

3,000 GERMAN SPES IN UNITED STATES

Their officials are Assigning Deeds of Violence --Money Provided to the Spies Through the German And Austrian Consulates.

Providence, R.I., Nov. 15.—Dr. Joseph Gorick, the former member of the Austro-Hungarian Consular Service, whose revelations of alleged unneutral activities in this country has prompted an investigation by the Department of Justice, made vigorous reply to-day to the denials of the Austro-Hungarian Embassy and several Austro-Hungarian consuls that they had been fomenting trouble in munition plants, and constantly intriguing with spies and other secret agents to the Providence Journal Dr Joseph Gorick made this statement: "Did anybody expect that these men were going to acknowledge the fact? I can simply give my word of honor that what I have said is the truth, and that the facts are going to be proved to the satisfaction of the American people. "I will state further that no act of violence, or fraud, whether it be a fire in a munitions factory, the explosion of a bomb on board a ship, or the establishment of a fraudulent passport office, springs from the demoralized mind of any single individual. Every act is planned in advance; men who can be trusted to go through with such criminal performances are selected in advance, and the whole scheme is worked through a system. Individuals are simply carrying out orders that they get from the men above them. "My fifteen years' experience in the foreign service of Austro-Hungary has given me exact knowledge of this spy system, which is directed by the German Embassy through Captain Boy-Ed and Captain von Pappen, acting directly with Consul-General von Nuber in New York. "These three men have full and complete knowledge of the exact movements of every German and Austrian spy in the United States. In spite of their assertions that they are innocent of any wrongdoing, or of any knowledge of the burning of munitions plants, or the wrecking of ships, they are in immediate touch with every transaction. "Every central empire spy operating in this country to-day is officially listed in the offices of these men, and their records are kept in complete index form. There are, I should judge, from my personal knowledge, about 3,000 of these men in the United States to-day, and every one of them will do exactly what he is ordered to do, and considers himself in fact he really is, a soldier under the direct instruction of his military superiors. No one of these men would dare to act on his own responsibility in a foreign country before he had secured the approval of the representative of his Government in that country. These men have kept in touch with the military and naval attaches of either the German or Austrian Embassy, or else with the Consuls I have named in my previous statements, and from them they secure all maps and charts, sailing lists of steamers, and the precise location of factories where ammunition is being manufactured. "They have to visit the official representatives of their country in order to get the sums of money they need to carry out their instructions.

It is a standing order in all the German and Austrian Consulates that these spies are never to be given more than the amount of money necessary to carry them over the one specific job they have on hand at any one time. "Do the American people think that Captain von Pappen's somewhat innocuous statement about Archibald in his letter discovered on Archibald is an isolated expression of opinion? The truth is that, since the beginning of the war in every German and Austrian Consulate in this country and in both embassies, Americans have been 'dogs' and 'pigs' and 'beasts' whenever reference has been made to them. The people of this country do not understand the contempt with which these men view them and their almost entire freedom from restraint in every illicit act they are performing. "No passport fraud agent in New York or Cleveland or Philadelphia or the three cities are full of them—could live and do business a day without the sanction and friendly assistance of the Austrian and German officials. When the truth is known concerning the actual sums of money that have been spent in this country for the purchase of newspapers, the subsidizing of college professors, the destruction of munitions plants, the hiring of halls, the payment of travelling expenses for hundreds of men who are constantly moving about the country, and for many other purposes, the amount will stagger the imagination."

PAPERS LAUD CHURCHILL

Now Ask if He Was Really Responsible for Drastic Errors. London, Nov. 16.—Winston Spencer Churchill will leave next Wednesday to join his regiment in France, according to the Weekly Despatch. Laudatory editorials appear in some of the morning papers here justifying Winston Spencer Churchill in quitting the cabinet under the circumstances which have already been indicated. The Daily Mail asks whether Mr. Churchill was really responsible for the "unfortunate Dardanelles miscarriage," and says that he leaves office with the good wishes of every one in the country. "Other papers, not friendly towards Mr. Churchill, are also asking whether Mr. Churchill's plans in the Dardanelles, and the other undertakings for which he was supposed to be responsible, failed of their object through delay or mismanagement, or through neglect on account of other persons in the Government or administration. Lord Rosebery writes to the Times advocating that the Government should take advantage of Mr. Churchill's resignation to take into the Cabinet some non-political man of business, "if only for the purpose of retrenchment and to supply sorely needed new blood." The Morning Post strongly advocates the formation of an official opposition in Parliament, to force upon the Government improvement in the conduct of affairs.

IRON MINES CLOSE DOWN

Moose Mountain Proposition in Ontario a Failure. Sudbury, Nov. 16.—Moose Mountain Iron Mines at Sellwood, which loomed large as one of the most important iron mining possibilities in Ontario, a few years ago, have closed down indefinitely after a series of disappointing experiments of the past several years to commercialize the immense bodies of ore which they control. It is estimated that over a million dollars has been expended by the Gates interests, of New York, and the Mackenzie and Mann interests, of Toronto, in this endeavor.

Traced By Photo

Orilla, Nov. 15.—Some time ago B. F. Stewart, Orilla's well known photographer, received a photo of a young lady from a Canadian Red Cross nurse, which had been found on one of the soldiers killed in France in May. The photo had been taken by Mr. Stewart, and had his name on the bottom of the card. The photo was sent him for the purpose of finding the original of the picture, and thus notify her of the death on the battle field of her fiancée, friend or relative. At first opportunity Mr. Stewart went through his negatives, and thus traced the young lady of the photo, who is Miss Blake, of R. R. No. 1, Orilla. He wrote and gave her the facts in connection with the affair, and Miss Blake called and received the photo, which she had sent in April last to her brother, who had enlisted in a Welsh regiment. The letter from Mr. Stewart was the first intimation she received that her brother had been killed in action, and she is now endeavoring to get further particulars.

Col. H. M. Elliott, in command of Sewell Camp in Manitoba all summer, will take over the duties at Ottawa of master-general of ordnance.

WEEKLY FOOD COST ROSE

Increase of About Three Points in Index Number. Ottawa, Nov. 16.—The Labor Department's monthly summary of the average prices of commodities entering into the cost of living shows that there was an increase of about three points during the month in the departmental index number. It now stands at 149.9, as compared with 147.2 for the month of September, and 139.7 for the month of October last year. Advances occurred in grains, dairy products, fruits and vegetables and cotton, but fodder, flour, oatmeal and sugar were lower. The average cost for the Dominion of a weekly budget of staple foods for the average workingman's family is given as \$7.81, as compared with \$7.73 in September, and \$7.99 in October of last year. There was another slight fall in rents reported in Ontario and in British Columbia.

MARRIED MEN ENLIST

White Single Men Rush to the Munitions Factories. London, Nov. 16.—James O'Grady, M.P., and a member of the labor recruiting committee is quoted by the Weekly Dispatch as saying in an interview that the reason Premier Asquith made the pledge that the thousands of married men would be put into effect after November 30th if young men did not come forward voluntarily and enlist, was because when the recruiting scheme of the Earl of Derby, director of recruiting, was put into operation, the main response was by married men. The thousands of young unmarried men, Mr. O'Grady says, meantime flocked into the munitions factories.

GRAHAM AND M'GARRY

SPOKE IN RENFREW ON SUNDAY NIGHT

Lieut. Williams of the Canadian Grenadier Guards Makes a Lively Recruiting Speech. Renfrew, Nov. 15.—Hon. George P. Graham and Hon. T. W. McGarry faced a large audience of their own constituents Sunday night, when, in the Renfrew Opera House, after the close of church services, they delivered patriotic addresses. The meeting was held under the auspices of the Comfort Committee of the local branch of the Red Cross Society, a committee composed of ladies, who, during the course of the meeting, took up a collection of \$160 for the sending of Christmas gifts to the soldiers overseas. The chair was occupied by G. G. McNab, Inspector of public Schools, and president of the Renfrew branch of the Patriotic Society. In addition to the speeches by South Renfrew's Parliamentary representatives, there was music by the Citizens' Band, soloists Mrs. Mansfield, Mr. Oldham and Mr. Breckenridge, and a recruiting speech by Lieut. Williams, of the Canadian Grenadier Guards. Lieut. Williams complained that so far, in looking for recruits to the Guards, much opposition had been met "from wives, sisters and sweethearts." He said that in coming to Renfrew county no such trouble was anticipated, after the excellent showing in men and money already made by the county. Both Messrs. Graham and McGarry had warm praise for the work which Renfrew had so far done in connection with the war, hundreds of men having been recruited here, and large sums of money having been subscribed for the different funds. They urged that the good work be continued, and the need of Canadian help by the Mother Country continued to be urgent. Both of them paid their respects to those Nationalists of Quebec who have been declaring that Canada ought not to participate in the present war, pointing out the extreme unwisdom of such a course.

RUSH TROOPS TO PERSIA

To Safeguard the Lives of Allies' Citizens. SITUATION RESEMBLES DEVELOPMENTS PRECEDING ENTRY OF BULGARIA.

Into the War—The Russian Minister to Persia Makes a Reassuring Statement. London, Nov. 15.—The Times correspondent at Petrograd quotes the Russian newspapers as commenting on the growing gravity of the situation in Persia and its ominous resemblance to the developments which preceded the adhesion of Turkey and Bulgaria to the Teutonic cause. "The Germans already have begun the formation of the cadres of a future Persian army," the correspondent says. "The newspapers insist on the necessity of grappling with the situation without wasting time in negotiations."

Reuter's Agency correspondent at Petrograd learns that Russia and Great Britain have arranged to act in concert in military measures to safeguard the lives and property of subjects of the Allies in Persia, owing to the increasing German and Austrian intrigues in that country. Russia and Great Britain, however, accept Persia's assurances that she has not entered into arrangements with Germany and Turkey. Persia's Shah, having resolved to remain in Teheran in the hope of a favorable issue of negotiations between Persia and Russia, the population of Persia has been reassured, says a telegram dated Friday at Teheran and received at Petrograd today. The despatch adds: "The Mussulman clergy displayed great resolve in their sermons during the Muharram festival. "The Russian Minister to Persia made a reassuring statement to the Russian colony, outlining the measures to be taken for the protection of life and property of individuals in the event of complications at Teheran. "Persians report that Suleiman Mirzari the democratic leader in Parliament, and Suleiman San, Assistant Minister of the Interior, are retiring from public life, as are other officials who are opposed to Russia."

THE SPORT REVIEW

At the annual meeting of the Winnipeg Amateur Hockey Association a resolution was passed in favor of the promotion of patriotic hockey.

The following Sailing Committee was elected by the R. C. Y. C., at Toronto: Messrs. T. B. F. Benson, N. R. Gooderham, Aemilius Jarvis, M. A. Kennedy, J. S. McMurray, E. K. M. Wedd, J. F. Wyllkin.

That the Wanderer hockey club's franchise in the National Association is on the market, and that owner Sam E. Litchenstein is ready to accept a substantial financial loss in order to dispose of his holdings was announced.

The American Amateur Athletic Union has decided to investigate the charges against George Goulding, the world's champion walker. Goulding has made a denial on all counts, but the Registration Committee intends to investigate.

WAR'S SLAIN, 5,000,000

Estimate of Noted Swiss Military Statistician. Basle, Nov. 16.—Colonel Heussler, a Swiss military statistician, calculates the total losses in killed in the present war at 5,000,000. Colonel Heussler's estimate of the number of fatalities in the present war is higher than any hitherto made, whether official or otherwise. Neither France nor Russia issues totals of casualty lists, while Germany either combines her losses with those of Austria-Hungary or designates what is Prussian, leaving the other states of the empire to make public what they choose. On July 31st Premier Asquith announced in the British House of Commons that the first year of the war showed the total number of slain, based on German as well as British calculations, to have been over 2,000,000 distributed as follows: Great Britain 116,000 France 422,000 Russia 732,000 Belgium 47,000 Serbia 64,000 Japan 300 Total Allies 1,360,300 Germany 482,000 Austria 341,000 Turkey 45,000 Total Teutons 868,000 Grand Total 2,228,300 Since then there has been nothing published by which a later total could be reached. On this basis, however, which shows a monthly average of 185,666 slain, the total of the nations recorded, omitting Japan, would be to November 15th, from August 1st, 1914, 3,877,834, to which may be added the unofficial estimates of those killed on the Austro-Italian front (Austrians 110,000, Italians 30,000), making a grand total of 4,017,834 killed since the war began.

LORD MAYOR REPROVED

Bishop Perrin Declares Mansion House Banquet Outrage. London, Nov. 16.—Bishop Perrin, formerly of British Columbia, and now suffragan to the Bishop of London, in a newspaper interview reproves "the exhibition of intemperance in eating and drinking as indicated by the Mansion House banquet." He declares it nothing short of an outrage and thinks the Lord Mayor should have invited his guests to tea and coffee followed by the customary speeches, and then Mr. Asquith and the others should have gone home to a two-course dinner. The King's lead in temperance has been rendered impotent by His Majesty's ministers, declares the Bishop.

John Healey, who for the last seven years has been manager of the La Corona Hotel, Montreal, has resigned his position, and will leave shortly for New York.

CRUISER LIES IN WAIT

Danish Ship Vinland Hesitates to Leave Norfolk, Va. Norfolk, Va., Nov. 16.—The Danish steamer Vinland this morning berthed at the Lambert's Point Coal piers, but by instructions of Captain Moller, who is in New York, will not attempt to load her cargo of coal until instructions have been received from the officers of the American Trans-Atlantic Line, incoming steamer officers to-day all reported that an English cruiser, with two funnels, but displaying no name, is patrolling the entrance to Chesapeake Bay, but keeping well beyond the three-mile limit. It is believed to be the Caronia, which chased the Vinland down the coast. That she is waiting for the Vinland to again put to sea, and intends to make the Dan a war prize, is not doubted here. The same feeling prevails among the officers of the steamer. The Vinland is scheduled to load a cargo of coal for some South American port, yet to be announced by the company. It is admitted by the officers that it was also the intention of the owners to transfer her to the American registry before sailing from Norfolk.

WILL DEFEAT GERMANY

More Fatally in Second Than in First Year. (Special to the Whig.) London, Nov. 15.—Winston Churchill in the Commons yesterday afternoon said Germany may be defeated more fatally in the second or third year than if the Allies had entered Berlin in the first year, because of the enemy's lack of men.

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GERMANY CANNOT STAVE OFF DEFEAT

General Russky Declares Huns Surrender By Whole Battalions--Fifth Ally Soon, Says Noted Russian--Balkans But Secondary Theatre of War.

Petrograd, Nov. 15.—London Daily Telegraph despatch—Gen. Russky has given the following interview to the correspondent of the Bourse Gazette: "We are now guaranteed against unpleasant surprises on the part of the Germans. The time for surprises is past. The Germans are still strong, but not so strong that we need fear them. "The Anglo-French army has so thoroughly fortified itself that if there are surprises they can only be agreeable to our Allies. "Wait a little and there will be a fifth ally. "By not advancing the enemy in reality is retreating. Recently he also has been deteriorating in physique. "At Dvinsk we are delivering tremendous blows by our transition to the aggressive. The Germans now surrender readily in whole companies and battalions. This, in my opinion, is an ominous sign. Their men, worn out by privations and the cold, show no trace of their former self-confidence. These are facts, not illusions. "The Balkans are a secondary theatre of war. It is not there that the fate of nations will be decided. Even if Germany should operate successfully in the Balkans she will merely make things temporarily easy for herself. She cannot probably save herself. "The story of the landing of Russian troops on the Bulgarian coast is untrue. However, do not doubt that in anticipation of such a landing the Germans will send troops to protect Burgas and Varna, so the Bulgarians will avoid an encounter with those who freed them and any

psychological eventuality may happen, including the mutiny of the Bulgarian troops. The Germans will reckon with these possibilities and, hurling all the Bulgarians against the Serbians, themselves will take charge of the Black Sea coast. "We He Decided in France. London, Nov. 15.—Col. Repington, the Times' military expert, says: "We are absolutely certain to win the war if we set about it in the right way; as sure to lose if continued in the wrong way. The decision lies in France, to which offensive main operation all else must be subordinated. "In the other theatres we must act defensively with as few troops as possible. Making every use of geographical and maritime advantages, which, properly used, can defeat all attempts on Egypt. "We must have no more knight-errantry, no more tourist trips hundreds of miles from the sea. We must build up a larger military force—if necessary by compulsory service—30 new divisions at least, so we may be able to throw in the last reserve which decides war and battles and may be able to impose a peace in consonance with our interests. "Finally, it should be made a penal offence for members of the war committee to write in a language with which they are not conversant memoranda on strategical subjects. We have called in a specialist and must allow him to prescribe, forsaking the quacks and crystal gazers of the past. "By strict adherence to these principles the war committee may restore victory to our arms and prevent British strategy becoming permanently the synonym of folly."

ville seven are anxious to see the league formed, and there is no doubt but what Cornwall would be glad to come in. Hubert Tebo, on behalf of the St. Patricks, announced yesterday that his club would be willing to join. Smith's Falls could also be taken in, which would make it a five-club league. Manager Tebo will get in touch with the officials of the O. H. A. in Toronto next week, and it is likely that efforts will be made to organize the league within two weeks. The clubs throughout the Ottawa valley which are desirous of entering the league play fast hockey for amateurs, and there is no doubt but what the Ottawa people would support the league well. Tommy Lowery, who played against Kingston last year, stated that they are faster than any Ottawa team and could hold their own in any league. Brockville played here last winter and gave a good account of themselves. Little is known of the Cornwall seven, but several years ago the home town of "Newly" Lalonde boasted of one of the strongest teams in Canada.

Queen's Hockey Notes

Queen's certainly has a generous infusion of hockey blood this year. There is no doubt in the minds of hockey fans, moreover, that Queen's will have a strong if not stronger team than last season. "Box, who comes from Renfrew, seems to be the pick of the new blood. Wallace, of Woodstock College, is another speedy forward. Besides these two men we have four other recruits from the Junior O. H. A. or Intercollegiate in Toland, Stewart, Cooke and Williams. "Goddard, of last year's defence, will again be in uniform, and Jack's end to end rushes are always dangerous. "Rappelle, Purvis and McGregor, who have played steadily as substitutes on our Seniors last year, will be out again. "Paoli, the captain of Queen's Intermediate team, winners of the Eastern section can hold down the goal position. "Several offers from Pittsburg and Boston have already been received for exhibition games to be played there in the fore part of the season. "The shareholders of the Grain Growers' Grain Company concluded their annual meeting at Winnipeg by passing a resolution in favor of free wheat and re-electing the old directors. "Forty young men enlisted at a reception in Hamilton to returned soldiers, who scored the indifferent, and a similar rush of recruits followed a parade and speeches at Stratford. "The body of Sir Charles Tupper arrived at Quebec on the Metagawa and was conveyed to Lewis and thence to Halifax.

and the Worst is Yet to Come.

