

ALLIES CAN BREAK THE GERMAN FRONT

They Made Gap But Failed to Follow Up Their Advantage--Teutons Sparing in Their Use of Ammunition.

The French Official Report Says Things Are Unchanged in France and Flanders--A German Aeroplane Was Brought Down at Rheims--What the German Official Says.

(Special to the Whig.)

London, April 3.--The official British observer with the French army, in his latest report, issued last night, compares the results achieved by the French offensive in Champagne with the objects with which the operations were undertaken.

The French official report says that the German offensive in the eastern theatre has been held in check. The British official report says that the German offensive in Champagne was held in check.

The second lesson learned is that a serious attack on one point has an effect on the enemy's plans and fighting power at every other point.

stand the German offensive in the eastern theatre.

The French Official.

(Special to the Whig.) Paris, April 3 (Official).--The War Office made the following announcement today: In the regions of Somme, La Flandre and Donpierre, mining warfare continued with noticeable advantages for the Allies.

The German aeroplane dropping bombs on Rheims was brought down by French artillery, and the two aviators, unhurt, were taken prisoners.

In Alsace we have made some advances.

The situation in Flanders, where the Belgians and the British hold the line, is practically unchanged.

Germany's Cheerful Report.

(Special to the Whig.) Berlin, April 3.--Today's German official says: The Belgian attempt yesterday to win back Klosterhook farm, which the Germans occupied on March 31st, resulted in failure.

"Nothing of importance has occurred on the eastern front."

FULFORD FAMILY, WHO MAKE BIG WAR GIFT.



Mrs. G. T. Fulford, Brockville, her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Hardy, who have presented the Canadian Government with \$100,000 wherewith to equip a Canadian Regiment.

SANK IN THREE MINUTES.

The British Steamer Seven Seas Was Torpedoed.

New Haven, Eng., April 3.--The British steamer Seven Seas, of 634 tons, was torpedoed by a German submarine off Beachy Head Thursday afternoon. The attack was without warning and eleven of her crew of eighteen, including all the officers except the second engineer, were drowned.

Such was the force of the explosion that the hatches were blown off and a big hole was torn in the steamer's side, causing her to sink within three minutes.

The survivors, three of whom were injured, were landed here by a destroyer.

SCARE CAUSED

Among Soldiers of 39th Battalion at Belleville.

DEATH IN THEIR CAMP

FROM SPINAL MENINGITIS CAUSED A STAMPEDE.

A Large Number of the Recruits Made Their Way to the Railway Station To Return Home--They Were Finally Urged To Return To Their Billets.

(Special to the Whig.)

Belleville, April 3.--Belleville was the scene of much excitement last night when some 200 soldiers of the 39th Battalion, just mobilized for the third overseas contingent, stampeded as the result of a death in their camp from spinal meningitis.

They broke bounds and made for the railway station with the intention of returning to their homes.

Since their mobilization on Tuesday last twelve hundred members of this battalion have been quartered in the Canning factory. When the fatality occurred yesterday they were seized with fear that they were in great danger, and apparently decided on flight in a body, at least to that extent. Officers heard of the intended action and resistance was offered, which resulted in something of a melee before the men left their temporary barracks. They, however, proceeded to the station and at midnight four hundred were sent after them.

A parole took place at the station, with the result that a compromise was reached and the men were promised to accept billets at the various city hotels, to which they returned shortly after midnight.

Lieut. Col. Preston, officer commanding the 39th Battalion, when interviewed over the long-distance telephone this morning, said the situation was entirely under control. He did not think that more than fifty men were concerned in the disturbance, and these, he believed, had all been rounded up by the pickets sent out. The men concerned in the trouble were now quarantined at camp, having come in as recently as last Saturday, and some of them even later. They had come without officers and were unorganized and undisciplined. Yesterday, he said, they had come into possession of some money and drinking had resulted, which led to the disturbance last night.

Advices from the Austrian frontier say that the internal situation is increasingly grave. The opposition to the continuance of the war growing stronger among classes suffering from a scarcity of food.

The negotiations between China and Japan were again saved from disaster by the fact that the Chinese statesmen made further concessions to Japan.

Gen. Huerta is going back to Mexico to direct a new revolution.

HILL SEES PEACE BY FALL.

Expects War To End From General Exhaustion.

New York, April 3.--James J. Hill thinks the war will end by October 1st. By that time, he says, there will be physical, financial, and industrial exhaustion among the belligerents. Successes of one side or the other in the meantime, according to Mr. Hill, will not be determining factors.

Mr. Hill again expressed optimism as to the general business in this country. There was sufficient grain in this country now to go around, he said, but the high prices now prevailing would result in a greatly increased acreage of wheat this year. He estimated that the acreage planted in Germany, Austria and France would be between 40 and 45 per cent. under the average. Next year, he thought, with the war at an end, wheat might fall to 70 cents a bushel. The European laborers would turn back to the earth after the war for a living, and would be great factors in increasing the world's wheat supply and in driving prices down.

GERMANS LOST THOUSANDS.

Daring Plan To Encircle Russians Ends In Failure.

Petrograd, April 3.--The long silence in Petrograd concerning the operations on the German front was broken yesterday by an authentic report of a daring German manoeuvre in the Niemen river district, which, according to this information, ended in failure.

The Germans planned to cut off the retreat of the advancing Russians and outflank them. Overzealousness in achieving this aim led the German generals to throw an entire corps across the melting ice of Lake Kusva before the middle group of the Russian forces had advanced sufficiently to secure the success of the proposed encircling manoeuvre.

Having got these troops over weak ice, the Germans discovered, according to the reports coming to Petrograd, that their movement was premature, and in a desperate effort to retract their steps they were met by a fierce Russian onslaught. According to their account this fighting, the Russians annihilated entire divisions of the Germans.

Pola Naval Base Is Made Ready For Long Siege

(Special to the Whig.)

Rome, April 3.--The Austrian naval base of Pola is being made ready for a long siege, according to Trieste dispatches today.

The country surrounding Pola is being rapidly and thoroughly fortified. The authorities are reported to be requisitioning all available provisions.

Several motion picture houses have been closed and are being used as military store houses.

Gen. Huerta is going back to Mexico to direct a new revolution.

RUSSIANS EVERYWHERE ON VIGOROUS OFFENSIVE

They Have 600,000 New Troops--Their Advances Are Proceeding With Success--Concentrate a Big Force on the Coast of Finland.

(Special to the Whig.)

London, April 3.--The Russians are now on the offensive along the whole of their front, from the Baltic Sea to the Roumanian border and in the Caucasus, and according to a Stockholm despatch they have concentrated an enormous number of soldiers on the coast of Finland to prevent any attempt by the Germans to land there.

All Russian advances, according to Petrograd advices, are proceeding with success. In the Carpathians between Lupkow and Usok Passes the Russians have captured still another strongly fortified ridge, overcoming in doing so almost insurmountable difficulties, such as the scaling of steep ice covered hills and penetrating cleverly arranged barbed wire and timber obstructions.

The Russians have also taken the offensive against a German force in the region of Kozlowka. It is declared that the Turks have now been entirely cleared out of Transcaucasia and the Russians hold the Turkish Black Sea coast as far as Arkhava. Six hundred thousand troops have been added to the Russian field force.

EXTEND THE RANGE OF PIRATE EXPLOITS

The Germans Sank Six Ships During the First Two Days of April--Four of This Number Were British.

One Ship Was Sunk Off Spanish Coast, 700 Miles From Nearest German Base--Trawlers Are Now Being Attacked--U-28 is the Submarine Down Near Spain.

(Special to the Whig.)

London, April 3.--The following is the list of ships sunk by the Germans during the first two days of April: Easton, Br., off the Spanish coast; all saved.

Gloxianna and Jason, British, and one unknown trawler in the North Sea. Schieland, Dutch, in the North Sea, eight lost.

Nor, Norwegian in the North Sea; all saved.

London, April 3.--Two more neutral ships have been blown up and sunk in the North Sea with a loss of seven lives and a British steamer torpedoed off the coast of Spain, as added toll in the "bread war," being prosecuted by the Germans against Great Britain.

At least two and some reports say three trawlers were also destroyed. They were sunk in the North Sea by the U-10. The German submarines have thereby entered upon a new sphere of activity. Trawlers and hitherto been immune from attack.

The British steamer Easton, the crew of which was landed yesterday at Lisbon was not lost in the storm, as at first reported but was sunk by the German submarine U-28, sixty miles off Cape Finisterre, according to a Reuter despatch from Lisbon.

A decided extension in the range of operations by German submarines is indicated by the exploit of the U-28 off the coast of Spain. It is more than 700 miles from Cape Finisterre to nearest German submarine base. The Cape is about 500 miles north of Gibraltar.

The Dutch steamer Schieland, bound from Hull for Rotterdam with a cargo of coal, was blown up Thursday morning about 11.50 o'clock, twenty-four miles east-south east of Spurn in the North Sea. The explosion occurred amidships, and one of the crew was blown to pieces. Seven others were drowned.

Private Earl Cassidy, of the 38th Battalion, was killed in Hull when a rig in which he was driving was struck by an automobile, throwing him out. His neck was fractured.

BARBAROUS WARFARE IS IN PRACTICE

English Papers Are Calling For a Day of Reckoning For Atrocities.

(Special to the Whig.)

London, April 3.--"Hang Von Tirpitz and other responsible German officers at the close of the war?" was the suggestion of the London Daily Chronicle in a fresh outburst of indignation at the torpedoing of three English fishing vessels, expressly exempted from attack by the Hague convention of 1907. The other London newspapers, though more conservative in their suggestions, were equally bitter in charging Germany with reverting to barbarous warfare. "We cannot at present prevent Germans from committing any atrocity that seems good to them," said the Chronicle, "but we must insist upon day of reckoning. The German Government says the submarine crews, now in our hands, acted upon orders. It will be interesting to know who was responsible for those orders."

AUSTRIANS KILL CHILDREN.

Revolting Stories Of Austrian Atrocities Told By Professor

London, April 3.--Professor Reiss, of the University of Lausanne, delivered a lecture in London before the Royal Society of Medicine, on atrocities committed in Serbia by the Austro-Hungarian soldiers.

Professor Reiss visited all battlefields in Serbia and examined personally interesting cases and found that a high percentage of the Serbian wounded were victims of explosive bullets which caused unspeakable pain. Each Austro-Hungarian soldier was supplied with twenty to thirty of such bullets without information or explanation of their effect. The prisoners have repeatedly confirmed that they were ordered to use these bullets only at a distance not exceeding one hundred metres. He showed photographs of graves in which up to eighty victims had been buried, civilians of both sexes, all ages, topy turf.

Another photograph showed a school building in which women and children were shut up and fired at through walls, windows and doors. Under the ruins of another school building Professor Reiss and his friends found a child two years old. After digging for several hours they found a woman and children who had been buried alive, while their male relatives before dying were forced to cheer "Long live Kaiser Francis Joseph."

Next the professor showed photographs illustrating a boy whose head had been opened by the butt end of a rifle and an old man over eighty who was massacred in a like manner. He showed a picture of a woman whose skin had been flayed off by the knives of the Magyars. After that a family, with the house dog, were found lying dead. Even the dog was mutilated.

Whenever questioned by the professor, the Austrians said they had to do these acts for fear of the children and old men becoming franc-tireurs.

The Daily Chronicle says that when Professor Reiss showed these photographs, the eyes of many of the spectators, especially women, filled with tears, and they left the hall almost sobbing with horror.

DAILY MEMORANDUM.

No Whig on Friday. Hummage sale, April 9th and 10th. Belleville, Grand Opera House, 2.30 and 7.30 p.m.

See top of page 3, right hand corner, for Monday by the Whig.

Marguerite Clark, in "The Goose Girl," photo-play, Grand, 7.30 p.m. Monday.

BORN.

MCGILLIC--At Portmouth, on April 1st, 1915, to Mr. and Mrs. J. E. McGillic, a son.

MARRIED.

LOESDE-GILLIES--In Kingston, on April 1st, 1915, by the Rev. S. J. St. Eustach, at the home of the bride's father, Rubens Victoria, youngest daughter of James Gillies, and Miss J. E. Gillies, daughter of William Herchemer Loesde, B.Sc.

DIED.

ELMER--In Kingston, on April 2nd, 1915, William Elmer, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Elmer, 239 Division street, Kingston. Funeral taken place yesterday afternoon to Cataract cemetery.

EYES--In Kingston, on April 2nd, 1915, Mary Gertrude Eyes, infant daughter of the late James Patrick Eyes.

OGHAN--At Wetaakwin, Alberta, on March 17th, 1915, Patrick J. Oghan, eldest son of the late Mr. and Mrs. J. Oghan, Loughboro, Ont. Interment was made in St. Mary's cemetery, Kingston, Ont.

MARTIN--On Saturday morning, April 3rd, 1915, at his residence, 23 Clergy street, Kingston, William Charles Martin, aged sixty-two years. Funeral (private). Please do not send flowers.

MCCAMMON--In Kingston, on April 1st, 1915, Thomas H. McCammon, aged 25 years. Funeral from his late residence, 35 Main street, on Monday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock to Cataract cemetery.

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

MODEMOTT--On Thursday, April 1st, 1915, at the home of his parents, 29 Hickson Avenue, Martin, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. McDermott. Funeral (private) Sunday at 2 p.m., to St. Mary's Cathedral, where a solemn requiem Mass will be sung for the repose of his soul. Friends and acquaintances are invited to be present at the church.

SIMPSON--At Cataract, on April 2nd, 1915, John Simpson, aged eighty-six years. Funeral (private) on Monday, April 5th, at 3 o'clock. Please omit flowers.

ROBERT J. REID

The Leading Undertaker. Phone 577. 230 Princess Street. JAMES REID. The Old Firm of Undertakers 254 and 256 PRINCESS STREET. Phone 147 for Ambulance.

Antiques

Just got in Sofas, Chairs and Tables, in walnut and mahogany, at Turk's Place 785.

FOR EASTER

The Cowan Gift Box of Chocolate

is the very best Easter remembrance you could give our soldiers. Six delicious bars of Chocolate in an enameled box--made in Canada. Enameled and embossed with the Canadian Cost of Arms and Maple Leaf in red, white and blue, black and gold.

Jas. Redden & Co. P.S.--Fry's imported Easter Eggs

Emperor Ready To Make Peace With Russia

(Special to the Whig.)

Petrograd, April 3.--Rusky Slove returns today to the subject of the alleged Austrian peace overtures. The newspaper asserts the Austrian Emperor appealed through the Pope to Berlin with a view to overcoming Emperor William's "obstinate desire to continue the war, but that this effort failed. The paper says he is now trying, through the same medium, in Petrograd, to secure a separate peace, offering to surrender Bosnia, Herzegovina and Galicia.

Can Get There When They Bring Up New Forces

(Special to the Whig.)

Amsterdam, April 3.--The Berlin Tageblatt today warned the people of Germany not to be too certain that the Allied fleet will not force the Dardanelles. "An unhealthy optimism is not to be approved," said the Tageblatt. "Nothing is impossible. We cannot, therefore, declare that the Allies will never enter Constantinople. We will, however, that such an achievement is impossible unless they bring up different forces."

DIRECTING ARMY

Copenhagen, April 3.--From new headquarters established near the Belgian city of Dinant, the Kaiser and his chief of staff are now directing the German army of nearly 1,500,000 men in operations preliminary to the opening of the spring campaign.

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THE LATEST TIDINGS

PRESENTED IN THE BRIEFEST POSSIBLE FORM.

The Whig's Daily Condensation of the News of the World From Telegraph Service and Newspaper Exchanges.

Evidence that Swoboda, charged by the French with setting La Touraine afire, has strong German sympathies has been produced.

An uprising in Nicaragua fomented by General Julia Iras, minister of war under the Zeleza regime, has been put down by the Government.

The art collection left by J. P. Morgan is being appraised and the inheritance tax upon its value will be collected.

Interned alien enemies in ten detention camps number 2,294, have cost \$112,590 and have done work worth \$15,000.

At the request of the shareholders of Faulkners, Limited, department store, Ottawa, Justice Britton has granted a winding-up order.

Mexico has paid \$20,000 in gold to Mrs. Ruth McManus, widow of John B. McManus, the American dairy proprietor, killed by Zapata troops.

There will be no extension of polling hours for the Dominion election. The rural members opposed a change and suggested a curtailment of hours.

A. E. Phelan, an artist, eighty-two years old, without friends or relatives, that more than \$800,000 was starvation in his flat on Laval avenue, Montreal.

The steamer Hollington has brought to Lisbon thirty-six members of the crew of the steamer South Point, which foundered at sea recently in a storm.

Kamp Kill Kare, the late Timothy L. Woodruff's half million dollar estate in the Adirondacks, has been sold to F. P. Garvin, a New York attorney, for \$150,000.

King Victor Emmanuel sent Premier Salandra \$20,000 to aid the unemployed in the Venetian provinces. The premier immediately sent \$10,000 to the mayor of Venice.

A Royal Commission will be appointed to investigate Liberal charges that more than \$300,000 was wrongfully spent in connection with the erection of the Manitoba Parliament buildings.

EXPERT ON ARMIES NOW IN THE FIELD

Claimed the Allies Have at Least Million More Men Than the Enemy.

(Special to the Whig.)

London, April 3.--The London Times military expert says: "The French armies, we are now allowed to say, number 2,500,000 men at the front and 1,350,000 in the interior. The French effectives are complete and can be maintained in armament and equipment. A fine spirit prevails throughout the armies."

"The Belgian army, re-organized and with adequate reserves, holds twenty miles of front on the Yser and is ready to perform any mission confided to it. It holds an equivalent force to the Germans at its front, and under the guidance of its heroic king will take its part in the coming shock."

"Lastly, there is the British army with effective reserves ready to fight and confident in their strength to hold as many active German army corps as there are British."

"The German numbers in the western theatre have materially varied of late. They probably are about a million and a half, but it is safe to assume a force of 2,000,000 will be attained before the serious operations of the summer begin."

"From so, the Allies now have at least a superiority of force amounting to not less than a million men. These figures justify offensive strategy."

"As for reserves, if we add up those of Britain, France and Russia, we have at least double the reinforcing power of Germany and Austria combined."

Another Victim Of a Torpedo Friday Night

(Special to the Whig.)

London, April 3.--The 1,143 ton British steamer Lockwood was torpedoed off Start Point, in the English Channel, last night, according to press despatches today. Her crew reported that the Lockwood was attacked without warning and went down within a few minutes. Every member of the crew was reported rescued.

WILL DISMISS RINGLEADERS

Of the Military Trouble That Occurred At Belleville.

(Special to the Whig.)

Belleville, April 3.--There was no recurrence to-day of the trouble among the members of the 39th Overseas Regiment (Third Contingent) who yesterday objected to arrangements made for their quartering here, when they discovered that there had been spinal meningitis, and went back to the station declaring their intention to return to their home towns. Satisfactory arrangements for their billeting have now been made.

The men were this morning given every lecture on discipline, and it is likely that with the dismissal of a few ringleaders all trouble will blow over.

Premier Asquith has taken charge of the British foreign office during the absence of Sir Edward Grey owing to illness.

The British Government will assume control of the output of all coal mines during the war unless prices are reduced.