



BOARD TRADE BANQUET

(Continued from Page 1.)

E. T. Steacy, Charles E. Taylor, J. H. B. Morgan, H. W. Davis, A. W. Brown, A. M. Reid, James T. Sutherland, A. F. Bond, J. H. Macneef (secretary of the board of trade), Hugh C. Nickle, George T. Richardson, R. G. Andrews, R. J. Rodger, M. Kirkpatrick, Charles J. Warwick, Dr. A. P. Chow, W. J. Gibson, T. F. Harrison, W. T. Gibbard (Napanee), W. H. Wormwith, John S. Smith, Thomas Lambert, W. H. Dyde, W. P. Minnes, A. W. Thomson, George Fullerton, George B. McKay, Thomas D. Mines, Rev. T. W. Neal, Oliver Chown, Charles S. Anglin, W. H. Snelling, J. O. Hutton, Joseph W. Powers, George E. Hague, John Morris, R. D. Sutherland, Edward Bennett, Prof. W. W. Swanson, Prof. O. D. Skeaton, H. H. Murphy, W. F. Thompson, C. Selby, Thomas P. Thompson, Frank Conway, William Jackson, H. D. Bibb, by H. P. Price, Edwin Horsey, H. E. Richardson.

Hon. Mr. Hazen's Speech.

After ample justice had been done to the fine speech Dr. Ryan called the gathering to order, and the king was toasted all joining heartily in the singing of the national anthem. Dr. Ryan then made a few appropriate remarks, relative to the board of trade, pointing out that the board was doing all in its power to advance the interests of the city, and this statement was received with warm applause. He felt sure the board would meet with great success, and ventured to say that Kingston had reached the dawn of a new era.

Dr. Ryan afterwards proposed the toast to "Canada Her Trade and Commerce," and called upon Hon. Mr. Hazen to respond, and the speaker was accorded a warm welcome. In opening his address, he took occasion to return thanks for the kind invitation extended to him by the board, to be present at the banquet, and stated that it gave him great pleasure to visit the historic city of Kingston—a city which had given many men for public service, men of great intellectual ability, who had assisted in the moulding of the destiny of the country.

The speaker made feeling reference to the late Principal Grant, and his work. No man was better known. He was a man of great thought, and did much, not only to advance the church and education, but in addition to arouse general interest in Canada. The speaker also paid a warm tribute to Principal Gordon, and explained the regret of Hon. R. L. Borden, at being unable to be present, owing to press of parliamentary duties. King ston, he said, had a board of trade composed of progressive men, who were bound to help the city.

Branching out into the question of Canada, and her trade and commerce, the speaker proceeded, to give some statistics, showing the rapid strides the country had made, in this line. The marine and shipping interests were of vast importance. He traced the growth of the trade and commerce from the time of confederation in 1867. Canada, at the present time, stood tenth among the ship-owning countries of the world, and the time would come, and in a very few years when Canada would occupy a still prouder position. In 1910, Canada had 7,500 vessels, with a net tonnage of 750,929. The records of 1911, which are now being compiled, would show an increase. It was estimated that during last summer between 40,000 and 45,000 men were employed on Canadian vessels.

The speaker held out hopes for the near future for the building of steel vessels at Kingston and Collingwood with 10,000 and 15,000 tonnage. The past records showed a wonderful growth in the trade, but still greater results could be looked for, in the future. The development in marine and fisheries had been tremendous since 1867. In 1868, there were only 215 lights, and 212 keepers, with a total expenditure of \$174,104. The returns of 1911, showed 1,291 lights, and 976 keepers, with an expenditure of \$1,700,000. There were gas buoys numbering 630, with an expenditure of one and a half million of dollars. These statistics went to show the growth and advancement in this department. A great deal was being done, to provide aid and safety for navigation. In 1868, the imports totalled \$73,459,000; in 1897, \$119,218,000; in 1907, \$229,756,000; in 1911, \$472,247,540; in 1912 the imports totalled \$57,000,000; in 1897, \$137,000,000; in 1907, \$205,000,000; in 1911, \$297,000,000. The trade had increased in leaps and bounds. The interprovincial trade had increased just as much, as the foreign trade.

This great development, the speaker pointed out, brought about great responsibilities, and the great question that faced the people to-day was that of transportation. The Hudson Bay railway was a great necessity. In addition to having the facilities to carry the shipments to the shipping points, it must also be borne in mind, that shipping ports must be well equipped. All the ports on the great lakes should be well manned, the taxpayers would have to be prepared to make all the expenditures necessary for those improvements. The deepening of the waterways from York Arthur down to Kingston and Montreal must be considered.

"As in the past we will have to spend money generously. As the trade and commerce increases we must see to it that all the necessary facilities are provided, to keep pace with this increase. There were times of despair, but there is no such spirit now."

"But there is no country really great which does not possess an intellectual and patriotic people, and we must also bear in mind, in addition to having our trade and commerce ease, that we must have people of culture and refinement. No country can succeed without it. No country can be great with trade and commerce alone. The board of trade can be most useful in the advancement of the city."

Prolonged applause was showered upon Hon. Mr. Hazen for his brilliant address.

Hon. Mr. Lemieux's Remarks.

Elmer Davis, in a fitting address, proposed the toast to "Canada. He

place in the Empire," replied to by Hon. Mr. Lemieux. Mr. Davis pointed out the greatest responsibility as regards citizenship, and pointed to the great need of cultivating the best possible type of citizenship. The greatest asset of a country was its citizenship. We could not depend alone on our national resources to be a great country.

After returning thanks to the board, I made for the kind invitation to present Hon. Mr. Lemieux paid a hearty compliment to Kingston's members in the house of commons, W. J. Vickie.

The house was well pleased with Mr. Nickle, he said, "and the day is not far distant when you will be invited to the front benches in the House. His first speech will long be remembered by the oldest parliamentarian in this house."

The speaker said that his successor was very generous in expenditures and would have to show fight, but he would say that he would back him up in all the good things. Tribute was paid to Sir John A. Macdonald.

Our duty as Canadians was to cultivate the best relations. There was a time when Canada spoke of annexation with the states, but not now, our ambition was to become a sister to the great empire. Canadians were intensely loyal to the imperial ideal and had decided to share in the defence of the empire. The fight in this matter had been fought.

The speaker advocated a state-owned cable between Canada and Great Britain. It would be a great thing for the manufacturers and the merchants, and also to the man on the street. Millions of dollars had been spent in the west in the building up of the country, but the east was crying out for help. The river St. Lawrence should be cared for.

A second immigration policy was also needed. The best fitted residents from the British Isles. The speaker then thought of a remark made by John Burns, that there were millions of unemployed in England, who would be fit for the prairies of the west.

Mr. Lemieux's address was listened to with keen interest.

Parliament of Canada.

Francis King proposed the toast to "The Parliament of Canada," responded to by W. F. Nickle and Prof. Alexander McPhail.

Mr. Nickle opened a short but eloquent address with a few words of congratulation for the members of the board of trade, on the success of the dinner, and also returned thanks to the two guests of the evening for their address.

Mr. Nickle, in an amusing manner, elated the experiences of a new member in the Ottawa house. It was a difficult matter, he pointed out, to get into either house, but speaking for himself, he would say that the legislature was very easy to get out of. After getting to Ottawa, one would look around at the many men in parliament and wonder how he himself got there. Then he would wonder how all the others got to parliament. A new member to listen to the debates and other business for the first time would become amazed. Cold, critical eyes could be watching the new member, and he was of the opinion that it could have been better for him to have stayed at home, and not gone into politics. (Laughter)

According to the story told by the speaker, serving as a representative in parliament, it was not an easy task. Friends of the party were continually asking if he was appointed to positions.

Mr. Nickle smiled when he stated one member claimed to have been ap-

pealed to by a convict in the penitentiary, who asked for his release, and

replied to a woman who was barred from entering the gates.

There is no pick-me-up in the world so handy—so economical—or so quick—as an OXO cube dissolved in a cup of hot water. All the rich body-building virtues of beef are concentrated into one little cube. OXO cubes build up strength—fortify against illness—give fitness to athletes—and should be in every kitchen in Canada.

4 Cubes-10c. 10 Cubes-25c.

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QUEBEC

THE WORLD'S EPISODES

LIVED IN THE BRIEFCEST POSSIBLE FORM.

Matters That Interest Everybody—Notes From All Over—Little of Everything Easily Read and Remembered.

The roof of the C.P.R. roundhouse at Outremont collapsed under the weight of snow.

Mrs. John Bryant, aged sixty-five years, died in Clayton, N.Y., on Wednesday.

Three thousand people in Massey hall, Toronto, condemned home rule for Ireland.

Brantford will erect a Y.M.C.A. building to cost \$120,000, with \$12,000 for furnishings.

Col. O'Grady, of the 30th Regiment, Winnipeg, will command this year's Biscay contingent.

Era G. Hollenbeck, formerly of Clayton, N.Y., died in Romeo, Mich., on Saturday.

George D. Weir, formerly of Brockville, died in Seattle, Wash., on Sunday, aged fifty years.

James Tige Davis, a resident of Hamilton, for most of his life, is dead, aged ninety-one.

In London, Eng., the anti-suffragettes launched their campaign with a big meeting in Albert Hall.

Shanrooke, Que., is suffering from a coal famine, and people are taking the smokes off their houses for fuel.

Vancouver representatives are busy in London and Paris looking for financiers for a floating dock for Vancouver.

Ute Holloman, aged twenty-three, of Norfolk, Va., shot and killed his child-wife, aged sixteen, and then killed himself.

Technical education was an important matter, which should receive the attention of the government, and when considering the question the school of mining in Kingston should not be overlooked as it could render valuable assistance. It was pointed out that in Germany and the United States very rapid strides were being made in technical education.

In the line of shipbuilding we desired recognition. When vessels were to be built for Canada, the Canadian ship building companies should have the preference for the work of building these vessels. We did not regard this as being at all foolish.

Mr. Nickle said he desired to impress upon the ministers the fact that when Kingston deportations went to Ottawa they did not go begging, but simply to seek co-operation in an endeavor to make Canada more progressive.

Prof. Alexander McPhail spoke in a humorous vein, to this toast, and expressed his pleasure at listening to the fine address delivered by the guests of the evening. He was more than pleased to hear the story of progress Canada had made in commerce.

Dr. A. E. Ross, M.P.P., was to have given an address but Dr. Ryan informed the gathering that he had been detained in Toronto, looking after work in the legislature. Dr. Ryan received a telegram from Dr. Ross during the evening, in which he expressed his regret at not being able to be present, at the same time wishing the members "good luck" at their dinner.

The proceedings were brought to a close at eleven o'clock, with the singing of the National Anthem.

The various committees having in charge the banquet are to be congratulated, as the arrangements were carried out in an able manner, and everyone present voted the dinner one of the best ever held in the city.

Delicious Home-Made Bread.

Your bread-making will always turn out successfully if you use always Swan Yeast Cakes. Can be had in packages of 6 cakes at 5c. from your grocer. Why not send for free sample?

White Swan Spices & Cereals, Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Queen Mary has presented to the Indian section of the Victoria and Albert Museum a series of examples of Meghan Ralph, and Tibetan industrial art of considerable beauty and interest.

The Canadian Northern railway has completed a real estate deal whereby it turns over 6,800,000 feet of its model city site at the back of Mount Royal to a western syndicate for \$3,000,000.

Miss Cynthia Pintler deposited in a Montreal, N.Y., bank, nearly \$1,800 in old coins of small denominations, the savings of her brother during seven years.

A portion of the republican troops stationed at Wu Chang revolted during the night, due to dissatisfaction among the soldiers at not receiving their pay.

The Crown Princess of Sweden, daughter of the Duke of Connaught, governor-general of Canada, gave birth to a son on Wednesday morning.

The government has established a new customs port in Western Ontario. The new port is at St. George, in the Paris survey and will be in charge of a sub-collector.

Declaring that they were unable to support their families because of the high cost of living, grave diggers in the three principal cemeteries of Glesgow went on strike.

The captain of the steamer Bostonian, reports that his vessel narrowly escaped being hit by a large meteor, which fell in the ocean and caused waves to sweep over the deck.

Bert H. Franklin, Los Angeles, chief detective for Clarence Darrow, chief counsel for the McNamara brothers, pleaded guilty to attempting to bribe jurors called in that case.

The body of Mrs. Johanna Hawverton, who lived alone in an apartment in Harlem, was found crammed into a bathtub. She had been murdered during the night and her flat looted.

A moving picture film, 1,000 feet long, was about the body of Victor Weiss, in New York, when he was arrested by police, who charged him with robbing a film company's plant.

An extensive tour of Canada next summer is being arranged by the Duke and Duchess of Connaught. They will visit the maritime provinces this summer and go as far as Prince Rupert in the fall.

H. Tessier, who was storeman for Gunn, Langlois & Co., Montreal, where a ton of partridge was seized, was fined \$1,200 and costs, that is, at the rate of \$1 a bird. The partridges go to the hospitals and homes.

Miss Sarah Phoebe, of Winsted, Conn., was stung by a wasp, the first to make its appearance this year.

Before Peter Jonson, an engineer asphyxiated himself in a New York rooming house, he left a dollar for the landlady to pay for the gas.

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Head Feels Like Some Great Pressure Was Bearing You Down. Pain in Forehead, Nose and Throat Raw, Sore Headaches, Hawking, Spitting and Bad Breath.

These are only a few of the many symptoms that warn you of the deadly symptom catarrh is gradually accomplishing. Your trouble seems to begin with the deadly catarrh germ, which sooner or later will cause the complete decay of both tissue and bone.

It causes loss of thinking power, ulcers, irritation of the glands of the throat, causing earache and finally deafness. The lymphatic system is also affected by the deadly catarrh germ, through the throat usually results in indigestion, dyspepsia, catarrh of the stomach, bowels and other organs, causing constipation and finally death.

C. E. GAUSS, 2340 Main Street, Marshall, Mich., has at last discovered and permanently removed all forms of catarrh.

He causes no harm to the seat of trouble and corrects the cause of all forms of catarrh.

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