News From Eastern Ontario Points

NEWS FROM THE DISTRICT

CLIPPED FROM THE WHIG'S MANY BRIGHT EXCHANGES.

In Brief Form the Events In the Country About Kingston Are Told —Full of Interest to Many.

S. Stinson, section boss of the C. N. R. at Athens for several years past, has been transferred to Brockville.

At St. Mary's Cathedral, Kingston, on July 17th, the marriage took place of Miss Elizabeth McLennan, Gananoque, and Michael B. Stack, Lyn.

In the death of John Alford, which occurred on Saturday, a pioneer resident of Tyendinaga township has gone to his award. Deceased was eighty years of age.

The death occurred in the Brockville General Hospital, on Saturday of Nelson Burleigh, Cardinal. The deceased came for treatment a week ago. He was forty-two years of age.

Brockville lost an esteemed resident on Sunday when Mrs. Leman Smith passed away after a very brief illness. The deceased was sixty-four years of age. She was born at Row's Corners, being a daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Michael Hemingway.

Charlotte Shannon, widow of the late W. J. McElroy died on Sunday at the age of sixty-one years at the home of her sister, Miss Margaret Shannon, Tyendinaga. Her husband passed away about eighteen months ago.

HIS BROTHER PREACHED

While Rev. H. E. Curry Took The Duties at Cataraqui.

Battersea, July 18.—Rev. H. E. Curry of Princess Street Methodist Church, Kingston, preached to the Orangemen in evening of July 9th. The church was packed to the doors. All the pupils from this school who wrote on the recent entrance examinations, were successful. This reflects great credit on their teacher, Miss Mabel Anglin. Rev. J. B. Curry, Bilburne, Ont., enjoying a holiday here with his brother, took charge of the services in the Methodist Church last Sunday. Rev. H. E. Curry preached in Cataraqui that day. Mr. and Mrs. F. Keeler, Joyceville, were recent visitors at the home of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Keeler.

To Build a High School.

Tweed, July 18.—The High School Board has appointed Ellis & Ellis of Toronto as architects, and the following members of the board as a building committee: W. H. DeBlois, Paul Rashotte and Wilbur S. Gordon. At the last meeting of the board it was decided to purchase fifteen lots of the Pomeroy estate, directly west of the present public school grounds as a site for the high school. We understand the bargain price for site is $745.

Health in Old Age

As age advances the blood gets thin, the nerves exhausted and vitality runs low.

By building up the nerve force of body and mind Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is an unbounded blessing to people of advanced years.

50 cents a box, all dealers.

Dr Chase's Nerve Food

EXPECTS 435TH BATT. TO BE RAISED IN CANADA.

Lt. Dickson Tells of Spartan Mother—Experience vs. Commission.

Cobourg, July 17.—A largely-attended open-air recruiting meeting in the interests of the 235th (Northumberland and Durham) Battalion was addressed by Lieut. Dickson, formerly of Queen's University, Kingston, and W. F. Kerr, County Crown Attorney. Lieut.Col. Neil F. MacNachtan, C.V.O., presided. Lieut. Dickson stated that he expected to see the 435th Battalion yet raised in Canada, and believed that the war urged the young men to enlist, as it would last for some time yet, and many more men would be required.

He said that he received that day a letter from a woman in Montreal asking if a place could not be found for her sixteen-year-old son as a bugler. His father was a prisoner in Germany, and the boy wanted to go. She was appealing to the militia authorities to find him a place. This, he said, was proof that Spartan mothers live in Canada to-day.

FORMERLY OF FLINTON.

The Death of a Lady Known by Many in East.

Tweed, July 18.—On June 3rd there passed away at her home in Arborfield, Sask., Mrs. Annie Dafoe, who formerly resided in Flinton and was well known in this vicinity. She had been in poor health for some time, suffering with anemia and stomach trouble.

Her parents were Mr. and Mrs. John Lansing and she was born near Flinton fifty-eight years ago. She was brought up in that village and was married to John Miller. After the death of her first husband she was married to John Dafoe in 1903. He was struck by lightning and killed about three years afterwards and in 1908 Mrs. Dafoe went out to Saskatchewan and there took up a homestead.

She was a faithful member of the Methodist church and was beloved by everybody, being a kind and helpful neighbor.

She leaves a family of six to mourn her loss, four daughters, Mrs. Geo. Loyst, Mrs. Thomas Weese, Miss Gladys Miller, Arborfield and Mrs. F. Bradshaw, Roblin, Ont.; and two sons, William and John, Arborfield. She is also survived by five sisters, Mrs. W. D. Foster, Tisdale, Sask.; Mrs. N. Carnell, Haliburton, Ont.; Mrs. E. Harrison, Moira; Mrs. K. Meeks and Mrs. S. Roy, Cloyne, and brother, J. E. Lasing, Maynooth.

Brockville Has Done Share.

Brockville, Ont., July 17.—Since the Canadians have entered the firing line in overseas services twenty-five Brockville soldiers have been killed or died from wounds. The total casualties number eighty-four, of whom three are prisoners of war and three missing. The remainder of the united counties show a death roll of sixteen and ninety-one wounded.

Gananoque

July 18.—The semi-annual installation of officers of Gananoque Lodge No. 114 I.O.O.F. was held last evening. The ceremony was performed by D.D.G.M. George S. Masten and suite. These were installed:

J. P. G., Joseph A. Case; N. G., Elzie Andrew; V.G., Victor Stunden; R. S., Arthur L. Knight, P. G.; F. S., George S. Masten, P. G.; treasurer, A. E. Meggs, P. G.; Warden, Frederick Lloyd, P. G.; conductor, James McKellar, P. G.; R. S. N. G., George A. Baker, P. G.; L. S. N. G., Frank S. Johnston; R. S. V. G. William Haig; L. S. V. G., Frank Wiskin; R. S. S., Leslie Andrew; L. S. S., Thomas Mills; chaplain, Gordon W. Meggs, P.G.; pianist, Henry Mallory; I. G., J. S. McEentire; O. G. Archie Lucy.

Another of Gananoque's old residents passed to rest on Sunday in the person of Adelard LaCombe, well known and highly esteemed. Deceased suffered a paralytic stroke several years ago and never recovered from its effects but gradually grew weaker until death gave release. He leaves a widow, one daughter, Mrs. Alexander Amo, Wellington street, and one son Frank LaCombe, Watertown, N. Y. The funeral took place at nine o'clock this morning from the home of his daughter Mrs. A. Amo, to St. John's Church where mass was sung and the remains interred at the R.C. burying ground.

The coal schooner Torace Taber has finished unloading her cargo for the Taylor Coal Company and cleared light for Oswego for another cargo. The Government supply boat Grenville was in port last evening.

Mrs. W. S. Ward and two children, and Miss Susan McKellar, Montreal, have arrived to spend some time with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. James McKellar, Garden street. They were accompanied by Miss Celia Rooney who will visit here for some time. Sergt William Kaceg of the 156th Battalion in camp at Barriefield, spent yesterday in town with relatives. About twenty of the rank and file of the 156th Battalion were in town for the week end.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Arthur, Montreal, came up from Montreal in their motor car yesterday to spend a short time with local relatives. Mrs. Mullin, Rome, N. Y., who has been spending a short time with her sister Mrs. Francis Keyes at Orchard View Farm has returned home. Mr. and Mrs. William Brown, former residents of the town, located for the past few months in Syracuse, N. Y., are visiting the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Amo, Wellington street.

Clifford Kidd, Kingston, spent the week end in town with his parents Mr. and Mrs. William Kidd. John Gould, Montreal, spent the week end in town with his mother Mrs. Kate Gould. George Whaley left last evening for Montreal to accept a situation.

AFTER-WAR PROBLEMS.

English Writer is Making a Study of Canadian Views.

To study the attitude of Canadians toward problems which will confront the British Empire after the war, and to do some literary work, Mr. R. P. Farley, of London, is making a tour of Canada, and is now spending a short time in Toronto. Mr. Farley is the writer who was selected to add to Green's "Short History of the English People" the history of the past century. He is a contributor to Hibbert's Quarterly and to other well-known English reviews and an extension lecturer at London and Oxford Universities. At the conclusion of his visit to Canada he will go to the United States to deliver a series of lectures on social conditions on the Continent of Europe.

Mr. Farley is one of those who believe that the overseas dominions will have to be consulted before any new plan of Imperial organization is adopted. Therefore, he was loath recently to express an opinion as to the lines upon which reorganization to bring about closer relations between the different sections of the Empire should take place. The vast majority of the people of the British Isles, he thought, felt that there should be closer union and more co-operation between the different parts of the Empire. As to the manner in which these ends were to be attained, however, most men were not yet prepared to speak. There was a feeling that the commercial bonds between Great Britain and the overseas dominions should be strengthened, and, in view of the necessity for meeting German competition in the world's markets after the war, a lot of people who were formerly free traders were ready for some measure of protection.

"My own personal view," said Mr. Farley, "is that under present circumstances this question of free trade and protection is not the most important one. My reason for thinking so is that from a study of Continental countries I have come to the conclusion that those countries which are prospering are doing so not because of their policies of free trade or protection, but because of their internal organization and their systems of education."

Germany, he said, was ready in 1870 to embark upon her career of industrial and commercial expansion, because even at that time she had a good system of commercial and technical education. The German people were trained, technically and industrially, as no other people were. In their country and in Switzerland young people were compelled to attend the technical schools, whereas in England and Scotland, where there were some splendid institutions of the kind, attendance was voluntary. The reason for the success of Holland and Denmark in agriculture was to be found in the high standards of general education among their people and in the facilities provided for training along special lines in agriculture. Furthermore, the Dutch and Danish people showed on the average more adaptability and a greater desire to meet the wishes of foreign customers than many producers in the British Isles. There were in England more believers in state experiments now than there were before the war, and it was possible that there would be a large increase in state activities for the benefit of the whole community. It would seem desirable that the British Government, having assumed control of the railways of the British Isles for the period of the war, should take them over as a national undertaking. The British people, too, should be more prompt to avail themselves of new inventions to increase their efficiency. They should apply science to agriculture, industry, and commerce.

"I feel," said Mr. Farley, "that it is desirable, with a view to recovery after the war, to devote very special attention to mitigating or curing the social evils which became so prominent before the war. A policy of this kind is essential because it will be necessary, if we are to meet the demand for increased productivity, to protect young life, and to keep our people healthy and to make them as efficient as possible. Most good people hope and believe that the breaking down of barriers between class and class and section and section of our population will be a lasting feature of our national life."

"MR. WANTS-TO-KNOW."

Sir Arthur Markham's Questions Keep Government Jumping.

Sarcastic people will tell you that when a man becomes a member of Parliament it is synonymous with losing his independence and being gagged. Henceforth he is a party hireling and must only speak and act as he is told. The description may apply to some members of the Commons, but it certainly does not fit Sir Arthur Markham, known in the House as "Mr. Wants-to-Know," who must delight his constituents in the Mansfield Division of Nottinghamshire, whom he has represented since 1900, with his energy.

The only party Sir Arthur seems to belong to is the "party of awkward questioners"—of whom Sir Henry Dalziel is another member—the members of which refuse to be satisfied with the stereotyped departmental answers to questions which they consider of vital public importance.

It is since the war that Sir Arthur Markham's "want-to-know" bump has developed to such a remarkable extent. A keen debater and a man of rare business acumen, Sir Arthur was little known to the man in the street before the war. But recognizing the need of bringing this war to an end as soon as possible, he devoted himself to seeking the weak spots in the various departments responsible for carrying on the war and criticizing them, irrespective of the frowns of officials and party whips.

Sir Arthur has long been a prominent Liberal. He is a wealthy mine-owner, the Mansfield Division being a district full of coal-miners and colliers. And it says much for the way he gets on with his men that the colliers should choose a coal-owner to represent them in Parliament. Miners don't usually do so.

That Sir Arthur can take a humorous view of things now and then, though they go against himself, is evident from the manner in which he convulsed the House on evening, when the high price of coal was being debated. He said frankly that, whether the price was restricted at the pit head or afterwards, he had made his "share of the profit already and was not seriously alarmed." Needless to say, the House roared in appreciation of this. But the frankness was quite characteristic of the member who will always be known as the most outspoken man in the House of Commons.

The Richest African.

Sir Abe Bailey, who is bearing the bulk of the cost of raising a hundred picked sharpshooters in South Africa to deal with the German snipers in the western front, is not a stranger to such work, for during the South African War he not only served as intelligence officer, but helped to raise the South African Light Horse, and attained the rank of major in Gorringe's flying column.

Sir Abe is South Africa's wealthiest citizen, and also one of the most popular men in the country. A thorough sportsman, a keen politician, and a still keener soldier.

Sir Abe laid the foundations of his fortune when he became prominent as one of "Rhodes' young men," and later on succeeded to the Empire-builders' Committee in the Cape Legislative Assembly. He figured in the Jameson Raid, and when Lord Hawke and his English cricketing team arrived in the gold-reef city they found Sir Abe, who was to have been their host, in prison. Ultimately he was released on payment of a fine of £2,000.

His generosity is proverbial. He was the originator of the Imperial cricket test match scheme, while no man has done more for racing in South Africa, his success in England also being considerable. It is one of Sir Abe's jokes that he never misses a cricket match or a race meeting.

More Appropriate.

A great deal of interest has been aroused by the announcement that Sir Herbert Tree is shortly to publish another book. Rumor has it that it is to be about Shakespeare's plays—concerning which few living men are better authorities than the famous actor-manager.

Sir Herbert's wit is well known among his friends, and he can make a funny remark on almost anything. Some time ago he paid a visit with Lady Tree to the Tate picture gallery. While strolling through the rooms, which happened to be very empty, he suddenly noticed a young man snatching a kiss from a very pretty girl.

"Humph!" exclaimed Sir Herbert instantly, "they ought to call this place the tete-a-tete gallery!"

Fighting in Jungles.

A vivid account of the fighting in East Africa shows that the enemy has the advantage of irregular lanes skilfully cut, designed in the thick, thorny bush, where machine-guns were able to engage in cross-fire. Snipers were artfully disposed in trees and in contracted open spaces. The work of locating them was risky under these conditions. The enemy's native troops were formidable, but in the open the armored cars commanded by naval officers created terror in the minds of the natives, who named the cars "Rhinoceros."

Nicely, Thank You.

Mr. Arthur Roberts tells an amusing story of an unsuccessful comedy. When the curtain rose at a matinee performance there were fifteen people in the audience. In the front of the house there was only a young girl in the second row. In the first row of the balcony sat one young man. As the leading man spoke his first line, "The sea is purple; have you, too, noticed it?" the voice of the young man in the balcony responded: "I don't know about the young lady downstairs, but I can see it very nicely up here."

High School Entrance Examinations.

Easton's Corners, July 18.—The successful candidates here were Ross Ballantyne, Harry Brocklebank, Sarah McKimm, Helena H. O'Brien Howard Polley, Winnibel Smith.

Tone

That's where the Victrola is pre-eminent

The Victrola brings to you the pure and varied tones of any musical instrument, and the beauty and individuality of the human voice—all absolutely true to life.

Such fidelity of tone was unknown before the advent of the Victrola—the *first cabinet style talking machine;* and this pure and life-like tone is exclusively a Victrola feature.

"Why exclusive with the Victrola?"

Because of the patented Victrola features, which have been perfected after years of study and experiment:

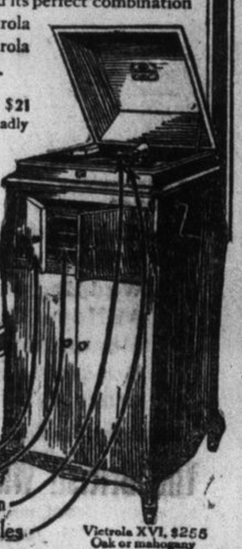
"Goose-neck" sound-box tube—the flexible metal connection between the sound-box and tapering tone arm, which enables the Victor Needle to follow the record grooves with unerring accuracy.

Concealed sounding-boards and amplifying compartment of wood—provide the very limit of area of vibrating surface and sound amplifying compartment, so absolutely essential to an exact and pure tone reproduction.

Modifying doors—may be opened wide thereby giving the tone in its fullest volume; or doors may be set at any degree graduating the volume of tone to exactly suit every requirement. Closed tight the volume is reduced to the minimum and when not in use the interior is fully protected.

Victor system of changeable needles—a perfect reproduction is possible only with a perfect point—therefore a new needle for each record is the only positive assurance of a perfect point. You also have your choice of full tone, half tone or further modification with the fibre needle.

It is the perfection of every part, and its perfect combination with all other parts, that gives the Victrola its superior tone—that makes the Victrola the greatest of all musical instruments.



Victrola XVI, $256 Oak or mahogany

There are Victrolas in great variety from $21 to $305. Come in any time and we will gladly demonstrate them and play any music you wish to hear. We'll explain our system of easy terms, too.

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Hot Weather Items

Athletic Underwear—W. G. & R. make, ... **$1.00 per suit**

Cool Socks for tired feet, **25c to $1.00 pair**
Silk, Wool, Lisle, Cotton.

Summer Headwear ..... **50c to $7.50**

Silk Caps, Straw Hats, Panama Hats.

Roney's,

127 Princess Street

IRISH BILL WILL BE INTRODUCED SHORTLY.

Premier Asquith Gives House This Assurance—Situation Is Urgent.

London, July 18.—Premier Asquith said in response to a question in the House of Commons yesterday that it was the intention of the Government to introduce the bill for the erection of the new government of Ireland before the adjournment of Parliament for the autumn recess. He expressed the hope that the bill would be introduced very soon.

William O'Brien asked why, if the Premier wished "the thanks of every human being in Ireland," he did not block the project altogether.

Replying to another question, the Premier said permanent settlement of the Irish question would be considered at an imperial conference after the war. Submission of this matter to such a conference, he continued, was a subject in regard to which both parties to the arrangement in Ireland were in agreement.

Mr. O'Brien suggested that the whole question be held in abeyance until it could be taken up by the conference.

"We are dealing with a situation which is urgent," Mr. Asquith responded.

OBITUARY

The Late Alexander McCartney.

On Tuesday morning an old resident of Kingston passed away, after an illness of but a few days, in the person of Alexander McCartney, 248 University avenue, who was sixty-six years of age, and the oldest building contractor in the city. His fair dealings and friendly manner won him many friends and the respect of all classes, who regret his death exceedingly. In religion the deceased was a Methodist, and attended Sydenham Street Methodist Church. He was also a well-known member of the Masonic Order.

His wife predeceased him several years ago, and there are three daughters and one son left to mourn his loss, Mrs. W. E. Irons, Mrs. G. A. Ronan, Miss Alice McCartney, all of Toronto, and William, of Winnipeg.

Fire At The Fair Grounds.

This afternoon the firemen received a call to the Fair Grounds. About twenty-five feet of the wooden fence around the place on Concession street was burned down but the loss is slight. No cause for the fire is given; it is likely that it started from a c'garette stub thrown in the grass near the fence.

Searching For Bodies.

Matthew Murphy, who went to Crow Lake on Monday afternoon to serch for the bodies fo James and Melzar Stinson, who were drowned in Crow Lake, started work Tuesday morning and every effort is being made to find them.

Mixed Train Service.

Mixed trains No. 615, Kingston to Renfrew, and No. 616, Renfrew to Kingston, will continue to run daily except Sunday, as heretofore.

Cherry Day at Carnovsky's.

Two hundred baskets Red Cherries for Wednesday from 40c to $1.00. You can save 5c to 10c if you take them home yourself.

Cipriano Castro, former President of Venezuela, not only will be debarred from landing at New York, but he will be refused entrance to Porto Rico.

MENDELS

Silk Dresses Silk Dresses

We are showing the most serviceable of silk dresses in navy, copen, tan, green, brown and black. Regular $14 line for **$8.95.**

All Summer Goods

are being sacrificed to clear for fall goods.

This warm weather bids us not forget Summer Sun Shades and Parasols, Summer Dresses and Summer Suits, Middies and Blouses and White Skirts.

MENDELS

Opposite Grand Opera House — 217 Princess St.

SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES.

For Admission to the High Schools of Province.

The following is a list of the successful entrance candidates at Sharbot Lake, Mountain Grove, Tamworth, and Denbigh.

Sharbot Lake.

Clinton Armstrong, Adah Cannon, Robert Chambers, Myra Kiell, Margaret McCulloch, Joseph McDonnell, Russell Ostler, Edith Thomlinson, Ethel Thomlinson.

Mountain Grove.

Clara Black, Rilla Connors, Lula E. Greene, Vera McDonald, Gertrude A. Price (honors), Muriel L. Saunderson (honors), Maude G. Thompson.

Tamworth.

Margaret Burns, Regina H. Cassidy, Richard Chalk, Bessie Dillon, Christopher Frizzell, Hugh Harrison, Clinton Richardson, Rachel Rogers, Roy White.

Denbigh.

Gladys Bebee (honors), Gladys G. Stein, Harold W. Wensley, Willie Wensley.

"Ice Cream Bicks" at Gibson's.

RUCTIONS IN THE KITCHEN—Swarms of Roaches all over it. Nothing any good until we used "Keating's." That did it. It killed the lot. We sprinkled it over night, and swept the Roaches up next morning—DEAD. "Keating's KILLS Roaches. Tins 10c., 25c., 35c. Be sure it's Keating's. H1

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NO REPORT TO COUNCIL.

Relative to the Canadian National Features, Ltd.

Just as the City Council was about to adjourn on Monday night, Ald Hughes asked if anything further had been heard from the Canadian National Features, Ltd., relative to the proposed plant at the Fair Grounds.

"What about the 'movies'?" asked Ald. Hughes.

"I guess they have moved out," remarked Ald. Couper.

There was no information forthcoming on the matter, and there was no further discussion.

Ald. Fair, of the Industries Committee, was not present, but he reported during the day that he had heard nothing further from the company.

The Colonial Parliamentary party has reached Paris. The French Government has arranged an elaborate reception for the visitors.