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Have You Tried GYPSUM WALL PLASTER? It Saves Time  
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**SANTAL MIDY**  
CATARRH BLADDER relieved in 24 HOURS  
Each Cup contains 100 grains MIDY  
Nature of granular salts  
No increase in Price.

**Given Away FREE!!**  
Eight-Piece Kitchen Cutlery Set, given away free at our store for \$15.00 in cash trade.  
Nearly 100 already have been given out, and everyone who received a set is more than delighted.  
Ask for a card to-day and get one of these sets while they last.  
They also make an excellent Xmas gift.

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**GOTHIC THE NEW ARROW**  
3 for 25c COLLAR  
IT FITS THE CRAVAT

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ROYAL TABLE MUSTARD  
SELECTED PAPRIKA  
CLUB HOUSE OLIVE OIL  
**D. COUPER**  
Phone 76, 341-3 Princess St. Prompt Delivery.

## WHIG MAN ON TOUR

SEES EDWARD H. PERRY OF CENTREVILLE

Who Has Been Reading The Whig For Almost Seventy Years—Was Formerly a County Councillor.

"I have been a reader of the Weekly British Whig for almost seventy years and wish to sign up for another year," said Edward H. Perry who resides on Centreville R. M. D. No. 1, to a Whig representative on Tuesday afternoon. Mr. Perry is in conversation with the Whig man stated that he would be very disappointed if anything should happen which would stop the Whig reaching him. Mr. Perry, who is 76 years of age, was born in Ernestown, being a son of the late Ebenezer Perry who was well known throughout the district. His father, who always took a great interest in municipal affairs, was a member of the Council for Ernestown and Sheffield before Lennox and Addington were separated from Frontenac. He is a grand son of Daniel Perry, who settled near Bath. The late Peter Perry, formerly of Lennox and Addington, was his great uncle. Isabel Vrooman, formerly of Ernestown, was his mother's name.

When a youth Mr. Perry moved to the township of Barrie in 1861. For years he took a great interest in municipal affairs, with the result that in 1863 he was elected as a councillor for Barrie and Clarendon. In those days Clarendon was joined to Barrie for municipal purposes. Clarendon separated from Barrie the same year and joined Miller, Brantwell Watkinson was the first reeve after the union. At that time the Councilmen elected the reeve by open vote. In 1865 Mr. Perry was elected reeve of Barrie and set as a member of the County Council for Frontenac. Among some of the men who were members of the County Council in those days were the late D. D. Calvin, Thomas Dawson, (now Sheriff Dawson), and R. Spoor, Wolfe Island, W. Madie, better known as the "Maiden of Frontenac," represented Portmouth, while Kingston was represented by John Flanagan and Peter Day. Mr. Perry was a county councillor for seven years, sitting under four wardens.

In 1871 he moved from Barrie to Camden. During his term of office in the County Council, the largest lawsuit which was held was heard in connection with the timber allowances in the county. The McLaren's of Perth were accused of taking about \$2,390 worth of stumps. James O'Reilly was counsel for the county while Mr. Morrison, feed merchant, was foreman of the jury. Mr. Perry, who was very much interested in the case, can well remember driving eighteen witnesses to Kingston to give evidence. On account of there being no railroads, it was necessary for the witnesses to ride to Kingston on a lumber wagon. The trip took two days. The county got judgment for \$2,390.

Mr. Perry can well remember when the late E. J. B. Pense, proprietor of the Whig, reported the sessions at the county council during his term of office. He kept a number of hounds for the convenience of hunters. Kingston parties composed of Judge Burrows, States Consul, Hans, Mr. Minny, of the customs office, Frank Draper, John Fraser and Hugh Ralston, paid a visit to his home and went out hunting. He has in his possession a revolver given to him by Mr. Hans and which was used in the American war.

In 1870, Mr. Perry was married to Amelia Rogers, daughter of Joseph Rogers, who resided near Bath. Four children were born, three boys and one girl. Mr. Perry's father subscribed for the Whig over seventy years ago, and when Mr. Perry got a home of his own he got the Whig for himself. In the early days while he lived in Barrie only one mail was received at the post office each week and then they had to walk five miles to get it. Although he worked a farm all his life he finds the work is too hard for him now, and for that reason his son Peter looks after the work.

**Christmas Presents For Canadians**  
London, Nov. 1.—The Canadian War Contingent Association at the request of the National Service Committee, Toronto, is distributing a pocket wallet to every Canadian soldier at the front and in England at Christmas, containing writing materials. This kind of general gift was adopted on the suggestion of Gen. Alderson.

**Cheese Markets.**  
Listowel, 1.892 at 15 3-8c.  
Kemptville, 482 at 15 3-8c.  
Cornwall, 1,519 at 15 1-2c.  
Iroquois, 845 at 15c.  
Napanea, 1,170 at 15 1-16c.  
Pictou, 1,158 at 15 3-8c to 15 11-16c.

Corp. Louis Fontaine, of the 75th Battalion, was suddenly taken ill at St. Catharines with uraemia, and died at the hospital.  
A dull intellect can never be brightened by ridicule.

## EXPORTING FISH.

Western Canada is Finding a Good Market for Product.

Notable developments are taking place this fall in the fisheries of Western Canada. The announcement is made by the Grand Trunk Pacific authorities that whitefish is now being shipped in car lots from Lesser Slave Lake in Northern Alberta to Chicago. The construction of the Edmonton, Dunvegan, and British Columbia Railway northward from the main line of the C. T. P. has made this lake accessible, and in its waters are great numbers of fish. Two companies have been formed to carry on the fishing in the lake, and the Canadian Express Company is being called upon to supply special refrigerator cars to take the fish to Edmonton and thence by way of the Grand Trunk Pacific to Winnipeg and by connecting lines to Chicago. A great distributing point for fresh fish, the Chicago market states that it can take all the whitefish that can be sent from Western Canada, and the transportation companies, it is expected, will have to enlarge their arrangements next year to meet the growing traffic. Chicago is also taking from Canada large quantities of fresh Prince Rupert halibut, and the fishery industry is very busy breaking the Pacific Coast port. Over fifteen million pounds of fish handled in the month of August was Prince Rupert's record. While the salmon end of the industry was the largest part of the business, halibut showed up well, with 2,106,490 pounds landed at this port. The salmon catch for the month represented 12,939,700 pounds of fish, representing at a modest valuation well on for three-quarters of a million dollars. Of the salmon catch, 4,950 hundredweight was used fresh or shipped fresh. There was about 223 hundredweight that was mild cured, while the remainder was canned. In the canning process, 149,527 cases were taken care of during August. There were 14,000 pounds of cod taken and used fresh, and sounders represented 1,000 pounds.

## BIG WHEAT FIELDS.

Some of Canada's Huge Western Farms Breaking Records.

A farmer in the Lethbridge district figured early in the harvesting season that a reasonable estimate of his wheat crop would be 2,500 bushels. After he had finished threshing he found that he had underestimated the total yield by 2,380 bushels. Campbell & Son, prominent farmers of the Barlett district, have secured an average of 53 bushels from 640 acres, and they have just loaded several cars of the crop, at a price to them of 83 cents. Thomas Judson, the well-known farmer, has a yield of 65 bushels to the acre from 50 acres. Joe John of Redway had an average of 60 from 20 acres. Grain yields in the Magrath district are breaking all previous records. From the reports coming in it is almost certain that the entire wheat crop of the district will average better than forty bushels to the acre.

The best yields reported thus far come from the well-known John I. Chipman farm just south of Magrath. Mr. Chipman's wheat, averaged slightly better than sixty bushels per acre, while his field of barley made the splendid average of 75 bushels. Probably the most remarkable crop threshed is that of Emil Ehlert's. Mr. Ehlert was hauled out last July and was awarded 35 per cent. hail insurance. With the long spell of ideal growing weather following this disaster the grain took well, and even ripened before the frosts came. Mr. Ehlert has just finished threshing this crop and obtained a 45-bushel average. Mr. Ehlert thinks that his entire crop would have gone better than 70 bushels per acre had it not suffered so seriously from the hail.—The Lethbridge Daily Herald.

## Didn't Get a Job.

In the earlier nineties Sir Mackenzie Bowell was Federal Minister of Trade and Commerce. Although verging closely on to eighty years of age, he took a trip on horse back through the Rockies and the famous Kootenay country. Arriving at Revelstoke one afternoon, he and his party were rather tired, bedraggled, and disabused after their long journey. Going into a newspaper office, Sir Mackenzie presented an appearance more like that of a "tramp printer" than a Cabinet Minister. Greeting the proprietor, the veteran Parliamentarian said that he was an "old hand at the same" and inquired if there was any chance for a job. The publisher, not recognizing his visitor, remarked in a kindly tone that things were rather quiet just then and that he had no vacancy. Sir Mackenzie thanked him, and walked out. That evening, on learning that a Cabinet Minister was in the city, the newspaper proprietor looked up the party at the hotel, and could scarcely believe his eyes when he discovered who the supposed "tramp printer" was. The former Premier regarded the occurrence as a good joke, and frequently recalls the incident as one of the most amusing in his public career.

## The Bishop of Huron.

The Bishop of Huron (D. Williams), who brought in the report of the Prayer Book Revision Committee to the recent synod in Toronto, is an Old Countryman who was educated at Oxford University, but who has lived in this country for some twenty-eight years, and has labored all that period in the one Diocese of Huron. The bishop has, it is said, figured as one of the leading figures in a novel which at one time had some vogue in this country, and the scene of which is laid in Stratford. The bishop is an Evangelical Churchman. It is thought that one day he will succeed to the archbishopric of the Province, a post for which his organizing ability would admirably fit him.

A Royal Commission has been asked for to investigate civic administration in Montreal.  
Two Catholic priests and two prospectors have been murdered by Hudson Bay Eskimos.

## REINFORCING THE "PATS."

Universities Are Supplying Men to Fill Thinned Out Ranks.

The universities of Canada have now for some time been working loyally together to reinforce that gallant regiment the Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry. Three companies have already gone overseas, numbering nearly 900 men, and a fourth company is now under formation at Montreal.  
The Universities Companies are now known throughout the length and breadth of Canada, so that there is a continuous flow of men of the right type to Montreal. Not only do such men find entry to a famous regiment but they are rapidly equipped and trained and sent without delay overseas to England, where they are comfortably billeted in huts at an excellent camp near the sea on the south coast of England. Moreover the men secure the great advantage of good comradeship with congenial spirits of similar tastes and antecedents.

The first company under a notable officer, Captain Gregor Barclay, has been declared by regular officers of experience to be second to none compared with any company of any army in the world.  
The second company was raised over-strength in severity by Captain G. McDonald and Captain Percy Molson. Both companies are now in France.

The third company sailed eighty over strength because the newspaper publishers of Canada were good enough to be known, through their columns, that the company was being formed. This resulted in such a rush of recruits that it was necessary to apply to the Militia Council of Ottawa for a special authority to increase the strength from 250 to 330 men. Each man before embarkation was written to a friend who is a likely recruit and tells him of the advantages of the Universities Company, that even before the men have disembarked a fresh company is assembling on the McGill campus at Montreal.

Recruits are examined locally by an Army Medical Officer and are attested by a magistrate in the nearest city, after which an application is made for transportation, which is speedily furnished from Montreal.  
This system is effective and rapid, and free from red tape. There are in nearly every city representatives of the various universities who are always ready to help forward the good work, and to give information to men anxious to enlist.

The regulations respecting enlistment, pay, and separation allowances are precisely the same as those for other Canadian troops.  
At Montreal, the University lends buildings for barracks and the campus for drill ground. Affiliation with the McGill Officers Training Corps is a great benefit, and interesting tactical work is carried out on the slopes of Mount Royal.  
There is competent instruction in tactics, musketry, bayonet fighting, and trench making. The C. P. B. is kind enough to lend its gallery for shooting practice. A machine gun is available and signalling, now of immense importance, is also taught.

## He Overcame Obstacles.

The late Sir William Van Horne used to relate himself how he first became interested in drawing. He was at the time an office boy or junior clerk in the draughting office of the Illinois Central in Chicago. His work allowed him no opportunity to learn anything about draughting in business hours, but he determined to master the subject some day. Accordingly he stayed at night after everybody else had gone, and taking such plans as lay about he would hold them up against the glass of the window and copy the lines on a blank sheet. The copies he would then take home to his boarding house and study out in detail in his own room. A kind landlady invariably kept his supper for him when he stayed late in this way. Eventually he started in to make designs himself, and one day one of his drawings came into the hands of the chief draughtsman, who instituted inquiries and found out who had executed it. Van Horne was called to him, but instead of being reprimanded for meddling with things that were none of his business, was told that he had done a remarkably good piece of work. After that he was given every encouragement.

## Exports Show Up Well.

In exports, Canadian trade has decreased a trifle from 1914, but has made an increase over every year from and including 1912, and the aggregate trade of both imports and exports, amounting to \$1,078,173,246, while it is smaller than 1914, compares with \$862,699,832 in 1912. The following principal articles of import into Canada for the year are of interest. They show the great calls made by Canada on other countries for the provision of staple and luxurious articles. The volume of trade with the United States for the year shows a notable increase, and the ratio of imports from the United States into Canada for the year is very great, being partially a reflection of the war. Of a total of \$455,371,371 imported merchandise, no less than \$296,822,506 came from the United States. This included \$12,444,472 of wood and wooden manufactured articles, out of a total of \$14,505,163 that came in.

## Force of Habit.

"Do you think Titewad will recover from his present illness?"  
"Not a chance of it now. Some fool friend, in an effort to cheer him up, told the old fellow that cemetery lots and coffins were cheaper than they had been for years. Of course, he is not going to neglect a chance to save money."

Generosity.  
Women are naturally generous. While one woman will keep a secret, 99 will give it away.  
The halves are not equal in the division of favors between same men and their wives.  
The man who kicks at the church, kicks at one of the best assets in the community.

Pure, clean, flavory and strong, in sealed packets.

# Red Rose Tea "is good tea"

New York Fruit Store  
314 PRINCESS STREET. Phone 1405

**"KITCHENER"**  
Is the name of the new Electric Iron made by the Canadian General Electric Co.  
Under the new power rates, it will cost only 2-2 cents per hour to operate this Iron.  
—FOR SALE AT—  
**Halliday's Electric Shop,**  
Phone 94 345 King Street



For "Better Luck" with Your Pastry

Of course, there is a "knack" about making good pastry—as there is about making most things.  
But careful following of a good recipe, and the use of Crisco in place of butter or lard, will help much toward satisfactory results.



You will find that, if you use Crisco, your under crust especially will be tenderer than if made with either butter or lard.  
It will be light, dry, flaky—and so tasty that your only difficulty will be in having enough of it on hand to satisfy the family.

Crisco works equally well with all sorts of pastry flours.  
The wrapper around the 1 1/2 pound can gives a reliable pastry recipe. Careful attention to measurements and to the directions for using Crisco will bring success.  
Made in new, sanitary, sunlit factories at Hamilton, Canada

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Keeps Coal and Coal Keeps SOWARDS.

**FORD**  
Motor Oil, Cup Grease and Fiber Grease for sale at  
**H. MILNE**  
Phone 542, 272 Bagot St.  
All oils delivered on short-est notice.

**Best by Test**

All the words in the dictionary will never make a poor shoe give satisfaction or service. Mere words are empty and prove nothing.  
It is the test of actual wear that counts, and it is because **Invictus** has successfully stood the test that its popularity has grown so rapidly.  
If you wish to secure the shoe of proven worth you should buy "**Invictus**," "the best good shoe."

**The Sawyer Shoe Store**  
Agents.