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BASE metal is no fit setting for the golden voice of a great singer. So—in the new Edison Phonograph, the Reproducing Point is a Diamond.

This gem is a permanent part of the instrument—doing away with metal needles which must be changed with every record. With



The new EDISON PHONOGRAPH

the liquid, melting, thrilling tones of the glorious grand opera voices come to you in all their ravishing richness and clarity. To hear Martinelli and Bonci—Lucrezia Bori and Anna Case—Polesse and Caronna—is a treat indeed; and they are heard at their best with the new Edison Phonograph.

The new Edison Phonograph has the diamond reproducing point, unbreakable and long playing records, superior motors and construction, concealed horns, and the Cabinets are made in true Period style, in perfect harmony with the latest furniture.

Remember, you have a standing invitation to call and let us play for you any record, or any number of records, that you care to hear.

Whether you have an EDISON—or intend to get one—come and see the new instruments and hear the new records.

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The kind you are looking is the kind we sell. Scranton Coal is good coal and we guarantee prompt delivery.

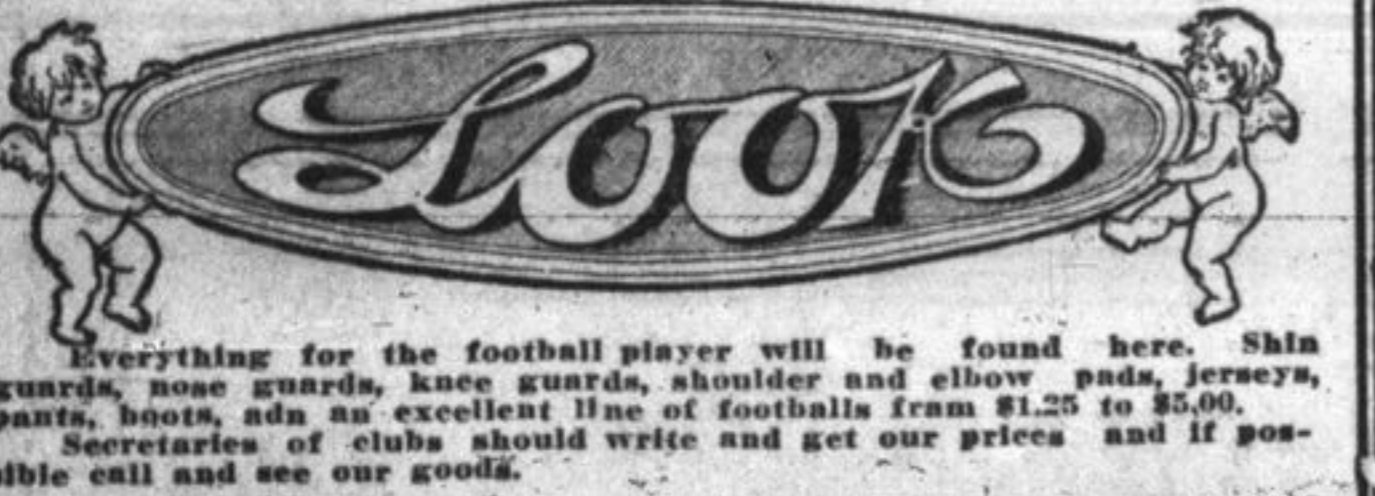
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A True Tonic

is one that assists Nature. Regular and natural action of the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels will keep you well and fit, and this action is promoted by

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The Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents.



Everything for the football player will be found here. Shin guards, knee guards, shoulder and elbow pads, jerseys, pants, boots, and an excellent line of footballs from \$1.25 to \$5.00. Secretaries of clubs should write and get our prices and if possible call and see our goods.

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Wet Weather Shoes for Men

The time is at hand when you can expect wet, stormy weather. Are you prepared with a pair of WET WEATHER SHOES? If not, we wish the pleasure of showing you our line of TAN and BLACK storm shoes made in soft, pliable, oil tanned leathers with heavy double viscolized soles and either leather or canvas lining. A shoe to wear without a rubber.

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J. H. SUTHERLAND & BRO THE HOME OF GOOD SHOES

WINTER EGGS DEAR

INDICATIONS ARE THAT NEW-LAID EGGS WILL BE SCARCE

Owing to High Price of Feed it Will Cost More for Production—Careful Management Should Keep the Average Cost Low.

By F. C. Elford, Dominion Poultry Husbandman.

The indications are that new laid eggs will be scarce this winter as usual and extra attention is not paid to getting the laying stock into condition and housed early, the supply of eggs may not be as plentiful even as they were last winter.

Though the present is too late to begin to prepare for early winter eggs, it is a good time to make the best of what we may have by getting everything ready before the cold weather comes. The beginning was made last spring when the well matured pullets that the high priced eggs may be expected and in order to get the most out of these, care must be taken as from now until laying time is a more critical time in the life of the pullet than most poultrymen imagine.

How To Get Ready.

Keep no stock that will be non-producing. Kill off the old hens that will not lay until the spring. Market the immature pullets and all surplus cockerels as soon as they are ready. Give the rest of the pullets every opportunity to develop and get into laying condition before winter sets in.

Put these pullets into their winter quarters, early. The unnecessary handling or changing of pullets from one place to another just when they are about to begin to lay is disastrous and in some cases will retard laying for several weeks. Give the pullets every chance to get acquainted with their winter quarters in plenty of time and feed liberally so that they will start to lay before the cold weather.

Do not feed sparingly but judiciously. Though feed may be high, it does not pay to stint the layers. Feed them on a litter on the floor and as the weather gets colder increase the quantity of litter. In addition to the grain see that they have either a hopper, with dry mash constantly before them, or if preferred, give it in the shape of a moist mash once a day. Have the house clean, preferably white-washed, and allow plenty of sunshine in.

I have found that with a shed roofed house, a board protection along the front of the house, high as 18 inches from the floor is an advantage. From this up glass and cotton in the proportion of one of glass to two of cotton, make the most ideal fit for the average Canadian house.

Why Not More City Hens.

Many towns and city people could not only produce sufficient eggs to keep their table going but have enough eggs left over that would go a long way towards supplying the household with groceries, etc. There are comparatively few city lots where a small flock of poultry could not be kept and enough scraps find their way into the garbage can to provide a large proportion of the food. No male bird should be kept as they are both a nuisance and an expense which if done away with and the house kept clean and sanitary there is absolutely nothing about such a plant that could possibly annoy the neighbors. If say one in every hundred city families would produce even enough eggs for their own table it would reduce the number of those who buy eggs, and add that many more to the list of producers.

During the fiscal year ending March 31st, 1914, over 11 1/2 million dozen eggs were imported into Canada. These came from Great Britain, Hong Kong, China, Japan, New Zealand, and United States. Surely Canadian poultry keepers can supply the demand this year. If all help in this matter there should be no lack of eggs and if care is exercised in the production there should be a good revenue to the producer and the consumer ought not to pay such exorbitant prices as sometimes have been asked in the time of scarcity.

Better Cost Low Than Price High

Owing to the high price of feed it may cost more this year than usual to produce new laid eggs but by careful management the average cost of one dozen of eggs might be kept as low as usual. It is at the production end that producers should aim to economize and it is better to save at this end than to expect ex-

Relief at Once Cure Certain

Conclusive Evidence That Dr. Chase's Ointment Cures Itching Piles.

Mr. John G. McDonald, Pictou, N. S., writes:—"I used Dr. Chase's Ointment for itching piles and found relief. After using a few boxes of the ointment I was completely cured, and can recommend it highly to all sufferers from this disease. You have my permission to use this letter for the benefit of others."

Mr. James M. Douglass, Superior Junction, Ont., writes:—"For about six years I suffered from piles, and often could not work for two or three days at a time, so great was the suffering from pain and itching. Doctors treated me in vain, and I tried many treatments before I came across Dr. Chase's Ointment. Two boxes of Dr. Chase's Ointment cured me, and for several months I have had no return of this annoying ailment."

There can be no doubt that Dr. Chase's Ointment is the most effective treatment obtainable for every form of piles. 50 cents a box, all dealers, or Edmanston, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

extreme prices. This is always the case and especially will it be so this winter when everything the consumer has to buy will be dear and money to pay for it scarce. It will be a loyal act to study how cheaply the eggs can be produced rather than how much can be charged for them.

Prof. Edward Brown, the veteran poultryman of England, made a suggestion the other day to English breeders, which suggestion even from this distance sounds good. He thought that as so many poultry breeders in Great Britain had done business with Belgian poultrymen, who in all probability were killed, or who at least have had all their stock destroyed, that these English breeders, as soon as the smoke of battle had cleared away, might donate to their old customers and friends in Belgium, sufficient breeding stock to enable them to start up again. This suggestion of Prof. Brown's is worthy of a Britisher and though Canadian poultry breeders may not be able to do this, they can show their loyalty by producing as many new laid eggs as possible for this winter and at the least possible cost. Strictly new laid eggs in the winter time are worth a good price and the man who can produce them deserves credit and extra remuneration but let us during this winter by better care and management we will have enough new laid eggs that we can supply the consumers at a price which is within the reach of those who must have them.

PILES FOR FIFTEEN YEARS.

Cured by Zam-Buk.

To those who suffer from this painful malady the following letters will be of deep interest. Mr. J. McEwen, of Dundas, Ont., writes: "For fifteen years I suffered with piles and could get no permanent cure until I tried Zam-Buk. After having given Zam-Buk a fair trial I found it was getting better, and in the end it completely cured me."

Mr. James Ruddy, of Killaloe, Ont., says: "I suffered greatly from piles. The pain from these, as anyone who suffers from them, as anyone who knows, was at times almost unbearable. I tried first one remedy and then another, but all without effect. The piles still continued as bad as ever. I heard about Zam-Buk and commenced with the treatment. To my great joy, after perseverance, I obtained relief from the agonizing pain of the piles. Having been cured by Zam-Buk I heartily recommend the balm to all sufferers from piles."

Every home needs Zam-Buk—accidents will happen and Zam-Buk is the best "first aid." It quickly takes the sting out of a cut, the fire out of a burn, the scald, the abrasion from a bruise. Blood-poison or other complications cannot creep in where Zam-Buk has been applied. It is a sure cure for piles, eczema, ulcers, children's scalp sores, varicose veins, cold cracks, chapped hands, etc. 50c. at all druggists and stores, or post-paid from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price. Use substitutes and harmful imitations.

AGRICULTURAL TOPICS

"Grow More Wheat." If you wish to aid the empire in the midst of war's alarms, and you find you are unable to accept the call to arms. You can surely help the country. You can aid the foe's defeat. If you only will get busy.

And grow more wheat.

All the soldiers of a nation do not bear the battle's brunt. Some have but to do the dirty, never getting near the front. You can do your duty nobly. Helping them the foe to beat. If you only will get busy.

And grow more wheat.

Thousands now are struggling bravely. They are well and truly led. But they cannot win the battles. If they are but poorly fed.

Forces them to make retreat. If you only will get busy.

And grow more wheat.

So that when the strife is over, And peace cometh to the land, When the soldiers are returning, And you grasp a hero's hand, You can say "I did my duty."

And you proudly may them greet. If you only will get busy.

And grow more wheat.

Toronto. T. G. R.

More Wheat Wanted.

In the United States as well as in Canada farmers are being advised to turn every available acre to the production of wheat next year. The thing may easily be overdone. Speaking on what is advised Rural New Yorker says: "Thus far the fighting has not seriously interfered with the harvests. The grain in both Germany and France has been cut by women and old men, and the same workers will put in a new crop as best they can. There will be a shortage, of course, and Europe must look to Africa, Australia, South America for part of its food. It is not likely that the English grain crops will be smaller. They may be larger. It will never pay to turn over old or unsuitable land, give it a hasty fitting and then sow grain just for the sake of obtaining a large acreage. The thing to do is to increase the grain acreage a little, and work the land just as well as you possibly can before putting in the seed. Try to grow more grain to the acre rather than to scratch over more acres."

Dehorning Calves. As the Union stock yards at To-

ronto have announced their intention of docking all horned animals \$2 per head after January 1, it behooves the beef man to comply with the regulations. This is a simple matter when the calf is young. As soon as the buttons begin to form under the skin, which is soon after a calf is born, clip the hair from the skin over these buttons. Moistening the end of a stick of caustic potash in water and rub it over the skin where the button is forming. Care should be taken to prevent any of the water and potash from getting into the calf's eyes or on the skin, except where the button is forming, as it is a very strong material and will make the skin and eyes sore and may cause blindness. Persons handling potash should be careful to keep it from their fingers. It is best to wrap the end handles with paper. If a scab does not form with the first application or within a day or two, apply it a second time. There is no danger in using this material provided care is taken to keep it out of the calf's eyes. — Toronto Weekly Sun.

Make Ready For Winter Eggs.

Preparations that are to be made in the poultry yard for winter should be made early in the fall so the hens will become accustomed to the changes and have time to get back to laying before cold weather sets in. Now is the time to do the work.

Remove all the old litter and nesting material and burn it. If allowed to accumulate in the yard it will serve as a wholesale incubator for disease germs, which may mean death to your fowls. The best plan is always to keep everything clean.

After everything has been removed from the house and it has had a thorough scrubbing, give it a good painting all over with whitewash and a disinfectant made of crude carbolic acid. If you cannot do this any of the commercial disinfectants will do. Paint roost with an hour or two before the hens go to roost and it will do away with the lice.

If you are planning any new buildings or yards, they should be made at once, for it will be fatal to the production of winter eggs, if you wait until cold weather comes. The hens naturally require some time to get accustomed to new things.

Gather a good supply of road dust for use in the dust box this winter. There is nothing that the hens enjoy more than a good dust bath and it is by far the cheapest remedy you can get. Gather up a barrel full and you will have enough to last all winter.

If the nights get pretty cold in your locality in the winter time it will be a good plan to make roosting closets for the laying hens. It will keep up the production of eggs. It costs little and will more than repay you for the trouble and expense of making it.

If you need new food hoppers, get them now. Nothing like being prepared for winter when it comes. If we keep putting things off we are apt to forget them altogether. — CHESLA C. SHERLOCK.

The Score Wanted.

Toronto Star. The kind of score that would most interest red-blooded Canadians just now is: Allies, 9; Germans, 0, with all the latter's pitchers knocked out of the box.

Did you ever know a rich young woman to marry a poor old man?

No trouble with ashes. Flanges at each end of firebox guide all ashes direct into ashpan.

McClary's Pandora

Range has extra large ashpan, holding over a day's accumulation. Allow the McClary dealer to demonstrate.

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The Most Costly War

that has involved the whole human race for all time is the conflict between Nature and Disease. The first move in the warfare against Disease is to clear the system of all the accumulated toxins of past food follies by eating Nature's food—

SHREDED WHEAT

the food that keeps the bowels healthy and active by stimulating peristalsis in a natural way and at same time supplies all the tissue-building material in the whole wheat grain prepared in a digestible form.

"War Prices" need not disturb the housewife who knows the nutritive value and culinary uses of Shredded Wheat. It contains the maximum of nutriment at smallest cost. Delicious for breakfast with hot or cold milk or cream, or for any meal with sliced pears, sliced peaches, or other fruits.

"IT'S ALL IN THE SHREDS"

Made only by The Canadian Shredded Wheat Company, Limited Niagara Falls, Ontario Toronto Office 49 Wellington Street East 7-11

Advertisement for Cat's Paw Rubber Heels. Includes text: "Tell Your Shoeman to put Cat's Paw Rubber Heels on your new boots—and on your old ones." and "They Won't Slip". Features illustrations of various shoe models and a cat's paw logo. Text also includes "Safety First" and "CAT'S PAW Heels will help you to stand up straight for Canada. They are made in Canada by a Canadian company, to make walking easy—slipping impossible—and life more comfortable for all who wear them. They cost no more—ask your dealer. Walpole Rubber Co. Limited, Montreal."