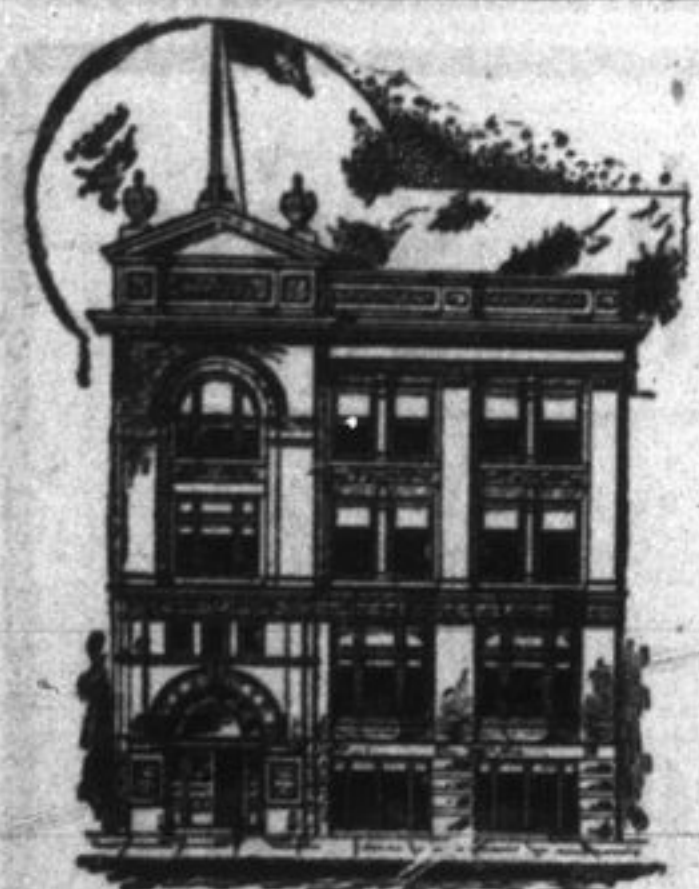


The British Whig
SUNDAY



Published Daily and Semi-Weekly by THE BRITISH WHIG PUBLISHING CO., LIMITED.

J. G. Elliott, President
Leman A. Gullis, Managing Director and Sec.-Treas.

Telephone:
Business Office 343
Editorial Rooms 225
Job Office 232

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
(Daily Edition)
One year, delivered in city \$6.00
One year, if paid in advance \$5.00
One year, by mail to rural offices \$5.50
One year, to United States \$3.00
Six and three months pro rata.
(Semi-Weekly Edition)
One year, by mail, cash \$1.00
One year, if not paid in advance \$1.50
One year, to United States \$1.50
Six and three months pro rata.

Attached is one of the best job printing offices in Canada.

TORONTO REPRESENTATIVE
H. E. Smallpiece, 22 Church St.
U. S. REPRESENTATIVES
New York Office, 215 Fifth Ave.
Frank R. Northrup, Manager
Chicago, Tribune Bldg.
Frank R. Northrup, Manager.

PANACEA TO GOOD GOVERNMENT

Prof. Leacock, McGill University, is evidently out of tune with the Federal Government which he helped to elect. He opposed Reciprocity. He played into the hands of the men who dictate the policy of the Government, and he is now compelled to say:

"When a manufacturer in an industry already protected to the extent of twenty, thirty or forty per cent. raises a clamor for the exclusion of foreign goods, the thing passes from protection to plunder. The proper answer for such a man is to throw at his head a militia boot with a paper sole and a hole in the side."

He sees no virtue in the "Made in Canada" slogan. It can be carried too far, and to the disadvantage of the whole people. Developing the business of Canada to the largest extent, if the interests of the labour-capital, and labour as much as capital, is a fine thing. But developing capital at the expense of the labourer and consumer is another thing, and one which the free trader, or tariff for revenue men only does not approve. It would appear by Prof. Leacock's article in the University Press that he has regretted, if not repented, of his course in the last election.

J. M. Teller, the leader of the Opposition in the Quebec Legislature, declines a seat in the Federal Government, which shows his good judgment. Quebec promises to make a national wreck of any one who throws in his fortune with the Borden Government at the present time.

POWER OF EXAMPLE.
The example of Britain, in the unanimity with which all parties have worked in connection with the war, suggests to the New York Herald the feasibility of bringing the leading men of America into conference on the same subject.

"Is it not high time," asks the Herald "for our politicians and party to lay aside differences of opinion and come together for the good of the country on the one all absorbing, all important matter concerning the nation? Mr. Wilson may have ripe and experienced advisers, although they are not known, and such men as Mr. Taft, Mr. Roosevelt, Mr. Root and Mr. Knox are far too broad to stand aloof if he should call them in to consultation. The country first!

In the closing hours of last August, when party strife had led Great Britain to the very verge of civil war, in the twinkling of an eye all elements of party unity rushed together and presented a united country to the enemy across the Channel to his confusion and dismay. The country first and first and last the country!"

If Britain can forget that it has had several political parties, that some of them were in very hostile mood not so long ago, and that a national menace united them; if in the United States, a neutral country, the members and ex-members of the Government can think of consulting on the most serious issues, those that affect the present and future welfare of the Republic; how much more should there be a slaking of party differences in Canada and a harmonizing of the political leaders on the war in which Canada is engaged.

The information from Ottawa is to the effect that some party and political differences exist, with regard to the recruiting and uniforming and equipping of the newer contingents.

These differences should entirely disappear, and they will if the Government undertakes to run only one thing at a time, the war, and to let every other issue go.

The British Government will control the liquor trade absolutely in certain districts, and a Royal Commission will have the power of deciding what the compensation of the license-holders should be. The men on this Commission will surely earn their fees.

DEVILISHNESS OF GERMANY.
Let us hope that the story is not true that the Germans, in pure devilry, and in exhibition of the blackness of their hearts, have put a number of British prisoners into a Zepplin hangar and burned them to death. Vengeance is mine, says the average German, acting in the spirit of the war lords, and of the Kaiser himself, but there is a God that will take care of these miscreants if the powers of earth fail to call them to account.

"When we come to the end of the war," said the Premier of England, "we shall not forget the horrible record of calculated cruelty and crime, and we shall hold it to be our duty to exact just reparation against those who are proved to be guilty agents and actors as it may be possible for us to do."

Speaking, we are told, with greater emotion and animation than the cold of stern fighter ministers had ever before displayed, Lord Kitchener had denounced Germany's "flagrant disregard" for the articles of the Hague Convention while they lied for murderous savagery with the behaviour of the Dervishes of the Soudan. Two of the Hague articles he quoted:

Article 4 reads as follows: "Prisoners of war must be humanely treated. All their personal belongings, except arms, horses, and military papers, remain their property."

"Article 7 lays down that: Prisoners of war shall be treated as regards rations, quarters, and clothing on the same footing as the troops of the Government which captures them."

These articles have been disregarded by Germany. The British prisoners have been maltreated in various ways. They had been shot, deliberately and in cold blood. They had been stripped when wounded, insulted, and abused in the detention camps. They had been starved and subjected to solitary confinement. Lusted of all they had been overcome with delirious gases, though Germany had been a signatory to the article at the Hague which provided that these gases should not be used.

Language failed Lord Kitchener, and his associates in describing the atrocities of the Germans, and genius may fall them later in inventing suitable forms of punishment of the guilty. But Mr. Asquith says reparation must be made, and presumably in kind and degree to meet the exigencies in each case.

EDITORIAL NOTES.
Hon. "Bob" Rogers can see his finish as a political boss in Manitoba. Without the control of the voters' lists he is undone in that province.

Eighteen, new automobiles, of one make and style, reached the city on Wednesday. An evidence that some people, and perhaps the larger number, are not suffering from the hard times.

The Hamilton Herald is right. Fast cruisers are not of special service in conveying merchantmen through the war zone. What are wanted is torpedo boat destroyers, which are faster than the cruisers and designed for the service to which they are assigned.

Germany says the damage by its submarines to neutral ships will be paid for without recourse to the prize courts. What of the lives that were sacrificed on neutral ships by the destruction of these submarines? Will they be paid for? Can Germany in this respect buy sufficient atonement?

It will now be in order—the Toronto World begins the feat—to moralise upon the futility of the Roblin Government trying to serve the people without the confidence of the people. But the attempt would have been made but for the Lieutenant-Governor.

When Canadians are so willing to serve the Empire, and so ready to win recognition by distinguished performance, they should be recruited and equipped as fast as possible. The delay in getting some of the troops away is simply incomprehensible.

A report from the front says that the Canadian-made boot is all right, that is the one that contains the specified leather and is made according to a specified plan. Which does not remove or destroy the fact that the Canadian Government equipped a large number of the First Contingent in a scandalous manner.

Hon. Dr. Montague with his majority of one managed or mis-man-

aged the Works Department of Manitoba and the scandals of it overwhelmed the Government. He's a hoodoo, and he's never been anything else. As a patriot he has had ideals up to which he has never been able to live.

Vancouver's Board of Trade protests against the discrimination which the War Supplies Commission of the Federal Government is showing in the purchase of boots. The orders are again being divided among the faithful, and with the usual result. The soldiers are not getting their equipment as they should.

A sergeant in the British Army, writing in the London Chronicle, says that in a retreat from the enemy's trenches at Bois d'Ally, he "saw a German officer exterminate about fifty wounded men who had not been able to get away." The sight almost made him crazy. Of the records of German barbarities there seems to be no end.

Some of the Lords in England are finding fault because the papers do not print more of their speeches. The papers are to be congratulated. They are showing great discrimination. The details of what the nation's heroes are doing at the front are of infinitely greater value than the warblings of some of those has-been legislators.

PUBLIC OPINION.

Answer Later.
(London Advertiser.)
Somebody inquires as to what is the matter with the British submarines. The best answer to that will be when the Germans come out from Kiel.

Elbert's Adversaries.
(Brandon Expositor.)
Elbert Hubbard, "The Philistine", has gone down, with all his talents and all his eccentricities. At the hands of the Philistines he lost his life.

Still the Wonder Grows.
(Brussels Post.)
We can't help wondering what W. S. Dingman of the Stratford Herald, will ever do with the \$5,000 for twelve months' work on that Commission.

Soulless Monster.
(New York Herald.)
If Dr. Bernhard Dernberg had one single human instinct he would put a padlock on his ever active mouth and retire to seclusion while the United States mourns over and buries its murdered dead.

Canada's Business.
(Montreal Star.)
This is Canada's business, Canada's only business. Not political speech-making, writing, and electioneering. That would be trifling. That would be treason. That would be an unutterable crime.

Mistakes the Man.
(Toronto Globe.)
Rev. Salem Bland has the vocabulary of a drunken navy, according to The Toronto News, which, however, may know more about how a drunken navy talks than of the Winnipeg professor's conversational gifts.

One Booming Industry.
(Syracuse Post-Standard.)
There's a military prophet and a war strategist in every cross roads cracker barrel, every caloon and every street car platform, and they are all woking overtime, with a constant demand for their products. There's one booming industry.

KINGSTON EVENTS
25 YEARS AGO

Forty-seventh Battalion, Frontenac—To be Lieutenant-Colonel, from April 18th, 1890, Major George Henry Hunter, M.S., vice G. A. Kirkpatrick, retired.
To be Major, Capt. and Brevet Major William Mories Baillie, G.S.I., from the Adjutancy, vice G. H. Hunter, promoted.
To be Quartermaster, Staff-Serjt. Robert Wilson, vice G. Thompson, retired.
To be Assistant Surgeon, John Percy Vrooman, M.D., vice R. W. Garrett, M.D., transferred to 14th Battalion.
No. 3 Company, Sydneyham—To be Second Lieutenant, provisionally, Sergt. George Blake, vice J. Corkill, resigned.



Rippling Rhymes
Walt Mason.

GOOD AND EVIL.
The poet got his facts avry, concerning what lives after death: the good men do lives on for aye, the evil passes like a breath. A noble thought, by thinker think, will live and flourish through the years; a thought ignoble goes kerplunk, to perish in a pool of tears. Man dies, and folks around his bed behold his tranquil, outworn clay: "We'll speak no evil of the dead, but recollect the good," they say. Then one recalls some noble trait, which figured in the ice-cold gent. "He fixed the Widow Johnson's gate, and wouldn't charge a doggone cent." "Oh, he was grand when folks were ill; he'd stay and nurse them night and day, hand them the poultice and the pill, and never hint around for pay." "He ran three blocks to catch my wig when April weather was at large." "He butchered Mrs. Jagsay's pig, and smoked the hams, and didn't charge." Thus men conspire, to place on file and make a record of the good and they's forget the mean or vile for which, perhaps, in life you stood. The shining heroes we admire had faults and vices just like you; when they concluded to expire, their failings kicked the bucket, too.

A PROPHETIC POEM.

The Anglo-German War Was Forecasted in 1911.

London Express.
We have received a short poem of a remarkable character. The lines were composed on Christmas Day, 1911, and were written by a relative of a Burnley gentleman, who has shown them to us as a curious instance of prophecy. The author is J. R. Vaine, whose name is associated with many poems and songs, which he has himself set to music. He has been many years in America, and the poem is therefore interesting as a case of American precience.

The German War Cry.
To arms, to arms, to arms—
This is the Germans' cry,
To arms, to arms, to arms—
You see our colours fly!
You English and the French we'll meet.
And sink the ships of your big fleet.
And let you see that we can beat!
To arms, to arms, to arms!

To war, to war, to war,
You hear the Germans shout,
To war, to war, to war—
We'll knock you English out!
For all your ships upon the sea
Will not stop us, as you will see;
Our mighty strength will make you flee
From war, from war, from war!

To war, to war, to war,
With the Ruler of the Waves;
To war, to war, to war—
We'll make you Britons slaves,
So we can rule o'er land and sea;
For the Emperor of Germany
On England's throne he longs to be—
He cries, "To war, to war!"

To arms, to arms, to arms,
We're ready for the fray,
To arms, to arms, to arms,
We'll sail at break of day,
And rouse the Lion from his den—
You time is very near the end;
You know, it is, so do your men—
It's war, it's war, it's war!

The English War Cry.
To arms, to arms, to arms,
We hear your German cry;
To arms, to arms, to arms—
And our colours also fly!
Our ships of steel are on the wave,
Waiting for your Emperor brave
To venture near the Lion's cave
With arms, with arms, with arms!

To war, to war, to war!
You'll find us ready, too,
To war, to war, to war,
Will ever do with the \$5,000 for twelve months' work on that Commission.
Our ships are not so easy sunk
As German ships—what we can junk
So keep your Emperor from his bunk
In times of war, of war!

To war, to war, to war,
Go the Rulers of the Waves;
To war, to war, to war,
Britons never shall be slaves,
But always rule o'er land and sea,
And the Emperor of Germany
On England's throne shall never be
In times of peace—or war!

To arms, to arms, to arms,
Our foe are on the waves,
To arms, to arms, to arms,
We'll give you watery graves!
The Lion's come from out his den
With many mighty gallant men
To fight you—well, until the end
Of war, of war, of war!

When the War Will End.
London Mail.
The answer to the famous question "When will the war end?" is "Six months after Great Britain has adopted national service." This is the belief of the men at the front. "The answer," says Major Baird, "is that it depends entirely on the people of this country putting the weight which a nation of forty-four millions is capable of putting into the struggle. When that is done the struggle will be very near its end." Unhappily Mr. Lloyd George has just told the nation that Ministers imagine the war can be just as successfully prosecuted without "conscription". He has not learnt wisdom from the example of Abraham Lincoln. At the opening of the Civil War and for two years afterwards Lincoln maintained his abhorrence of conscription, yet he had to come to it at last. Had he introduced it sooner it is the unanimous belief of soldiers that the war would have been greatly shortened. Had he refused to introduce it at all, the United States would have been destroyed.

Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Garvin, Smith's Falls, announce the engagement of their daughter, Mary Williamson, to Taylor Mackay, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Mackay, Smith's Falls. The marriage will take place the latter end of May.

Beginning at midnight on Saturday of this week, Eastern Standard time will be the official time of the city of Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Garvin, Smith's Falls, announce the engagement of their daughter, Mary Williamson, to Taylor Mackay, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Mackay, Smith's Falls. The marriage will take place the latter end of May.

Beginning at midnight on Saturday of this week, Eastern Standard time will be the official time of the city of Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Garvin, Smith's Falls, announce the engagement of their daughter, Mary Williamson, to Taylor Mackay, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Mackay, Smith's Falls. The marriage will take place the latter end of May.

Beginning at midnight on Saturday of this week, Eastern Standard time will be the official time of the city of Detroit.

Copyright, 1915 by Adams Newspaper Service

Genuine Panama Hats. Bibbys. Genuine Panama Hats. Leather Suit Cases Special for \$3.95. Bibbys Great \$4.00 Shoes. Bibbys \$2.00 Hats. Men's Spring Suit Carnival --- Men's Suits \$9.00. Men's Suits \$12.50. Men's Suits \$15.00. Bibbys, 70-80-82 Princess St.

FARMS For Sale. The following are some of our farm bargains. 20 acres Price \$1,600. 200 acres Price \$2,000. 100 acres Price \$2,000. 200 acres Price \$3,300. 85 acres Price \$3,300. 50 acres Price \$3,500. 114 acres Price \$3,750. 109 acres Price \$4,000. 120 acres Price \$4,750. 150 acres Price \$5,000. 150 acres Price \$6,000. 200 acres Price \$7,000. 280 acres Price \$10,500. 400 acres Price \$24,000. For particulars consult T. J. LOCKHART, Bank of Montreal Building, Kingston. Phone 1035 or 1020.

COLONIAL PUMPS For the Women Who Want Natty Footwear. We are showing a complete line of this popular Summer Shoe in Patent and Gun Metal Leathers. \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$5.00. J. H. SUTHERLAND & BRO. The Home of Good Shoes.

The Easiest Way To End Dandruff. There is one sure way that never fails to remove dandruff completely and that is to dissolve it. This dissolves it entirely. To do this, just get about four ounces of plain, liquid arvon; apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips. By morning most, if not all, of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applications will completely dissolve and entirely destroy every single sign and trace of it, no matter how much dandruff you may have. You will find, too, that all itching and digging of the scalp will stop instantly, and your hair will be buoy, lustrous, glossy, silky and soft, and look and feel a hundred times better. You can get liquid arvon at any drug store. It is inexpensive, and four ounces is all you will need. This simple remedy has never been to fail.

AUTO LIVERY Bibby's Garage. A-1 Auto Mechanics Agents, Dodge Bros. Phones: 201, Garage; 917, Residence.

We're Proof Against Base Hits. as to methods of doing business. When we "play ball" it gets our rivals guessing. All our sporting Goods and Games are the best offered and at the lowest prices ever put upon such high-grade goods. Baseball Outfits for Clubs, Schools or Associations. In-door and Out-door Games of all kinds. Fishing outfits a specialty. Come here and get the best while paying the lowest.

Treadgold Sporting Goods Co. BETTER GET YOUR MIND ON THE COAL QUESTION NOW

Use Crawford's Coal.