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LAST EDITION

GERMAN NORTHWARD MOVEMENT CAUSES ANXIETY

GERMANS MOVING TO THE NORTHWARD

They Attempted Attack in Force on Lassigny, Held by Allies But Failed to Gain Any Advantage.

Advances and Retirements Continue as Pressure on Line Increases or Decreases--Russians Threaten Both German Front and Flank--Czar's Forces Capture Large Number of German Cannon.

Paris, Oct. 6.—That the Germans are moving northwards towards the coast and from Belgium westward, was indicated in to-day's official three o'clock statement, which announced that the German cavalry is now signalled in the vicinity of Lille. Fighting of the most desperate character continues, it is stated, in the communiqué, with practically no real change in the general situation. In the vicinity of Arras it is stated there has been a very slight change, while fighting continues with increasing ferocity.

Between the Somme and the Oise, alternative advances and retirements continue as the pressure increases or decreases at various points of the line.

The Germans are declared to have attempted an attack in force on the French line, which is holding Lassigny but failed to gain the slightest advantage. The French, it is declared, are making progress to the north of Soissons in the region of Berry-Aubac.

Russians Threaten German Flank.

Petrograd, Oct. 6.—Russian armies in pursuit of the Germans who have been driven from the Neimen river region, are now threatening the Germans on their front and flank. The Germans are reported here to be occupying their fortified positions along the border inside of the east Prussian frontier. The Russian forces, however, are moving to flank them from the south.

The estimates of the German casualties in the series of battles extended well down into Russian Poland, continue to grow. They are now placed at 70,000.

In addition, the Russians have captured a large number of German cannon which became mired in the retreat and were abandoned.

Anxiety Felt in London.

London, Oct. 6.—The situation in France is causing great anxiety in non-military circles. The optimistic attitude of the war office during the latter part of last week aroused great expectations. It was said that the long, drawn-out battle of Aisne was ending in a complete victory. Now, with the knowledge that the Germans are themselves extending their lines, there are fears that the government is withholding much of the actual truth concerning the situation.

The war office has nothing to say other than to repeat that the general situation remains good. There are no details of the fate of the British troops on the firing line. Even the location of the various units is withheld. It is admitted that the entire British expeditionary forces, Indian contingent included, are in action. But where they are is left entirely to the imagination.

The same condition holds good in reference to the Belgian situation and the theatre of war in the near east. The Russians were reported as attempting to cross the Donajet river in Galicia in their campaign against Cracow last Thursday. But to date, no claim that they have actually succeeded in crossing has been made.

Antwerp is reported as still holding out, but it is known that the Germans are subjecting the city to a tremendous bombardment, and that unless help comes soon, the city may fall.

Allies' Left Wing Extends.

Paris, Oct. 6.—The official statement says: "On our left the wing front is becoming more and more extended. Some German cavalry forces of large size have been reported in the environs of Lille, advancing before forces of the enemy, who are making a movement to the north of the line of Tourecoing."

BERLIN WAR REPORTS

Turkey Soon to Lick Russia and Britain.

New York, Oct. 6.—A despatch from Berlin to-day says: "Attempts of the entente powers to force the opening of the Dardanelles have failed. The Russian ambassador at Constantinople is reported to be furious on account of the embargo thus placed on Russia's grain export trade, and her importation of arms. The increased Turkish navy is consequently expected here soon to sail against Russia in the Black Sea, while Turkish troops, it is believed here, will soon be attacking the English on account of England's suppression of khedival rights in Egypt."

FOLLOW HUSBANDS ABROAD.

Wives of Canadian Officers Sail From New York.

New York, Oct. 6.—Two passengers starting for Europe on Monday on board the Philadelphia, of the American line, to meet their husbands, were Mrs. Janet and Mrs. Leslie, of Kingston, Ont. They stopped at the Ritz-Carlton Hotel. Their husbands, Major Norman S. Leslie, of battery "A," permanent corps, Canada, and Lieut.-Col. J. N. Paret, of the Canadian Royal Horse Artillery, have left Canada to serve with the British army.

Labor Man in Hamilton.

Hamilton, Ont., Oct. 6.—Mayor Allan, stated by the conservative party for the provincial seat in West Hamilton as successor to Hon. J. B. Hendrie, will have opposition from the labor party in case the liberals do not contest the seat. H. J. Halford, Charles Alcherson and W. Rolls three well-known laborites, are mentioned as candidates.

CHILD BOMB VICTIM KNITS FOR SOLDIERS

Says She Is Content to Lose Her Leg For France and Its Honor.

Paris, Oct. 6.—A visitor who went to see Denise Cartier, the thirteen-year-old girl who was injured by a bomb dropped by a German aeroplane two weeks ago, found her knitting jerseys for soldiers. The surgeons had amputated one leg above the knee. She said with unaffected courage: "If I have been courageous, I am sure any French child would have been the same. I am content to lose my leg for France." Subscriptions for the benefit of little Denise are being received by the newspapers. Many children have sent 100 francs.

SIDE THAT CAN EXTEND ITS LINE FURTHEST

Without Weakening Its Front Will Win the Battle of the Aisne, is the Opinion of a London Military Expert.

Toronto, Oct. 6.—A special cable received to-day from a London military expert says: The flank movements in France do not depend for their effectiveness on speed or "surprise." But if the Russians win a great victory in the east, the Germans will need to withdraw forces from their western armies, whereupon the flank attacks of the allies will crumple up the German lines. Whichever side can extend its line furthest without weakening its front will win the battle of the Aisne.

Five Million More Russians Eager to Fight

Rome, Oct. 6.—Communications from Russia, which, since the beginning of the war, have become most abundant and detailed, describe the Muscovite empire as such a ferment that those knowing the Slav spirit think the war, now headed by the czar at the front, has assumed the character of a hotbed, and will be like an immense fire which, breaking through dykes, will inundate and exterminate everything in its path. A despatch from Petrograd says that the volunteers who have offered to leave for the front already total 5,000,000, all of these are well drilled. General Soukhomlinoff, the minister of war, has declared that if the armistice has not time to provide rifles for all, the Russians will take them from the Germans and Austrians, and there will be glory for everybody.

MANY IN A BIG FIGHT.

But They Made Off Before Police Arrived On the Scene.

Late Monday night about twenty young fellows engaged in a lively fight in the corner of Montreal and Princess streets. A person sent a call to the police, but the fighters evidently were tipped off to the fact that the police were on the way to stop the fight, for when a couple of blunders arrived on the scene, the disturbers had made off. It is stated that the battle was a fierce one while it lasted.

To Be Investigated.

Ottawa, Oct. 6.—A committee consisting of four members of the staff of the department of mines, has been appointed to make an enquiry into the condition of the iron mining industry in Canada. This follows the statement of the minister of finance in his 1913-14 budget that the industry would be investigated.

Kaiser "Fires" Von Moltke Chief of Staff

London, Oct. 6.—The Standard has the following from its special correspondent at Amsterdam: The German emperor has dismissed Chief of the General Staff, Field Marshal Von Moltke, nephew of the famous Von Moltke, and has appointed Major-General Von Voigtroth in that position. This is a case of swapping horses while crossing the stream, and such a measure indicates that something like despair is in the breast of the imperial war lord. The new chief of the general staff is almost unknown in Germany, so that his appointment does nothing to create a feeling of confidence among the people, who are becoming more and more uneasy owing to the absence of definite good news and continuous whispering of bad news which is wafted from France and Russia.

Information from the other side of the German frontier reveals some of the reported causes of the dismissal of Von Moltke, who appears to have come into collision with his sovereign in regard to several important questions of strategy. Briefly, if the information which reaches us from Berlin is correct, the truth is that the Kaiser wished to subordinate sound strategy to his spiteful desire to attack Britain, while Von Moltke preferred to postpone any special measures against Britain, because they would have no effect on the situation at the decisive area of war. The Kaiser's famous order to concentrate the best part of the German army operation in France on an attempt to crush the British force was not approved by Von Moltke, who considered that the strategical necessities of the position rendered other plans more effective.

CHILD SHOT BY MOTHER.

"Didn't Know 'Twas Loaded" Case Near Berlin.

Berlin, Oct. 6.—It has just been learned that Edward Tenna, the five-year-old son of John Tenna, a farmer living in Wellelesly township, met with instant death, on Friday last, being almost decapitated by the discharge of a shot gun in the hands of his mother, who was showing the boy how a gun was shot off and didn't know it was loaded.

Child Killed While Swinging.

Issax, Ont., Oct. 6.—While visiting at the home of William Manchester, of Colechester, in company with her grandparents, May Little, of Windsor, was accidentally killed. She was swinging in the barn when the beam to which the swing was attached, fell crushing her skull.

Germans May Be Withdrawing From Antwerp

Bordeaux, Oct. 6.—Members of the government have put a very optimistic interpretation on the report that German cavalry has been seen in Lille. They say it indicates that the enemy has found it necessary to withdraw from the hard-pressed Antwerp to reinforce the hard-pressed German right wing in France. It is also stated in Bordeaux that Hon. Winston Churchill, first lord of the British Admiralty, is in Antwerp to confer with King Albert and the Belgian defenders in reference to the defence of that city.

TOLD GERMAN PROFESSORS

That Their Opinions of British Dominions Was Wrong.

Probably the last Britisher who had the opportunity of impressing upon some of the leading professors of Berlin university, Germany, the German view of Britain's dominions beyond the seas was altogether wrong, was Dr. Edward J. Williamson, of Hobart college, Geneva, N. Y., who visited here for the past few days. Dr. Williamson was on such intimate terms with some of the Berlin professors that they offered him gold for paper money he carried. He found that they had very erroneous views with regard to Canada, Australia and India, and he took occasion to explain to them that they would find that their information concerning the British overseas possessions was away off, for they would find that the people in those countries would shed their last drop of blood for the motherland, just as the Germans would shed theirs for their fatherland.

High Court Opened.

There are four non-jury cases entered for hearing at the sittings of the high court which opened this afternoon at 10 o'clock. Justice B. M. Britton is the presiding judge. The first case is that of James Richardson & Sons vs. the C. P. R. company for damage for loss of oats by fire.

TRENCHES CARRIED IN FIERCEST FIGHT

Honor Lies Largely With the British Troops, Especially With Highlanders.

From Alfred J. Rorké, Gen. News Correspondent. London, Oct. 6.—The official statement that the German trenches have been carried marks the termination of what is probably one of the fiercest contests in history. The honor lies largely with the British troops, particularly with two famous Highland regiments.

For some days the allies have been advancing until the distance separating the trenches of the combatants was little more than 200 metres. Over this distance a continuous rifle fire was kept up night and day, punctuated by infantry rushes from either side. Those wounded in these actions were compelled to remain unattended for more than two days. The Germans refusing to allow the British Red Cross to go out and effect rescues. They would not even permit their own ambulances to pick up the German wounded.

During the lull in the firing the German and English troops shouted to each other. It was only a question of time before one side must be hurled back by a terrific bayonet charge.

A few days ago I met a grandson of Charles Dickens, an officer of the British Red Cross who was automobiling over the same roads described in the "Tale of Two Cities."

The late Earl Minto, formerly governor-general of Canada, left a personal estate of \$159,719, also considerable real estate.

Dr. Black, who is leaving Warkworth for Brighton, was banqueted by the citizens of the former village and presented with a handsome club bag.

Robert H. Reid has been arrested in Montreal charged with obtaining 7,500 shares of the Labrador Pulp and Lumber company with intent to fraud the company.

VON KLUCK IS MAKING A DETERMINED STAND

Surprise at Success of the Germans

AVOIDING OUTFLANKING

HOWEVER THEY CANNOT EXTEND MUCH FURTHER NORTH

Without Weakening Their Line at Some Point—General Joffre Still Rushes Reinforcements With Heavy Guns North.

London, Oct. 6.—General Von Kluck, re-enforced with troops from the German centre, continues to make a determined stand against the attempt of the allies to outflank him. The French, who on Sunday officially reported that all the German attacks in this region had been repulsed and that the allies had resumed the offensive, followed this yesterday by the announcement that while to the north of the Oise the battle, which commenced seriously about September 25th, continues with great violence, no decisive result has been reached, and that at certain points the French troops have had to yield ground.

The Germans in their reports say that the battle is proceeding successfully for them. Both in London and in Paris there is the greatest confidence, although some surprise is displayed at the success of the Germans in preventing the outflanking movement. There is a feeling, however, that the Germans cannot extend their line much further north without weakening it at some point.

Along the rest of the line, the French communication says, there has been no change; so that the progress in the region of Soissons and in Woerth, reported on Sunday night, either has satisfied them for the moment or they have been checked by the Germans. Of the fighting here, as on their right, the German report says it is proceeding favorably for the German arms.

Naturally progress by either side must be extremely slow, for after every advance, no matter how slight, the trenches making it must be retrenched, the shells from the enemy's guns posted in strong positions from one end of the line to the other.

French Have Failed.

Paris, Oct. 6.—Despite the fact that the envelopment of the German right thus far has failed, General Joffre still adheres to this campaign plan and presses on with more heavy guns are being hurled to the northward to bring this movement to a quick and decisive result. Sober analysis of the activities of the past two weeks force the admission that the German engagement in the glorious victory at the Marne—that Von Kluck's right would very soon be turned—is still far from realization and that the French, except for the temporary gains which have little importance bearing on the big situation, have succeeded in getting in the rear of the German line.

Cossack's Daring Coup.

London, Oct. 6.—A despatch to the Star from Rome, speaking of the Russian invasion of Hungary, says: "Having captured all the Carpathian passes the Russians have commenced the invasion of Hungary. Advancing to the south they have occupied Hossuzmezo. Then the Cossacks effected a daring coup. They crossed the river and cut the railway at Cziget, thus isolating the remainder of Hungary."

German Prince On Board Emden.

Amsterdam, Oct. 6.—German newspapers say that Prince Francis Joseph, of Hohenzollern, nephew of the Kaiser, is aboard the German cruiser Emden, which has been raiding British commerce in the Indian Ocean, and still is at large after having captured and sunk a number of merchant vessels.

Wounds From Bursting Shell.

Paris, Oct. 6.—M. Dumont, an army surgeon, is lying in Yaye Grace hospital with ninety-seven wounds. A shell burst above his head near Soissons, killing his horse. The surgeon lost his right ear, part of his left arm; both his legs were bored like a cylinder, and his kidneys were badly raked, but no important organ was touched. He is recovering.

War Tidings.

At Washington Viscount de Alve, said his country (Portugal) was prepared to take that step whenever Great Britain should call upon her to do so.

What sort of explosive the Germans use in the 42-centimeter shell is still a mystery.

Tests over London proved that searchlights can detect a Zeppelin even in foggy weather.

Emperor Nicholas, commander-in-chief of the Russian armies, has arrived at the headquarters of the active army.

A Berlin despatch says that Bri-

ish ships have arrived at Lisbon, and are probably destined to transport Portuguese troops. Portugal's cooperation in the war is imminent.

The German press thinks that Great Britain is using pressure to induce the Scandinavian countries, particularly Denmark, to abandon their neutrality and participate in the war against Germany.

The French fleet in the Adriatic is again bombarding the Austrian port of Cattaro.

Great Britain has transported a strong body of Indian troops to Africa to protect her possessions there.

British troops with big guns have arrived at Antwerp to assist the Belgians in the defence of the fortress. The British are at the River Nethe.

Colonel Paty de Clam, who figured in the Dreyfus case, is among the wounded in a Paris hospital.

Prince Franz, third son of King Ludwig, of Bavaria, has been severely wounded by shrapnel.

A decree has been issued authorizing the French minister of war to accept the sum of half a million francs (100,000) offered by the Canadian government for the organization and maintenance of Red Cross hospitals.

The Japanese cavalry, the advance of the troops that are occupying the German-owned railroad connecting the German possession of Kiau-Chau with Tsi-Nan.

Prince Frederick, third son of the king of Bavaria, has been conveyed to Munich, seriously wounded with shrapnel in his left side.

A decree has been issued authorizing the minister of war to accept the sum of half a million francs (100,000) offered by the Canadian government for the organization and maintenance of Red Cross hospitals.

Skirmishes have occurred on the Anglo-German frontier in East Africa due to German raids into British territory for the purpose of cutting the Uganda railway. All these raids have, according to the British official report, been repulsed.

Jamaica grape-fruit, 10c each for the big ones, at Carnovsky's.

M. H. O'Leighlin, the New York Cotton Exchange, is visiting his sister, Mrs. W. V. Beaman, Montreal street.

DAILY MEMORANDUM

Board of Trade, 4 p.m.
Curling Club, 8 p.m.
See top of page 3, right hand corner, for probabilities.
Come to-night to Brock Street Methodist church's annual tea, Oct. 6th.

THE DAILY BRITISH WHIG

Is On Sale at the Following City Stores:

Blackell's News Depot, 225 King St. Clarke, J. W. & Co., 252 Princess College Book Store, 163 Princess Coulter's Grocery, 229 Princess Julian's Grocery, Cor. Princess & Front Sts. Ontario St. Gibson's Drug Store, Market Square McAuley's Book Store, 93 Princess McGail's Cigar Store, Cor. Prin. & King St. McLeod's Grocery, 51 Union St. W. Medley's Drug Store, 210 University Ave. Saul's Cigar Store, 74 Princess Prouse's Drug Store, 212 Princess Valleau's Grocery, 308 Montreal Lowe's Grocery, Portsmouth

MARRIED

HUNTBACH, KEHOE—On Oct. 5th, 1914, by Rev. John Webster, Anna May Kehoe, daughter of Mrs. Elizabeth Williams, to George H. Huntbach, both of Battersay, Ontario.

DIED.

SMITH—In Toronto, Oct. 6th, 1914, Margaret Smith, aged 75 years, a loved wife of the late John Smith, Funeral at 2 p.m. Wednesday, Oct. 7th, from G. J. station.

SMITH—At Collin's Bay, on Oct. 5th, 1914, Isaac Smith, aged 82 years, Funeral from his late residence, at Thursday afternoon, at 1 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

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