and dining tent. Again, the soldiers had to pay for tent floors, which is manifestly unfair.

Believing that the department can greatly improve matters, Col. Mills has been asked to make a report based on his experience as inspector of accounts, which brings him into every training camp.

Major J. Hamilton, A. D. S and T, has decided that the School of Cookery will be located in one of the buildings at Tete de Pont barracks for the winter, and is making the necessary arrangements with that object in view.

There is a course now in progress at the camp, and the major expects that the school will continue in the splendid work that was started at Barriefield camp.

Twenty-seven more convalescent soldiers have arrived at Cobourg for nerve treatment.



"A SOLEMN WARNING." Uncle Sam—"Be keerful, there, or I'll begin talking through this hat."—Toronto Telegram.

Camp Notes

Lieut.-Col. Morgan, P.V.O., was in the city on Tuesday, and attended to the placing of the sixty new horses for "C" Battery, R.C.H.A.

Major Stethem, who is in the city, leaves about the 28th to go to the Royal Flying Corps in England.

Lieut.-Col. W. J. Brown, G.S.O., will preside at equitation examinations for members of the Signalling Training Depot, Ottawa, which are being held on Tuesday next.

Lieut.-Col. McCammon is in charge of a number of 154th men who are cleaning up the lines vacated by the

155th and 156th Battalions.

Capt. McGill, dental officer, who has been with the 235th at Bowmanville, arrived in camp on Tuesday to report for immediate service.

Capt. R. R. McGregor, A.M.C., will probably accompany the 154th Battalion "east for further training."

Capt. Blair, Queen's Field Ambulance Corps, has returned from his last leave spent in Toronto and Macdoe.

Capt. Fleming, headquarters staff, Ottawa, reported for duty with Queen's Field Ambulance Corps on Tuesday.

Capt. Finlayson, Q.F.A., has returned from London. Capt. McQuay left for his home in Napanee on his last leave Tuesday.

WORKING OUT VERY WELL

THE TREKING SYSTEM IS ROLLING UP STRENGTH.

The 235th Battalion is Now on Trek Through Durham and Northumberland—Major G. I. Campbell Pleased With the Results.

Major G. I. Campbell, chief recruiting officer for this district, was at the camp on Tuesday, and in an interview said:

"The trekking idea for rolling up the strength of battalions is working out very satisfactorily. The 24th gained seventy-five on its trek in the last two weeks, and the 235th secured twenty-three new men."

Both battalions are doing good work, and the commanding officers of each have inspired the other members of the battalion to even better work.

The 235th is now on a trek through Durham and Northumberland, and has been meeting with splendid receptions on all sides. Lieut.-Col. Scoble is a man of original ideas and unbounded energy, and under the general supervision of the chief recruiting officer and his staff good returns have been made. Lieut.-Col. Watt, who commands the 240th, is taking his battalion through Lanark and Renfrew, and is also doing splendidly. Neither Lindsay or Peterborough have yet realized what it means to build a second battalion, as both are yet dormant. The 247th at Peterborough, which is commanded by Lieut.-Col. Johnston, although organized some weeks ago, has now only thirteen men to provide work for eight officers. Only four recruits were signed up, according to the last semi-monthly report. In Lindsay the condition is just about the same. Here Lieut.-Col. Glass has the 252nd Battalion, seven officers and sixteen men.

60 HORSES ARRIVED.

For "C" Battery, R.C.H.A. To Train Recruits.

"C" Battery, R.C.H.A., received sixty splendid horses from Petawawa on Tuesday, and with the twenty which were at the camp the recruits in his battery should become experienced horsemen. Sergt.-Major Branah is giving equitation instruction new to the men. The battery men are highly pleased with the chances offered to learn horse management.

The august present of Sir Sam Hughes.

LORD UFFINGTON WEDS.

Young Earl Marries Quietly and Returns to War.

London, Oct. 18.—Lord Uffington, the heir of the Earl of Craven, and a grandson of the late Bradley Martin, was quietly married twelve days ago to a daughter of an Inverness (Scotland) solicitor in a London church, with only a few relatives present. The Uffingtons stayed for a few days at the Earl of Craven's town house.

Lord Uffington, who is only nineteen, the same age as his bride, has rejoined his regiment at the French front.

RE-ECHO OF CAVELL CASE

Dr. Bull Charged by Germans With Supplying Funds.

London Oct. 18.—A court-martial will assemble at Brussels to-day for the trial of fourteen persons accused of conspiracy, according to news dispatches from Rotterdam. The dispatches say that the prisoners include Dr. Bull, a wealthy Englishman, who is charged with having provided Nurse Edith Cavell with funds to assist in the escape of Belgian soldiers. Dr. Bull, who was formerly dentist to the Belgian royal family, will have the assistance of United States Minister Brand Whitlock in his defence, the dispatches say.

A woman may know just what to say, but she invariably adds more to it.

And the girl who counts on her fingers never overlooks the engagement ring.

ASKS FOR CHEWING TOBACCO

FOR THE KINGSTON MEN IN NO. 1 FIELD AMBULANCE.

Capt. A. D. McConnell Writes From France—The Ambulance Suffered Heavily During Its Last Trip In.

"If you know of any Kingstonsians who would like to send some chewing tobacco to the Kingston lads in this unit, I will see that the lads get the MacDonald," was a very interesting portion of a letter received by L. A. Goslin from Capt. A. D. McConnell, who is at the front as quartermaster of No. 1 Field Ambulance, which left Kingston under the command of Lieut.-Col. A. E. Ross, C.M.G.

In regard to the above, it might be stated that a subscription list has been opened, and those interested can subscribe at the Whig office. The letter, which is a very interesting one, reads:

"We have just got out for a rest after a rather strenuous week. This ambulance suffered rather heavily during its last trip in France. It was a very sticky variety, and it clings to us like gum. Our bearers at one time had to carry the stretchers from two to three miles over country pitted with shell holes, and swept with machine gun and shell fire. They worked hard and willingly.

"Later we were able through the kindness of the engineers to put the patients on cars and run them out on a narrow gauge railroad. Here instances occurred where wounded men were picked out of shell holes, run down the railroad, transferred to the waiting motor ambulance and placed in a dressing tent fitted up with modern appliances, even to electric lights within an hour.

"Col. Ross was on the job, and as usual pushed in to see even the most advanced aid posts for himself. Though he is A.D.M.S. and has a lot to think of, he still thinks of those who like chewing tobacco, who must be out of gum, and who like a particular kind of sock. Like Santa Claus, he is able to produce all these from capacious pockets to the wide-eyed astonishment of the lads away up front.

"I had my hands full feeding the stretcher bearers of the division, as they were scattered here and there all over the place. There is a different tune being played now than when we were getting wounded and gassed men out of St. Julien and St. Leon through Ypres.

"I am sending you a German book found in a dug-out that is about thirty feet underground, and is comprised of three rooms, a kitchen, dining room and sleeping quarters for four. The dining room is decorated with the German colors and the kitchen has a range.

"A batch of Whigs came to-day, and I enjoyed them very much."

Relieves Sourness, Gas, Heartburn, Dyspepsia in Five Minutes.

Sour, gassy, upset stomach, indigestion, heartburn, dyspepsia, when the food you eat ferments into gases and stubborn lumps; your head aches and you feel sick and miserable, that's when you realize the magic in Pape's Diapepsin. It makes all stomach misery vanish in five minutes.

If your stomach is in a continuous revolt—if you can't get it regulated, please, for your sake, try Pape's Diapepsin. It's so needless to have a bad stomach—make your next meal a favorite food meal, then take a little Diapepsin. There will not be any distress—eat without fear. It's because Pape's Diapepsin "really does" regulate weak, out-of-order stomachs that gives it its millions of sales annually.

Get a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any drug store. It is the quickest, surest stomach relief and cure known. It acts almost like magic—it is a scientific, harmless and pleasant stomach preparation which truly belongs in every home.

MONEY AND WORK AFTER THE WAR

Monocle Man in Canadian Courier.

The bankruptcy of Europe. What will bankrupt it? The war debts will be just so much bookkeeping. I am not saying that the nations will not owe real money, or that they will not have to pay interest on their debts in real money. But these debts will not reduce seriously the amount of available capital for industrial, commercial and mercantile operations. Britain will not take from her business the total sum of her public debt in gold or capital, and lock it up in her vaults. She will, on the other hand, pour every available ounce of capital into business, so that

her people will be better able to meet the heavy interest charges.

But what we mean by bank capital—which is what the business man borrows—is not properly capital at all. It is simply a bank's willingness to discount the business man's future credit and give him cash for it—not all at once—but in little dribslets as he needs it. He then pays it to his employees, to his grocer, to his raw material men, to all and sundry; and it is back in the bank in the form of deposits within a week or two, ready to be paid out again to him to meet the next instalment of the discounting of his future credit.

This is a process which can go on indefinitely, with little actual cash behind it, and which will not be affected at all by the appalling figures in which the various Governments will record their public debts. We shall see the industries of Europe swing back to the old larks within a remarkably short time after the close of the war. This will enable the men who work in them or who drew dividends from them, and the men who make money by handling their products or feeding their workmen, to buy what they may need to make up for the frightful waste of war. It will also enable these people to roll in the luxuries they have long been compelled to abstain from, and which they will covet with unparalleled eagerness. But there will be far fewer skilled laborers in Europe to meet this new and even increased demand. One of the dreadful consequences of war is that the brightest and best have gone. We will have suffered greatly in this country, too; but by no means so heavily as the European peoples. So the workmen that we have left will find a much enhanced demand to meet, and higher wages and profits to be got in meeting it.

U. S. PROSPERITY BUILT ON SAND

C. H. Hughes, Presidential Candidate.

"No thoughtful American can view our present economic condition without serious apprehension. We are under the unhealthy stimulus of the European war. Hopes are raised which cannot be fulfilled. Our present prosperity is built on sand. Our exports have jumped to fabulous figures because of the withdrawal from production of the millions of men abroad who are engaged in fighting. Our trade is not determined by conditions of normal competition, but by an abnormal European want. Munitions of war are but a fraction of these suddenly expanded exports. For everything we produce, food, clothing, metals, manufactured articles of every sort, Europe puts forth her hands to fill the void created by her extremity.

"The resulting employment of labor on an unprecedented scale and increased purchasing power stimulate trade throughout the country. The intoxicated fancy may indulge in happy dreams, but the sober thought of the country is directed to the day when this stimulant will be no longer available. You cannot have our exports suddenly jump hundreds per cent., in some cases thousands per cent., and ignore either the cause or the effect of its removal.

"What will be our condition when the war is over? In the first place a large amount of labor employed at high wages will lose that employment. The demand which it is now supplying will cease. The mere stoppage of the manufacture of munitions will mean to itself a serious change in the opportunities of labor. When the millions of men in the trenches return to production, our exports of manifold products will fall tremendously. Think of the percentage of American labor now profitably employed in making Europe's necessities created by the existence of war. What will occur when those necessities no longer exist?"

Twinges of Lumbago

Poisons left in the blood by deranged kidneys cause rheumatism, lumbago and bodily pain.

Lasting cure is only obtainable when the activity of the kidneys is restored.

This is best accomplished by Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, because of their combined action on liver, kidneys and bowels. The system is cleansed, the blood purified and the urine and scales disappear.

One pill a dose, 25 cts. a box, all druggists, or Edman, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

WHY A MINISTER IS RETAINED

Motivations (Con.)

Sir Robert Borden's retention of his Minister of Militia can be understood even by those to whom it cannot be condemned. Sir Wilfrid Laurier's concurrence in the retention of the Minister of Militia without protest can neither be understood nor condoned. To public imagination is left the hard task of explaining why Liberal leaders, claiming full liberty of action in exploiting the real or fancied errors of other departments of government, must perform bow their heads in silence in

Mrs. Melton's Letter

To Tired Work-out Mothers Jackson, Miss.—"I shall feel repaid, for writing this letter if I can help any tired, worn-out mother or housekeeper to find health and strength as I have.

"I have a family of five, sew, cook and do my housework and I became very much run-down in health. A friend asked me to try Vinol. I did so and now I am well and strong and my old-time energy has been restored. Vinol has no superior as a tonic for worn-out, run-down, tired mothers or housekeepers."—Mrs. J. N. Melton, Jackson, Miss.

Mahood Drug Co., Limited, Kingston; also at the best druggist in all Ontario towns.

Saxol Salve CURES SKIN AFFECTIONS

One package proves it. Sold and guaranteed by above Vinol druggist.

Gin Pills FOR THE KIDNEYS

He purchased a box, and after taking them for a week found that they gave him some relief. He then purchased three more boxes, which were the means of entirely relieving him. He is now a strong man in good health and able to attend to his daily work. For this great change all is due to Gin Pills.

Yours truly, Alex. Moore.

All druggists sell Gin Pills at 50c a box, or 6 boxes for \$2.00. Sample free if you write to NATIONAL DRUG & CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED, 100 GERRARD ST. E., TORONTO.