

News And Views Of And For Canadian Farmers

A SERMON ON SEEDS

Prof. C. A. Zavitz, of the O.A.C.

Good Varieties.

Purity from Other Varieties.

Large, Plump, Sound, Well Matur-

ed Seed.

Seed of Strong Vitality.

Freedom from Diseases such as

Smut, Scab, etc.

Freedom from Weed Seeds.

These were the six heads under

which Professor C. A. Zavitz con-

sidered the good seed proposition at

Guelph last week when he applied

the lessons of the past year to practi-

cal agriculture.

So far as securing the best varie-

ties of crops for his farm is concerned,

there is little difficulty in that,

thanks to the various organizations

which cover the ground thoroughly.

He drew particular attention to

the following outstanding varieties:

O. A. C. No. 72 and O. A. C. No. 3

varieties of oats; Mandchurian and O.

A. C. No. 21 barley; Dawson's Gol-

den Chaff and Imperial Amber win-

ter wheat; Mammoth White winter

rye; O. A. C. No. 61 spring rye;

Common Emmer Rye Buckwheat;

New Canadian Beauty and Early

Britain Peas; Pearce's Improved

Tree Beans; Hairy Vetches; Early

Yellow Soy Beans; White Cap Yel-

low Dent and Wisconsin No. 7 Dent

Corn; Salzer's North Dakota Flint

Corn; Golden Bantam Sweet Corn;

Early Amber Sorghum, Ontario;

Variegated and Grimm Alfalfa;

Yellow Leviathan Mangels; Empire

State; Davies' Warrior and Extra

Early Eureka potatoes.

This year's experiments at the

College shed some light on the abil-

ity of varieties to stand the wet. "It

is interesting," said Prof. Zavitz, "to

note that the O. A. C. 72 oats gave a

yield at the rate of 103.5 bushels,

and the American Banner of 92.8

bushels per acre.

The Extra Early Eureka, a me-

dium early variety, gave an average of

326 bushels per acre in 1915, and an

average of 232 bushels per acre for

the past five years. This variety is

not only a large yielder but it is also

one of the freest from rot of all the

varieties of potatoes under ex-

periment.

In the average results for the

past nine years the Davies' Warrior

stands first with 235, and the Extra

Early Eureka second with 230 bu-

shels per acre per annum. It com-

pares the varieties tested for a lon-

ger period of time the Empire State

occupies the highest place in pro-

ductiveness. These three varieties

are all of good table quality,

the Empire State being particularly

good in that respect.

Purity From Other Varieties.

One of the great troubles in crop

production in Ontario is the lack of

purity of the separate varieties. This

has been noticeable even in connec-

tion with the field crops under com-

petition throughout Ontario in past

years. Good advancement, however,

has been made along this line and it

is now much easier to secure pure

grain of the leading varieties for

special purposes than it was a few

years ago.

Oats, 15.4 bushels.

Barley, 7.8 bushels.

Spring Wheat, 4.0 bushels.

Winter Wheat, 5.1 bushels.

Spring Rye, 3.8 bushels.

This represents in each case the

increased returns per acre for using

large, plump seeds in comparison

with small, plump seeds in a series

of tests repeated from four to nine

years.

"Very poor returns have been ob-

tained from grain broken or split by

the separator and peas injured by

the pea weevil," said the speaker.

"From germination tests which were

made at the College it was found that

only about 21 per cent. of large peas

and 41 of small peas which had been

injured by the pea weevil would

grow. In many instances the weevil

completely destroyed the germs and

in other instances weakened the vi-

tality and produced plants of uneven

growth."

According to the report of the

Bureau of Industries for Ontario the

yield of barley per acre for the past

sixteen years as compared with the

sixteen years previous has had an

increase of about 23 per cent.

This increase in yield per acre through-

out Ontario for the last period as

compared with the first period of

sixteen years would amount to about

\$35,000,000, or sufficient to main-

tain the Ontario Agricultural Col-

lege at its present cost of mainten-

ance for approximately 190 years.

The potato crop in Ontario in

1915 was the lowest of any year

since 1882, the average being only

about 7.3 bushels per acre according

to the latest reports. The results of

the experiments at the College for the

past year are very interesting and

important in showing the great

variation in different varieties.

One variety, the Snowball, gave

a yield of only 13 bushels per acre;

and another variety, the Hustler, un-
der similar conditions, gave a yield of

36 bushels per acre.

Freedom from Weed Seeds.

These were the six heads under

which Professor C. A. Zavitz con-

sidered the good seed proposition at

Guelph last week when he applied

the lessons of the past year to practi-

cal agriculture.

So far as securing the best varie-

ties of crops for his farm is concerned,

there is little difficulty in that,

thanks to the various organizations

which cover the ground thoroughly.

He drew particular attention to

the following outstanding varieties:

O. A. C. No. 72 and O. A. C. No. 3

varieties of oats; Mandchurian and O.

A. C. No. 21 barley; Dawson's Gol-

den Chaff and Imperial Amber win-

ter wheat; Mammoth White winter

rye; O. A. C. No. 61 spring rye;

Common Emmer Rye Buckwheat;

New Canadian Beauty and Early

Britain Peas; Pearce's Improved

Tree Beans; Hairy Vetches; Early

Yellow Soy Beans; White Cap Yel-

low Dent and Wisconsin No. 7 Dent

Corn; Salzer's North Dakota Flint

Corn; Golden Bantam Sweet Corn;

Early Amber Sorghum, Ontario;

Variegated and Grimm Alfalfa;

Yellow Leviathan Mangels; Empire

State; Davies' Warrior and Extra

Early Eureka potatoes.

This year's experiments at the

College shed some light on the abil-

ity of varieties to stand the wet. "It

is interesting," said Prof. Zavitz, "to

note that the O. A. C. 72 oats gave a

yield at the rate of 103.5 bushels,

and the American Banner of 92.8

bushels per acre.

The Extra Early Eureka, a me-

dium early variety, gave an average of

326 bushels per acre in 1915, and an

average of 232 bushels per acre for

the past five years. This variety is

not only a large yielder but it is also

one of the freest from rot of all the

varieties of potatoes under ex-

periment.

In the average results for the

past nine years the Davies' Warrior

stands first with 235, and the Extra

Early Eureka second with 230 bu-

shels per acre per annum. It com-

pares the varieties tested for a lon-

ger period of time the Empire State

occupies the highest place in pro-

ductiveness. These three varieties

are all of good table quality,

the Empire State being particularly

good in that respect.

Purity From Other Varieties.

One of the great troubles in crop

production in Ontario is the lack of

purity of the separate varieties. This

has been noticeable even in connec-

tion with the field crops under com-

petition throughout Ontario in past

years. Good advancement, however,

has been made along this line and it

is now much easier to secure pure