

DOWN NOW TO LIES**OPPONENTS OF RECIPROCITY INSULT THE WORKINGMAN.****Agreement Takes Off What You Eat But Keeps Protection on What You Make.**

Driven from point to point, beaten in argument, beaten in facts, the opponents of reciprocity have at last come down to bold, flat misrepresentation and falsehood.

They are going to factories and workingmen's homes, and telling them that reciprocity will let in American manufacturers free, close the factory, and throw the workingman on the street.

They insult the intelligence of the workingman. They talk as if he could not think for himself, and would not read the agreement for himself.

Reciprocity means cheap food for the workingman, and ample protection for the workingman's industry.

The agreement shows that grain, vegetables, fruits, poultry, eggs, butter, and cheese will come in free, and meat at low rates of duty.

The agreement hardly touches manufacturers at all, and it leaves such duties as 2½ per cent. on cutlery, 2½ per cent. on clocks and watches, 30 per cent. on automobiles, 32½ per cent. on plumbing fixtures, 25 per cent. on plate glass.

Reciprocity will not reduce employment or lower wages, but it will enable wages to buy more food.

Englishmen coming out to Canada have been surprised to find that food, in this land of plenty, is as dear, or dearer than in England.

Why is food dear here? Because of the taxes, because of the profits made by packers and other middlemen. Reciprocity will take off these taxes and tolls, and make food as cheap as it ought to be in a new country, a land of plenty.

We are told that farmers may complain of the agreement as one-sided. Why should there be free trade in grains, vegetables, fruits, and dairy products, and protection in manufactures?

Because farming in Canada can take care of itself. It has reached such a point of expansion that it wants, not protection at home, but bigger markets abroad. The farmers themselves have asked for this. They want the American market. The government gives them what they ask for.

Reciprocity in manufactures is not given because manufacturers have not asked for it. They do not believe that they are ready for free competition with the United States, and the government believes that they understand their own business. Reciprocity in manufactures will not be given now, and will not be given at all, unless and until the manufacturers and workingmen ask for it.

Manufacturing industry will not be hurt, but helped, by the removal of taxation on food. The manufacturers are allowed to import vast quantities of raw material for their industries free of duty. Why should not their workmen be allowed to import food free of duty?

A PLAIN STATEMENT.**Why Uncle Sam Wants our Foot-stuff.**

According to the United States census bulletin just issued, the population of the United States increased twenty-one per cent. in the ten years from 1900 to 1910, but the total acreage devoted to agriculture was extended during the same period only 1.2 per cent. The number of farms rose from 5,737,372 in 1900 to 6,340,357, a net gain of 10½ per cent., but in the meanwhile the average size decreased from 146 acres to 138 acres, the actual area in farms being \$38,592,000 acres in 1900 and \$75,229,000 in 1910. Improved land increased more rapidly than the total farm acreage or number of farms, the advance from 414,499,000 acres in 1900 to 477,448,000 acres in 1910, a gain of 62,944,000 acres, or 15.2 per cent. in ten years. Yet this percentage of increase was only about two-thirds the growth of population, showing that at the best the number of acres under cultivation and used for the production of crops had not kept pace with the increase in the number of people.

\$1.65. Watertown and Return, \$1.65
Good going Saturday 5 a.m. and 2 p.m. and Sunday 7:30 a.m. and 2 p.m., returning up to Monday evening.**AN ELECTION SONG.**(Air: "Come A' Ye Jolly Shepherds.")
Come all ye who are voters
And quit yourselves like men,
And I will tell you something
That lories dinna ken.
It is if there is anything
That, Canada will save,
Tis to rally round and vote for
Great Laurier the brave.He has stood before the people
And has stood before them well,
He has worked right up for liberty,
That, anyone can tell.In all the years that he has been
The premier of this land,
Progress has marked its every step
That none can us withstand.
And if we would carry forward
The work so well begun
Let us rally round and vote for
Till Laurier has won.He has just come back from England
Where he made a gallant fight
And stood straight up for Canada,
For justice, truth and right,
And if we would hold up the flag
As well as he has done,
We'll rally round and vote for
Till Laurier has won.And when the great fight is over
And Laurier has won,
We'll sound forth a shout of victory
From morn to setting sun,
Contented that we did our best
To help the liberals in
Our rallying round and voting for
Great Laurier the brave.

—W. KINLOCH.

Who Oppose the Pact.Farmers' Sun, Toronto.
The men who form the backbone of the anti-reciprocity party are the packers with their fifty per cent. dividend; the masters, who have been buying Canadian barley at an average of 19c. below Buffalo prices; and financiers and promoters who have become millionaires by the floating of mergers which the present system renders possible.

When inclined to censure your neighbor whilst the thought out of your head.

Our admiration of the man is some times caused by the art and skill of the tailor.

CURED OF DRINK**BY SIMPLE REMEDY.****A Devoted Wife Helps Her Husband to a Cure Through Samaria Prescription.**

Mrs. S., of Trenton, was in despair. A loving father and a careful provider whom sober—her husband had gradually fallen into drinking habits, which were ruining his home, health and happiness. Drink had inflamed his stomach and nerves and created that unnatural craving that kills conscience, love, honor and breaks all family ties.

But read her letter:

"I feel it my duty to say a few words about your Tablets. As you are aware, I sent and got a bottle, thinking it would bring me success. My husband had only taken them a week when he told me he was going to Port Arthur for the summer, so I told him not to go. He said he would take them just the same, so I sent and got the second bottle for fear one would not be enough. He writes me saying that he has taken the contents of both bottles, and he feels splendid, does not care for drink. In fact, has not taken any liquor from the first of me giving it to him. I feel I cannot say too much in favor of your wonderful remedy." —Mrs. S., Trenton, Ont.

Samaria Prescription stops the craving for drink. It restores the shaking nerves, improves the appetite and general health, and makes drink distasteful and even nauseous. It is used regularly by physicians and hospitals, and is tasteless and odorless, dissolving instantly in tea, coffee or food.

Now, if you know any home on which the curse of drink has fallen, tell them of Samaria Prescription. If you have a husband, father, brother, or friend on whom the habit is getting its hold, help him yourself. Write to-day.

A FREE TRIAL PACKAGE of Samaria Prescription, with booklet, giving full particulars, testimonials, price, etc., will be sent absolutely free and postpaid in plain sealed package to anyone asking for it and mentioning this paper. Correspondence sacredly confidential. Write to-day.**THE SAMARIA REMEDY CO.** Ltd., 7, 49 Colborne street; also for sale at Jas. B. McLeod's drug store, Kingston.**GILT EDGE THING FOR THE DAIRYMEN****Good Chance To Gain And No Chance To Lose—Reciprocity And The Canadian Milk Producer.**

Sunbury, Sept. 16.—(To the Editor): I wish to submit some figures and statements to prove beyond a doubt that Canadian milk producers are bound to gain by the removal of the 6 cents per pound duty which is charged against our cheese and butter entering the United States. In the first place I must remind you that we have only one market, at present (Great Britain), and the United States has free access to that market just the same as we have and when the prices of cheese and butter have been low in the United States it has injured our market, but when it was high in the United States we were shut out and the American farmer just across the border has made immense profits from his milk in comparison with Canadian farmer. But Dr. Edwards will tell you that the Americans don't need our cheese as they don't use all their own cheese, and he quotes from statistics that the United States exports about \$1,000,000 worth of cheese yearly. I have heard him make that statement twice on the platform during the campaign, but he didn't tell us that the United States imported six times as much as they sold. Now Dr. Edwards is an expert juggler of facts and figures and he has deceived the milk producers all over this country.

Dr. Edwards and other opponents of reciprocity have quoted prices of cheese to the people which would deceive any one who was not well posted in that matter. In the first place our cheese is worth from one to three cents more than the best United States cheese in any market, even their own. Mountain View cheese, in their own town, Prince Edward county, last year, sold 1,000 cheese to a New York dealer at one-eighth of a cent more than Picton board. This dealer had to pay 6 cents per pound to get this cheese to his store, where he cut them up on his counter at 25c. per lb. The salesman and treasurer of this factory has always been a conservative, but he is now a strong supporter of reciprocity. There is much difference in the quality of Canadian and United States cheese that a comparison of prices here and in the United States is not fair, and right here I want to remind you that no bank too much on the present high price of cheese as its growth is too mushroom-like to be healthy. We never had anything like it before and don't be surprised if it doesn't last long. Patrons of cheese factories know that the only thing that counts is the price they get per hundred for their milk. I will submit to you the net price paid to the patrons of a cheese factory in the United States and also price paid by my own factory. The two factories are not more than 25 miles apart.

WILSON'S BAY. MCGRATH'S.
1906—112. 98.
1907—121. 97.
1908—102. 97.
1909—137. 91.
1910—130. 90.

To Sept. 1, 1911—99. 99.

These figures are given under oath. I have secretary-treasurer's affidavit before me as I write.

In 1909 the patrons of my factory were paid the same as the United States factory paid, and in 1910 they would have received \$5,821.45 more than they did. You will be told again by opponents of reciprocity that we are getting more now than they are, but we are not.

It is true there was a slump in milk products over there this year, but now they are getting more for their milk than we are. In July my factory paid 89c. and Wilson's Bay \$1.06. Now I will not go so far as to say we will get these prices under reciprocity, but I will say that it will be averaged up with our own.

No man can say what the future will do but how can we get a better idea than to take the past ten years. Ten years ago the United States exported \$8,000,000 worth of cheese, now she exports less than \$1,000,000. Ten years ago the United States imported \$1,700,000 worth, now she buys over \$6,000,000 worth. They have sold less every year since ten years ago and bought more every year since ten years ago. What better proof does any one want than that there is a good market there for a good portion of our milk products with six cents per hundred removed from us, and kept on against the rest of the world?

Another argument used by Dr. Edwards to delude his constituents is that we would loose our British market; such a thing is nonsense. The great bulk of our cheese will still go to Britain, but as the United States buys now about one-third as much as we sell to Britain a third.

The sewage is subjected to a treatment which renders it odorless and innocuous. The meats, fruits and vegetables raised on the land are sufficient to supply the needs of all the city's hospitals and similar public institutions and thus what elsewhere is considered commonly offensive has been made by tenants who have taken up sections of this well irrigated land. Twelve thousand cows secure pasture and provide the city's milk supply. There is a lake in which carp noted for their fine flavor are raised.

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