

ALLIES ADVANCE CONTINUOUS

ALLIES CAPTURE GERMAN TRENCHES

They Continue to Make Progress Against the Enemy, Especially in the Region Between Ypres and Arras.

French Advancing in Argonne Region--It is Thought the Germans May Attempt Long Range Bombardment of Coast Cities--More Warships For Channel Ports.

Paris, Oct. 29.—The allies are continuing to make progress against the Germans. This is especially noteworthy in the region between Ypres and Arras, where the allies have taken a number of German trenches by a series of brilliant operations.

This information was made public in the official communiqué. It was also stated that the allies are advancing in the Argonne region, and in the forest of Apremont. Elsewhere along the long battle line, it is stated that conditions are unchanged.

What Will Germans New Move Be?

Paris, Oct. 29.—Although the tone of to-day's official communiqué was optimistic, it furnished practically no new information regarding conditions at the front. For this reason it was generally accepted that important movements are in progress.

It is known that the Germans have moved far inland, so that they are now protected from the guns of the fleet, and that they are also bringing up some enormous siege guns. With them it is believed here they may attempt long-range bombardment of coast cities to the north, and it is said at military headquarters that steps have been taken to checkmate any such move.

Repulsed along the coast, the Germans are certain to deliver their next attack from the interior, probably from a point between Lille and the Belgian frontier. Heavy reinforcements are reported by the allied air scouts as en route to the front from Aix La Chapelle and from the left of the French centre. But the allies on their part are taking similar precautions so that the Germans will gain no material advantage.

More Warships For Channel Ports.

London, Oct. 29.—Additional warships have been sent to channel ports along the northwest coast of France. They will furnish support to the allies in the new attack which is apparently being planned by the Germans on these ports. Incidentally, they will be in readiness for either an under-water or an air raid against English ports.

No doubt is felt here that the Germans have massed submarines and light torpedo craft in the canal between Bruges and Zeebrugge. They are also reported moving their aerial navy, or at least a part of it, into Belgium.

GEN. BOTHA PURSUES SOUTH AFRICAN REBELS

Defeats Force Under Beyers and Captures Eighty in Rout Near Rustenburg.

London, Oct. 29.—The following official statement was issued last night regarding the rebellion in the Union of South Africa: "Gen. Botha reports that he left Rustenburg (a district in the west part of the Transvaal colony) on Tuesday morning and proceeded in the direction in which Gen. Christiaan Beyers, with his command, was supposed to be. He came in touch with General Beyers' men in the forenoon and drove them in head long rout the whole of the day and captured eighty of them fully armed. In the fighting which took place towards the end of the pursuit one of Gen. Botha's men and several of Beyers' command were wounded. "When the report was made, the pursuit was still in progress."

ACCEPTS MONEY GIFT.

Britain Takes \$100,000 in Cash From Nova Scotia.

London, Oct. 29.—The war office has informed the governor-general of Canada that as it has been found impracticable for the government of Nova Scotia to make a proposed gift to the home government of 100,000 tons of coal, his majesty's government has accepted the offer of \$100,000, which will go to the Prince of Wales fund for the relief of distress.

The Ontario Yarn company's factory at Markham is working over time on an order for 6,000 blankets for the French army.



BATTLE OF AISNE; CROSSING THE RIVER.

Rifeman David Lloyd, of the King's Royal Rifle Corps, now lying badly wounded in hospital, was one of the gallant band who crossed the Aisne single file over a plank bridge under terrific fire, in order to drive the Germans from a ridge while the engineers were building a pontoon bridge. "I don't want to pretend," he said, "that I liked crossing that bridge with bullets almost as thick as hail all around, and shells bursting every where, but we got across somehow though a lot of chaps fell into the water."

THE ELUSIVE EMDEN DESTROYS WARSHIPS

She Floated the Japanese Flag and so Deceived the Vessels in Penang Port.

London, Oct. 29.—A News Agency advices from Tokyo, says that the British ambassador there has been informed that the German cruiser Emden, flying the Japanese flag, slipped into the port of Penang, in Straits Settlement, and torpedoed the Russian cruiser Jemtshug, and a French destroyer that were in harbor. Both are reported to have been sunk with considerable loss of life.

The German cruiser, Emden, was flying the Japanese flag and carried one extra dummy smoke-stack when she slipped in here and destroyed the allies two warships.

Earthquake Shakes Palace. Turin, Oct. 29.—Castle Stupinigi, where the Queen Mother Margarita is residing, was damaged by the earthquake which occurred here Tuesday afternoon.

GERMANS HONOR FRENCH ON COLONEL'S BIRTHDAY

Promise "Not to Shoot Much" When Soldiers Send Message Across.

Brussels, Oct. 29.—Evidence is received here daily of the extremely bitter feeling of the German soldiers against the British. Wherever the Germans oppose the British the fighting is reported to be incessant.

Between the Germans and the French there is a more cordial feeling. Near Courtrai the French soldiers in the trenches signaled a message to the opposing German soldiers: "This is our colonel's birthday."

The Germans passed the word along the trenches and replied: "We won't shoot much to-day; let the colonel enjoy the day."

BRITISH SHELLS DESTROY Belgian Villages, In Order to Chase Germans. London, Oct. 29.—The Times correspondent in Belgium wires the following: "Observations from a captive British balloon has revealed how effective has been the fire of the British warships on Ostend, Middelkirke, Ombartwyde and other coastal villages. Not a single wall remains standing in the village of Westkerke Nye and Novie. Several other villages are also in ruins. All this damage was caused by the artillery of the British ships."

Friday And Saturday. You will want oysters. Why not treat yourself to the best obtainable? Carnovsky's Selects and Counts.

EUROPEAN DEMOCRACY MUST PURGE ITSELF

Thomas Edison Says United States Should Establish Strong Coast Defences.

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 29.—"Our present civilization is only a thin veneer. The European war shows that. But we are slowly getting better, and materialism is the base of all our moral and intellectual advancement," said Thomas A. Edison, the great inventor to-day.

Eventually, Edison said, all countries will be republics. As an afterthought he added: "And republics don't care for fighting. European democracy must purge itself of parasitic institutions," Edison declared, "before there will be a possibility of world peace. It must get rid of the social system of the land."

Edison declared that in his opinion the United States should establish a strong coast defence, and be prepared for any emergency.

Kitchener Asks For 100,000 More Soldiers

London, Oct. 29.—Both Earl Kitchener and Sir John French insist on Germany's fierce resistance, her persistence in trying to win a way to Calais, even if every water-course and canal in Flanders becomes choked with her dead, leads the Times to remind citizens of the empire that the German is hurling mass after mass of men against the allied line as ruthlessly as she would sacrifice sheep.

Britain, and the British empire, can only remain free and inviolate if, despite the immense sacrifices the British, French and Belgians have already made in the flower of their manhood, fresh troops now come forward.

Earl Kitchener issues an urgent appeal for 100,000 more men. He says that the war office machinery, which was somewhat clogged by the sudden creation of a new army of 500,000 men, is now reorganizing. The minimum height is reduced to five feet four inches, and the age limit extended to thirty-eight years. Recruiting sergeants say they could get as many smart young men as is wanted for the cavalry, but cavalry regiments are closed, so far.

Verdict of Murder. New York, Oct. 29.—A verdict of murder in the second degree was returned by a jury in the supreme court last night against Michael Serago, charged with killing William G. Martin, a Toronto milkman, in this city on August 11th, 1913. Harry Schaeffer, of Woodville, L.I., already is serving a life sentence for his share in the crime.

Martin was strangled to death in Serago's room. His assailants fled after they had robbed him. Serago was arrested a short time ago in Denver.

AUTOMATIC GAS BEACONS.

Ten Erected in Hudson Bay and Straits.

Ottawa, Oct. 29.—Engineer Clawson, who was in charge of a party installing aids to navigation on Hudson Bay and Straits, has returned to Ottawa. Ten gas beacons have been erected—three in the bay and seven along the straits.

They are automatic in operation, and on being turned on in spring will burn for the season. They will greatly facilitate the navigation on the Hudson Bay route.

MAMMOTH ICE BREAKER.

One Building at Montreal Will be Largest in World.

Ottawa, Oct. 29.—The marine department will replace the Earl Grey on the P. E. Island winter service with the steamers Minto and Stanley. The ice-breaker now being built at Montreal to take the place of the Earl Grey will be the largest in the world, with an indicated horsepower of 10,000.

Austrian Warship Damaged.

London, Oct. 29.—A despatch to the Central News from Rome says: "The captain of an Italian steamer, which has just arrived at Naples from Trieste, reports that during the voyage on the Adriatic he observed an Austrian dreadnaught under way for Pola, the Austrian naval base. The dreadnaught had come from Cattaro, where during a recent action one of her eight-inch guns burst, causing a magazine to explode. The vessel was seriously damaged. Her turret was blown up and there were rents in her sides."

Jews Starve in Holy City.

New York, Oct. 29.—The Jews are dying by thousands of starvation in the Holy City, according to Samuel Edelman, vice-consul of the United States in Palestine, who arrived here yesterday.

"Two-thirds of the population of the city are Jews," said Edelman. "There is no industry in the city and they have to depend on charity."

KING GEORGE'S COUSIN KILLED ON BATTLEFIELD

Prince Maurice of Battenberg Falls in the War in France For Britain.

London, Oct. 29.—Prince Maurice of Battenberg, a cousin of King George, and a son of Prince Henry of Battenberg, has been killed on the battlefield of France.

Prince Maurice Victor Donald, of Battenberg, was the youngest son of Prince Henry of Battenberg, who married Princess Battenberg, sister of the late King Edward. The prince was a brother-in-law of King Alfonso of Spain.

He was twenty-three years old and since 1911 had been a second lieutenant in the King's Royal Rifle Corps. Field Marshal Sir John French, the commander-in-chief of the British expeditionary force in France, in his report to Minister of War Kitchener, given out on Oct. 18th last, mentioned the prince for meritorious service in the field.

All Enemies Of Canada Must Register

Ottawa, Oct. 29.—Registration bureaux will be established at Toronto, for Ontario province, for the registration of alien residents in Canada, in accordance with an order-in-council passed yesterday. Steps will be taken at once to obtain a full list of these men so that every hostile resident in Canada may be under the surveillance of dominion police authority. Some will be allowed their freedom on the condition that they will be placed in detention and held. The dominion police will be in charge of the work.

FEARS BORDER RAID.

Fort Erie Asks Government to Station Troops There.

Buffalo, N.Y., Oct. 29.—The Board of Trade of the village of Fort Erie, Ont., opposite Buffalo, has asked the Dominion government to station troops there. The nearest militia force is now doing guard duty on the Welland canal, eighteen miles away. The possibility of a raid by German sympathizers from the United States was openly discussed at the last meeting of the village council and the action of the board followed the failure of the council to take action.

All Over a Pie

The burning of a pie in an oven at 288 Barrie street gave the firemen a run at noon on Thursday. In the excitement following the burning of the pie the firemen were called as the kitchen was filled with smoke. The total loss was one pie.

To The Front. For the first time in Kingston, Canada, melons from California, seen them at Carnovsky's.

THOUSANDS MASSACRED IN SEEKING ADVANTAGE

No Mercy Was Asked and None Was Given.

ARMIES IN DEATH GRIP

BATTLEFIELD OF FLANDERS RESEMBLED A SHAMBLES.

Germans and Allies Rushing Fresh Masses of Troops To the Fighting Lines—The Sand Dunes and Canals Show Evidences of the Dreadful Conflict.

London, Oct. 29.—The "bloody massacre," as it is described by those on the spot, among the sand dunes and the canals of Flanders, shows as yet but few signs of slackening.

The valor of the German attack has been persistently countered by equal valor from the steady ranks before them.

Apparently no quarter is being asked or given in this battle on the western front and the land over which it is being waged consequently resembles a shambles.

Seven times altogether the Germans have crossed and recrossed the Yser. Each time they succeeded in gaining the left bank they found themselves in a death trap commanded by the guns of the defenders immovably entrenched behind their embankment running more or less parallel to the line of the Yser. Each time they were completely barring their progress.

Some German forces, according to the latest reports in London, succeeded in finding shelter enough among the sand hillocks to enable them to retain a footing between the Yser and the railroad running from Dixmude to Nieuport, but this number up to the present time has been insufficient to dislodge the allies.

German re-enforcements are still rolling up, and the efforts to break through the line show no sign of cessation.

The opinion is expressed widely by British military observers that the present clash of tactics cannot, as was the case in a number of previous battles in the campaign, fade away into another phase without some result which will thwart or give marked success to one side or the other.

If the Germans are sending fresh masses of men to the fighting zone, the allies, probably, are equaling their opponents numerically with re-enforcements.

The Belgian government has been stirred to greater activity by the comment that there are many young and physically able Belgians enjoying life in England when their proper place, it is contended, is in the ranks of their own army. A call has now been issued by the Belgian government summoning all eligible between the ages of eighteen and twenty to enlist for the duration of the war and announcing that after November 1st all bachelors are to be automatically enlisted.

Simultaneously it is declared here that the British government has repented of its recent instructions forbidding the capture of reservists of the enemy on neutral vessels, and has withdrawn this order.

Holding Line To The Sea

Paris, Oct. 29.—The vigor of the German attacks on the north was diminished greatly after they had carried out two surprise assaults during the night which cost both sides dearly.

Real success has been attained by the allies, who have not only prevented a breach in their lines, but has made considerable progress, and now firmly hold the line from Nieuport to Dixmude and on to the neighborhood of Lille.

Officers who have returned from the front describe a difficult and dangerous task performed by the native troops the night along the Belgian coast. They surprised and destroyed a German ammunition park, thus putting out of action several German batteries which had caused great annoyance to the allies, who could not reach them with their artillery.

In absolute darkness, several natives crept up stealthily and killed the German sentries. They then set fire to a thicket where the ammunition wagons were sheltered, causing all the shells to explode.

Ostend Crowded With Wounded. London, Oct. 29.—Travellers reaching Amsterdam from Ostend declare that as the fighting between Nieuport and Dixmude increased in violence, Ostend became more and more crowded with German wounded, according to the correspondent of Amsterdam of Reuters Telegram company.

Nearly all the inhabitants of Ostend are fleeing the city, the correspondent continues. In the vicinity of Ostend the German forces are almost exclusively marines. On the sea dyke the Germans have posted heavy artillery which was successful in driving off British warships in the vicinity.

Five hundred British prisoners were brought into Ostend, but subsequently they were transferred to

Ghent. There are also many wounded of the allies in Ostend, and the roads to Ghent are jammed with marching soldiers.

At a point not far from Ostend the Germans have erected an air-ship shed of non-inflammable material. Food in Ostend is scarce.

War Tidings. The German garrison at Bruges, Heist and Knokke, he says, are not very numerous.

Some of the French trenches in the Argonne wood have been carried and the defenders captured.

The Duke of Wurttemberg's army has lost heavily in the north of France, according to a despatch received by the Exchange Telegraph company from Paris.

On the right bank of the Aisne the Germans attempted at night a very violent offensive movement in the region of Craonne. On the heights of the highway Des Dames they have been repulsed.

In the Woivre district the French troops have continued their advance in the forests between Apremont and St. Mihiel, as well as in the forest of La Pretre.

The German and Austrian troops in Poland, according to an official announcement issued in Berlin, have been forced to withdraw before fresh Russian forces, advancing from Ivangorod, Warsaw and Novgorod, after having repulsed all former Russian attacks.

Boys' overcoats in all the popular styles just placed in stock. We secured a bargain and will give you the benefit. Come soon. Livingston's.

DAILY MEMORANDUM.

See top of page 8, right hand corner for probabilities.

Rummage sale, Oct. 30th and 31st. 260 Princess St.

Rummage sale, First Congregational hall, Johnson St., near Wellington, Friday afternoon and evening.

The Charity Circle of the King's Daughters' tea and sale, Friday, Oct. 30th, at Miss Nina Ferguson's, 121 Bagot street.

THE DAILY BRITISH WHIG

Is On Sale at the Following City Stores:

Bucknell's News Depot... 295 King E. Clarke, J. W. & Co... 353 Princess College Book Store... 163 Princess Coulter's Grocery... 309 Princess

Fraser's Grocery, Cor. Princess & Alfred Frontenac Hotel... Ontario St. Gibson's Drug Store... Market Square McAuley's Book Store... 93 Princess McCall's Clear Store, Cor. Prin. & King

McLeod's Grocery... 51 Union St. W. Madley's Drug Store... 180 University Ave. McCall's Clear Store... 100 Princess

Princess's Drug Store... 313 Princess Vallee's Grocery... 328 Montreal Lowe's Grocery... Portmoull

BORN. BROWN—To Mr. and Mrs. Harold Brown, 87 Division St., daughter, on Oct. 29th, 1914.

SEGSWORTH—In the Kingston General Hospital, in Dorset wing, on Oct. 24th, 1914, to Mr. and Mrs. George Segsworth, of Sydenham, a son.

MARRIED. CURRAGH—KNOWLTON—In Kingston on Wednesday, Oct. 28, 1914, at Sydenham St. Methodist parsonage, by the Rev. A. Brown, Lena Pearl Knowlton, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Silas J. Knowlton, York St., to Kenneth J. Curragh, only son of Mr. and Mrs. James Curragh, Stuart St.

DIED. NOLAN—In Kingston, on Oct. 28th, 1914, Hannah J. Nolan, beloved wife of William Nolan, (Toronto and Edmonton papers please copy.)

Funeral (private) on her late residence, 277 Sydenham St. on Friday morning, at 9 o'clock, to St. Mary's Cathedral, where a solemn requiem mass will be sung for the repose of her soul.

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