

Great Britain Offers Cyprus To Greece

ANSWER OF GREECE IS BEING AWAITED

She Has Long Coveted Cyprus--All She Has to Do Is To Cast Her Lot In With the Allies To Get It.

London, Oct. 21.—Great Britain has made a formal offer of the island of Cyprus to Greece as soon as Greece undertakes to intervene in the war on the side of the Allies.

Cyprus is the third largest island in the Mediterranean, sixty miles from the coast of Asia Minor.

Offer Follows Ultimatum. The offer was made to Greece after the Entente Ministers had delivered a practical ultimatum to Greece.

ALLIES SEND 400,000 MEN TO THE AID OF SERBIA

London, Oct. 21.—At least 400,000 British and French troops will be sent to the Balkans to help the Serbians and to invade Turkey and Bulgaria, it was learned on reliable authority to-day.

GERMANS LOSE IN SOUTH BUT THREATEN RIGA

London, Oct. 21.—Battles south of Riga, where the Germans have made some progress in the new thrust at the Baltic province port and in Volhynia and Galicia, where the Russians have gained rather important victories, are now competing in interest with the operations in the Balkans.

Field Marshal von Hindenburg, who is in command in this region, reported two days ago that his forces had reached the River Drina, but, as on previous occasions, this broad and fast-running waterway appears to have held him up for the time being.

The situation, however, is considered by the Russians to be more serious than it has been for a long time, and there is again talk of the evacuation of Riga by the military, who have been in sole occupation of the city since the civil population left a month ago.

At the other end of the eastern front, the position is just the reverse. General Ivanoff, who has proved himself to be the most aggressive of the Russian commanders, has been striking hard at the Austro-German forces on the middle Styria and all along the fringe of Galicia that is still in Russian hands.

At several places he has driven his opponents back, and there is a report to-night that the Austrians have evacuated Czernowitz.



Large forces of Allied troops are now being rushed northward through Greece to Serbia. The most important place on the battle line shown is Vranja, where the Bulgarians cut the Nish railroad. Shocking barbarities took place here.

Grand Duchess Wouldn't Marry Kaiser's Son

Paris, Oct. 21.—According to an Amsterdam telegram to the Agency Fourrier the Grand Duchess of Luxembourg as being so strongly urged by agents of the Kaiser to consent to a marriage with one of the Kaiser's sons that after many refusals she has declared that she will not marry at all.

Carson Resigns to End Discord In the Cabinet

London, Oct. 21.—Coming direct from Buckingham Palace, where he is engaged to King George the seals of his office on his resignation from the Cabinet, Sir Edward Carson appeared in the House of Commons yesterday afternoon and sat at rest all his retirement.

Botha Back Again

St. John, N.B., Oct. 21.—Patrick McEriarty, Melford, N.B., is dead at the age of 104. He went out to record his vote in the municipal elections and collapsed as he entered the polling booth.

Will Strike Note of Horror Through World

London, Oct. 21.—With the publication of a report by Grand Whitlock, American Minister to Belgium, of the efforts he made to save Miss Edith Cavell, the English nurse who was shot at Brussels as a spy, full details of affair will be given to the world, it was announced by London newspapers to-day.

The report will appear in the English press on Friday. According to the Mail, it "will strike a note of horror throughout the world."

SEVERE GERMAN REVERSE

London, Oct. 21.—The Germans have suffered a severe reverse and lost several positions, 3,500 prisoners and considerable equipment to the Russians in the Baranovich region, midway between Vilna and Pinsk, according to Petrograd despatches this afternoon.

France will buy 20,000 horses in Canada if suitable animals are found. Italy also is in the market.

NO GENERAL ELECTION

Ottawa, Oct. 21.—It seems certain that there will be no general election in Canada for some time to come, and probably none until after the war is over. It is stated authoritatively in political circles that Sir Wilfrid has expressed himself to the Prime Minister as agreeable to an extension of the term of the present parliament.

Germans Fail To Get Through French Lines

Paris, Oct. 21.—In a tremendous effort to break the French lines at Rheims, the Germans have failed pitifully, the War Office announced to-day.

The attack followed a heavy bombardment, said the statement, and was regarded as having been made with the greatest "violence and density." There were said to have been three attempts along a five-mile front. The French artillery and machine guns, however, were reported to have decimated the German forces before they reached the French barbed wire entanglements.

A German night attack in Bois-Ginchy also was reported repulsed. A Teutonic attempt against the French post east of Moncel likewise failed.

The Serbians are evacuating Nish. The National Bank and Government archives have been removed. An important part of the military assistance given to Serbia by France is the sending of a hundred aeroplanes and crews.

Under Secretary of War Tennant announces that 5,000 to 6,000 recruits a week are not enough for the requirements of the army.

The Austro-Germans are experiencing enormous difficulties in Serbia. The enemy is defending its positions bravely, and rains are making progress almost impossible.

French wounded arriving at Salonika indicates fighting with Bulgarians to northward. Austrians in the Moravia valley are trying to join the Bulgarians in Serbia.

General Von Kluck believes that the Allies "cannot break the western line, though he could see no end to the war as long as England fights and America supplies ammunition.

The London Evening News said on Wednesday that the British Government would take immediate steps to prevent the exodus of Englishmen to colonies to escape conscription, should it be decided upon.

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AN IMPETUOUS RUSH SMASHED THE ENEMY

Petrograd, via London, Oct. 21.—Russian cavalry charging the Germans at Fodehertich, west of Ralafolva, in the recent fighting, broke through their lines of defenses and overrode the trenches, inflicting heavy losses and seriously interfering with the evident plans of the Germans to dig in along the Styria River for winter quarters.

Along the front of the Styria and Stocked Rivers the Germans apparently have renounced their offensive. Reports received from prisoners taken their manned largely by worn out troops from the Dvinsk-Riga front who have been southward to recuperate. The men, the prisoners assert, were surprised by the impetuous rush of the Russian cavalry and broke from their positions, founded through the marshes, more than a thousand of them falling into the hands of the Russians.

The capture simultaneously of Novo Selski, where another huge bag of prisoners and munitions was taken is considered to have further weakened the German line and to have threatened their position from the Priquet to the Niemen. There is evidence of a continuous rush of troops from this district to the northern theatre in the vicinity of Dvinsk and Riga.

ASQUITH MAY RESIGN TO SOLVE DEADLOCK

In British Cabinet Over the Conscription Question--Sir Edward Carson Objects to Undecided Policy at War's Most Critical Stage.

London, Oct. 21.—That Premier Asquith's illness will prove so serious as to compel his resignation, ending a virtual deadlock in the British Cabinet, was the growing belief in some quarters.

Following the audience granted by King George, Tuesday, to A. Bonar Law, Colonial Minister in the present coalition cabinet, who, as a Conservative, certainly would become Premier if Asquith, a Liberal, should retire, his Majesty yesterday received Sir Edward Carson, who quit as attorney-general out of dissatisfaction with the Asquith ministry's war policy.

These conferences were widely interpreted as indicating that a general cabinet shake-up is at least under consideration.

Though there was no idea that France was making any suggestions concerning the British Ministry, it was believed also that the matter may have been indirectly involved at the cabinet committee meeting, Tuesday, with War Minister Millerand, of France, and French Minister Cambon, at which it was taken for granted the Allies' military policy was discussed.

Asquith Losing Influence. That Asquith was losing influence was generally conceded, many even of his friends having openly come over to the view that, though a capable administrator, the Premier is not the man for such an emergency as the present one.

It was learned on reliable authority to-day that Sir Edward Carson's resignation was his personal protest against what he considers the Government's drifting, inactive, undecided policy at the war's most critical stage.

It is known that he had been thinking of resigning for a month. The existing cabinet deadlock—more generally referred to as a truce—is over the conscription question. The plan the pro-conscriptionists finally agreed on provided for exemption of all workers engaged in munition making, general manufacturing, exporting, mining or railroading, and for directing the country, compulsion being resorted to only in districts failing to furnish their quotas of voluntary enlistments.

They insisted, however, that a bill to this effect be formulated immediately to avoid loss of time if Lord Derby's plan for stimulating voluntary enlistments fails. This the anti-conscriptionists refuse to concede.

Before his reception by the King, Carson had had a conference with Foreign Minister Sir Edward Grey. Later—Premier Asquith spent a good night, his physicians announced to-day, adding that he is on the road to speedy recovery.

Bulgarians Have Occupied Radujevatz

Paris, Oct. 21.—The Bulgarians to-day occupied Radujevatz, Serbia, the inhabitants seeking refuge in Roumania.

Radujevatz is in Northeastern Serbia on the Danube at a point near the Serbo-Bulgarian-Roumanian frontier.

The capture indicates the progress of the Bulgar move toward a junction with the Teutonic forces in Northern Serbia.

Mother Wins in Japan. Tokio, Oct. 21.—Olga Ellis, little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Ellis, both Americans, was awarded by the Japanese courts to-day to the mother. Mrs. Ellis sued in Massachusetts several years ago for her daughter's custody and won her case, but in the meantime Ellis has taken the little girl to Japan. The mother followed. Ellis teaches English in Japanese schools.

DEATH.—At St. Joseph's Hospital, Kingston, on October 19th, 1915, by the Rev. Father Bernard, Sutherland, Hesper, Ont., a son (stillborn).

MARRIED. CUNNINGHAM-BLACK.—At Cushman Hall, Kingston, on October 19th, 1915, by the Rev. Father Bernard, Sutherland, daughter of Mrs. Elizabeth Black, to Bernard Cunningham, Kingston Mills.

DIED. DEACY.—At the Monastery of the Hotel Dieu, Kingston, on October 20th, 1915, Sister Margaret Deacy, Funeral mass in the Convent Chapel, 7:30 Friday morning.

ELLISOTT.—In Cataract, on October 19th, 1915, Rev. Joseph Elliot, aged 67 years. Funeral from his late residence, Cataract, Friday morning at 10 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances respectfully invited to attend.

MCCARTHY.—In Kingston General Hospital, Saturday, October 17th, 1915, Horace A. McCarthy, of Yarker, aged 48 years.

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HORATIO BOTTOMLEY. Liberal member, who says that Asquith will retire, and Bonar Law will become temporary Premier.

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SIR F. E. SMITH, Solicitor-General, who it is believed will succeed Sir Edward Carson, who has resigned owing to differences of opinion over the Eastern questions.