

# GRAND MILITARY CARNIVAL And Mid-Winter Extravaganza

GRAND MILITARY GYMKANA MONDAY, FEB. 22

Afternoon and Evening—Consecration and Presentation of Colours to 21st Batt., Canadian Expeditionary Forces. Grand Military Parade, Fireworks and Military Tattoo.

TUESDAY, FEB. 23RD

Trooping of the Colours by 21st Battalion. Military Gymkana—15 events open to all soldiers on active service. Patriotic Concerts, Hockey, Curling, etc.

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 24TH

Grand Military Parade. Military Gymkana—15 events open to all soldiers on active service. Patriotic Concerts, Hockey, etc. Ice Boat Races.

## Kingston, Ont. Feb., 22 to 26

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THURSDAY, FEB. 25TH

Grand Military Parade. Curling, Hockey and Winter Sports. Ice Boat Races.

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## Sunshine and Roses

A NOVELETTE

Suitable for Dancing the Schottische, Caprice and Fancy Dances

WALTER ROLFE  
Composer of  
"Kiss of Spring" Waltzes

Tempo di Gavotte

Musical score for 'Sunshine and Roses' by Walter Rolfe. The score is written for piano and includes various musical notations such as treble and bass clefs, notes, rests, and dynamic markings like 'rit.' and 'mf'. It is divided into sections for 'Tempo di Gavotte' and 'TRIO'.

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No 448

Musical score for 'Sunshine and Roses' by Walter Rolfe. This section continues the score from the left page, featuring piano accompaniment and a 'TRIO' section. It includes musical notations, clefs, and dynamic markings.

No 448

### WHAT FARMERS ADVISE

Regina, Feb. 16.—The Canadian Council of Agriculture, representing the organized farmers of Canada, met in the Board of Trade rooms here on Saturday afternoon, and after a very full discussion, a number of resolutions were adopted dealing with the war tariff, freight rates, etc.

The council passed a resolution favoring increased taxation to provide whatever revenue was necessary to render the fullest possible assistance to Great Britain in prosecuting the war, but protesting against the restrictive element in the proposed tariff changes, and adding to the burden without providing public revenue. It was recommended that in order to meet the deficit in the present revenues and eventually to raise the bulk of the national revenue, the system of direct taxation of land values should be introduced, supplemented by a graduated tax on

incomes. The stamp tax was approved of as a temporary measure.

The government was asked, however, to leave food corn upon the free list, in view of the present high price of feed.

As to freight rates, the council opposed the application of the railway for increased freight rates from Fort William east, which would result in lower prices to producers of grain. It was also resolved that the government be urged to carry out the promise of the premier, Sir Robert Borden, that an expert commission be appointed to enquire into the

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chilled meat importation scheme. A recommendation was made to the grain commission to request the government to amend the Grain Act by a sub-section providing "That the charge for storing grain shall be subject to such regulation as the proper authorities may see fit to impose." The supervision and control of the weighing of grain in all eastern transfer elevators by the commission was also recommended.

The officers elected were: President, J. A. Haharg; first vice-president, J. Speakman; second vice-president, H. C. Drury, of Ontario.

A special committee of four conservative and three liberal is to be appointed to investigate the charges as to inferior goods supplied to the Canadian overseas contingent.

Prof. Thomas Wesley Mills, M.A., M.D., F.R.S.C., a distinguished physiologist, physical and naturalist of McGill University, died in England of pneumonia.

The Emperor of Ireland-Storstad case began in the admiralty division of the exchequer court at Montreal.

### BISMARCK WARNED

He Cautioned Germans Against the Militarist Movement.

Montreal, Feb. 16.—How Bismarck formed a Frankenstein, which afterwards alarmed him and caused him to warn his country against militarism, and how his system was responsible for the recent blunders of German statesmen, was told in an address to the Canadian club by Dr. Robert A. Falconer, president of the Toronto University.

President Falconer took as his subject, "The Policies of Bismarck in Preparation for the Present War."

Bismarck, he said, shaped the instruments which were to be used by the belshazzars, who followed him. He it was who inaugurated the system of controlling the press and directing the views the papers were to set forth. The consequences was that the modern German is headlong deluded into believing existent a state of things which does not exist,

and he acts upon this belief. With the loss of her free press, Germany also lost parliamentary government.

One of the first things Bismarck did when he became prime minister in 1863 was to strengthen the Hohenzollern dynasty against the rising demand for parliamentary government. The people got a diet, but it could not govern. The military system was then strengthened in defiance of parliament. With the crushing of the popular will through parliamentary forms began the gradual subjection of the people to the dominance of the military caste. The German disregard for small nations began with the seizure of Schleswig.

Holstein in defiance of the protest of the crown prince.

It was Bismarck who staled the opposition to the bombardment of a city (Paris) as cant. Had Bismarck governed Alsace and Lorraine in a conciliatory spirit, instead of trying to Prussianize them, he would have done much to make the present war impossible.

In his old age Bismarck saw the dangers of the militarist movement and warned his people against it, but his warning was not heeded.

Berlin council passed the first law in Ontario since the formation of the Workmen's Compensation Board to provide a fund for compensation to city employees and their dependents.

Zielki, the Pole who murdered Prusko, a fellow-laborer, made a statement concerning his crime to Dr. Harley Smith, Toronto, through an interpreter.

An agreement has been arrived at between the department of the interior and the Alberta government respecting relief for farmers.

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A terrible typhoid epidemic is sweeping Polish villages held by Germans around Lodz.