

YEAR 83, NO. 14

KINGSTON, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, JANUARY 20 1916

SECOND SECTION

ONLY WINNING ON THE MAP

But The Map Is A Liar, Says Palmer

KAISER IS HEMMED IN

BY SUMMER GERMANY SHOULD SUE FOR PEACE

Frederick Palmer, the Great War Correspondent, Points Out Wherein the Conflict Favors the Allies.

Frederick Palmer the American war correspondent, who has had an exceptional opportunity to gauge the trend of the war by his personal observations, writing in Collier's Weekly, says:

Is Germany winning? On the map she is. She has all of Belgium except a sliver; the richest portion of France; the best part of Poland; and Serbia is overrun. Except in her overseas colonies, the foot of no foreign soldier is on Germany's soil. She is fighting entirely on that of her enemies, her old frontier intact. The Italians hold a small portion of Austria; a thin slice of Galicia is still in Russian hands. This at the end of seventeen months!

When are the Allies to begin their offensive? Say all you will about "attrition" and "exhaustion," those snake lines drawn on Russian and French and Serbian soil stare the Allies in the face. Germany goes on advancing. When will the tide turn? Still the Allies are fighting to hold. They are not gaining—not enough so that you can see it on the map.

"Germany must be winning," says the wise neutral, thinking of the horde of prisoners Germany has taken, and with his dispassionate eye on that map. But in this war the map is the greatest liar in the world. For Germany is not winning.

The Map is a Liar

The map is a liar unless it covers the whole world and includes the seas and continents. If it does, England is winning too—by the map. But perhaps nobody is winning. Perhaps everybody is losing. I knew a man who won a thousand dollars in Wall street, but it cost him five thousand to win it. He was judging by a land map and not a world map.

In common with Germany, England has had not a single foreign soldier on her soil. Her empire is intact. She has annexed Egypt and Cyprus, taken German West Africa and Togoland and German Samoa and a few other bits of outlying domain. In order to win, all that England had to do was to hold what she possessed, while Germany, in order to win, must gain territory. It is really a war between England and Germany—on one side to hold, on the other to have. England holds. Germany does not have. She struggles for want of what England possesses. Take your map of Europe, extend the line from Flanders, following the British blockade, to Iceland, and you have only half the map fact. That line from the Channel to Iceland is the most important of all. Yet none of the newspapers ever publish it. Extend it across Italy, blockading the shores of Bulgaria, and Turkey to Suez, and you have more of the map fact.

The Only Chance

If Germany does win, it will not be due to her advance in France in the summer of 1914 or to her advance in the East in 1915, but to having brought Turkey, and Bulgaria into the war. Her campaign in the Near East is her big card. The sick man of the East is the weight in the balance against the British and the Russian empires, the kingdom of Italy and the republic of France.

The Mohammedan may settle the future of Europe and Christian civilization in Europe. If that is not satire enough on European politics, then the entrance of Bulgaria on the German side fills the gap. Four

OLD FOLKS NEED "CASCARETS" FOR LIVER, BOWELS

Salts, calomel, pills act on bowels like pepper acts in nostrils. Enjoy life! Don't stay bilious, sick, headachy and constipated.

Get a 10-cent box now. Most old people must give to the bowels some regular help. Else they suffer from constipation. The condition is perfectly natural. It is just as natural as it is for old people to walk slowly. For age is never so active as youth. The muscles are less elastic. And the bowels are muscular. So all old people need Cascarets. One might as well refuse to add weak eyes with glasses as to neglect this gentle aid to weak bowels. The bowels must be kept active. This is important at all ages, but never so much as at fifty.

Age is not time for harsh physics. Youth may occasionally whip the bowels into activity. But a laxative can't be used every day. What the bowels of the old need is a gentle and natural tonic. One that can be constantly used without harm. The only such tonic is Cascarets, and they cost only 10 cents per box at any drug store. They work while you sleep.

years ago Bulgaria, Serb and Greek were fighting under the Cross-against the Crescent for religious liberation. Germany's last stroke is toward the East. It is her last try for a knock-out blow.

Though she is on foreign soil, every campaign she has made has failed. Not one has gained its object. All her major plans have failed. So perhaps, too, have the Allies' major plans. But it does not, therefore, follow that Germany is winning.

"Oh, then it's stalemate," you say. "Nothing like it," would be my answer. "This war will be won in its last three months. It is going to be won between now and the first of November next, I think. The great test is to come."

While Germany is giving the impression to the world that she is winning, her statesmen and her staff have known from the 4th of August, 1914, that she could not win. From that day they were fighting to hold instead of to have. Just as England was fighting to hold—fighting for the stalemate on European soil which meant that Germany was "held." England may be on the defensive, but when she went into the war she put Germany on the defensive also—and Germany's only successful defensive, as we shall see, must be a successful land offensive. England knew that she had her stalemate when the German attacks of a year ago on the Aisne line failed and when her naval superiority was definitely established.

Cracking Under Strain

Germany insists that she is winning. She tells her people that she is. But have you ever looked through the German papers for copies of letters by British soldiers, or of letters from their relatives at home, which suggested any thought of yielding? Yet with every batch of German prisoners captured scores of such letters are found in their possession. The German soldiers are showing the strain. Their efficiency is decreasing; that of France and England increasing. And, make no mistake, those snake lines on the map indicating German soldiers on the soil of the Allies, have been burned into the brain of every Englishman and Frenchman. For it is she who expands her lines in Serbia and Bulgaria she needs correspondingly more men to keep them intact. Suppose that, instead of being able to take the offensive, she uses her magnificent railway system for rushing bodies of troops here and there in order to halt the offensive of the Allies—what will be the effect then upon German sentiment? What would have been the effect on Japanese sentiment if Lord Kitchener told the ministers of the British Cabinet that the war would be long they were skeptical. But now they know that he knew what he was saying about. He counted upon winning the last battle. That is the battle that England has always had to win, and usually has won, though we reversed the tables in the American Revolution.

The one chance that Germany has of winning is the chance that gave Japan victory. Though beaten, she may keep her secrets so close, conceal her wounds so well, that she will give the appearance of victory and deceive her enemies into compromise. But if the Allies keep on for another eighteen months, and if that Germany will be beaten. And if their money lasts! Watch and see if it doesn't. The Allied troops may never get to Berlin; they may never cross the Rhine; none of them may again enter East Prussia. But it will be Germany that will have to sue for terms because she is in a state of siege. Even rebellion in India, of which she fondly dreams, could not change the event. The British hold the sea. They have the superiority in dreadnoughts and battle cruisers who can smash anything above water. The methods they use in holding down the submarine campaign in the North Sea ought also to serve in the Mediterranean.

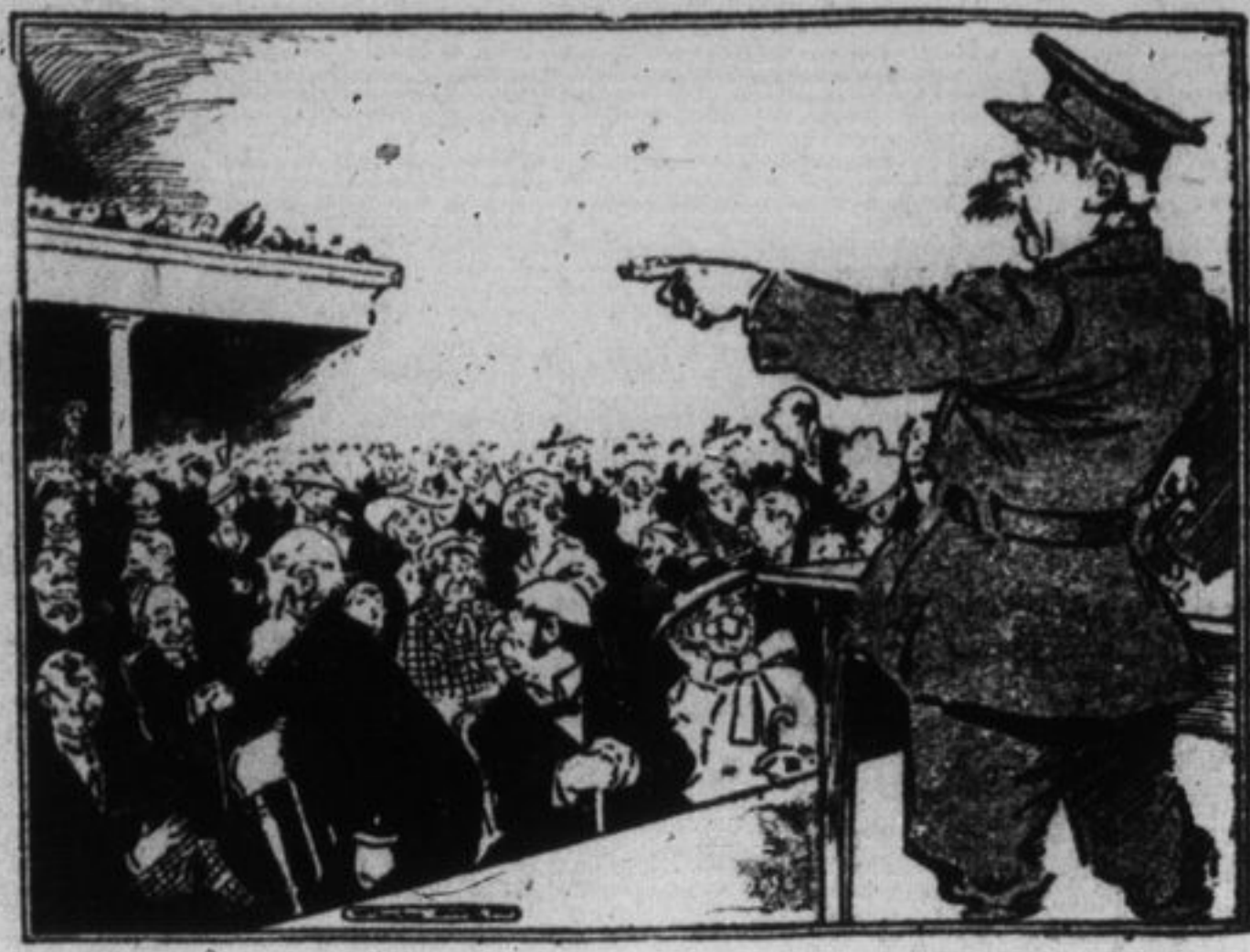
Germany is in the position of a man who strikes for want of air, for want of room. He lunges this way and that with the craving for breath for his lungs and space for his limbs. He pushes the wall back a little, but it is still there, dashing his own blood back in his face. He breaks through one door, but there is another beyond. The mental strain of such a battle is as severe as the physical. Next summer, if Russia comes back strong, and Turkey and Bulgaria are tamed, the walls will begin to fall in on the Germans.

Allies' Silver Bullets

The one chance that Germany has of winning is the chance that gave Japan victory. Though beaten, she may keep her secrets so close, conceal her wounds so well, that she will give the appearance of victory and deceive her enemies into compromise. But if the Allies keep on for another eighteen months, and if that Germany will be beaten. And if their money lasts! Watch and see if it doesn't. The Allied troops may never get to Berlin; they may never cross the Rhine; none of them may again enter East Prussia. But it will be Germany that will have to sue for terms because she is in a state of siege. Even rebellion in India, of which she fondly dreams, could not change the event. The British hold the sea. They have the superiority in dreadnoughts and battle cruisers who can smash anything above water. The methods they use in holding down the submarine campaign in the North Sea ought also to serve in the Mediterranean.

IN NEW ENGLAND MILLS

22,000 Operatives Assured of Increase in Wages. Providence, R.I., Jan. 20.—A raise in pay for 22,000 operatives in virtually all the textile centres of the State was assured yesterday through the posting of notices to employees in mills throughout the Buckton and Pawtucket valleys. While the amount of the increase is not named, it is understood that it will be about five per cent. to conform with that in other New England mills. The movements began in a few mills in this State last week, with the announcement that an advance would be effective on January 17th and by to-day most of the other mills had taken similar action.



HEARD BETTER WHERE HE WAS. Enthusiastic Recruiting Director: "I say, young man, way back there, why aren't you at the front?" The Would-Not-Be Recruit: "Oh, I can hear well enough where I am."

GERMANS FEAR AN ENQUIRY

Into The Baralong Case Lest They Lose.

BRITAIN GIVES VIEW

OF THE CASE AND THE HUMANITARIAN LAWS BROKEN—British Sailors Were Fired On While Swimming Ashore To Safety.

London, Jan. 19.—The British official view on the German note regarding the Baralong case was given out as follows: "The Germans claim that their army and navy have observed, during the present war, the principles of international law and humanity, and that the German authorities take care that all violations will be carefully investigated and punished. "Some surprise is expressed that the nation whose armed forces have been responsible for the sack of Louvain, the murder of hundreds of unoffending men, women and children on the Lusitania and other ships, of the execution of Edith Cavell, the poisoning of prisoners of war, the introduction of poisonous gases, the poisoning of wells, attempted torpedoing of hospital ships and countless other atrocities, should describe their methods of warfare as humane.

"It is further pointed out that it would be interesting to know how many German subjects, if any, have been punished for these atrocities. The Germans claim that the command of the submarine had the conviction that the Arabic was about to ram the submarine. The true facts are that the Arabic was deliberately sunk by a German submarine without warning, and that she neither attempted to attack the submarine, nor escape from it.

"With regard to the destruction of the British submarine E-13 in Dutch waters by a German torpedo boat destroyer, it is claimed that it came to a light between the war vessels and that the submarine defended itself with gunfire. The true facts are as follows: "The Germans found the submarine stranded in neutral waters and incapable of either offense or defence. The German de-

How Many Punished

"It is further pointed out that it would be interesting to know how many German subjects, if any, have been punished for these atrocities. The Germans claim that the command of the submarine had the conviction that the Arabic was about to ram the submarine. The true facts are that the Arabic was deliberately sunk by a German submarine without warning, and that she neither attempted to attack the submarine, nor escape from it.

THE NEWEST REMEDY FOR Backache, Rheumatism and Dropsy.

Kidney, Bladder and Uric Acid troubles bring misery to many. When the kidneys are weak or diseased, the natural filters do not cleanse the blood sufficiently, and the poisons are carried to all parts of the body. There follow depression, aches and pains, heaviness, dizziness, irritability, headaches, chilliness and rheumatism. In some people there are sharp pains in the back and loins, distressing bladder disorders and sometimes obstinate dropsy. The uric acid sometimes forms into gravel or kidney stones. When the uric acid affects the muscles and joints, it causes lumbago, rheumatism, gout or sciatica. This is the time to try "Anuric." Send for trial package. During digestion uric acid is absorbed into the system from meat eaten, and even from some vegetables. The poor kidneys get tired and backache begins. This is a good time to take "Anuric," the new discovery of Dr. Pierce for Kidney trouble and Backache. Neglected kidney trouble is responsible for many deaths, and Insurance Company examining doctors always test the water of an applicant before a policy will be issued. Have you ever set aside a bottle of water for twenty-four hours? A heavy sediment or settling sometimes indicates kidney trouble. The uric nature and character of diseases, especially those of the kidneys and urinary organs, can often be determined by a careful chemical analysis and microscopic examination. This is done by expert chemists of the Medical Staff of the Invalids' Hotel. If you wish to know your condition send a sample of your water to Doctor Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., and describe your symptoms. It will be examined without any expense to you, and Doctor Pierce or his Staff of Assisting Physicians will inform you truthfully.

Read all about yourself, your system, physiology, anatomy, hygiene, simple home cure, etc., in the "Common Sense Medical Adviser" a book of 1008 pages. Send to Dr. V. M. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., 6 cents and one-cent stamps for a cloth-bound copy. Customs prepaid.

NEUTRALS AND BLOCKADE.

Denmark is Doing All Possible to Prevent Leakages.

London, Jan. 20.—In connection with foodstuffs reaching the Central Powers through neutral states the British Government recently sent a specially-qualified business man on a mission to Holland and Scandinavia to investigate whether the legations at the various capitals were doing their work efficiently in supervising agreements and contracts for preventing leakage to Germany. On his return he reported to the Government that everything possible was being done to prevent such leakage. In behalf of the Government, it is argued that, although in the early months after the outbreak of the war large amounts of contraband did succeed in reaching Germany, the blockade since June has been very strict, and is ever growing more efficient. Moreover, it is added, the Danish agreement only became operative in November, and if the statistics of trade since November were published they would show how the blockade is continually tightening.

RUMORS ABOUT EGYPT TO MASK FOE'S AIM.

Germany Seeks to Divert Attention From Campaign With India As Goal.

Petrograd, Jan. 20.—A correspondent of the Russkoe Slovo, discussing German designs in Asia, argues that the German high command is deliberately spreading rumors of a projected campaign in Egypt in order to mask the true direction of the blow, which is aimed at the Russian Asiatic frontier and the boundaries of India. The correspondent cites the recent changes in Turkish generals, the influx of German instructors for the Turkish Army, and the persistent reports of the appearance of German units southeast of Tirmah Lake. After the rupture of the Serbian front Germany despatched troops to the Russian Asiatic frontier.

WAR WILL END IN 1916.

Premier Asquith Expresses This Belief in Message to Russian Press.

London, Jan. 20.—In a message to the Russkoe Slovo quoted by the Times' Petrograd correspondent, Premier Asquith expresses confidence that the year 1916 will witness the consummation of the hopes of the Allies in the final overthrow of the common enemy. The death occurred at Thorold on Jan. 14th of Margaret Gallagher, wife of Capt. John T. Towers.

JUDGE QUEBEC BY "MEN"

Not By Persons Like Bourassa and Lavergne.

SERIOUS CONVICTIONS

UTTERED BY MEMBERS OF THE COMMONS.

The New Casgrain Spirit Was Reproached By Hon. Mr. Lemieux—Canadian's Splendid Opportunity.

Ottawa, Jan. 19.—Parliament is not playing politics these days. It has more serious tasks and responsibilities. Whatever may be the use to which Henri Bourassa and the Armand Lavergnes may be put by politicians in the party game, there is evident a resolve upon the part of the legislators to give their performances scant consideration in this time of real stress and national concern. Parliamentarians were not talking for votes yesterday. They were solemnly stating convictions.

Hon. T. Chase Casgrain, the Postmaster-General, in the course of a telling and earnest speech, pleaded with the other Provinces of Canada to gauge the spirit and the heart of Quebec by its Lauriers rather than by its Bourassas. Mr. Casgrain stung the position of the Nationalists. "I ask," said he, "that Quebec be judged by its Laurier, its Lemieux, its Marcell, its Patenaude, its Blondin, and its Beaubien—not by the miserable, small group that would misinterpret its spirit and its heart."

Canada's Splendid Unanimity.

The Postmaster-General gloried in the splendid unanimity with which Canadians were putting their great task first. The speeches of Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Michael Clark were worthy of the position in Canadian public life which they enjoyed. The editorial utterances of The Globe, notably that of January 11th in response to a correspondent who wrote asking what Hon. George Brown would say as to its position, which editorial the Minister read to the House, was worthy of the leading Liberal Journal of Canada, and properly gauged the pulse of the

whole Canadian people." The same spirit had found expression in Le Soleil of Quebec, and in the writings of Hon. Charles Marcell in The Montreal Herald.

Hon. Mr. Casgrain feelingly alluded to the fact that Dr. Michael Clark had two sons on the firing line, one of them a member of the original dauntless Princess Patricia's. "There are now five of my own name and my own flesh and blood," added the Minister feelingly. "There were six, but one is dead." This was not alone England's war. Mr. Casgrain believed that the event of Teitoun triumph Canada would be made a German colony, and share the fate that befell Poland and Alsace-Lorraine.

End Sectional Prejudice

With warm words Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux, who followed, reciprocated the sentiments of the Postmaster-General. Mr. Casgrain, he said, spoke his life-long convictions. He spoke the same language to-day that he held in the electoral campaign of 1911. Very heartily Mr. Lemieux congratulated the Government upon his appointment. "He was needed, as you know, Mr. Speaker," commented Mr. Lemieux with a smile at Mr. Speaker Seignin's. He rejoiced that Mr. Casgrain had brought with him two important Ministerial converts, and he felt that the new Casgrain spirit would do much to end sectional prejudice and make for the unifying of an indomitable and determined Canada.

Mr. Lemieux referred to the sentiment which dominated the Opposition in the House. The true would be maintained. But truth did not spell abdication of duty or responsibility. The Opposition would be found whole-heartedly and unanimously behind every measure to bring the war to a speedy and successful termination, but it would be found ready to give counsel or criticism if necessary as to the scope of legislation, the spending of public money, and the methods of taxation. As an example Mr. Lemieux referred to the very serious reports concerning the Shell Committee appointed by the Government. It was said that large orders had been awarded without tenders being asked, that orders had been distributed among the members of the Commission, and that excessive profits had been made. It was the duty of Parliament to scrutinize and investigate. It was no answer to say that the money had been spent for the British Government. Mr. John Ross Robertson of Toronto had put it properly when he stated that the Commission, while not the steward of Canadian money, had been the steward of Canadian honor. Because of this the investigation should be especially thorough.

"KINGSTON'S FAMOUS FUR STORE"

HIGH Grade FURS AT LOW PRICES

The Big Annual Clearing Sale Is On.

Everything in our big stock is marked down—there is absolutely no reserve. Buying here means selecting from the largest and finest stock of Furs between Toronto and Montreal—it means buying in the oldest and most reliable Fur establishment in this part of Canada. Today our Furs are marked lower than they have been for many years—it is, indeed, a rare chance to buy.

Electric Seal Coats, 40 inches long, best quality	\$45
Muskrat Coats, 50 inches long, shawl collar and cuffs	\$35
Russian Pony Coats, 50 inches long, shawl collar, satin lined	\$35
Russian Lamb Coats, 30 and 32 inches long, best quality	\$140
Muskrat Lined Coats, with Western Sable collars	\$25
Black Wolf Sets (large Muff and Stole)	\$30 and \$35
Red Fox Sets, animal style scarf and pillow muff	\$23.50
China Lynx Sets (fine Black Dog), Muff and Stole, for	\$12.75
Natural Grey Wolf Sets, fashionable fur for young folks	\$14.50 and \$20
Alaska Sable Pillow Muffs	\$10
Choice Persian Lamb Muffs	\$20
Select \$40 Mink Muffs, for	\$25
Mink Marmot Sets (stole & muff)	\$9.99

ALL SALES FOR CASH—MAIL ORDERS CAREFULLY FILLED.

George Mills & Co.,

Makers of Fine Furs. 126 and 128 Princess St., Kingston.