

THE U.S. GIVES GERMANY FINAL WARNING

MAKES A GENERAL DENIAL OF THE KYTE CHARGES

Sir Sam Hughes Says if Allison Got Money He Was Entitled To It--The Whole Affair the Minister of Militia Describes As "Piffle."

Ottawa, April 19.—For an hour before the House assembled yesterday afternoon crowds started to congregate before the Royal Victoria Museum in anticipation of the return to the House of General Hughes. Half an hour before the summons bell rang, the corridors were packed, and the stairways leading to the gallery doors jammed with curious crowds. George Kyte held the record to date for drawing the largest crowd seen this session on the occasion of his momentous utterance which brought General Hughes home, but the crowd to-day was the biggest seen since the naval debate of 1912. The galleries have accommodation for not more than three hundred, but a thousand or more were there to-day.

Compelled to Leave For England. On March 9th he declared he had been compelled to leave for England. He had conferred with the Prime Minister as to his going, and asked him to ask the Opposition if there were any questions which would require his presence here. The leader of the Opposition had stated that personally he knew of nothing. With his characteristic statesmanship, however, he had said that he would not be responsible for what his followers might consider should necessitate his presence.

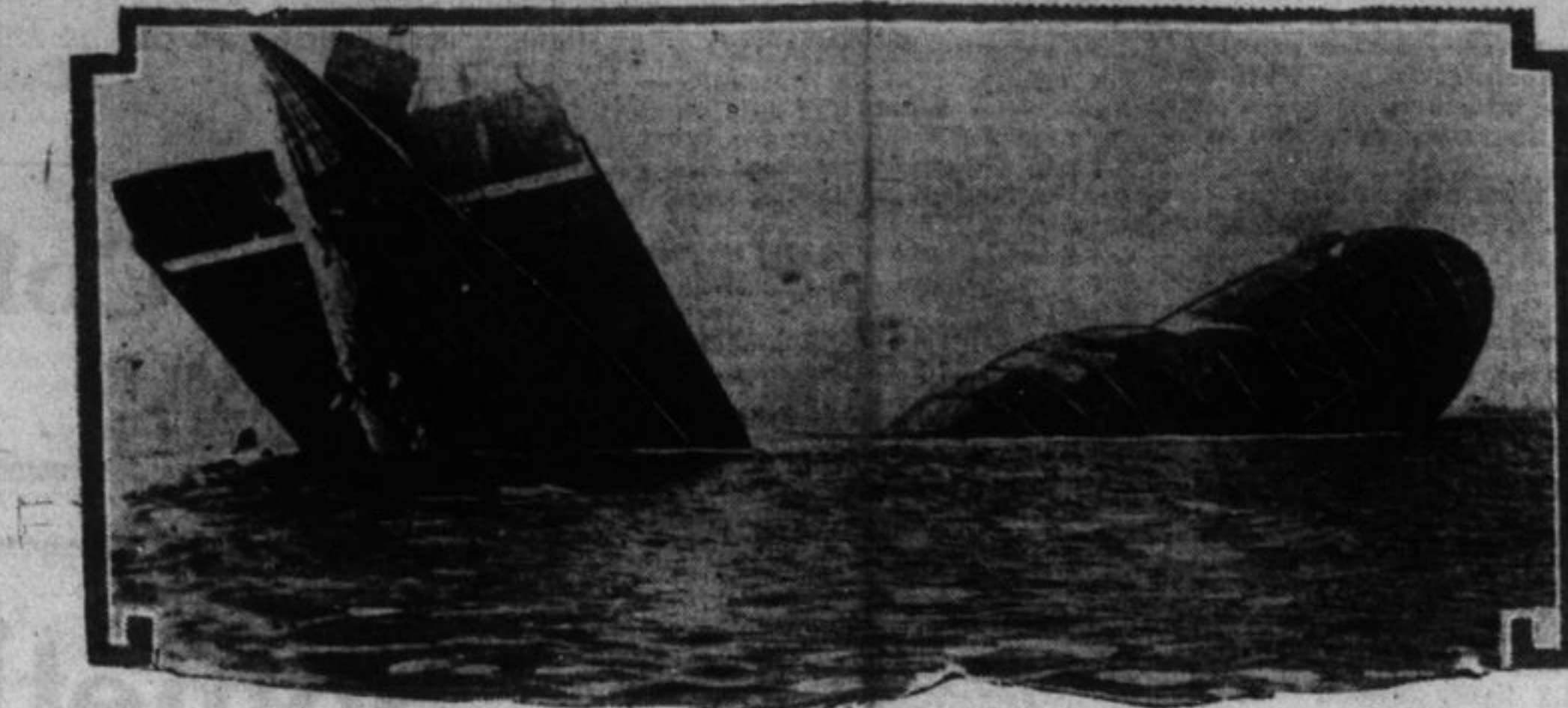
Prime Minister to Take Charge. Gen. Hughes stated that he would take his part in the investigation to the best of his ability, and he did not fear the consequences. In the meantime he would ask the Prime Minister to take care of the business of his department.

History of Shell Committee. Gen. Hughes then proceeded to sketch the history of the Shell Committee. At first no one could be induced to go into the business. Later hordes of self-seekers came around, bankers came and pestered Gen. Bertram, asking him to bolster up small companies. Want of confidence has been dissipated by the Shell Committee.

Denies the Agreement. Gen. Hughes then referred to the agreement said to have been entered into between Younum, Lignanti, and Allison whereby profits on several transactions were to be divided. "Now I know," said the Minister, "that when the member for Richmond stood up in the House and read that agreement, he knew that no such agreement existed. (Applause from the Government, laughter from the Opposition.)"

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FIRST PHOTO OF GERMAN ZEPPELIN L-15 SINKING OFF THE KENTISH COAST.



The German Zeppelin L-15 after it had been brought down by British gunners during its recent raid on the Kentish coast. Photo shows the Zeppelin just before she disappeared below the waves.

TREBIZOND IS CAPTURED

Russians Occupy Turkish Black Sea Port.

GARRISON GOT AWAY

BUT IS BEING CLOSELY PRESSED BY VICTORS.

The Russians Will Likely Threaten Isolation of Turkish Armies Operating Against British in Mesopotamia.

(Special to the Whig.) Petrograd, April 19.—It is officially announced that Trebizond, the most important Turkish port on the Black Sea, has been captured by the Russians.

The Turkish garrison at Trebizond escaped capture when the city was occupied by the Russians under General Indevitch, but is being closely pressed by the Slavs.

The Grand Duke, it is believed here, will now straighten his line by advancing against Daburt and then against Erzingan, the headquarters of the ninth Turkish Army, where desperate resistance is expected.

Since the Grand Duke's advance into Armenia began, the Russians have conquered nearly 20,000 square miles of Turkish territory, or about twice the area included in the whole of European Turkey the newspapers estimated to-day.

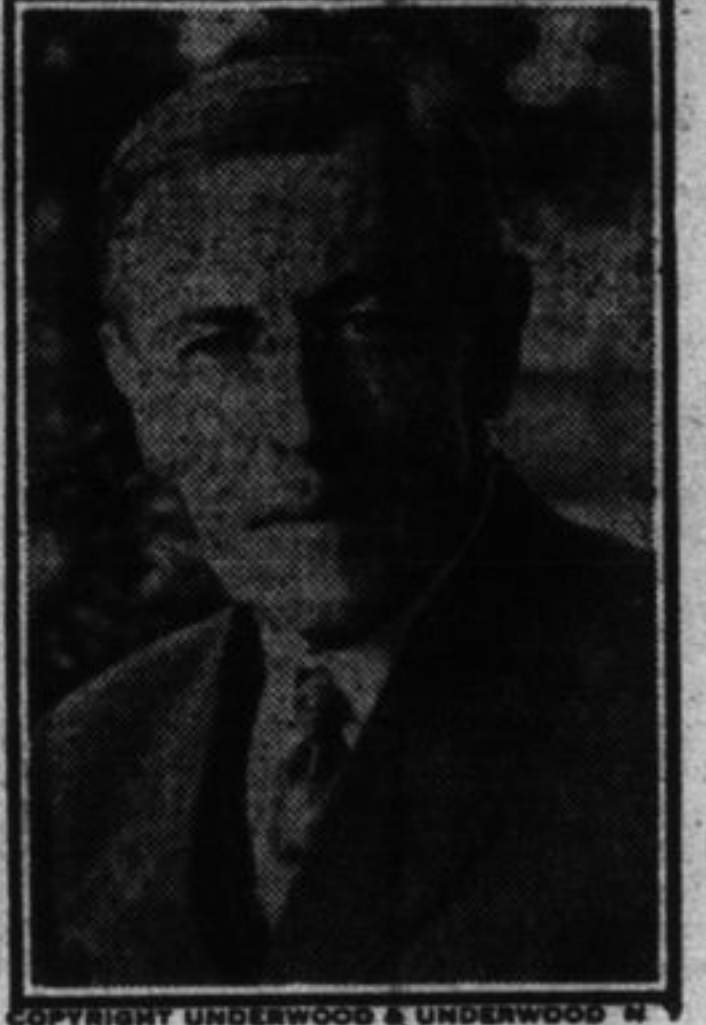
It is generally predicted that Russian will now swing forward in a south-westerly movement that will threaten the isolation of the Turkish armies operating against the British in Mesopotamia.

Saub Count Bernstorff. Washington, April 19.—Count Von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, called on Secretary Lansing late yesterday afternoon, and was told by the Secretary of State that he could not discuss the submarine issue with him at this time.

plots of Germany since war broke out. "And now I come back after a six weeks' absence and what do I find in Canada when I return? I find two hundred of the ablest men in Canada, members of Parliament, sitting here listening to this piffle," and he threw down his Hansard amid loud cheers which lasted for several minutes.

Sir Sam Still Minister. Sir Wilfrid Laurier said he had to express his regret that Sir Sam had not gone into the sale of small arm ammunition. It had been charged in the press that rejected ammunition had been sold by private firms for a profit.

PRESIDENT WILSON.



He Has Finally Called Germany To Account.

BASEBALL ON TUESDAY.

American League. Chicago, 7; St. Louis, 2. Washington, 4; Boston, 2. Detroit, 4; Cleveland, 3. New York, 4; Philadelphia, 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia, 4; Boston, 0. Cincinnati, 4; Pittsburg, 3.

KING OF BELGIUM THANKS YOUNG LADY.

Miss Josephine MacGillivray Is Congratulated For Sacrifice.

London, Ont., April 19.—Miss Josephine MacGillivray, of "Bellevue Heights", who so generously donated her pony to the Belgian relief fund, and which was disposed of through the sale of tickets, has received a most interesting letter from the secretary of the King of Belgium commending her noble sacrifice for his people. The letter is as follows:

March 20th, 1916. Secretary to the King and Queen: Miss—I have been instructed to inform you that it has been most agreeable to the king to read your charming letter. His Majesty congratulates you upon the sacrifice which you have imposed upon yourself, with such good grace, to soothe the misfortunes of our fellow-countrymen. Your kindness is one of the most touching of which the sovereign has acquaintance, and it is most gratefully that he thanks you for it.

Accept, I beg of you, dear young lady, my respectful acknowledgments.

The Secretary, Burgenberg. To Miss Josephine E. MacGillivray.



LADY COLEBROOK. Who with 78 other ladies of title signed up for six months' service in munition plants. Lady Colebrook worked eight hours a day and received the minimum wage of about 55 cents a day.

MORE TOWNS WILL FALL

In Mesopotamia To The Russian Armies.

FALL OF TREBIZOND

OCCURRED SOONER THAN WAS EXPECTED.

Speedy Loss of Erzingan, Kharpout And Dairbekr Expected, With Complete Isolation of the Turkish Armies.

London, April 19.—The news of the fall of Trebizond which comes much earlier than had been expected, because it was known that the Turks had divisions in the neighborhood of the city, and, it was supposed, would make a stubborn defence, is believed here to have been largely due to the successful employment of the Russian fleet in assisting the land operations.

Since the dash of the cruiser Midula (formerly the Breslau) nearly a fortnight ago, the Turks, aware of the inferiority of their Black Sea fleet to that of the Russians, have not undertaken any serious naval operations for the defence of Trebizond. The Russian strategy aimed at keeping all the Turkish forces brought from Constantinople for the defence of Trebizond fully occupied over the widest front. Thus while the Russian armies were making a successful advance in the Kara Dere region, and bringing up reinforcements by land and sea, they also kept the Turks busy by continuous attacks to the southeast, in the region of Erzingan and Balburt.

The Turkish armies were making resistance in the Teboruk region, knowing that the Russian seizure of Rachmed, which is the junction of the roads leading to Trebizond, Erzerum and Erzingan, would involve the isolation of Trebizond and the Erzingan armies and seal the fate of both.

Military critics are of the opinion that the Turks were given no time to recover, and make a stand on the Jambola Dere River, five miles west of Kara Dere.

The fall of Trebizond will cause rejoicing in all the allied countries, as it is thought it will probably involve the speedy loss to the Turks of Erzingan, Kharpout and Dairbekr, and the fall of these towns would completely isolate the Turkish armies in Mesopotamia.

BAD WEATHER IS SLOWING OPERATIONS.

Infantry Movements Not Desirable In The Thick Fog Now On.

(Special to the Whig.) Paris, April 19.—A French official communique says: A violent bombardment occurred last night north of Verdun, in the region south of Haudremont, the War Office stated to-day, but bad weather is hindering infantry operations. Heavy rain storms occurred on the Verdun front yesterday, and a thick fog overhung most of the western theatre of war, making definite operations out of the question.

On the west bank of the Meuse the Germans contented themselves with dropping shells at infrequent intervals on Hill 204 and the Deadman's Hill positions.

KANE GETS FIFTEEN YEARS

33rd Private Sentenced For Killing Quebec Restaurant Keeper. Quebec, April 19.—Pte. Jas. Kane, a member of the 33rd Battalion who was found guilty of manslaughter for killing a local Greek restaurant-keeper last New Year's Day, was yesterday sentenced to 15 years in penitentiary by Judge Pelletier. Before sentence was passed Kane asked the court for his liberty to go to the front, but this was naturally refused.

WILSON SENDS ULTIMATUM TO GERMAN GOVERNMENT

That Its Submarine Campaign Must Stop Immediately or That Diplomatic Relations Will Be Severed By the United States.

(Special to the Whig.) Washington, April 19.—President Wilson to-day served notice that Germany must stop her submarine campaign immediately or diplomatic relations will be severed. The note to Germany has gone. These two facts became known to-day following a conference between President Wilson and members of the Senate and House Foreign Relations Committees this morning.

President Wilson has sent an ultimatum to Germany calling upon her to stop her submarine warfare immediately if friendly relations between the two countries are to be maintained.

The communication to Germany, held up for twenty-four hours until the President could make arrangements for addressing a joint session of Congress and for laying the plan of his action before the members of the Foreign Relations Committee, is now on its way.

Presumably the United States' demand to stop the submarine campaign refers to that part of the submarine campaign which allows the sinking of ships without warning. It is different from previous notes in that it is a virtual ultimatum that friendly relations will cease after one more offense by Germany or submarines.

German Ambassador Von Bernstorff had an appointment with Secretary of State Lansing at 11:40 o'clock this forenoon. It was presumed Bernstorff sought to make an eleventh hour effort to stave off the pending German-American developments.

U. S. Has No Choice. (Special to the Whig.) Washington, April 19.—"Unless the Imperial German Government should now immediately declare in effect an abandonment of its present methods of warfare against passenger and freight-carrying vessels, this Government can have no choice but to sever diplomatic relations with the Government of the German Empire altogether."

This declaration was made by President Wilson to Congress this afternoon as the climax of a message in which he indited in severest terms the German submarine campaign. This decision was arrived at, the President said, with keenest regret.

MAJOR H. L. BODWELL IN CASUALTY LIST.

He is a Graduate of the Royal Military College, Kingston.

Ingersoll, April 19.—In the casualty lists appears the name of Major Howard Lionel Bodwell, a son of the late Elphinstone Bodwell, of Dereham township. Major Bodwell enlisted at Vancouver under Lieut.-Col. W. M. Davis, and spent about one month in Ingersoll last fall in the interests of recruiting for his Battalion, the 2nd Pioneers.

Major Bodwell was well and favorably known in Ingersoll, and holds the respect and admiration of a wide circle of friends, all of whom will be anxiously awaiting further news and hoping for a speedy recovery. No particulars are given as to the nature of the wound or how received, and in this respect some suspense is felt.

Major Bodwell is a graduate of the Royal Military College, Kingston, and had been employed at one time by the Chinese Government as an engineer in railroad construction work, and had also been employed in a like capacity by the Transcontinental Railway.

NOT YET DECIDED

On the Alcoholic Contents of Beers To Be Sold

Toronto, April 19.—The Government has not yet decided on the alcoholic content of beers to be sold in the Province after prohibition goes into effect. This became apparent when the temperance bill was under discussion in the Legislature after midnight. Hon. W. J. Hanna said there was still in clause left. This was the clause respecting alcoholic content.

It was charged that a sergeant at the Ontario Reformatory who exposed wrongdoing had been compelled to retire, while the actual wrongdoers got off lightly. A joint session of the United States Congress was to be held at noon to-day when President Wilson will tell his decision regarding the submarine issue. The Utica, N. Y., Cheese Board has opened. There were sales of 1,519 boxes at 15 1/4 c to 16 1/4 c.

finished. No applause interrupted. A full minute after the President ceased speaking, a brief storm of applause broke, with the members on the floor and in the galleries participating. A "rebel" yell, given when he entered the chamber, was not repeated.

At the height of the cheering the President stepped down from the Speaker's platform and departed from the Chamber. He entered his automobile and was driven directly back to the White House.

The President had made no request of Congress. He had simply fulfilled a promise that he would address Congress in case he took action such as he reported to-day having taken. The Senators returned to their chamber, and the House resumed consideration of its agricultural bill.

The President said: "One of latest and most shocking instances of this method of warfare was that of the destruction of the French cross channel steamer Sussex. It must stand forth as the sinking of the steamer Lusitania did, as so singularly tragical and unjustifiable as to constitute a truly terrible example of inhumanity of submarine warfare as the commanders of German vessels have for the past twelve months been conducting it. If this instance stood alone, some explanation, some disavowal by the German Government, some evidence of criminal mistake or wilful disobedience on the part of the commander of the vessel that fired the torpedo might be sought or entertained, but unhappily such instances are many.

Disregarded Solemn Assurances.

"Again and again the Imperial German Government has given the Government its solemn assurances that at least passenger ships would not be thus dealt with and yet it has again and again permitted its undersea commanders to disregard those assurances with entire impunity."

"Great liners like the Lusitania and the Arabic and mere ferry boats like the Sussex have been attacked without a moment's warning, sometimes before they had even become aware that they were in presence of an armed vessel of the enemy and the lives of non-combatant passengers and crew have been sacrificed wholesale in a manner in which the Government of the United States cannot but regard as wanton and without the slightest color of justification. The ominous total of lives has mounted into hundreds."

Norwegian Steamer Sunk.

(Special to the Whig.) Lisbon, April 19.—The Norwegian steamer Terje Viken, 3,579 tons, has been sunk; crew perished.

Navigation is open on all the great lakes now.

DAILY MEMORANDUM

See top page 2, right hand corner, for probabilities.

THE DAILY BRITISH WHIG

Is on Sale at the Following City Stores:

- Bucknell's News Depot... 235 King St.
Clarke's J. W. & Co. ... 253 Princess
College Book Store ... 153 Princess
Coulter's Grocery ... 209 Princess
Cullen's Grocery, Cor. Princess & Alfred
Frontenac Hotel ... Ontario St.
Gibson's Drug Store ... 213 Princess
McAuley's Book Store ... 93 Princess
McGill's Cigar Store, Cor. Prin. & King
McGill's Grocery ... Market Square
Medley's Drug Store, 250 University
Paul's Cigar Store ... 78 Princess
Preston's Drug Store ... 213 Princess
Southcott's Grocery ... Portsmouth
Vallea's Grocery ... 308 Montreal

DIED.

BURTON—At Jones' Falls, on April 18th, 1916, Jeannette, wife of Charles S. Burich, aged eighty-six years, two months, two days.

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FAMILIAR QUOTATIONS

WORDS OF WISDOM FROM MANY THINKERS. Every day we omit obscure some truth we might have known.—Ruskin.