

GERMANY BITTER AT FERDINAND

Charges That Rumania Has "Disgracefully" Broken Treaties With Teutons.

WAR DECLARED BY BERLIN

CENTRAL POWERS FORCE WAR CRISIS WITH NEW FOES.

Bulgarians are Threatened—Experts Figure Rumania Will be Able to Throw 1,000,000 Men Into the Fray.

London, Aug. 29.—Rumania has thrown in her lot with the Entente Allies, having declared war against Austria-Hungary, and almost simultaneously Germany has announced that a state of war exists between Germany and Rumania.

An official statement issued in Berlin and forwarded by Reuters correspondent at Amsterdam says: "After Rumania, as already reported, disgracefully broke treaties concluded with Austria-Hungary and Germany, she declared war yesterday against our ally."

"The Imperial German minister to Rumania has received instructions to request his passports and to declare to the Rumanian government that Germany now likewise considers herself at war with Rumania."

Already the troops of King Ferdinand are seeking entry into the plains of Transylvania through the eastern Carpathian mountain passes toward Kronstadt, the chief city in Transylvania, and in the direction of Hermannstadt, evidently in an endeavor to press northward through Transylvania towards the Bukovina and Galicia borders and take in the rear the Austro-Germans who are trying to hold back the Russians from entering the plains of Hungary.

As yet nothing has come through to indicate what preparation has been made by the Bulgarians if, as now seems probable, Rumania declares war on Bulgaria, to offset probable attack by the Rumanians along the Danube front or a possible attempt at an invasion of the Russians by means of the Danube and through Dobruja or by way of the Black Sea into Eastern Bulgaria. It is estimated unofficially that Rumania will be able to throw nearly a million men into the fray.

Vainly Waited For Victory.

Bucharest, Rumania, Aug. 29.—Take Jonescu, leader of the liberal party in Rumania and former minister of the interior, stated today that only a great German victory could have checked Rumanian intervention. "It failed to materialize," he continued, "and we have stepped into the war, first to realize our national aspirations; secondly, inspired by the humanitarian spirit to shorten the war which will now end six months sooner than was expected a week ago."

"The most valuable reward of our intervention will be Transylvania, populated by four million Rumanians. The Banat of Temesvar, also mainly Rumanian, and the Bukovina, too, will be in the balance. Hungary will lose a quarter of her territory and population, including the big towns of Temesvar, Kolosvar and Brassao, as well as her richest mining districts."

"Regarding the future course of the general war, our intervention rapidly hastens Bulgaria's doom, and expedites the fall of Constantinople, opening up a quick route for rushing supplies from Russia to Rumania, enabling them to ship much needed cereals to England, France and Italy."

Justified on Every Ground.

Paris, Aug. 29.—No intervention in this war is more justified on every ground than Rumania's. Neither Germany nor Austria could have expected to give up Hungarian territory populated by Rumanians because it constitutes such a valuable part of the dual empire's war machine.

No one can now doubt that the map of Europe is about to be completely remodeled. King Ferdinand of Rumania, although a member of the Hohenzollern family, and having submitted to the heaviest pressure from the German and Austrian Kaisers, said months ago: "I shall always act in the interests of my country irrespective of family ties."

At Danville, Ill., John D. Shoop, superintendent of schools in Chicago, is in a critical condition as a result of injuries sustained when an automobile skidded off a culvert last night.

HOW NEW ZEALAND HANDLES WAR TAXES

Measures, Applicable Also to Canadian Conditions, Are Very Fruitful.

Ottawa, Aug. 29.—New Zealand's progressive and equitable methods of distributing taxation during war time are described in a report just received by the Department of Trade and Commerce from Canadian Trade Commissioner Beddoe of Auckland. The proposals of the New Zealand Government now before the house of Representatives include the following measures, which are applicable also to Canadian conditions:

A considerable reduction in public works expenditures; the repeal of the mortgage tax, and substitution of a tax on sums invested on mortgage; provisions for war bonus during the war to employ on all branches of the public service whose pay does not exceed 350 pounds sterling per annum; a vote of five million pounds for the purchase of land for soldiers; a tax of forty-five per cent. of the profits obtained from war conditions; a tax of five per cent. on all incomes exclusive of those obtained from war profits; and regulation of the transfer of moneys from the Dominion except for legitimate trade purposes.

New Zealand's income and land taxes realized last year a little more than five million dollars, which was almost double the Government's estimate of receipts when the taxation was imposed. The new addition to the income tax this year consists of a special war levy of five per cent. on the taxable portion of all incomes exceeding \$1,500.

Mr. Beddoe reports good trade conditions throughout New Zealand. Imports are increasing, money is plentiful, and the business world appears full of confidence.

TO BUILD BRIDGE.

Washington, Aug. 29.—Under unanimous consent agreement the House today passed a resolution appropriating \$1,000,000 for the construction of an international toll bridge across Niagara River with the American approach at Niagara Falls.

WILL NOT ARBITRATE.

The Government May Take Over Operation of Railways.

Washington, Aug. 29.—W. G. Lee, head of the Trainmen, issued a statement declaring that the Brotherhoods had no intention of arbitrating the eight-hour workday. Two legislative proposals—one by the President and one by Senator Newlands—are under consideration. Both propose that in the event of a strike the government should operate the railways for national necessities. The Railroad Committee says that if the reports that the date for settling the strike has been fixed for September 4th are true, it will force an early conclusion of the negotiations and compel the president to return to their properties to prepare for the issue.

Railroad Men Refuse.

(Special to The Whig.) Washington, Aug. 29.—Holding out to the last the railway presidents to-day tendered President Wilson a refusal to accept the final proposal for settlement he submitted yesterday, the concession of an eight-hour day, with all the time necessary for a commission of five to investigate its applications to railroad operation, and formally rejected the President's plea for arbitration of all matters in dispute between the directors and the Brotherhood.

President Before Congress.

(Special to The Whig.) Washington, Aug. 29.—As a dramatic climax to his unprecedented negotiations to avert the most disastrous labor war that ever threatened the United States, President Wilson appeared before a joint session of Congress and urged hurry-up legislation for settlement of the life and interests of the nation. As already outlined these measures included in law drawn along the lines of the Canadian Disputes Act, prohibiting strikes and lockouts pending investigation by a Commission, and also an eight-hour day for railroad employees with certain provisions.

AUTOCRATIC AND ARBITRARY.

This is What Canadian Underwriters Are Called.

(Special to The Whig.) Toronto, Aug. 29.—At the opening session of the fire insurance enquiry before Justice Masten to-day, E. P. Heaton, Provincial Fire Marshall, said that the Canadian Fire Underwriters Association is a combine and in its dealings with the public the association is both autocratic and arbitrary. W. J. Yale, Provincial Superintendent of Insurance, suggested a number of changes which might apply to insurance companies.

Canadian Casualties.

Killed—A. E. Nelson, Campbellford. Died while prisoner—H. Main, Renfrew. Presumed to have died—W. Richards, Bayside. Wounded—Leo Blaker, Cornwall; A. L. Crapps, 224 Montreal street, Kingston. German Zeppelins Go Far North.



Above pictures show the Royal Family of Rumania and the three leading statesmen, Premier Brantiano, Conservative Leader Filippesco, and Liberal Leader Jonescu, the friend of the Allies. Besides the members of the Royal Family pictured here there is a son, Prince Nicholas, and a daughter, Princess Marie. The King's wife, known as Queen Ferdinand, is a granddaughter of the late Queen Victoria of Great Britain, being the eldest daughter of Prince Alfred, Duke of Edinburgh. Queen Ferdinand is a first cousin of King George, of Emperor William, of Queen Maud of Norway, of the Czarina of Russia and Queen Sophia of Greece, of Queen Victoria of Spain and the Princess Patricia of Connaught.

WEARY FOE FACES FRESH RUMANIA

Which is a Serious Menace to Bulgaria and Austria-Hungary.

FRESHNESS OF THE ARMY

OF KING FERDINAND WILL HAVE A TREMENDOUS EFFECT.

In Turning the Scale—The Austrians Are Weak in Transylvania and There the Rumanians Will Strike.

London, Aug. 29.—Rumania's entry into the war affords the best assurance that the victory of the Allies is certain. She brings nearly half a million men to give weight to that assurance, with another 300,000 who may be called upon in case of emergency.

Where will she strike? Transylvania, where the Austrian forces are seriously weakened by the successes which the Italians and Russians gained on their own particular fronts, immediately suggests itself. In that event Rumania would defend the Danube line against a possible Bulgarian offensive in the Dobruja while attacking in Transylvania. The freshness of her troops in that area against the weakness and weary Bulgarian would undoubtedly be an important factor. Access to the enemy territory is possible through the passes of the eastern Carpathians—Vercicova, Vukah, Ruthen, Turn (Rothem Turn), Predealu and Ghyms.

Magnificent Fighting Force.

The army which saved the situation for the Russians at Plevna is a magnificent fighting force. It saw little or no active service in the Balkan war of 1913, but previous to the outbreak of the great war it ranked as the sixth largest in Europe. At a time like the present, however, it is the freshness of the men which Rumania is able to throw into the fight which will have a tremendous effect.

For two years her officers have been studying the world war in all its phases. She will benefit by the mistakes as well as by the successes of others who have paid the price to learn them. In other respects Rumania's entry into the war will be of the greatest assistance to the Allies. Germany made many endeavors to buy Rumanian corn. These endeavors are over. Petroleum, coal, timber, horses and cattle, all of which passed through Austria-Hungary in large quantities during the last year, will pass no more.

OUR NEW ALLIES: THE ROYAL FAMILY OF RUMANIA.

VON MACKENSEN WILL COMMAND

He Will Direct the German-Bulgarian Armies Against Rumania.

IS TO ELIMINATE THEM

BY ONE GREAT BLOW THAT WILL BE PARALYZING.

The German General is Indulging in Buncombe—The Rumanian Minister Was Refused an Interview With the Chancellor—Feeling Sore, Eh!

(Special to The Whig.) The Hague, Aug. 29.—Field Marshal Von Mackensen, who directed the successful Austro-German campaign through Serbia a year ago, will be in command of the German-Bulgarian armies operating against Rumania, according to Berlin advices to-day.

The German general staff plans to paralyze the Rumanians with a blow that will eliminate them as a factor in the war within a few months. The Rumanian minister to Berlin is leaving to-day on a special train. He sought a farewell interview last night with Chancellor Von Bethmann-Hollweg, but the interview was refused.

Won Successes.

(Special to The Whig.) London, Aug. 29.—The Rumanian troops attacked on the whole Teutonic front yesterday and obtained successes, said a Bucharest despatch transmitted from Rome by wireless to-day.

French Make Progress.

(Special to The Whig.) Paris, Aug. 29.—The French made considerable progress in violent attacks on the Verdun front last night, it was officially announced to-day. Some prisoners were taken.

Chip Off Old Block.

It is reported that rather than be separated from his charge, Capt. the Rev. H. I. Horsey has resigned his chaplaincy and has gone to France with his regiment, 35th Royal Ottawa, as a junior officer.

RAILWAY STRIKE QUITE PROBABLE

The Walkout For 400,000 Men is Set for 7 a. m. on Labor Day.

(Special to The Whig.) Washington, Aug. 29.—The danger of a gigantic railroad strike has again become acute. The Brotherhoods at the White House last night refused to agree to the President's urgent request that the strike order calling for a walk-out of 400,000 trainmen at 7 a. m. Labor Day be recalled. The railroad executives informed of this later assumed a defiant air.

"There's going to be a strike. That's certain. Let's have it. It will clear the air, and that's the only thing to do now," one prominent railroad president declared.

GREECE'S ENTRY INTO WAR EXPECTED

And Germany is Preparing for It—Greeks Quit German Territory.

(Special to The Whig.) London, Aug. 29.—Germany is preparing for Greece's entry into the war, said a Copenhagen despatch to the Exchange Telegraph to-day. A number of Greeks already have left Germany, the despatch said, and diplomats at Berlin believe war is inevitable. Chancellor Von Bethmann-Hollweg will receive the Greek minister to-morrow.

BASEBALL ON MONDAY.

National League.

Pittsburgh, 5-2; Boston, 1-8. St. Louis, 4; Brooklyn, 0. Cincinnati, 5; New York, 2. Philadelphia, 8; Chicago, 2.

American League.

Chicago, 1; Philadelphia, 0. Washington, 2; Cleveland, 0. International League.

Buffalo, 3; Newark, 1-1. Toronto, 6-5; Richmond, 1-1. Baltimore, 11-7; Montreal, 2-11. Providence, 4-5; Rochester, 1-9.

WON SUCCESS.

(Special to The Whig.) Athens, Aug. 29.—The Greek Government on Monday morning captured four hundred men and some guns.

Rumania on Monday crossed the frontier into Transylvania, and attacked Austrian positions. Rumania's entrance into the war may prolong the struggle but will not change the result, say German diplomats.

King Constantine of Greece is very ill. Drastic action by the Greek Government on the war question is expected to-day.

The Serbians continue to make progress against the Bulgarians. The Rumanian troops are already well advanced into Austrian territory.

Except for Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Holland, Spain, Switzerland and Greece, all Europe is now in the hands of the Rumanian Crown Council it is currently reported that the decision to declare war met with only three dissenting votes.

The first clashes between troops of Rumania and the Central Powers occurred in south-eastern and eastern frontier mountain passes of Hungary.

Navigation Halted on Sept. 11.

Ottawa, Aug. 29.—In order to avoid all possibility of interference or accident, the Marine Department proposes to suspend all traffic on the St. Lawrence River on September 11th, the day fixed for the floating into position of the central span of the Quebec bridge. The span has to be floated down the river from Sillery, where it is being completed.

DAILY MEMORANDUM

See top of page 8, right hand corner for probabilities.

MARRIED.

SPENCER-DALEY—In Kingston, Aug. 22nd, 1916, in St. James' Chapel, by the Rev. Fr. Halligan, Rose A. Daley of Cole Lake, to Roy C. Spencer, of Deseronto.

DIED.

GLENN—On Monday, Aug. 28, 1916, at his home, Stella, Amherst Island, Robert Glenn, beloved husband of Jane-Gleason, aged 64 years. Funeral Wednesday at 2 p. m. from his late residence.

ROBERT J. REID

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RUMANIA EXPECTS TO SHORTEN WAR

Sides With Powers Which Can Assist in Reaching Her Ideals.

WILL SOON CRUSH TURKEY

AND SUBJECT AUSTRIA TO CONSIDERABLE PRESSURE.

Persecution of Rumanians by Austro-Hungarians Officially Is Alleged in Document Setting Forth Rumania's Grievances.

Paris, Aug. 29.—La Liberte has received from Geneva a summary of the Rumanian declaration of war, as telegraphed from Vienna. It is a long document in which Rumania sets forth her grievances.

The persecution of Rumanians by Austro-Hungarian officials is alleged and it is charged that agreements which existed between Rumania and the former members of the Triple Alliance have been broken in letter and spirit from the time Germany and Austria entered on the war.

Italy, the declaration says, was obliged to detach herself from Austria and Germany. In conclusion, the communication sets forth as follows the motives in compelling Rumania to enter the war.

First—The Rumanian population in Austrian territory is exposed to the hazards of war and of invasion. Second—Rumania believes that by intervening she can shorten the world war.

Third—Rumania places herself on the side of those powers which she believes can assist her most efficaciously in realizing her national ideal.

Will Soon Crush Turkey.

The entrance of Rumania into the war was received with popular rejoicing in Paris. For the first time in many months the newspapers were permitted to publish extra editions, and in half an hour all Paris had learned the news, and the city was bedecked with the Rumanian colors.

The declaration had been expected hour by hour for three days. The general belief in Paris is that Rumania's action will tend to shorten the war. Some of the newspapers predicted that Turkey will be crushed within six months, and that Austria will be subjected to unbearable pressure. But Parisians have observed the failure of many predictions, and are inclined to wait calmly for the events the future has in store.

War Bulletins.

Germany has formally declared war on Rumania. Serbians defeated the Bulgars in fierce fighting on Monday morning, capturing four hundred men and some guns.

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FAMILIAR QUOTATIONS

WORDS OF WISDOM FROM MANY THINKERS The sweetest lives are those to duty wed.