

GRAND JURY ASKED

THAT BIBLES BE PROVIDED FOR USE OF PRISONERS.

Also Recommended That Arrangements be Made for Turnkeys to Have Sunday Off Duty — Charitable Institutions Reported to be a Credit to the City.

That a sufficient number of Bibles be purchased for the use of prisoners in the county jail.

The above was one of the recommendations made by the grand jury at the high court, in their report presented on Wednesday afternoon.

The matter will be brought before the county council, as a copy of the jury's report will be sent to the warden.

Another recommendation of the jury was that arrangements be made so that turnkeys at the jail could secure a Sunday off duty.

It was reported that at the present time, there were confined to the jail thirteen men two women, all on short terms.

The jury reported having visited the jail, House of Providence, Home for the Aged and Infirm, the general hospital and Hotel Dieu, and finding each institution well conducted and a credit to the city. The jury also reported making an inspection of the court house and finding everything most satisfactory.

The Oskey Case.

Until late Wednesday afternoon, Justice B. M. Britton, in the high court, heard evidence in the suit of Mrs. Julia Oskey against the Frontenac Floor and Wall Tile company and the Corporation of Kingston, for \$10,000 damages for the death of her husband, at the tile company's plant, and then adjourned the hearing until 9.30 Thursday morning as there were still more witnesses to be heard.

A. B. Cunningham, acting for Mrs. Oskey, held that the electric lamp Oskey used did not comply with the rules and regulations set down by the hydro-electric commission, in that it was not properly protected and that further, the rules of the Factory Act had been violated. He placed before the court the rules of the commission and also a copy of the Factory Act. The evidence for the most part was the same as given at the coroner's inquest held on Oskey's death.

Prof. Herbert Kalmus, of Queen's university, declared that the lamp did not comply with regulations set down by the hydro-commission. He stated further that the wires in the tile company's plant had been properly installed, and that there was nothing inside the plant which would have caused the accident. The lamp was properly constructed to carry the 110 voltage required of it, but it would not stand a voltage of 550.

It was his opinion and the general opinion of electrical experts, that to a normal man, on dry ground the 110 voltage would not be dangerous. He had made an inspection of the plant a few hours after the fatal accident. The ground where Oskey stood was dry. He examined the city line outside the plant, and gave it as his opinion that the 110 and 550 voltage wires were so constructed as to touch with a tree and this would have caused trouble. He regarded the wiring as bad construction.

Clarence Broodbank, another electrical expert, who was doing research work at Queen's university at the time the accident occurred, and who was called to make an inspection, stated that he found that the wires feeding the tile works come in contact with trees at some places and that this would cause a cross circuit.

Elmer Davis, of the tannery, stated that there had been trouble with the motor at his place on the Friday or Saturday preceding the accident. The motor stopped, and it was found that the transformer had been burnt out. The following Monday it was burnt out again.

John Gingham, in charge of the motor at the tannery, corroborated Mr. Davis' evidence and stated further, that on the two occasions the motor stopped, no trouble was found inside the plant. He did not know where the trouble was but the men sent by the city to ascertain the trouble, worked at the transformer. Mrs. Holder, living at 482 Montreal street, told of seeing four employees of the city stop at the transformer at the corner of Thomas and Montreal street on Sunday afternoon, a few hours after the accident occurred. One man climbed the pole, and appeared to be working at the transformer. A day or so after a man worked at it again.

Mr. Godfrey, acting for the tile company, declared that the company had not been shown liable by the evidence and J. L. Whiting also declared that no negligence had been shown on the part of the corporation.

City Officials Testify.

C. C. Folger, general manager of the civic light plant, William C. Rogers, the city's electrician and Frank Acton and Stanley Adair, two city inspectors, declared positively that a few hours after the accident occurred, they had made a thorough inspection of the line from the transformer on Montreal street to the tile company's plant, and that the city's wires had been found in first class condition.

Mr. Folger, in referring to the inspection, told of the visit to the transformer at Montreal and Thomas street. It was found to be in first-class condition. Nothing was done to change the character of the transformer. The transformer at the outer station gate was also examined, and found to be O.K. There was no sign of crossing or interference with the city's wires. The wires for the tile plant had been installed in January last, and the installation was first-class in every way. There had been no complaints about the system, and no changes had been made. He denied the statement that one of the wires near



BRITISH SOLDIERS ON THE CONTINENT.

Highland soldiers captured at the battle of Mons who have been interned at Dohertitz near Potsdam in Germany.

the tile plant came in contact with a tree.

Asked by Mr. Cunningham, witness stated that he would not consider it good construction if the wires were allowed to touch a tree. Witnesses had sworn that the bark on a tree had been worked off as a result of wires touching it, but this witness also denied. He declared that the lamp used by Oskey was defective.

KIAU-CHAU IS RICH

Beautiful Land in China Made Center of Japanese Attack.

J. W. Van Eynhoven in Leslie's Weekly.

The power of Japan has been added to the forces against Germany, already surrounded by enemies in Europe. To Germany this additional enemy means little. But there is deep sorrow in the hearts of those who have ever seen the beautiful city on the bay of Kiau-Chau that has been made by the Germans out of what was only fourteen years ago a wilderness, almost a desert, and which is now the first point of the Japanese attack.

If ever there was justification for naming Cuba the pearl of the Antilles, then Tsing-Tao, the city of the German leased territory, deserves to be called the diamond of the China sea. It is the spotless town in reality.

Picturesquely situated on wide, clean streets that have been blasted out of the virgin rock are charming villas and pretentious houses of many wealthy Chinese who fled to the territory under German control during the many revolutions in China.

KINGSTON PENITENTIARY

Many Contributors To The Patriotic Fund.

- R. Aiken, \$2.25; A. Atkins, \$3.35; G. O. Aiken, \$2.25; J. Brown, \$2.50; P. Barr, \$2.50; J. Bennett, \$2.80; P. Bird, \$2.25; R. J. Burns, \$3.35; T. W. Howe, \$3.35; P. Beupre, \$2.80; C. Beatridge, \$2.35; R. Bryant, \$2.25; J. T. Berrigan, \$2.25; H. S. Degg, \$3.35.
- W. C. Rogers, the city electrician, corroborated the evidence of Mr. Folger about the inspection made of the wires and transformers. He also denied the statement that wires touched a tree and said the lamp used by Oskey was defective.
- R. Clark, \$2.25; H. M. Clark, \$2.25; W. J. Calvert, \$2.80; R. R. Creighton, \$7.75; T. N. Clark, \$2; R. A. Caughey, \$3.35; W. W. Cook, \$2.25; T. Davidson, \$2.30; S. Donaldson, \$2.25; W. H. Derry, \$3.60; F. Doyle, \$2.25; B. Duff, \$2.25; Rev. O. G. Dohm, \$3.35; J. Donoghue, \$2.25; P. Dowley, \$2; R. Davis, \$2.25.
- H. K. Filson, \$2.50; J. R. Forster, \$3.25; James Fogg, \$2.25; C. Fenning, \$2.25; T. Fowler, \$2.25; Miss Fahy, \$2; C. H. Gray, \$2.25; H. Gordon, \$2.25; D. Germain, \$2.25; H. Grant, \$2.25; J. Givens, \$2.25.
- F. Hornibrook, \$2.80; J. J. Hughes, \$2.25; T. Hennessy, \$2.25; W. Holland, \$3.35; J. Kennedy, \$2.25; M. J. Kennedy, \$2.25; T. A. Kenna, \$2.25; J. Lawless, \$2.25; J. Lawlor, \$2.80.
- C. Mills, \$2.25; Thomas D. Minnes, \$4.70; W. H. Matthews, \$2.25; R. C. Morris, \$2.25; P. Madden, \$2.50; J. A. McCaugherty, \$2.80; J. McWaters, \$2.25; A. McConville, \$2.25; J. McPherson, \$2.25; R. McDonald, \$2.80; E. McCue, \$2.25; D. J. McCarthy, \$2.80; George McCauley, \$2.50; Rev. M. McDonald, \$3.35; S. McCormack, \$2.25.
- Mrs. Mills, \$5.00; T. G. Nicholson, \$2.25; G. Nolan, \$2.25.
- D. O'Leary, \$5.00; J. B. Driscoll, \$2.50.
- Dr. D. Phelan, \$7.50; K. C. Pipe, \$2.25; J. A. Potter, \$2.25; H. J. Powell, \$2.25; J. Purcell, \$2.25; A. Rutherford, \$2.25.
- A. Silver, \$2.50; C. F. Smith, \$3.35; G. Sullivan, \$2.25; R. W. Sears, \$2.50.
- James Tweddell, \$2.80; T. Tobin, \$2.25; W. Tolbert, \$2.25; W. Talton, \$2.25; W. L. Walsh, \$2.25; M. J. Walsh, \$2.25; H. L. Walker, \$2.80; James Weir, \$2.25; H. W. Wilson, \$2.80; C. Wheeler, \$2.25; J. Wilson, \$2.25; B. R. Watson, \$2.25; J. Watson, \$2.50; T. Woods, \$2.50; S. Woods, \$2.00; R. Dowsley, \$2.25. Total, \$252.86.

\$100 REWARD, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists 15c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Dysentery Epidemic in Bohemia.

Paris, Oct. 8.—In a despatch from Rome the correspondent of the Havas agency says it is reported there from Vienna that an epidemic of dysentery has broken out in Bohemia and Moravia.

Grand Trunk Trainmaster To Go.

London, Ont., Oct. 8.—It is rumored in local official circles that a move is on foot to abolish the office of trainmaster throughout the company's entire system, the duties of the position to revert to the divisional superintendent's department, as was formerly the case.

RUSSIA BUYS STEEL BARRELS.

Places Order for 100,000 for Oil Trade in Sharon.

Sharon, Pa., Oct. 7.—The Russian government, through its American representative, has closed a contract with the Pressed Steel Products company, a subsidiary of the Petroleum Iron Works company of this city, for 100,000 steel barrels. These barrels are somewhat similar in construction to the steel barrels used by crude oil companies in this country and it is understood that the Russian government will make use of them in their petroleum trade. Heretofore, all steel barrels made for the Slavish government have been turned out in Germany.

Increase Capital Stock.

Chicago, Oct. 7.—The North Trust company has increased its capital stock from \$500,000 to \$2,000,000. New stock will be distributed at par to stock of record September 30th, and a cash dividend of \$500,000 or 33 1-3 per cent. will be paid to stockholders on October 31st, the latest date for payment of their stock subscription, the dividend equalling the subscription price of the stock.

Record Month in Coal Production

New York, Oct. 7.—Production of anthracite coal in September was the largest in any September in the history of the industry, according to indications gathered so far. When shipments are announced by the bureau of Anthracite Statistics next week they will approximate 6,000,000 tons. The record for September shipments made in 1913 was 5,876,496 tons.

Dunlop Dividend.

Toronto, Oct. 7.—Dividend number 34, being the regular 7 per cent. dividend on the preferred stock of Dunlop Tire and Rubber Goods Co., Limited, has been declared for the three months ending Sept. 30. The preferred stock was first issued on March 1st, 1899, since when it has continuously paid dividends without interruption.

Mr. Carrel A Director.

Quebec, Oct. 7.—Frank Carrel, of Quebec, has been elected a director of the International Portland Cement company of Spokane, Washington, U.S.A. This company, almost entirely controlled by Canadian capital, is operating one of the most modern cement plants in the island States, having an output of over two thousand barrels per day.

Financial Notes.

The Steel company of Scotland paid five per cent. against ten per cent. the previous year.

Franklin, Pa., plant of the American Steel Foundries company will close down indefinitely owing to lack of business.

The California Olive crop is worth \$2,000,000. The yield throughout the state is estimated at about 15,000 tons.

Panama Railroad made a profit in ten years of \$754,723 on its steamships.—In eleven months to May 31st, 1914, profits were \$267,019.

A mining man returning from Porcupine predicts a great influx of English and American money into the camp as soon as the general conditions, cause by the war, improve.

At Bangor, Maine, is announced that the Eastern Manufacturing company has taken over the Kalamazoo Pulp and Paper plant at Lincoln.

An Investment We Can Guarantee

You may put every dollar of your surplus funds into our "Guaranteed Investment." It is one of the safest in the Dominion, and pays a good interest return. Each investor's capital is secured by a first mortgage or mortgages, ear-marked and set aside as his personal security. Besides the mortgage, we give the Corporation's guarantee of principal and interest. Nothing safer, nothing better. We accept sums of \$500 and upward, for this form of investment. Write us if you are interested.



THE
TORONTO GENERAL TRUSTS CORPORATION

ESTABLISHED 1882 CAPITAL \$1,500,000.00 RESERVE \$1,500,000.00
ASSETS UNDER ADMINISTRATION \$83,055,883.87

Head Office, Bay and Melinda Sts., Toronto. Branches, Ottawa, Winnipeg, Saskatoon

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

INCORPORATED 1869

Capital Paid Up	\$11,560,000
Reserve Funds	13,575,000
Total Assets	180,000,000

COLLECTIONS Having 370 Branches throughout Canada and the West Indies, this Bank possesses unrivalled facilities for handling collections with economy and despatch.

LONDON, ENGL., OFFICE, BANK BUILDING, RINGERS STREET, E.C. KINGSTON BRANCH, E. E. NEWMAN, Manager.

Artificial Flower and Feather Factories Busy

The removal of the competition of cheap German artificial flowers and feathers, as a result of the war, is stimulating activity in the artificial flower and feather factories of Canada. The imports of artificial flowers and feathers from Germany to Canada during the last fiscal year amounted to \$177,171. The Canadian artificial flower and feather industry will have to make up much of the deficiency caused by the withdrawal of these imports.


Both the Dominion Ostrich Feather Company, Limited, and the Empire Flower and Fancy Feather Company, Limited—alleged concerns, with factories in Toronto—have experienced greatly increased activity since the war began. Under normal conditions these two factories have about 200 employees. Since the breaking out of hostilities the number of employees has been increased to 240, and it has been necessary to have many of the employees work overtime several nights a week, in order to cope with the increased business that is being offered.

"This increased activity is a direct result of the war," said Mr. C. E. Lanskill, president and managing director of the Dominion Ostrich Feather Company, Limited. "The war has cut off imports of all the cheap German flowers, and this deficiency has created a demand for better goods such as can be turned out profitably by domestic manufacturers. We have ample supplies of all kinds of raw materials on hand, and with the co-operation of our friends and customers, we hope and expect to be able to keep all our hands busy during the coming fall and winter."


Justifies Seizure of German Island. Tokio, Oct. 8.—The newspapers, commenting on the capture of the island of Jaluit by Japanese naval forces, declare that this action was necessary to safeguard Japan's territorial, commercial, and maritime interests. They add that the seizure was justified, also because of the seizure and destruction of shipping by the German cruiser Emden.

Mutt Doesn't Appreciate Tender Sentiment : : : : By "Bud Fisher"


MUTT MADE A BLOOMER WRITING OUT A PROPOSAL FOR ME YESTERDAY—I'LL WRITE ONE MYSELF TODAY—THEN LEARN IT AND PROPOSE TO MY DEARIE



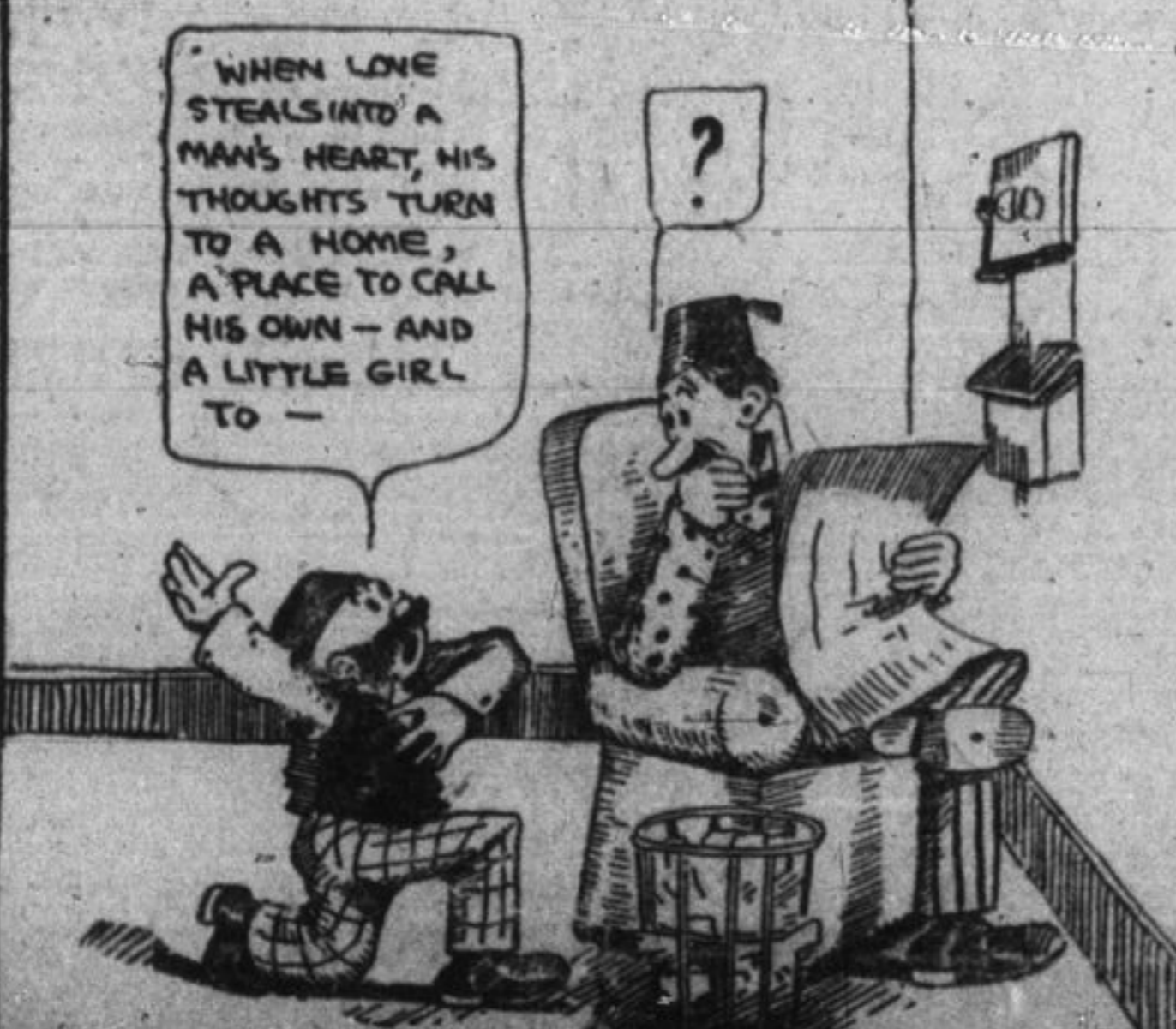
I GOT IT ALL DOPED OUT—NOW I'LL TRY IT ON MUTT FIRST—HE'S GOT A BETTER EDUCATION THAN ME—I'LL SEE IF HE LIKES IT!




SWEETHEART, THERE COMES A TIME IN THE LIVES OF ALL MEN WHEN HE THINKS OF GREATER THINGS THAN A MERE EXISTENCE



WHEN ONE STEALS INTO A MAN'S HEART, HIS THOUGHTS TURN TO A HOME, A PLACE TO CALL HIS OWN—AND A LITTLE GIRL TO—



SHARE HIS JOYS AND HIS SORROWS—SWEETHEART, I WANT YOU TO SHARE MINE. I WANT YOU TO BE MY WIFE



HEY! CENTRAL—GIMME THE BOARD OF HEALTH!

