

## THE ALLIED LINES UNBROKEN

### VIOLENCE OF FIGHT HAS DIMINISHED

#### Force of German Drive in Attempt to Break the Allied Lines Seems Apparently Spent For the Present.

#### All Attempts of the Enemy to Cross the Yser Were Frustrated—The Allies Hold Their Positions About Ypres—Snow Hinders Operations in the Vosges.

Paris, Nov. 13.—The force of the German drive in an attempt to break the allied lines and reach the coast cities of Dunkirk and Calais is apparently spent for the time being.

The official communique, issued from the war office this afternoon, declares that the violence of the fighting from the coast to Lys, through Dixmude and Ypres has diminished. All attempts of the Germans to cross the Yser canal have been frustrated. The position about Ypres is unchanged, with the allies still holding their positions.

The French have occupied Tracy Leval, the statement declares. Snow is now falling in the Vosges heights and operations in that district have been hampered.

#### Sank a German Submarine.

London, Nov. 13.—A special from Dunkirk states that a French torpedo boat sank a German submarine off the west end of Belgium. The submarine, it appears, was trying to torpedo a French warship, when the latter's commander caught sight of her periscope, put on full speed and charged down on the enemy, which disappeared. A large quantity of oil rose to the surface, marking the spot where the submarine sank.

## CANADA MAY CONTRIBUTE 150,000 MEN FOR WAR

Ottawa, Nov. 13.—The announcement from London that Great Britain proposes to put an army of two million in the field, undoubtedly means that a corresponding big effort must be made by Canada during the next year to maintain a steady and ever increasing flow of Canadian fighting men towards the firing line in Europe. It is estimated that if the war is still in progress a year from now, Canada will have an army of approximately 150,000 men in the field.

In government and military circles, it is stated today that Canada is prepared for an indefinite period to send forward men as fast as they can be armed and equipped. It will not be a matter of some two or three contingents, but of sending forward a continuous stream of reinforcements, so long as they are required to accomplish the decisive defeat of the legions of the kaiser.

## GERMAN DASHES BROKEN BY BRITISH TROOPS

London, Nov. 13.—The official press bureau issued the following statement last night:

"The operations during the last few days have consisted mainly of fighting to the north of the Yser, where the points of interest were at first on the line of Hollebecq, Wyttschaete and Messines. There have also been severe encounters on the line from Zanvoorde to Festinais."

"The character of the fighting has been one of frequent and vigorous infantry attacks from the Germans, accompanied by heavy shell-fire, alternating with equally vigorous counter-attacks, the general result being the maintenance of our lines, with considerable losses on our side, but with still heavier losses on the other. Six machine guns and over one hundred prisoners were taken by us on the 8th."

#### Decline in Divorce.

Ottawa, Nov. 13.—There is a very marked dropping off in the number of applications for divorce. While there were nearly forty applications last year there are so far only eighteen for consideration at the coming session.

"The allies' strength has been constantly maintained by reinforcements. Lately the stress has been in the neighborhood of Gheluvelt, to the north of Ypres, and at Dixmude."

"The German artillery fire was practically a continual bombardment, intended to pulverize the defence preparatory to the advance of the infantry in the centre of the struggle has been at Ypres, the defence of which will certainly be reckoned in history as one of the most striking episodes of the British army."

"For more than three weeks the position, which projects like a bastion into the enemy's lines, has been held under a rain of shells which has hardly ceased by day or night. During this time the enemy has poured successive waves of infantry against it, only to see them break to pieces, one after the other."

#### Good Cheer For Canadians.

London, Nov. 13.—A fund for supplying comforts and necessities for the Canadian contingent now reaches nearly twenty thousand pounds. Over ten thousand pounds have been collected for the Australian contingent.

### FINE BATHROOMS IN FRENCH TRENCHES

#### Also Shaving Parlor, and Cafe Concert Hall Not Far From German Lines.

Paris, Nov. 13.—The French have learned to outdo the enemy in the art of trench-making. An officer writes that not only have his men fitted a cooling range in their trenches, but have half a dozen bathrooms properly fitted, screened off and fitted with hot and cold water spray and shower. Better still, is a regular system of drainage to be installed. Next to the baths is a shaving salon, and the soldiers are now at work upon a cafe concert hall, all underground, warmed and lighted, and something less than half a mile from the German lines.

### KAISER'S EYE ON MAIN CHANCE.

Marked on Map Towns he Wished Spared.

Paris, Sept. 13.—A despatch to the Temps from Saint-Omer says: "A map prepared by the German general staff was found recently in the possession of a German officer who had been made a prisoner. On the drawing certain districts of Roubaix and Touroing were specially indicated by marks made by a red pencil."

"When asked for an explanation of the markings, the prisoner said that he had received an order from Emperor William to spare these two cities, which are important industrial centres."

### Waldeck Gives Reason.

Tokio, Nov. 13.—Meyer Waldeck, who was in command of the German forces at Tsing-Tau, according to despatches from that place to Emperor William, saying he was compelled to surrender the position on account of lack of ammunition and the heavy damage inflicted by the enemy on his forts.

## Jap Warships Await Germans To Leave Port

Valparaiso, Chili, Nov. 13.—The German cruisers Leipzig and Dresden are here to-day taking on coal and supplies. It is also reported that just outside the international three-mile limit two Japanese cruisers are waiting to give them battle. The Germans can only stay in port twenty-four hours, or be interned for the rest of the war.

### Advertise Industrial Classes.

After a meeting of the Board of Education on Thursday night there was a meeting of the finance committee of the board when the question of advertising the industrial classes was taken up. It was decided that 10,000 circulars be printed setting forth the work of the classes and to have the same distributed in the local newspapers, on Saturday.

### The Man.

Who would like to invest \$15,000 in a winter overcoat, can get a big measure of value at Livingston's Saturday. See Advt.

"Buy nail brushes" at Gibson's.

### OPERATE COAL MINES.

#### A. F. of L. Makes Suggestion to U. S. Government.

Philadelphia, Nov. 13.—A resolution was presented at today's convention of the American Federation of Labor urging President Wilson to insist that the Colorado mine owners accept the federal plan for peace and if they fail to comply that the president take steps to have the coal mines operated under government supervision.

The resolution was filed by William Green, of the United Mine Workers of America, acting for the mining department of the federation. It was referred under the rules of the convention to a committee.

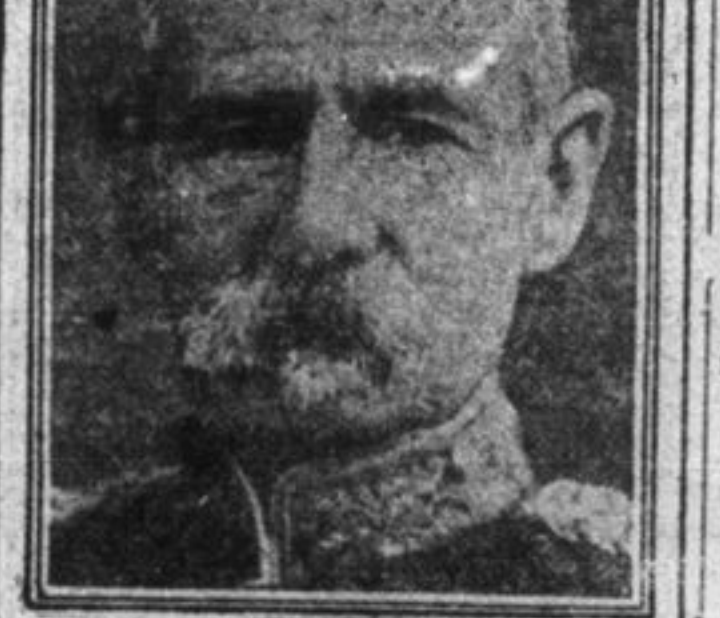
### MARRIED ON PARADE.

#### Soldier Weds in Public At London—Pictures Taken.

London, Ont., Nov. 13.—Private O'Brien a recruit of the Eighteenth Battalion from Windsor, was married by the chaplain at the barracks parade ground yesterday in the presence of Col. W. E. Hodgins, his staff and 1,200 men of the battalion. The function was arranged by Lieut. Col. E. S. Wigle, commanding officer, and moving pictures were taken.

### TO VISIT FIRING LINE.

#### Lord Roberts Will Have Look At Indian Troops.



LORD ROBERTS

London, Nov. 13.—Field Marshal Lord Roberts, of Kandahar, is going to France. The official announcement making this fact public says the famous general is going into the war zone "to see the Indian troops." Lord Roberts was born in Gawnpore, India, eighty-two years ago.

### Police Contribute To Fund.

Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 13.—The officers, non-commissioned officers, and constables of the Royal North-West Mounted Police force who cannot go to the front because they are required in Canada, have contributed \$865 to the Canadian Patriotic Fund, one day's pay, beginning with Oct. 1st. The contribution will be continued every month so long as it is required.

### Kaiser Restores Peace.

Amsterdam, Nov. 13.—The Telegram states that the German emperor's recent visit to Thiel, Belgium, was to restore harmony, 170 German officers having refused to go to the front on the ground that they had been misled.

"Buy shaving cream" at Gibson's.

### OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF BRITISH LOSSES

#### More Men Are to be Rushed to the Front at Once—More Recruiting.

London, Nov. 13.—England was staggered, to-day, by an official announcement from Premier Asquith stating that the British casualties in the war to date are 57,000 killed, wounded and missing. With this toll paid in fighting so far, more men are to be rushed to the front.

A supplementary estimate from the war office, to-day, declared that with one million more men the total British strength of all ranks would be 2,186,400.

Recruiting has increased to a great extent during the last week. It is said that Premier Asquith will formally seek the sanction of parliament for the raising of one million additional troops.

The statement of the premier, placing the casualties at approximately 57,000 was given in reply to inquiries from members of the House of Commons.

### Drugged And Robbed.

Watertown, N.Y., Nov. 13.—Claiming to have been taken to a strange house where he was given a drink after which he remembered nothing until he awakened in some other house, the location of which he has since been able to furnish, Byron Fairman, of Trenton, Ont., appeared at police headquarters yesterday with a story of having been drugged and robbed of between \$70 and \$80 last night or early this morning.

### Canal Business Declined.

Ottawa, Nov. 13.—Tonnage through Canadian canals up to the end of October shows a decline of 10,000,000 tons up to the first of the month, compared with the same period last year. Most of the decrease is in iron ore through the Soo. The business of the Welland and St. Lawrence canals increased.

## General Botha Has Defeated Rebel Dewet

London, Nov. 13.—An official Pretoria despatch received at Reuter's Telegram company says that General Louis Botha, premier of South Africa, came into contact with the rebel General De Wet's commando twenty-four miles east of Winburg, Orange River Colony, after a forced night's march. The rebels were severely defeated, 250 being taken prisoner.

The Telegraph has a special from Johannesburg saying that the rebel general, Chris Muller, has been captured near Pretoria. It adds that he was wounded, and to the Oba portion of the laager on the Zandfontein. The enemy lost 120 killed and wounded and twenty-five captured. The union loss was twelve killed and twelve wounded. Of the officers and men killed, with few exceptions, they were shot by dum-dum bullets and suffered frightful wounds.

## GERMAN ARMS SUFFER TREMENDOUS LOSSES

#### Whole Regiments Are Reported to be Wiped Out.

### CIRCULARS ON ENEMY

#### TELL THEM TO HUSBAND THEIR AMMUNITION.

#### Battle of Aisne Renewed With Ferocity—Attempt of Germans to Pierce British Line Near La Bassée Failed.

London, Nov. 13.—The Times to-day has the following special from its correspondent in the French and Belgian fighting zones:

North France.—According to German officers who have fallen into the hands of the allies, roughly 500,000 Germans were fighting against the allies at the beginning of the great battle on the Yser river. The enemy's casualties among officers themselves are put at 90,000, from which it may be assumed that actually their losses run well into six figures. In one case a regiment of infantry (maines), 1,800 strong, had only eighty men left when the great movement on Ypres was made. The losses among officers is extraordinarily heavy. Five generals were killed.

I am informed by a British artillery officer, who has taken part in the fighting at Ypres, that he has seen a large number of German shells with the date of October, 1914, on the fuses. Only four out of five of these explode. Not only is there a scarcity in German heavy ammunition, but in small arms ammunition. Circulars recently found on dead German infantrymen at Ypres speak of the soldiers to husband ammunition.

### French Driven Back.

In West Flanders: The Germans again assume the offensive on the Yser only at points where they could do so between Nieuport and Dixmude. All the front positions, these towns has been made impossible for fighting by floods. The German troops are concentrated between Dixmude and Thourout. In the morning the German batteries opened a heavy fire on the French positions, and kept it up through most of the day. The cannonade was a prelude to a violent infantry attack on the outskirts of Dixmude.

The attack was met with great gallantry by the allies. Very heavy fighting took place. The Germans came on in overwhelming numbers, and towards evening the French were compelled to retire. They fell back into the town, destroying two bridges in their retreat. The Germans thus won the bridge-head. Strong reinforcements were brought upon both sides, and the fighting continued in the town. In the afternoon a force of Germans succeeded in penetrating into the town. A desperate struggle in the streets ensued.

Between the Marne and the Aisne: the battle of the Aisne, to give it its old name, has broken out again with something like its old ferocity. The three main areas of this eternal battle are, roughly (1) the district between the Oise and Croisilles; (2) the immediate neighborhood of Rheims; (3) the actual forest of the Argonne.

### La Bassée Move Fails.

A despatch to the Chronicle says: A very determined attempt was made by the Germans to pierce the British lines in the neighborhood of La Bassée on Tuesday. They were repulsed with great losses and their artillery suffered heavily. Two of their biggest guns, said to be 14-inch, were destroyed, and one of their largest howitzers, believed to be of the 16 1-2 inch type, is said to have been captured.

This was a brilliant achievement for which the British artillery was almost entirely responsible. The British troops have been relentlessly shelling the German positions for a week, and have crippled the German offensive.

### War Tidings.

The destruction of the Emden has given a much-needed impetus to trade in India.

A military revolution has broken out in Adrianople in consequence of the subjection of the Turkish forces to German commanders.

It is thought they will soon enter the town, which was abandoned by the enemy.

A despatch from Rome says that two Austrian divisions have been annihilated along the River Fruth. While a small Russian force made a frontal attack, the main force invaded Bukovina from the south, cut off the Austrian retreat, and delivered the attack from the rear.

The official Berlin newspaper publishes a decree forbidding the export of leather, horseskins and calfskins shoddy and tin plate.

News of the beginning of a battle at Cracow, Galicia, is momentarily expected.

Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney has arrived in Paris from New York with 15 trained nurses and four physicians. She is organizing a so-

called flying hospital for work near the firing line.

From Las Palmas, Canary Islands, ten officers from the North German Lloyd steamer Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, destroyed early in the war by the British cruiser Highflyer, who were on parole, have made their escape in a Dutch steamer.

\*\*\*\*\*  
MUST STOP IT.  
\*\*\*\*\*  
Washington, Nov. 13.—Ecuador and Colombia have been warned by Great Britain and France in emphatic terms that the allies will not countenance further violations of neutrality by these South American states.  
\*\*\*\*\*

## CANADIAN SENTRY KILLED AS INTRUDER

#### Dead Man Had Vials of Cholera Germs to Put into the Camp Water.

Ottawa, Nov. 13.—A private letter received by an Ottawa family from a member of the Canadian contingent at Salisbury Plains describes in an exceedingly circumstantial manner a startling incident in camp. During the first week at Salisbury Plains one of the sentries while on duty by the big water-tanks challenged an individual lurking in the shadow of the structure. The sentry's challenge was answered by a shot which entered his arm, but which did not prevent him from returning the fire. The intruder was shot dead. When the body was examined, there were found in his possession several vials containing cholera germs, intended apparently to spread disease through the drinking water among the troops.

#### Now's The Time.

To select your Winter Overcoat. The lines are all in. How about one of our comfortable, belted, bush, shawl collar coats at \$15.00. See Livingston's Advt.

#### "Boy plasters" at Gibson's.

At Clayton, N. Y., the First Baptist church was the scene of a very pretty wedding Wednesday, when Miss Katherine Martina McKay, became the bride of George Raymond Cornwall, Alexandria, Va.

"Buy Talcum Powders" at Gibson's.

### DAILY MEMORANDUM.

See top of page 3, right hand corner, for probabilities.

Personal Xmas Greeting Cards; designs made to order with original program or initial. See our special photographic line. The Jackson Press, Wellington St.

### THE DAILY BRITISH WHIG

#### Is On Sale at the Following City Stores:

- Bucknell's News Depot ... 225 King St.
- Clarke, J. W. & Co. .... 253 Princess
- College Book Store .... 143 Princess
- Coates's Grocery .... 309 Princess
- Juller's Grocery, Cor. Princess & Alfred
- Frontenac Hotel .... Ontario St.
- Gibson's Drug Store ... Market Square
- McAuley's Book Store ... 98 Princess
- McGill's Cigar Store, Cor. Prin. & King
- LeLois's Grocery ... 51 Union St. W.
- Medley's Drug Store 229 University Ave.
- Paul's Cigar Store ... 74 Princess
- Prouse's Drug Store ... 513 Princess
- Vaillancourt's Grocery ... 308 Montreal
- Low's Grocery ... Portmouth

### MARRIED

LOVETT-BRADLEY—in Kingston, on Nov. 9th, 1914, at the Paragon, 39 Colborne St., Rev. G. I. Campbell, E. J. Williams, A. Lovett to Esther M. A. Bradley, daughter of Jas. Bradley, both of this city.

### ROBERT J. REID

The Leading Undertaker  
Phone 577 230 Princess Street

### JAMES REID

The Old Firm Of Undertakers,  
254 and 256 PRINCESS STREET  
Phone 147 for Ambulance.

### Take Notice

Our stoves and furniture cheaper now than ever before. J. TUREK, Phone 202

## NEW SWEET CIDER

### 30c Per Gal.

## Jas. Redden & Co.

Phone 20 and 990