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 Our modern 40 gallon Stained Tanks are capable of handling any number of films a day. We are now putting through from 50 to 80 rolls, and with increased staff of operators can promise the same prompt service at 10 cents a roll.

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 We guarantee to sell you the best films made and will replace any which are defective.

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 We can supply the most satisfactory papers and developers used today.

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 The Popular Drug Store. OPEN SUNDAYS.

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We Maintain the Highest Standard of quality in Sight Testing, Lens Making and Eye Glass fitting
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 OPTOMETRIST AND OPTICIAN,
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MATCHLESS IN DESIGN AND QUALITY
 Ladies feel a matchless air when wearing one of our artistic Panamas, direct from New York.
 Ladies' white felt hats, with fancy bands, another attraction.
 Men's Panamas and Straws to meet the tastes and pockets of the best posted buyers.

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STRONG MAN IN CRISIS
SIR GEORGE CAVE A TOWER OF STRENGTH TO BRITAIN.

Solicitor-General in the Coalition Administration—of Britain Has a High Reputation in English Affairs, and is One of the Pillars of the Unionist Party—He is Attorney to Prince of Wales.

It was once said by Sir John Simon, at the time he was Solicitor-General, that the occupant of that post was really the "office-boy of the Government."

If that be so, the present Government have an "office-boy" of very notable dignity and remarkable ability, as well as of somewhat mature years. For the Rt. Hon. Sir George Cave, Unionist M.P. for the Kingston division of Surrey, is one of the strongest and sanest members of the House of Commons, and one of the very soundest lawyers at the English bar.

He is just sixty years old—sixteen years older than his senior fellow-officer of the Crown, Sir F. E. Smith—and has been in Parliament for ten years only. From the moment he entered the House he made his mark, thus constituting himself a tangible refutation of the generally-held doctrine that neither a middle-aged man nor a man who enters the House with a great reputation gained outside it, has much chance of becoming a first-rate House of Commons success.

Sir George Cave, however, was happy in his opportunities. When he entered Parliament, the Unionist party was at very low ebb, and a man of really great debating gifts, such as he possesses, was bound to come to the fore. Moreover, the subjects which came forward for Parliamentary discussion were such as he was pre-eminently well versed in.

He had not been long in the House before the Campbell-Bannerman Government brought in its licensing bill—and what George Cave does not know on the subject of licensing is not worth knowing. He regularly riddled the bill before it met its final end at the hand of the peers, at that time with their veto unimpaired. Subsequently, his speeches in criticism of the famous Lloyd George budget made a deep impression on the House. To-day, Sir George Cave is a distinct power in Parliament—a greater power than his official position of Solicitor-General would seem to indicate.

As Solicitor-General, Sir George Cave draws a salary of \$20,000 a year with the additional emolument of something like \$45,000 a year in fees. But he probably made a financial sacrifice when he accepted office—even an office carrying with it remuneration on so generous a scale. For he was doing literally an enormous business in the Chancery Bar, and since 1913 had been what is called a "special," which term has a world of significance about it as regards the magnitude of the fees which the lucky "special" receives. In fact, he swept all before him at the bar just as he had done at Oxford, and he is recognized as perhaps the most erudite and profound lawyer in the present House of Commons.

THE DRUM MUST GO.
 European Powers Have Decided Against Its Martial Use.

Recently the French Government reached the conclusion that the drum was no longer a necessary article of military equipment. It was held that the drum was a serious incumbrance in marching, that its call could not be distinguished in time of battle; that it consumed a period of two years to turn out an efficient drummer and that by abandoning the use of the drum many thousands of youth and men would be released for active service.

Since the decision of the French Government other European powers have followed its example in decreeing that the "drum must go."

Indeed, the war between Russia and Japan was regarded by experts in things military as having sealed the fate of the martial drum. The Japanese armies moved from first to last silently, save for the occasional blast of the bugle. The drum was conspicuously absent. Before that war it had been abolished in some European armies, but no great war had been fought without drums.

Napoleon was an ardent defender of the drum and he believed, with Marshal Saxe, that great general of the 18th century, that the measured sound made by the drum and the life was indispensable to make men march well.

Napoleon's opponent, Wellington, contended that without the strains of music it was quite impossible for troops to make successful charges. Wanting music, he said, men would come up ragged and open against the enemy.

The history of the drum is both ancient and honorable. The Egyptians employed it and the Greeks ascribed its invention to Bacchus. The Spanish conqueror Pizarro is said to have found drums in South American temples. The snakes of Ireland, we are told, beat from the Emerald Isle before the drum beats of St. Patrick. The Puritans of New England used the drum as a church bell, and it figured frequently and romantically throughout our wars of the revolution and rebellion.

Dipping the Flag.
 The salutation given when a vessel lowers or "dips" its flag is one of the very oldest and most honorable of all forms of maritime salute.

This form of salute has always been demanded by English-speaking seamen, and its exaction has burned the hearts and the powder of generations of naval commanders. In the old days for a foreign ship, whether merchant or naval, to enter an English port without the formal act of dipping its national flag was to run the risk of war, although the profoundest peace existed. Without warning or argument the shore defenses of a man-of-war would send a round shot across the bows or between the masts of the foreigner, and if the offending flag did not instantly come down the insolent intruder was brought to her senses by being raked through and through.

Salutes are essential matters of naval etiquette, and are exchanged on an elaborate code fixed by the maritime powers. The number of guns to be fired under all circumstances is minutely stipulated.

Native Gifts to the Empire.
 The Masai and other native tribes in East Africa are not permitting their loyalty to the Empire to be unrepresented. Great Britain they state has done so much to free them from the yoke of intercaste strife and raise their status in the scale of civilization, they must give proof of their thankfulness. The following are a few of their most recent gifts:

Thirty bullocks, presented by the Masai Moran of the Matapatu clan, and fifty bullocks of the same breed.

Over 150 bullocks and 280 sheep, presented by Sendu, the chief Laibon of the Lolita Masai.

Twenty-one bullocks, presented by Masikonde.

These gifts have been quite spontaneously offered by the tribes concerned.

Medal for African Service.
 An army order announces that the King has approved of a new medal being struck to commemorate local military operations against native tribes or rebels in East, Central, and West Africa. It will be known as the "Africa General Service Medal."

Prince's Bride.
 To supply hints of possible royal brides for the Prince of Wales is one of the most fruitful topics for society gossipers. The latest suggestion is that a marriage with a commoner would meet with the approval of the nation, and it is remarked that the popularity in England of Prince Arthur of Connaught's marriage with the daughter of a Scottish duke showed the u-to-date temper of the public.

LACK OF FOOD IN BERLIN
 WHAT AN AMERICAN REPORTS IN MIDDLE OF MAY

Great Scarcity of Fats, Butter and Milk—Fish is Least Expensive Food Article.

London, June 22.—"An American who was in Berlin about the middle of May, writing in the Daily Mail says:

"I found fats of all kinds and oils and butter are not to be had, at least so far as the common people are concerned. Eggs are plentiful. It is not exaggerating to say that over two-thirds of the butcher shops of Greater Berlin are closed on account of the lack of supplies. Potatoes were still to be had in small quantities, at about three times the normal cost. Onions practically are unobtainable. Other vegetables are scarce and dear. Tinned fruits and vegetables and marmalade are still plentiful, but frightfully dear. Sugar is almost unprocureable. At the time I was there very little coffee was for sale. Tea, cocoa, spices and other similarly imported articles were either extremely dear or not to be had at all.

There is a dearth of milk everywhere. In Berlin and other large cities cream is absolutely unobtainable. Dutch and Swiss cheese can still be had, but German cheese has entirely disappeared. Undoubtedly the most plentiful and least expensive article of food in Germany at the present time is fish.

"Such, in brief, were the conditions of food supply which I found in the enemy's capital about the middle of May."

GREAT SURPLUS OF CANADIAN OFFICERS.
 Thirty-Seven Hundred Duly Qualified Are Awaiting Vacancies in Army.

Ottawa, June 22.—There is at present a surplus of 3,700 duly qualified officers for whom practically no places in the various units for overseas service. Some 3,000 of them are infantry and artillery officers. About 500 casualties have occurred among officers in the recent heavy fighting at the front, and as this is more than any surplus of Canadian officers in England now, a certain number of the surplus here will be absorbed.

As far as the great bulk of the surplus in Canada is concerned, however, they will be at the summer camps and will get some practical experience in drilling and handling arms. There may also be a plan to have them go to the front as non-commissioned officers and receive their promotions to the rank of lieutenant as openings occur.

HYPHENATES WILLING TO FIGHT MEXICANS.
 German Residents of St. Louis Offer to Raise a Regiment.

St. Louis, June 22.—August J. Fertig announced yesterday that a regiment composed of German residents of St. Louis would be raised immediately for service on the border or in Mexico, if needed. He said he had discussed with representatives of the German-American organization and much enthusiasm had been manifested.

"We Germans want to refute the impressions that we would not be ready to aid the United States whenever the call for military service should be made," said Fertig, who served as a lieutenant in the German army.

Sir Herbert Ames for Recruits.
 Ottawa, June 22.—Sir Herbert Ames, at a recruiting meeting here said that 100,000 more men would be needed if they could have passed the doctors. While the terms "slacker" and "quitter" should not be used too readily, every man who was able to enlist should do so and not have to make excuses to his conscience the rest of his life.

NEW STRENGTH FOR LAME BACK.

Dear Mr. Editor—I suffered from lame back and constant tired, worn-out feeling. At times I was unable to stand erect and scarcely able to get around. It would usually come on at first with crick in small of my back. I took one box of Dr. Pierce's Anuric Tablets and my back commenced to get better soon after starting to take them. I did not have to walk doubled over as I did before using the "Anuric." It is the best remedy I have ever taken for what it is intended to relieve.

I hope those who are in need of such a remedy will give the "Anuric Tablets" a trial.

(Signed) A. G. DRAKE.

NOTE: Up to this time, "Anuric" has not been on sale to the public, but by the persuasion of many patients and the increased demand for this wonderful healing tablet, Doctor Pierce has finally decided to put it into the drug stores of this country within immediate reach of all sufferers.

Simply ask for Doctor Pierce's Anuric Tablets. There can be no imitation. Every package of "Anuric" is signed by Doctor Pierce's. You will find the signature on the package just as you do on Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, the ever-famous friend to ailing women, and Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, proven by years to be the greatest general tonic. Send 10 cents to Dr. V. M. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., for large trial package.

At any rate don't give up hope of being cured of your malady until just a few doses of "Anuric" have proven that it will make you feel like a different person.

ERROR—Please insert this letter in some conspicuous place in your paper.

Probs—Fine and a little warmer today and on Friday.

FRIDAY BARGAINS

Below we enumerate a few very special values which we doubt could be duplicated elsewhere in or out of town. On sale at 10 a.m.

DRESS VOILE
 310 yards of dainty Dolly Varden wash voile in colors, pink, sky and maize. All pretty small floral designs, full 40 inches wide. Regular 45c a yard. **Friday 29c**

VELVET CORDUROY
 150 yards cream velvet corduroy—very smart for sports skirts, outing suits and coats, and children's wear. Full 27 inches wide. Regular 75c a yard value. **Friday 49c**

SAMPLE CORSETS
 39 pair of odd makes and counter soiled corsets in sizes 18 to 26. In this lot are D. & A., B. & C., Miller and other makes. Regular 75c to \$1.75. **Friday 49c**

BOATING CUSHIONS
 120 Outing cushions, size 18 x 18, suitable for boats, verandah and camp use. Novelty sateen and Chintz covered, with wide frills. Regular 45c each. **Friday 27c**

STEACY'S

Western Beef

Speciale selected by our own buyers, therefore always tender and of the finest quality. This week:

Oven Roasts 20c Lb.
Choice Steaks 22c Lb.

The Wm. Davies' Co. Ltd. Phone 597

CANADA MAY JOIN IN IMPERIAL LAND SCHEME.
 Sir Rider Haggard Coming to Discuss Plan for Returned Soldiers.

Ottawa, June 22.—Sir Rider Haggard, who has been touring the British Dominions with a view to ascertaining the facilities for land settlement which can be placed at the disposal of British ex-soldiers at the conclusion of the war, is expected to arrive at Vancouver on June 29 from Australia and New Zealand.

Coal
 The kind you are looking for is the kind we sell.

Scranton Coal
 Is good Coal and we guarantee prompt delivery.

BOOTH & CO.,
 Foot of West St.

DR. DeVAN'S FRENCH PILLS is a remarkable Purifying Pill for Women. \$5 a box or three for \$10. Sold at all Drug Stores, or mailed to any address on receipt of price. THE SCOTTISH DRUG CO., ST. CATHARINES, ONTARIO.

PHOSPHONOL FOR MEN. Restores Vitality; for Nerve and Brain; increases "grey matter"; is Tonic—will build you up, as a box or two for \$5, at drug stores, or by mail on receipt of price. THE SCOTTISH DRUG CO., ST. CATHARINES, ONTARIO.

"Sold at Mahood's Drug Store."

PURE, RICH BLOOD MADE BY HOOD'S
 Pure blood enables the stomach, liver and other digestive organs to do their work properly. Without it they are sluggish, there is loss of appetite, sometimes faintness, a deranged state of the intestines, and, in general, all the symptoms of dyspepsia.

Hood's Sarsaparilla makes pure blood, and this is why it is so very successful in the treatment of so many ailments. Get it today.

Wants New Name.
 Smith's Falls, June 22.—If the majority of the residents of this town are of the same mind as Mayor Montgomery, the name of Smith's Falls will shortly be taken off the map and a cognomen more in keeping with the importance and ambitions of the biggest town in Eastern Ontario will replace it.

M. F. PATTON, Prop.
 140 SYDENHAM ST. (Near Prin. case St.) Phone 214.