

LAUNCH ATTACK ON WHOLE FRONT

But Bucharest Reports the Teuton Effort So Far Unsuccessful.

ROMANIANS HAVE DRIVEN THE ENEMY BACK UPON THE TRANSYLVANIAN SLOPE.

Stubborn Fighting Is Progressing—British Made Progress Along Albert-Bapaume Road Despite a Heavy Downpour of Rain.

(Special To The Whig) Bucharest, Oct. 18.—Austro-German troops have launched an attack on the whole Carpathian front, it was officially announced to-day.

Thus far attacks have been unsuccessful, and all news from the front is report reassuring.

In the region of the Trenches, south of Kronstadt, the Rumanians resumed the offensive, and drove the enemy back upon the Transylvanian slope, where stubborn fighting is progressing.

British Still Advance.

(Special To The Whig) London, Oct. 18.—Notwithstanding a heavy downpour of rain, the British made progress at some points last night along the Albert-Bapaume road and Les Boeufs, Gen. Haig reported to-day. Some prisoners were taken.

Battle in Heavy Snows.

(Special to the Whig.) Petrograd, Oct. 18.—Russian and Austro-German troops are now battling in heavy snows in the Carpathians and southward near the Rumanian frontier, where the Teutons attempted to divide the Russian and Rumanian armies. The War Office today announced the repulse of all Teutonic attacks south of Kershness, and also near Dorna Vatra, North of Kormotinitza. In fierce and obstinate fighting, all enemy counter-attacks were repulsed. Near Bolshoyce the Teutons also counter-attacked savagely, but were halted by Russian fire.

PAPER MANUFACTURERS HOLD OUT FOR 3 CENTS

Publishers Deem That Rate Prohibitive—Request For Gov. Inquiry Stands.

Ottawa, Oct. 18.—In a conference of newspaper publishers and news print paper manufacturers held here yesterday, the manufacturers adhered to the price of three cents a pound that was quoted as a minimum in the conference last week before the Minister of Finance.

The conference yesterday was presided over by R. W. Breauder, of the Department of Justice.

HAS NOT BEEN ACCEPTED.

German Memorandum For Settlement of Lusitania Sinking.

(Special to the Whig.) Washington, Oct. 18.—The last German memorandum to the government proposing certain terms for settlement of the Lusitania sinking, has not been accepted by the United States, acting secretary of State Polk formally announced to-day.

THE KING OF SPAIN.

And Spanish Ambassadors Meet at St. Sebastian.

(Special To The Whig) Paris, Oct. 18.—Considerable speculation has been aroused here over the arrival of King Alfonso at San Sebastian, Spain, coinciding with the arrival at the same place of the Spanish ambassadors to France, Russia, and Italy.

The Canadian Machine Telephone Company's exchange and plant at Lindsay were burned, causing \$26,000 loss.

A heavy snow storm, with gales and hail, has been raging in Quebec province.

Canadian Casualties.

Wounded—J. A. Leonard, Mounted Rifles, 228 Ontario street, Kingston; H. W. McDiarmid, Carleton Place; S. Blair, Brockville.

WHIG CONTENTS

- 1—Athens in Turmoil; Fierce Carpathian Fighting; Local News; Increase for Fremont; Local News; Told in Twilight; Peace Talk; Marine; Editorial Notes; Random News; Board of Trade Meeting; Local News; Eastern Ontario News; Amusements; Announcements; The Forum; Military; Theatrical; Private; Ernest Partridge Dead; Harrisfield War Camp; Royal Confessions of Rotane; Told in Twilight; Market Reports; The World of Sport.

DOMINION ELECTION SHORTLY EXPECTED

With Race, Religion and Enrollment as the Chief Issues.

(Special To The Whig) Ottawa, Oct. 18.—In political circles it is stated that one of the first things the new governor-general may have brought before him by the Government will be a request that he dissolve Parliament for general election. Both parties are speeding up operations to some extent. Candidates are being nominated in various parts of the country. Organizations are being turned up here and there, the French ministers are holding meetings, and talking straight politics in Quebec. It is claimed by many that the government will apply to the opposition for another extension of the term of Parliament with the confident expectation that the Liberals will decline. Then an election will be brought on with race, religion, enrollment and other big questions as the chief issues.

OBJECTS TO GERARD ENTERING CAMPAIGN

Secretary Lansing Opposed to Injecting Foreign Affairs into Domestic Politics.

Washington, Oct. 18.—Secretary of State Lansing this afternoon openly rebelled against the entrance of Ambassador Gerard into the national campaign in support of President Wilson. He issued a veiled rebuke of the administration's campaign managers for injecting America's foreign affairs into domestic politics. "I am making no campaign," Secretary Lansing announced. "I am quite opposed to bringing our foreign affairs into domestic politics."

GERMANS IN VAIN ATTACK THE FRENCH

South of the Somme—All Their Attempts Repulsed—With Heavy Losses.

Paris, Oct. 18.—German troops launched a violent attack against French positions south of the Somme at five o'clock this morning after a heavy bombardment. A few German assault troops reached the French first line trenches, but were all either killed or captured, the War Office announced. Another German attack was checked by screen fire. The German assaults, south of the Somme, followed three heavy unsuccessful attacks north of the river late last night. The Germans merely pushed the French from those parts of Sully-Saillies captured in this week's fighting, but were repulsed with heavy losses. The French maintain their positions. South of the Avre and south-east of Rheims, French detachments cleaned up enemy trenches.

TOBACCO HELD UP.

Consignments From U.S. to Neutral Ports Detained at London.

London, Oct. 18.—Large consignments of tobacco from the United States for Dutch and Scandinavian ports are being held here on the claim of the government that they fail to comply with the recent arrangement under which cargoes paid for before August 4th and shipped prior to August 30th might proceed to neutral destinations.

German Trade Secrets Revealed.

Washington, Oct. 18.—Some of Germany's closely guarded trade secrets are being unwittingly disclosed by prisoners of war in official despatches reaching here. In one instance German prisoners, all expert makers of thermometers, have been put to work where the operations could be observed by skilled workmen and, as a result, several methods of filling bulbs with mercury, hitherto a secret in Germany, were discovered.

Charged With Bigamy.

Rochester, N. Y., Oct. 18.—George Frederick Elliott Nichols, thirty years of age, was arrested here on a charge of bigamy. Nichols confessed, the police say, to marrying Miss Anna Sadie Brown, nineteen years of age, in Buffalo, in Buffalo on October 6th, although his second wife, formerly Miss Jennie Miller, of Victor, is living in that city. His first wife is dead.

Muskoka Troops To Galt.

Galt, Oct. 18.—Although there is no official announcement, it is rumored here on good authority that the 122nd Muskoka Battalion, 800 strong from Camp Borden, will winter in Galt. For some time tradesmen have been making ready the armories and Queen's Barracks, and it is understood the troops will arrive this week.

Trying to Avert Strike.

Ottawa, Oct. 18.—The threatened strike on the Canadian Pacific Railway is receiving the attention of the Labor Department. For some days the Hon. T. W. Crothers, Minister of Labor, has been in correspondence with both sides in the hope of averting trouble which, if it develops, promises to be of unusual gravity.

His Majesty the King, cabling to Ottawa a message of appreciation to the Red Cross Society, gave as a donation \$2,000.

"KEEP SMILING" IS THE MOTTO OF OUR SOMME "PUSHERS." BACK IN LONDON AFTER "TANKING" THE HUN.



The British have laughing officers who lead their men, whereas the Huns are driven by men who despise them. Photo shows Corp. Wightman, with his arm blown off in the Somme advance, telling his brother Herbert, who is just about to go to the front, all about the recent fighting.

ATHENS JEERS ALLIES LEADER

The Greeks in Turmoil Over Landing of French Marines.

GREECE'S FUTURE AT STAKE

FRENCH SAILORS DRIVEN BACK BY THE MOB.

The Crowds Parade the Streets, Singing the National Anthem and Demanding Protection of American Minister.

London, Oct. 18.—A despatch to Reuter's Telegram Company from Athens says: "The situation appears to be dangerous. There have been Royalist demonstrations in the streets."

"Admiral Du Fournet, commander of the Entente Allied fleet in the Mediterranean, was hissed, and a detachment of French sailors was driven back by a hostile crowd."

"A procession of some 4,000 malcontents, headed by the Greek and American flags, stopped outside the American legation, protested against the landing of foreign marines, and demanded the protection of the American minister, who was absent."

"The demonstrators then paraded the streets, singing the Greek national anthem."

A despatch from Athens dated Monday says "The British legation explains that the landing of marines at Athens and Piraeus was merely intended to reinforce the police. It is generally thought, however, that this action was taken to prevent demonstrations like those of this morning (Monday)."

Cheer for Constantine.

Athens, Oct. 17 (via London, Oct. 18).—Marines from the ships of the Entente Powers to the number of about a thousand have been landed at Piraeus and have occupied the railway station at Piraeus and several buildings in Athens. Immediately this became known the streets of Athens swarmed with Greeks frantically cheering King Constantine and chanting the Greek national anthem. Great crowds marched through the street, thousands gathering in the neighborhood of the Postoffice Square.

The war minister, Gen. Dracos, ordered out Greek troops and marines to guard every approach to the square in order to prevent any clash between Greek civilians and the French, who have occupied that section, establishing a complete cordon about the French and taking all precautions to avoid any incident or accident capable of starting strife.

It is impossible to predict whether further trouble can be prevented throughout the night. The Greek Government is fully alive to the fact that Greece's fate hangs on the prevention of further measures on the part of the French commander.

Ask Allies to Save Greece.

(Special to the Whig.) Athens, Oct. 18.—Venizelot leaders to-day decided to call upon the Allies to formally recognize the new provisional government set up at Salonika, favoring Greece's intervention in the war. This decision was reached after two days of serious disturbances in the Greek capital, in which the mobs threatened to attack the Allied marines.

Two diplomatic missions were organized. They will present the case of the provisional government to the Allies, declaring that only formal recognition of this new government will save Greece from utter chaos. Negotiations have been begun informally with the United States to permit the recruiting of Greek armies in America.

All British ships will be closed early to accommodate on coal.

TRADE EFFORT BY ALLIES EXPECTED

Americans Warned to Prepare for Gigantic British and French Campaign.

New York, Oct. 18.—American business must expect the keenest competition with European nations, especially Great Britain, in the Latin-American trade after the war, according to a statement issued yesterday by John Barrett, director-general of the Pan-American Union, who returned yesterday from Bordeaux on the French line steamer Lafayette after a trip to England and France. Mr. Barrett went abroad to ascertain the British and French viewpoint of the effect of the war upon the commercial and economic development of the American republics.

"I return convinced," said Mr. Barrett, "that the commercial, manufacturing, banking and general financial interests of the United States will make a great mistake if they count upon any general let up in British and French efforts to take over, after the war, of their trade and financial interests in Latin-America. Although the belligerent nations will be heavily handicapped by the cost of the war, they are leaving no efforts untried to regain any commerce they may have lost."

The commercial and government leaders of France and England desired co-operation instead of "rivalry competition," said Mr. Barrett. "It is our belief that there is abundant room for the best efforts of all countries concerned."

WINDSOR WOMEN TO RESPOND

To Call To Take Positions In Factories and Offices.

Windsor, Oct. 18.—That many Windsor women will respond to the call of the Women's Emergency Committee to fill positions in factories and offices left vacant by men enlisting in the army is shown by the number who have already signed their intention of registering at the City Hall.

Rev. Arthur Carlisle, rector of All Saints' Anglican Church, Rev. W. E. Prescott, of Central Methodist Church, Dr. J. A. Smith, Collector of Customs, and Dr. G. R. Cruickshanks, city medical health officer, has been chosen by the organizers of the movement to make preliminary arrangements for registration.

Two sisters living near Maidstone have applied to the Government for permission to drive a mail wagon, so two brothers may be released for army service.

First Tank Was Destroyed. Windsor, Oct. 18.—The first British tank that appeared on the Somme front got out of the control of its driver and was destroyed with his crew by the British artillery, according to Lieut. Stephane Lausanne, former editor of the Paris Matin, who arrived on the French liner La Fayette yesterday. The tank was destroyed, M. Lausanne said, to prevent it from falling into the hands of the Germans.

Two Negroes Lynched.

Paducah, Ky., Oct. 18.—Two negroes were lynched by a mob here yesterday and their bodies burned. One, taken from the county jail, was charged with attacking a white woman, and the other, seized on the street, was accused of voicing approval of the former's action.

War Tidings.

Lord Charles Beresford and others

WAR EXIGENCIES MAKE BRITAIN

ASTONISHING RESOURCEFULNESS IS SHOWN BY THE BRITISH MANUFACTURERS.

MANY NEEDS ARE SUPPLIED

OWING TO THE NEW CONDITIONS THAT EXIST.

Artificial Leather, Artificial Silk, Fuel Oils, Wood Pulp for Cotton Uses Are All Products of Factories and Laboratories Since War Began.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 18.—That Germany is not the only belligerent country that has devised new means of meeting the exigencies of war is shown in a report from Consul Clairborne, of Bradford, England, who says that British manufacturers have found many ways of providing articles made extremely scarce because of war demands. Artificial leather, a good substitute for leather; artificial silk, various fuel oils, wood pulp for many uses to which cotton was formerly supposed to be alone suited, and new means of recovering rubber from waste rubber goods, are some of the extensively developed materials and processes.

British Inventors Busy. Scientific research and invention have been most active in Great Britain since the war began, the Consul says, and many substitutes have been found for articles hitherto regarded as practically indispensable. Many of the imported aniline dyes have been supplanted by home-made dyes that were formerly entirely neglected. The production of alcohol from wood pulp has started up, and wood pulp is being employed in silk weaving where before cotton was used.

The British are beginning to make kerosene engines to take the place of gasoline engines, and there is a considerable use of benzol in lieu of gasoline.

Artificial Leather. One of the interesting substitutes is artificial leather. Linen duck coated with varnish to which is added a small quantity of siccative and Venetian red. Several layers of the dried linen are then joined together in sheets of various thickness. The adhesive mixture used for this purpose consists of four parts of heated wood tar pitch with the addition of four parts of Venetian red mixed to a thick consistency with French turpentine oil and two parts of cork powder. Sheets thus prepared are compressed between powerful rollers. The product, it is claimed, serves as an excellent substitute for leather, especially for the soles of footwear. It can easily be sewn and pegged, and can replace leather in many of its uses.

Another Boost If Wheat and Flour Prices Soar. Regina, Sask., Oct. 18.—Bread in Regina jumped to ten cents a loaf about a month ago, and has remained at that price, although the bakers have intimated that another raise was in sight if the wheat and flour prices soared any higher. Some time ago the city by-law standardizing the weight of bread came into effect and made it compulsory for the bakers to make one and one-half pounds loaves for retail purposes. Immediately the by-law came into effect the bakers raised the price of the standard loaf to ten cents, thus cutting off five pounds of bread price for every dollar purchase. The former price was ten cents for a pound and one dollar, whereas it is now down to fifteen pounds for the dollar.

Three hundred workmen in a Ghent factory who refused to work in German munitions factories in Belgium have been arrested and sent to Germany. Twelve who resisted were shot.

Toronto raised \$154,000 for the British Red Cross fund the first day of the campaign.

ATHENS UNDER MARTIAL LAW

Danger of Clash Between French Sailors and Civilian Demonstrators.

ROYALISTS HAVE ATTACKED

ALLIED MARINES LANDED TO GUARD PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Denied That King Constantine Has Fled—Greek Officials Say He Returned to His Tatoi Palace.

(Special to the Whig) Athens, Oct. 18.—Athens is today virtually under martial law. All sorts of alarming rumors are in circulation, but cool heads are attempting to prevent a clash between French sailors and the civilian demonstrators that would develop into street fighting with most serious consequences.

Reports that King Constantine has fled are denied by Greek officials. They declare the King returned to the Tatoi Palace Monday night.

The situation is regarded as critical, as Royalists have attacked Allied marines landed to guard the public buildings.

Why Not a Republic? London, Oct. 18.—"What stands in the way of creating a Greek republic?" asks the Daily Mail in an editorial, declaring that a Greek republic was favored by General Sarrajl, the commander-in-chief of the Allied operations in the Balkans, as well as by ex-Premier Venizelos and other Greek leaders.

The Mail continues: "Rumor says that the obstacle to a republic is not in Greece, but in the courtly minds of statesmen who observe here, for example, Viscount Grey. But it seems incredible that the theory of divine right should have any considerable supporters in England. If the Greeks want a republic, we see no reason why they should not have it."

TO VISIT THE FRONT.

Number of Higher Officers on Home Service Will Go.

Ottawa, Oct. 18.—Arrangements are being made by Sir Sam Hughes whereby a number of the higher officers on service in Canada in connection with the administrative work at headquarters and also in the various military divisions, will be permitted to visit England and the front. The group will include, it is understood, such men as General Wilson, of Montreal, and General Logie, of Toronto. The proposed visit will give these officers an insight into conditions in England and on the firing line which will be of great use to them in connection with the organization work in Canada.

PROBE RISE IN BREAD

Chatham to Ask Attorney-General's Department for an Inquiry.

Chatham, Oct. 18.—The Attorney-General's Department will be asked to conduct an investigation into the recent advance in the price of bread to eight cents in Chatham. The action follows a report that underhand methods are being used to force some bakers to advance prices.

The colors which were presented to the 77th Ottawa Battalion by Gen. Sir Sam Hughes, on June 17, at Parliament Hill, were deposited in Westminster Abbey on Saturday, Sept. 23rd.

DAILY MEMORANDUM Queen's Convocation, 8 p.m. Cheese Board, 1:40 Thursday. Red Cross annual, 2:30, Thursday. See top of page 2 for stand corner for probabilities. Bummage sale, First Baptist Church, Market House, Friday, Oct. 20th, from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m.

THE DAILY BRITISH WHIG Is on Sale at the Following City Stores:

- Buckell's News Depot... 111 King St. Clarke J. W. & Co... 105 Princess College Book Store... 163 Princess Coulter's Grocery... 300 Princess Cullen's Grocery... 275 Princess Frontenac Hotel... Ontario St. Gibson's Drug Store... Market Square McAllister's Book Store... 42 Princess McCall's Cigar Store, Cor. Prin. & King McLeod's Grocery... 151 Union St. McLeod's Drug Store... 154 University Paul's Cigar Store... 18 Princess Prouse's Drug Store... 412 Princess Southcott's Grocery... Portsmouth Valley's Grocery... 388 Montreal

DEED. MANN—In Kingston, on October 16th, 1916, Agnes E. Mann aged 7 years, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Mann, died.

Funeral will leave Mr. Mann's parlors, Bagot street, at 8 o'clock Thursday morning for St. Mary's cemetery.

JAMES REID

The Old Firm of Undertakers 254 and 256 PRINCESS STREET Phone 147 for Ambulance.

ROBERT J. REID

The Leading Undertaker Phone 577. 250 Princess Street

Familiar Quotations

WORDS OF WISDOM FROM MANY THINKERS. Immolated words admit of no defence. For want of decency is want of sense. —EARL OF ROSSAMON.

Somme Drive But Gentle Tap.

New York, Oct. 18.—British military heads are absolutely certain that they will break the German lines by next spring and get out into the open, said Sydney Brooks, English writer, who arrived on board the Orduna.

The Somme drive Brooks described as "only a gentle tap to let the Germans know we are waking up." "When I left England people were still congratulating themselves on Mr. Lloyd George's straight-from-the-shoulder statement to the United Press," he said. "What he said, every single Englishman was thinking and feeling."