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EVERY PROVINCE WILL GAIN When Reciprocity Comes Into Force Between Canada and United States.

N. H. Stevens of Chatham, President of Canada Flour Mills Company, Gives His Reasons For Favoring the Trade Agreement.

Chatham, Aug. 17.—"I am certain in favor of reciprocity. Every market opened to either buy or sell in, gives a wider field in which to do business, therefore enabling us to do a larger business. I believe that reciprocity will benefit every class of people in Canada, especially the farmers."

In the foregoing terms, N. H. Stevens, president of the Canada Flour Mills company, limited, placed on record his views with regard to the reciprocity pact, which is now engrossing so much of the attention of the people of Canada.

"As I have said," Mr. Stevens proceeded, "the farmers will especially benefit. They will be able to secure higher prices for a great many articles that they produce on the farm—barley, oats, potatoes, etc.—and will also be able to buy many articles which they consume at a reduction in the price equal to the amount of duty now paid on them, and the profit on the duty which is added by the retailer."

"The man producing an article and sending it to the United States free of duty can get more for producing that article, and the man in the United States can buy it cheaper through having no duty to pay. The same is the case if the grower in the United States produces and sells over here and has no duty to pay; the seller could get more for his article and the consumer pay less. For there is the difference of the duty to be deducted from the consumer or added to the producer."

The Bean Trade.

"For example, take beans. The farmer in Canada produces beans at, say, \$1.50 per bushel. The American consumer buys the beans at \$1.75. The Canadian producer would get twenty-five cents a bushel for his beans and the American consumer would buy at twenty cents a bushel less than he pays now with the duty at forty-five cents a bushel. The producer and consumer will divide between them the forty-five cents which together they now pay in duty on every bushel of beans crossing the border from Canada into the United States."

"If the farmers of Canada who grow beans as a result of reciprocity make even twenty-five cents a bushel on the crop, estimated at 800,000 bushels, that would mean \$200,000 annually added to the profits of Canadian farmers on this one crop."

"The same will hold true to a certain degree with regard to every crop which the Canadian farmer produces. The difference may not always be so large, it may in some cases be larger, but there will be a certain gain for the farmer all along the line."

"If reciprocity is carried by the people of Canada and becomes law, quite likely the farmers' free list will become law in the United States, which

ALL BODIES HAVE BEEN FOUND.

The Victims of Canoe Accident Are Accounted For.

Carlton Place, Aug. 18.—The bodies of Miss Bella Richards and Miss Annie Ellison, of this town, and Rudolph Joerg, of Coudersport, Pa., the three young people who were drowned in Mississippi Lake, were here, a few days ago through the swamping of their canoe whilst in tow of a motor launch, were recovered, yesterday. The funerals of Misses Ellison and Richards took place yesterday afternoon, the former to St. James' Anglican church and cemetery and the latter from her father's residence to Maplewood.

SHE LEFT NUN'S FOR THE BRIDAL VEIL.

Girl Climbed Over Convent Wall and Wed Doctor Who Had Attended Her.

Marshall, Mo., Aug. 18.—A month to a day before she would have taken the veil and become a nun, Rose Kinnis, eighteen years old, Tuesday night climbed over the high wall of the Notre Dame convent here and joined Dr. Becker B. Baldwin, of Elkhor, Neb. The couple were married yesterday in Omaha. All the throbs of romance were crowded into the girl's courtship and marriage. Sixty days ago Baldwin, who was visiting in Marshall, was called to attend her for a slight indisposition. Under the guise of professional visits he carried on the courtship and the plans for the elopement.

Spend Sunday in Watertown. Good going Saturday or Sunday, returning Monday, \$1.65 return.

Gilbert sells Gurd's plain soda.

DAILY MEMORANDA.
Hail.
Fair.
You'll see them at Campbell's if you call.

CAUGHT IN A STORM. A Motor Boat Carried Two Unconscious Ladies.

Brockville, Aug. 18.—Caught in the storm which suddenly lashed the waters of the St. Lawrence into a fury, Tuesday evening, the launch *Mystic*, owned by W. H. Corham, of Morris-town, and containing a party composed of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. McCullough, of Morris-town, and Mr. and Mrs. Frederick McCullough, of Detroit, had a narrow escape from destruction. The party were fishing and when the gale set in they attempted to make Point Comfort. This was found impossible, as the craft could have been dashed to pieces on shoals. Nothing was left but to head the launch for Morris-town, and with lightning playing about the engine the trip was made. In the meantime the two ladies had become unconscious, and were only revived, one after an hour and the other after two hours, after reaching the village.



CAPTAIN FOSTER (left), CAPTAIN KELPATRICK (right).

Warships to Protect the Shipping Interests at Liverpool—Thousands of Children are Dying Owing to Lack of Milk.

London, Aug. 18.—All England is in the throes of the most serious strike in the history of this country. All the railway employees in the land have been ordered to quit work, and a complete stoppage of transportation facilities, with threatened famine, rioting, and even worse evils, is threatened.

The British government has determined that the country's transportation facilities shall be maintained at all costs, and with this object in view the entire British army has been mobilized and ordered to be ready for immediate service at any moment.

Thousands of infantry and cavalry, with several artillery regiments, are already encamped in London, ready to obey orders at a moment's notice. Four British cruisers of the British navy are in the Starbuck, protecting the shipping at Liverpool and up the canal to Manchester.

The guns of H.M.S. *Antrim* are trained upon Liverpool, ready to fire on the strikers the moment they attempt to interfere with the unloading of the numerous ships containing provisions and food supplies.

The work of unloading these supplies is being discharged by soldiers and sailors under the direct protection of troops armed with ball cartridge.

The railway lines are being placed under the immediate control of the war office, and will be protected along the length of their entire route by soldiers, all stations being also fortified military protection.

Demands are being received by the war office from all quarters of the country, asking for military protection to guard property, protect food supply, and afford the public some guarantee of safety.

The strike here has spread rapidly to Leeds, Leicester, Derby, the Isle of Man, and other centres, where all sorts and conditions of laboring men are leaving their work in sympathy with the railway strikers.

Over one thousand children of tender years are dying in Liverpool alone, owing to the fact that the strike has resulted in the absolute cessation of the city's milk supply.

Women and children everywhere are on the verge of starvation, and are beseeching the authorities to supply them and their families with food.

The outlook is of the gravest possible character, the situation is fraught with tremendous possibilities for evil and for disaster, and the country is recognizing this, and has made up its mind that there shall be no half-measures, but that the country's food supply and transportation shall be maintained, no matter what the cost may be.

In the House of Commons, the home secretary, Mr. Winston Churchill, said that rioting had continued all night long in Liverpool, and that the drastic action of the government in rushing warships up the Mersey river and in taking charge of the situation in the city was due to the fact that the civil authorities to preserve order.

The home secretary also announced that a battalion of infantry had been sent to Sheffield, where many railway employees are already out on strike.

The latter demand an increase of fifty cents per week in wages, a mid-form working week of fifty-four hours, and the recognition of their union by the railway companies.

The companies object particularly to recognizing their unions, especially where this involves dealing with the representatives of men other than their own employees.

SELLS BLOOD TO PAY BOARD AND SWOONS Neglects to Return to Surgeons to Have Wound Dressed—Received \$25 for Life Fluid.

New York, Aug. 18.—Charles Leitch, maker, eighteen years old, tottered and fell into the arms of Policeman Finnegan, at Third avenue and 149th street, yesterday, and was taken to Lincoln hospital. Surgeons found he had collapsed from loss of blood.

It was learned that several days ago he was one who offered to sell a pint of blood required for Miss Greenbaum, of No. 581 West 161st street, a patient in Mount Sinai hospital. An artery was opened and Leitch received \$25 for the life fluid he supplied. He was told to return to the hospital to have the wound cared for properly. His blood kept the girl alive for two days, but she died.

EDISON FOR RACE SUICIDE. The Inventor Entirely Disagrees With Roosevelt.

New York, Aug. 18.—A Paris cable to the *World* says: "Thomas A. Edison arrived in Paris late last night, coming from Tours in his motor. In an interview he said: 'I don't sympathize much with Roosevelt in his denunciation of numerous groups of the French are wise, I think, in containing themselves with fewer children and being able to provide them with a proper scope for earning their livelihood. I don't believe in the agency of war in keeping down the population.'"

"Leonardo Da Vinci I consider as the greatest inventor genius ever lived. He left very little for others to originate."

"I've had enough electricity for the present."

The Late W. A. Hungerford. Belleville, Aug. 18.—The remains of the late William A. Hungerford, who died at Madrie on Monday morning, were brought to the city, Thursday, for interment. It was conveyed to St. Thomas' church, where service was conducted by Rev. C. J. Young.

A. A. Madrie, assisted by Rev. J. F. Frazer, of this city. Interment took place in the Belleville cemetery. The bearers were: Messrs. W. B. Northrup, ex-M.P., D. M. Waters, J. W. Walker, A. McGinnis, John Taylor and Dr. Clinton.

Rhodes and Wife Killed.

London, Aug. 18.—Stanley Rhodes, a nephew of Cecil Rhodes, is dead as the result of injuries which he received in an automobile accident. His wife, who was formerly Miss Mabel Russell, and a Gaiety chorus girl, is also reported dead as a result of the accident.

Two-Hour Sail.

Don't forget regular trip, Saturday, at 3 p.m., to Simons Island. Take steamer *Wolfe Islander*, foot Clarence street. Fare, 20c.

MONTREAL LIBERALS KEEN ON RECIPROCIITY. Many New Clubs Being Formed, and Members Come in Fast.

Montreal, Aug. 18.—An indication of the attitude of the French voters on reciprocity was given at a meeting of the Marchand Liberal Club of St. Catherines, when a list of six hundred new members of the club was read. All of these members joined the club since parliament dissolved and the elections were announced and all did so with the object of getting into the campaign actively and doing something to advance the liberal cause and assist in securing reciprocity. There are a score of such clubs in the city and it is stated that the membership in each has leaped up since the election announcement.

JOHN HAYS HAMMOND BACK. American Coronation Ambassador Returns to United States.

Boston, Aug. 18.—Having carried out his mission as the special U. S. Ambassador to the court of St. James, during the recent coronation ceremonies, John Hays Hammond returned yesterday, on the *Francia*.

Speaking of the gold production in South Africa, Mr. Hammond said that it shows no decrease in the Rand, in fact, the output there is likely to increase during the next few years. He places the value of the next years' output at \$200,000,000. The district to the north of the Rand, he said, was being developed at a remarkable pace.

PUNCHED HIS FIST Through His Hat and Frightened the Spectators.

Toronto, Aug. 18.—Eight Italians held on vagrancy, on information of Marlowe Frank Grier, and said to be associated with the Gametrists, were remanded, till Tuesday on one thousand dollars bail. One Italian angrily punched his fist through his hat and the spectators were frightened as they thought a gun had been fired.

200 BUILDINGS BLOWN DOWN By a Cloudburst and \$200,000 Damage Done.

Phoenix, Ariz., Aug. 18.—Two hundred thousand dollars damage was done by a cloudburst. Two hundred buildings were blown down at Winskelman and three persons were killed.

Yardman Cut in Two. Toronto, Aug. 18.—The body of Thomas Edwards, aged forty, a C.P.R. yardman, West Toronto, was found this morning on the tracks, almost cut in two.

REVOLT REARS HEAD AGAIN IN MEXICO Troops Ordered to Move But Madero May Talk Rebels Into Submission.

Mexico City, Aug. 18.—In government circles it is no longer denied that the government has on its hands another revolution. The movement began by Emilio Zapata's men gaining such headway that it can be stopped, apparently, only by the use of the army. Troops have been ordered to march immediately to Cuernavaca. Although the government does not fear the outcome of the campaign, few believe it will be concluded without stubborn resistance on the part of the insurgents, unless Francisco I. Madero is able to convince Zapata and his men of their false position.

HE FAVORS RECIPROCIITY. Conservative Nominée for Macleod, Alta., Makes Frank Statement.

Calgary, Alta., Aug. 19.—John Herron was nominated by a standing vote at the conservative convention at Macleod, notwithstanding he had declared himself in favor of reciprocity, and had promised that should the matter be brought to a vote in parliament he would vote in favor of it.

Major Herron has represented the riding of Macleod as a conservative member in the dominion house for two successive terms. He is very popular throughout the riding, especially with the agriculturists and ranchers, and they are in an overwhelming majority. The convention simply threw aside all rules of procedure and called on Herron for a speech. He addressed the gathering briefly, and stated that he was in favor of reciprocity.

"If elected I will return to Ottawa and vote for the reciprocity pact. I think it is dangerous in spots, but everyone in the riding wants it, and I will vote for it," he said in his speech of acceptance.

A NEW NAVAL WEAPON. May be a Chemical Fog Miles in Extent.

New York, Aug. 18.—The newest weapon in naval warfare may be a chemical fog spread broadcast over the water. The inventor claims he can produce fogs artificially, miles in extent. He proposes to equip battle ships with the proper chemicals and apparatus, which upon being attacked may surround themselves with a thick blanket of mist. It is argued that this barrier would be more formidable than steel armor-plate since the enemy could not detect the presence of the ship. The friends of the invention believe that the discovery marks an important step for international peace.

Died Aged 113 Years. Mountain View, Mo., Aug. 18.—Mrs. Rachel Bloom, Missouri's oldest inhabitant, died yesterday, aged 113 years.

FULL OF FIGHT Sir Wilfrid Laurier Defies the Nationalists.

Premier Tells Them AND THE TORIES TO DO THEIR WORST. He insists That Reciprocity is the Main Issue in Quebec as Elsewhere—Misstatements as to Naval Policy Corrected.

Three Rivers, Que., Aug. 18.—The statement that Sir Wilfrid has lost his hold upon the people of Quebec province was shown up in its true colors, yesterday, by thousands of electors from Three Rivers and the surrounding country. Despite the threatening weather and the rush of harvest, thousands of people thronged the old city and cheered the remarks of their beloved leader. Sir Wilfrid was in splendid form, and dealt with the various problems before the electors in masterly style. He carried the war into Africa at the very end, and especially attacked Mr. Bourassa and the nationalists.

After reminding the citizens of Three Rivers of his forty years of public service, and touching lightly upon some of the many achievements of that period, he turned like a flash to Mr. Bourassa's tactics. "I tell you," he thundered, "that Bourassa is not fit to overthrow Laurier. And, later, when he revealed the strange and unholy alliance between the nationalists and the conservatives," he declared that "the nationalists and Tories together have known me Laurier. He defied the nationalists to do their worst, and ended by saying that he desired to fight fairly, and would stand or fall by the truth. "I respect truth, and if I cannot win by the truth, I prefer to go down to defeat. Your electors have known me as a young man before you as a young advocate, and I defy any person to point out any way by which I have betrayed your trust."

In the course of his address, the touched upon reciprocity, upon the navy and upon the nationalist movement, and in every instance his arguments went home with telling effect, and were cheered to the echo by his audience.

On rising to reply to the address of welcome, Sir Wilfrid was greeted with hearty applause which lasted until he testily asked the audience to desist from their acclaim.

In opening the premier referred to the claim that it was Providence, not Laurier, who had done much for Canada, and remarked that if this were true it was also the case with respect to the people were still with him. It was, he said, particularly fitting that he should open his campaign in this province at Three Rivers.

"But I came here, expecting to speak to the people of Three Rivers," said Sir Wilfrid, "and I find that I have to meet a real provincial assembly. I met many people of Ontario, yesterday, at Simons, but my welcome here is far more imposing than even that meeting. This appeals to me as the answer to the meeting at St. Hyacinthe last Sunday, and I am satisfied with the reply."

"I have read with careful attention the speeches recently made by Mr. Monk and by my ex-riding, Mr. Bourassa, and I find that they have spoken on every possible subject except the real question which is before the people, today. And they have not agreed even as to that when they thought of it. Mr. Monk has said he was against reciprocity; Mr. Bourassa seems neither for nor against, while Mr. Gidley has the favor of the modifications. But I tell you that the only real question which concerns them to-day is to defeat Laurier. That is all the policy they have." (Applause and cries of "No, they won't do it.")

Work for the Country. "What has political life more to offer me?" cried Sir Wilfrid. "For fifteen years I have been at the head of the government, and during that long period I have had many difficulties to meet. Four times I have had to cross the Atlantic ocean to represent my country at the greatest theatre of empire in the world, but never has one of even my enemies been able to say that I have dishonored my country there. (Applause). I shall be ready in a moment to do it." (Continued on Page 5.)

A CHANCE OF THAW GETTING HIS FREEDOM The New Superintendent of Mat-tawan May Effect His "Cure."

Poughkeepsie, Aug. 18.—That the policy of the administration of Dr. James V. May, now superintendent of the Mattawan State Hospital, will be more friendly to Harry K. Taw than that of Dr. Robert B. Lamb and Dr. Amos T. Baker, was the report, that gained wide circulation here last night. It is generally believed that Dr. May will do his utmost to effect a cure, so that Thaw may be released as soon as possible. To this end Thaw will be allowed much greater freedom than he has had. It is predicted here that he will be freed from Mattawan before the close of the year.

WEATHER PROBABILITIES. Toronto, Ont., Aug. 18, 10 a.m.—Moderate to fresh westerly to north-westerly winds; a few scattered showers or thunderstorms, but generally fine, cooler to-night, Saturday, fine and comparatively cool.

NEW ARRIVALS FOR FALL 1911

New Suitings Dress Goods Trimmings, Etc.

CHEVIOTS, SERGES, SCOTCH TWEEDS, BONGLE TWEEDS, KINGSLEY TWEEDS, DONEGAL TWEEDS, TWO TONED TWEEDS, IRISH FRIEZE, IRISH HOMESPUN, CHECK TWEEDS, BROADCLOTHS, AMAZONS, VENETIANS, ETC.

See Window Display or Suggestions.

Steady's THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

MARRIED. GOEBERRY-SMITH—On Aug. 16th, 1911, by Rev. N. B. Topping, D.D., of Parham, at the residence of the bride's parents, the Rev. Mr. George Edward Goeberry to Victoria Elizabeth Smith.

DIED. LAWSON—In Edinburgh, Aug. 17th, 1911, Eleanor MacNamara, beloved wife of William Lawson, J.P., aged 67 years. Funeral from her late residence, 2 pm on Saturday, at Calarqui Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend.

ROBERT J. REID, The Leading Undertaker. Phone 577. 230 Princess Street.

JAMES REID, The Old Firm of Undertakers, 251 and 256 PRINCESS STREET. Phone 147 for Ambulance.

AN ICE TABLES. Pragon, Square, Round and Oval Tables in Mahogany and Walnut. Reasonable offers not refused. Turk's Phone 705.

A GLASS OF ICED TEA

Is very refreshing these days. When made with our Own Special Blend it is both a comfort and a luxury.

JAMES REDDEN & CO. HOT AT BERING SEA.

Ice Melting on the Shores of Northern Ocean. Washington, Aug. 18.—The revenue cutter fleet officers in Bering Sea report that unusual heat has been felt in the Arctic. The flagship *Bear*, sailing homeward after a three months' cruise of approximately ten thousand miles, reported by wireless that there is no ice in Bering Sea, nor along the shores of Alaska of Siberia, a condition not observed for several years.

Hydrogen Peroxide, 4 ounce bottles, 10c. "Prouse's Drug Store."