

AGRICULTURAL NEEDS

LIBERAL POLICY ON QUESTION OF A GOOD ONE.

Time That Ontario Knew Significance of "Back to the Land" Movement in Other Countries.

The liberal policy on agriculture is to stop the depopulation of rural Ontario, give adequate technical instruction in farming and fruit culture in rural schools, to bring suitable immigrants into the province, promote good roads, establish demonstration farms, and inaugurate a crusade to stamp out weeds and diseases among trees by a system of inspection, to extend the usefulness of the Agricultural College at Guelph.

Along with the disappointment which every Canadian felt over the census returns, recently published, there came to everyone interested in the growth of the province of Ontario the significant knowledge that the rural population of the province was declining, that there were less people on farms than there were ten years ago; that almost the entire increase in population was confined to the cities and towns of over 4,000 inhabitants that the province was in novice attractive to immigrants who wanted to settle on the land.

The department of agriculture instead of delving to find the cause of this decline, sets about to defend itself, and draws analogies from the U. E. Loyalist movement in Canada a century and a quarter ago; it blames the west, and it blames the cities and towns. It does not face the facts. The increase in the population of Ontario during the past decade is 336,957, of which Toronto supplied almost half. Other cities and towns of over 4,000 increased 176,753. The entire rural population has increased 344,753, while there are 7,798 less people on the land than there were ten years ago.

Hon. James S. Duff, minister of agriculture, seems to be suffering from a guilty conscience. In the report of the department for 1910 the minister almost admits the coin: "I desire to direct your attention to the fact that the Ontario census returns show that the exodus still continues. The Whitney government have not heeded the signs of the times. The late director of colonization, Donald Sutherland, now member of parliament for the riding of South Oxford, was especially meaning the fact that Ontario's farms were being abandoned. Why should all the young men go to the west?"

The stronger moved in the west. The need for alert and effective action in regard to the settlement of Ontario and the alarming exodus from farms had been previously brought to the attention of the government from the outside. On June 10th, 1910, J. W. Flavelle, president of the William Davies company, limited, wrote to Hon. James S. Duff, minister of agriculture, a letter outlining the causes of the rise in the price of food products, and discussed at considerable length the various reasons assigned for a decrease in the

PICKED HER HUSBAND

AND MARRIED HIM WHEN SHE GREW TO WOMANHOOD.

Lady Herbert Dead.—The Last Survivor of Distinguished Group of Grand Dames.

London, Nov. 14.—The death of Lady Herbert, of Lea, removes the last survivor of a distinguished group of grand dames, which included the Duchesses of Leeds, the Dowager Duchesses of Buccleuch and the Marchionesses of Londonderry and Londonderry, who figured conspicuously in society in a bygone generation. Fifty years ago, when the marriage took place she cut out the page and sent it to her former pupil.

Lord Stanmore, in his "Life of Sidney Herbert," says: "As a young child Elizabeth was fascinated by Sidney's beauty and charm, and announced to her family, as children do, that when she grew up she would marry that boy and no other." As a child of ten she made a similar observation to her governess on seeing Herbert riding in the park. The governess made a note of it in her diary, and when the marriage took place she cut out the page and sent it to her former pupil.

ONTARIO LAGS BEHIND.

Leader Rowell Enunciates Public Health Policy.

Brantford, Nov. 14.—The public health policy of the Ontario Liberal government has been enunciated by the leader of the opposition, Mr. J. W. Rowell, in a speech made at Brantford today. He announced that the government intend to build a hospital in this city for the prevention of tuberculosis, and they are doing it, or seeking to do it by private enterprise and munificence.

"The truth was that it was Lord Aberdeen who, in order to influence American opinion in a certain direction, made the premature revelation to the editor. A few months after this episode Herbert married the lady, who died last week. She was the daughter of General A. Court and a niece of Lord Heytesbury, and she became the mother of the thirteenth and fourteenth Earls of Pembroke, while another son, Michael Henry Herbert, was charge d'affaires at Washington, 1882-85, and married the daughter of Richard Wilson, of New York."

A NOTABLE TRIBUTE FROM A HIGH SOURCE

Says the Christian Guardian in its issue of November 8th: "Probably no event in the recent political life of our dominion has given a sense of keen satisfaction to more people than the acceptance last week by N. W. Rowell, K.C., of this city, of the leadership of the opposition in Ontario."

READY FOR THE FRAY.

Prince Edward Liberals Nominates Mr. Mastin.

Pictou, Nov. 13.—Prince Edward Liberals are eager for the coming provincial fight. The town hall was crowded on Saturday afternoon when S. Edgar Mastin was chosen to lead the party in this county against U. A. Norman, M.P.P. There were eleven nominations, as follows: Messrs. W. S. Benson, H. C. McMullen, Dr. Currie, ex-M.P., James Clapp, M. K. Allison, J. L. Shannon, J. G. Wright, James Purdie, John W. Hyatt, Levi Ketchum and David Stuart.

Leader Rowell was eulogized by several among the delegates who are his personal friends. His recently announced platform was praised, several of the planks being thought especially well adapted to the welfare of Prince Edward county. Increased attention to immigration whereby Eastern Ontario might be made to benefit in rural population was declared a necessity.

Mr. Mastin resides in Bloomfield, and is a widely-known county man and farmer. He was the head of the Farmers' Co-operative factory until the merger, and is now manager of that branch of the Dominion Farmers at Bloomfield. He is as likely a man as the party could have chosen.

According to one of them, a married man's day is divided as follows: Eight hours for sleep, eight hours for work, and eight hours for explanations. And many a girl has landed a slow young man by leading him to believe that she is on the ragged edge of marrying some other fellow.

Money may not buy happiness, but no man ever refuses to take it on that account. A woman's idea of flattery is a compliment applied to some other woman. Most people are found waiting without weighing them.

OFFERED A FORTUNE

TO ASSIST MAN NOW IN THE TOILS.

Kingstonian Received Letter From Former Noted Russian Banker Charged With Fraud and Manslaughter—Tells of a Hidden Document.

To receive a letter from a former St. Petersburg banker, now in jail on a charge of fraud in Russia, and with manslaughter in Spain, appealing for aid, and in return for which a modest fortune is offered, was the experience of a well-known Kingston merchant. He received the letter on Saturday, and naturally was very much surprised.

The man in the case, who signs his name "Sadrowsky" is a known to the Kingstonian. In the letter, the writer tells of his troubles and appeals for help. At the same time, enclosing a clipping from an English newspaper, which tells of his arrest. He also states that in a secret pocket in one of his portmanteaus, which have been confiscated by the police, he has hidden a document which will procure sufficient money to defray all the expenses of his trial, and in addition, provide for the future for the Kingstonian.

The letter to the Kingstonian was sent from Madrid, Spain, and reads as follows: "Dear Sir, I know you only from good references of your honesty and situation compels me to reveal you an important affair, in which you can procure a modest fortune, saving at the same time, that of my darling daughter."

"Before being imprisoned here, I was established as a banker in Russia, as you will see by the enclosed article about me, of many English newspapers which have published my arrest in London. I beseech you to help me to obtain a sum of \$50,000 I have in America, and to come here to raise the amount of my baggage, paying to the registrar of the court the expenses of my trial and recover my portmanteau, containing a secret pocket, where I have hidden the document indispensable to recover the said sum."

"Special investigation and supervision by the province of matters affecting the health and well-being of industrial workers and communities, encouragement of town-planning and the prevention of the growth of congested areas the suppression of tuberculosis, and the avoidance of occupational diseases."

"The province of Quebec, in regard to provincial aid for the prevention of tuberculosis has shown much more commendable progress than that shown by Ontario under the government of Sir James Whitney. Sir Lorne Green has promised a subsidy of \$2,500 for a tuberculosis hospital in the city of Quebec. If the Grand Anti-Tuberculosis Association were to receive such a subsidy at the present time from the provincial government there would be little difficulty in the completion of the project."

"On being arrested two of Manassina's or Alexander Sadrowsky portmanteaus were seized but although strictly searched nothing but personal effects were found in them, in spite of which the Russian ambassador declares that the prisoner ought to have several million rubles somewhere."

"The Russian and Spanish ambassadors conferred yesterday evening as to whether the prisoner should be conveyed to Spain or to Russia, and after an interview with the home secretary, and in accordance with the extradition treaty of England, Russia and Spain, it was agreed that the prisoner should be conveyed to Spain to stand his trial for manslaughter, and that only after his trial can the Russian government ask Spain, through diplomatic channels, for his extradition."

"It is supposed that the letter was written for the accused by some of his friends, as it is not likely that he could have written the letter in prison as he would be too closely watched. Kid gloves may cover soiled hands."

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills

are not a new and untried remedy—our grandfathers used them. Half a century ago, before Confederation, they were sold in nearly every drug or general store in the Canada of that day, and were the recognized cure in thousands of homes for Constipation, Indigestion, Biliousness, Rheumatism, and Kidney and Liver Troubles. Today they are just as effective, just as reliable as ever, and nothing better has yet been devised to

Cure Common Ills

There are two kinds of husbands, but the good ones are nearly all dead.

NEED OF A SPUR

Attitude on Public Matters.

The Hamilton Spectator (Conservative) of November 1st, 1911, said editorially: "While this journal has supported Sir James Whitney and his administration consistently in his general politics, we are not unaware of the fact that Sir James cannot, in the very nature of things, be regarded as the last word in matters of progressive legislation."

In fact, with its dominating personality as Sir James at the head of an administration, it is not difficult to imagine that there is even the greater need for the spur of an active and intelligent opposition to impress upon the strong personality that in a multitude of counsel there is likely to be found more wisdom than can ever hope to be located under any individual hat. And in this connection we note with considerable pleasure that the committee appointed to formulate a policy for the rejuvenated party has already decided upon one very important advance movement by calling for a revision of the assessment act under which municipalities will be accorded the right to exempt improvements and tax land values."

"Premier Whitney does not seem to like this bit of suggested permissive legislation. With all due respect to his superior judgment in such matters, we beg to suggest that he has in this business of assessment, still much to learn; also that he is ill-advised when he ignores the requests of nearly half the municipalities of the province that such legislation should be granted. Possibly now that the liberal party, under a new leader has endeavored to make a fight for its adoption, Sir James will take time to consider it and discover it to his advantage to give it something better than the cold shoulder it has heretofore received from him."

"In the interests of good government in Ontario, the Spectator frankly expresses gratification at the results of the liberal convention in Toronto yesterday. It doesn't matter who gives it to them, or how they get it, and we believe with Whitney in power and the fortunes of the liberal party in such capable hands as those of Hon. Mackenzie King and Mr. Rowell, they will get more of it than would otherwise be the case."

"GOING SOME."

"Horses!" said the Yankee. "Guess you can't talk to me about horses. I had an old mare, Maltrapp, who once licked our best expert up a couple of miles on a 30-mile run to Chicago."

"That's nothing," said the Canadian. "I was out on the far one day, about fifty miles from the house, when a frightful storm came up. It turned the pony's head for home, and, do you know, he raced the storm so close for the last ten miles that I didn't feel a drop, while the dog, only ten yards behind, had to swim the whole distance."

TRUANCY LAWS.

A Misguided Policy Calls For No Adequate System.

St. Thomas Journal: The truancy laws of the province of Ontario are a joke. Despite the fact that Ontario is spending annually a princely sum in the education of its youth, a misguided policy calls for no adequate system to avoid truancy. It is true the present government's attention was directed to evils, especially in the rural townships, and a change was made. The change, however, has not been made by any means satisfactorily. The townships were given the option of appointing truancy officers, with the result that a few did and a great many more did not make such appointments. The great majority of townships make no return to the education department as to the enforcement of truancy laws. A law should be enacted making it compulsory for each municipality to appoint truancy officers. Only in this way will a rising generation made up of an unwholesome percentage of semi-illiterate be avoided. Compulsory attendance at school by every boy and girl to the age of fourteen years should be made a reality and not a by-word. In this, however, the Whitney government reveals that lack of initiative by virtue of which it lays the claim to the title of the Rip Van Winkle administration of modern times.

TAXATION REFORM.

Not the Land, But Land Value to be Taxed.

The following from the Detroit Journal illustrates a popular misconception about the principles of taxation reform, which has been incorporated in Leader Rowell's platform. "The more a man lays out to improve the street and the city, the more he will have to pay in taxes. The workmen have been crying out against this system for many years, and the liberals are appealing this time to the workman. Whether the support of the working classes of the city will elect a party in an agricultural province like Ontario remains to be seen."

Under the taxation reform it will be the land value that is assessed. That should be clearly understood, and it is understood by a great many farmers in Ontario, who have sent petitions, all in vain, to Mr. Whitney, that they be granted legislation that will give them the privilege, if they so desire, of applying the single tax principle.

A. E. Fripp, K.C., of Ottawa, who was a member of the legislature and one of Sir James Whitney's staunch supporters, had a bill prepared to give the municipalities local option in taxation reform, but the agricultural premier threw it out, much to the disgust of Mr. Fripp and thousands of petitioners.

There are two kinds of husbands, but the good ones are nearly all dead.

HER SKIN SEEMED ON FIRE

Every Other Treatment Failed But "Fruit-a-tives" Cures

GRANDE LIGNE, QUE., Jan. 2nd, 1910. "My wife was greatly distressed for three years with chronic Eczema on the hands, and the disease was so severe that it almost prevented her from using her hands. The doctor gave her several ointments to use, but none of them did any good. He also advised her to wear rubber gloves and she wore out three pairs without getting any benefit. As a last resort, I persuaded her to try "Fruit-a-tives," and the effect was marvellous. Not only did "Fruit-a-tives" entirely cure the Eczema, but the Asthma, which she suffered from, was also completely cured."

"Fruit-a-tives" will always cure Eczema or Salt Rheum because "Fruit-a-tives" purifies the blood, corrects the Indigestion and Constipation, and tones up the Nervous System. "Fruit-a-tives" is the only medicine in the world made of fruit juices and valuable tonics, and is the greatest of all blood-purifying remedies. 50c. a box—6 for \$2.50—or trial size, 25c. At all dealers or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

GRAND UNION HOTEL. ROOMS \$1.00. BATHS \$1.00. CENTRAL NEW YORK CITY. WE CAN BE REACHED BY RAIL. TELEPHONE 3000.

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Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Purely vegetable. Sold only on the Pure, Care, Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, Stomach and Indigestion. They do their duty. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price. Genuine must bear Signature. Sweetwood.

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For Puddings, Cakes, Sauces, Ice Cream, the one flavor that delights every palate and gains praise for the cook, comes in a bottle labeled Shirriff's TRUE VANILLA. Made of the finest Mexican Vanilla Beans in a way that retains all their exquisite fragrance and taste. Ask your grocerman.

CAUTION

A smaller quantity required than of any other extract. Other delicious Shirriff flavors are—Lemon, Almond, Rose, Pineapple, Strawberry, Ratafia and ninety more.

Skin All Covered With Eruption

Tried Many Remedies 3 or 4 Years. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Cured. A Quebec man, N. Henri Tardif, of St. Charles writes in a letter dated May 21, 1911: "I had a very bad skin, all covered with eruption, eight years ago. I have had all of both my shoulders covered with it, and the high part of my arms, and my face, but it was the worst on my shoulders. I tried many different remedies to cure it, but nothing was any good. At last I went to an apothecary. He asked me if I had ever used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I told him no, and I bought a box of Cuticura Ointment and a cake of Cuticura Soap. I used three boxes of Cuticura Ointment, but I did not see the reason for Cuticura Soap and Ointment completely cured me of my skin eruption. I repeated the Cuticura Ointment on all my sore parts, and I think that is what cured me with the Cuticura Soap, it healed my eruption from itching and burning. I had many remedies during those three or four years, but I had never used Cuticura Ointment. (Signed) N. Henri Tardif." Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold throughout the world, but to those who have suffered much, lost hope and are without faith in any treatment, a liberal sample of each with a 25c. booklet on the same and scalp will be mailed free, on application. Address: Potter-Frang & Chem. Corp., 53 Columbia St., Boston, U. S. A.

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