SANITOL

is the best and safest tooth powder for you to use on your teeth. Its antiseptic properties arrest decay & preserve the teeth. 2375

At your Druggist's, 25c

TOOTH POWDER

FOR SALE.

The Albion Hotel property, corner Montreal and Queen streets, Kingston. Will sell at a sacrifice. For particulars apply

T. J. LOCKHART,
Real Estate Agent,
159 Wellington St.,
Kingston.

Every Woman

Is interested and should know about the wonderful

MARVEL Whirling Spray

The new Vaginal Syringe. Best—Most convenient. It cleanses instantly. Ask your druggist for it

Who cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated booklet—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies.

WINDSOR SUPPLY CO., Windsor, Ont. General Agents for Canada.

GRIMM'S ICE CREAM

Is made from Pure Sweet Cream, delivered in brick form. Vanilla, Tutti-Frutti, Neapolitan, Strawberry, etc. Orders given prompt attention.

Grimm's Phone 797

102 PRINCESS STREET.

Every time you order an imported beer you must pay the duty imposed on its importation plus extra freight charges. This is one of the reasons why you should insist on

"Salvador" (The Famous National Drink)

and there are others. No beer brewed on this continent is quite so good as "Salvador." It has been the favorite drink of Germans for centuries. The Reinhardts' of Toronto have the sole right of brewing "Salvador"—they alone possess the formula.

"Salvador" is rich in flavor, mellow and appetizing—a nerve and tissue builder par excellence. Always order "Salvador" and you drink the best beer brewed—the beer that is a food as well as drink.

Bottled at the Brewery by

REINHARDTS' OF TORONTO

2622

Local Agent,
E. BEAUPRE, Kingston.
Tel. 318.

AFTER FOUR YEARS OF MISERY

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Baltimore, Md.—"For four years my life was a misery to me. I suffered from irregularities, terrible dragging sensations, extreme nervousness, and that all gone feeling in my stomach. I had given up hope of ever being well when I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Then I felt as though new life had been given me, and I am recommending it to all my friends."—Mrs. W. S. Ford, 1938 Lansdowne St., Baltimore, Md.

The most successful remedy in this country for the cure of all forms of female complaints is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It has stood the test of years and to-day is more widely and successfully used than any other female remedy. It has cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, and nervous prostration, after all other means had failed.

If you are suffering from any of these ailments, don't give up hope until you have given Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial.

If you would like special advice write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for it. She has guided thousands to health, free of charge.

OFFENSIVE SPEECH

OF THE MAYOR OF ROME TRANSLATED.

The Paragraphs Which Offended the Montreal City Council and Led it to Pass a Resolution of Censure.

Montreal, Nov. 14.—The translation of Mayor Nathan's speech, against which the city council, at a recent meeting, took exception, has been completed. When the mayor of Rome replied to the resolution as drafted by the council and aldermen, alleging that his speech had been misinterpreted, the aldermen decided to have the speech translated. Following is the part of the speech which has aroused most criticism:

"To-morrow the whole world, in its various representatives, will assemble here to see how the Rome of to-day, the Rome of the third Italy, is taking up again the destiny assigned to it. Such is the Rome which it is my honorable office to represent here, the champion of the liberty of thought which entered with the tri-color through the breach. Another Rome, prototype of the past, shuts itself up within limits more restricted than the walls of Belisarius, engaged in the task of coffining thought within the narrowest bounds, in the fear lest, like the embalmed corpses of old Egypt, contact with the open air might turn it into dust. From there, from the fortress of dogma, where the last despairing effort is being made to keep up the reign of ignorance, comes, on the one hand, the order to the faithful to banish from the schools the perodical press, which tells of the life and thought of the day, and on the other hand, thunders forth a ban against men and associates desirous of reconciling the practices and dictates of their faith, with the teachings of practical life, of the moral and social aspirations of the civilized world.

"Return, citizens, to the Rome of one year before the breach, to 1869. The faithful of all parts of the world gathered in pilgrimage, drawn hither by a great and solemn affirmation of the reigning Catholicism, St. Peter's, in its monumental majesty, received in its ample bosom the representatives of dogmas in ecumenical council; they came to decree that the pontiff, in direct representation and succession of Jesus, must like the son inherit omniscient unlimited power over men and to elevate above all human judgement his decrees by virtue of his infallability, proclaimed, recognized, accepted. It was the inverse of the biblical revelation of the Son of God become man—it was the son of man who made himself a god upon the earth. There was one man strong in his history of the papacy through the ages who rose up against this blasphemy against God and man. But Dollinger stood alone. To doubt or discuss the decrees of the head of the church was for the hierarchy the first step to submit them to free examination—the tiny apertures through which passed the oxygenated air of science and civil progress. And so on the old walls of dogma they by unanimous consent spread the mortar of infallibility. This was the last great affirmation before the world of the Rome of the days before the breach, it was the last pilgrimage to the pontiff king. This pilgrimage was for the infallibility—that infallibility which, inherited from tradition, passing into custom, unhappily finds its expression to-day in that popular ignorance which, on the appearance of an epidemic hangs up votive offerings to the Madonna and assassinates the doctors; that infallibility which incites the pontiff to boycott legitimates human aspirations, the discoveries of civilization and the manifestation of thought, that moves him to devise new blinds to shut out the light of day.

"I sum up; In the Rome of the past there were never enough churches to pray in, while people cried in vain for schools; to-day the churches are too large and too numerous, while there are never enough schools."

KANGAROOS FOR CANADA.

Dominion Proposes an Exchange of Native Animals.

Edmonton, Alta., Nov. 15.—Kangaroos and wallabies may soon be hopping around the prairie of Western Canada, if the plans of Premier Ward, of New Zealand, to effect a wholesale exchange of animals between this country and New Zealand are carried out.

Moose brought from the country north of here are munching the tender shoots of trees in the antipodes and thriving on the diet as they would on willow leaves, Premier Ward has written to Howard Douglas, commissioner of parks for the dominion, to know whether an exchange of several animals may not be effected.

A further shipment of wild animals will be made to New Zealand this fall and will include elk, mountain goats and possibly several buffalos. Whether kangaroos and wallabies will be brought to Canada has not been decided, but the proposition of Premier Ward is being considered.

GAS IN LODGING CAMPS.

Innovation to be Tried by Michigan Lumber Camps.

Marquette, Mich., Nov. 15.—Lighting a logging camp by gas is an innovation in the upper peninsula. The system has been adopted by the Greenwood Lumber company, operating in Ontonagon county. The antiquated kerosene lamp has been dispensed with, and a gas system supplies the various buildings with up-to-date illumination.

The new light is brilliant, and the change is appreciated by the men. Gas as an illuminating agent at logging camps is unique in the north country

Admiral Fisher Sails.

Liverpool, Nov. 14.—Admiral Fisher was a passenger on the steamship Baltic, which sailed from Liverpool yesterday. He goes to the United States to attend the wedding of his son, the Hon. Cecil Vavasour Fisher, and Miss Jane Morgan, of Philadelphia.

Some women can look swear words just as forcibly as some men can say them.

THE DICKENS STAMPS.

A Million of Them Have Been Already Issued.

New York, Nov. 14.—The Herald has received the following from its London correspondent:

The Dickens testimonial stamps, to be sold at a penny each, are being issued with the object of raising a centenary memorial for the benefit of the descendants of Charles Dickens, and the idea is that all owners of copies of the novelist's works shall frank them with the stamps.

The first issue runs to one million, and the first impressions have been sent to King George by his majesty's own desire. They bear an excellent image of Dickens in later life, and are inscribed, "A Tribute to Genius," bearing also the figures 1812-1912, with the novelist's signature at the bottom.

The committee, which numbers among its members such men as Lord Rosebery, Lord Alverstone, Lord Tennyson, the Bishops of Durham and Winchester, Sir Lawrence Alma Tadema, Sir E. Ray Lancaster, and several other notable persons in the worlds of literature and art, hope to be able to issue at least ten million.

OUTLAWS PENNED IN SWAMP.

500 Men Hunt for Highwaymen Who Secured $7,000.

Winsted, Conn., Nov. 14.—Armed and ready to give battle in event the robbers should open fire, several posses comprising five hundred men are exploring a large swamp covering more than 200 acres of land lying between South Egremont and Sheffield in Southern Berkshire county, Mass., in an effort to capture four masked men, believed to be Italians, who early yesterday afternoon, held up and robbed Paymaster R. J. Hines, of the Worronoco Construction company, of Westfield, Mass., of upwards of $7,000 in money and about $5,000 in cheques and then escaped. The search so far has been in vain. It is feared the brigands may be able to get out of the wilderness and make good their escape. The man-hunt will be continued all night, however, and every country road within a radius of twenty miles of the scene of the crime, the boldest ever perpetrated in Southern Berkshire county, is being patrolled by armed men.

GERMANS ARE OFFENDED.

A New Russian Law Directed at Them.

New York, Nov. 14.—A cable despatch to the Sun from St. Petersburg says: The German population is deeply offended at the action of Prime Minister Stolypin in following immediately upon the heels of the hospitalities to the Czar at Potsdam with a bill preventing any persons except Slavs owning land in Volhynia, Podolia and Kieff, the three largest western governments. The bill was sent to the douma with a presidential message, in which M. Stolypin severely arraigns the German settlers and the government that aided their migration to Russia.

Stricken in the Pulpit.

New York, Nov. 14.—With his arm uplifted in appeal, Dr. Ferdinand O. Zesch, of the German Presbyterian church, was stricken in the pulpit at Jamaica, L.I., last night, and died before he could be taken from the church. His face became convulsed as he reached the climax of a spirited sentence, his raised hand fell on the open Bible, and he toppled backward in the pulpit.

His parishioners carried him to a cushioned pew, but he only motioned feebly to his heart and died before further aid could be summoned.

Oldest Ontario Sheriff Dead.

Brampton, Nov. 14.—The oldest sheriff in Ontario, died here, yesterday, in his eighty-third year. He was Robert Broddy, one of the best known and most respected residents of the town. He had been sheriff of the county of Peel for forty-five years, and was the only surviving appointee of the late Sir John A. Macdonald.

Shortage of Milch Cows.

Sherbrooke, Que., Nov. 14.—According to figures completed from government reports, it is estimated that there is a shortage of 5,000 milch cows in the eastern townships this season. They are selling as high as $50, while this time last year they went for about $25.

New York's striking express drivers and helpers resumed work to-day.

The Quickest, Simplest Cough Cure

Easily and Cheaply Made at Home. Saves You $2.

This recipe makes 16 ounces of cough syrup—enough to last a family a long time. You couldn't buy as much or as good cough syrup for $2.50.

Simple as it is, it gives almost instant relief and usually stops the most obstinate cough in 24 hours. This is partly due to the fact that it is slightly laxative, stimulates the appetite and has an excellent tonic effect. It is pleasant to take—children like it. An excellent remedy, too, for whooping cough, sore lungs, asthma, throat troubles, etc.

Mix 2 cups of granulated sugar with with one cup of warm water and stir for 2 minutes. Put 2½ ounces of Pinex (50 cents' worth) in a 16 oz. bottle and add the Sugar Syrup. It keeps perfectly. Take a teaspoonful every one, two or three hours.

Pine is one of the oldest and best known remedial agents for the throat membranes. Pinex is the most valuable concentrated compound of Norway white pine extract, and is rich in guaiacol and all the other natural healing elements. Other preparations will not work in this formula.

The prompt results from this recipe have endeared it to thousands of housewives in the United States and Canada, which explains why the plan has been imitated often, but never successfully.

A guarantee of absolute satisfaction, or money promptly refunded, goes with this recipe. Your druggist has Pinex or will get it for you. If not, send to The Pinex Co., Toronto, Ont.

THE GRIM RECORD

OF HANGING IN FAMOUS OLD BAILEY JAIL.

Many Remarkable Criminals Have Been Lodged in Condemned Cell at Newgate—No Longer a Prison.

A London newspaper man writes: What a pageant of melancholy, what a terrible tale of tragedies and dismal deaths does the mind distinctively conjure up at the very mention of the name Old Bailey. Every murder trial recalls a series of ghastly horrors.

During the last century many remarkable criminals were lodged in the condemned cell at Newgate. For instance, there was Henry Wainwright, who murdered his mistress, Harriet Lane, and buried her remains under the hearthstone at his house in Whitechapel. Wainwright was an abandoned fellow, who masked his excesses under the garb of religion.

Of female criminals who have been hanged at Newgate probably the most notorious was Kate Webster, who gave way to fits of ungovernable passion while in confinement. Another degraded creature who was hanged about the same time at Newgate was Catherine Wulson, the poisoner, a tall, gaunt, repulsive-looking woman, who no more shrank from cowardly secret crimes than from the penalty they entailed. She went to her doom breathing defiance.

Very different was the end of Charles White, earlier in the century. His struggles were so violent that the hangman had to push him from the platform under the gallows, and finally held on to his legs.

More horrifying still were the circumstances of the execution of William Bousfield, who murdered his wife and three children. In the condemned cell he attempted to throw himself on the fire, and when brought out for execution he had to be carried to the drop and placed in a chair, so abject was his condition. When the bolt was drawn the body hung motionless, then with amazing strength Bousfield slowly drew himself up, and, to the horror of the onlookers, rested his feet on the side of the drop. Pushed off, the wretched man again succeeded in getting a foothold and yet again; and it was only when the hangman, Calcraft, added his weight to the body that the strangulation was completed.

Innumerable poison mysteries have been investigated at the Old Bailey. As far back as 1717 one Captain Donellan was executed at Newgate for poisoning his brother-in-law, Sir Theodosius Broughton; and many years later another occupant of the condemned cell at Newgate, Elizabeth Fenning, paid a similar penalty after an attempt to poison a whole family, in whose employ she was, by introducing arsenic into dumplings. From that time until the rebuilding of the Old Bailey many famous murderers were lodged in Newgate prison. One of the most notorious was a Rugeley medical man named Palmer, who poisoned his guest and robbed him in order to meet his gambling debts. Had he not been convicted of this crime he would have been tried for poisoning his wife.

Another cold-blooded murderer perished at Newgate in 1837 in the person of James Greenacre, who murdered a young woman whom he had promised to marry, and distributed her remains in various parts of the metropolis. Then there was the notorious Mrs. Brownrigg; Courvoiser, who murdered Lord William Russell, and the terrible Maunings.

Fifteen years later another murder was committed which created almost as great a sensation—that of Mr. Briggs, for which Frank Muller, a German, was hanged. Briggs was done to death in a railway train, and the curiously shaped hat his murderer wore led to the latter's undoing.

For a long time after Muller's execution, hats bearing any resemblance to that worn by him when arrested were popularly known as "Muller cutdowns."

In the latter years of the last Newgate jail many remarkable criminals were executed there, including Israel Lupski, one of the very few members of the Jewish faith that have been hanged in London. Others who suffered a felon's death behind the walls of the old prison were Mary Eleanor Wheeler, otherwise Pearcey, who, becoming infatuated with a married man named Hogg, murdered his wife and wheeled the body through the streets of London in a perambulator; and Neill, otherwise Cream, a medical man, who, it was proved, had killed several women of the unfortunate class by giving them poison in sweets.

One of the most sensational trials of the Old Bailey was that of two burglars, by name Millson and Fowler. They brutally murdered an old gentleman, whose house at Muswell Hill they broke into. Their arrest was effected in the west of England by Scotland Yard officers after a desperate struggle. During the trial Fowler, in the dock, made a furious attack upon his companion in crime. At the same sessions, Mrs. Dyer, the notorious baby farmer, and a man named Seaman were tried. The latter had murdered an old Jew, and his housekeepee in Turner street, Mile End. This quartette of criminals were executed at Newgate on the same day.

Although Newgate has ceased to exist as a prison, many murderers whose names will figure prominently in the criminal records of the future have since been sentenced to death in the court of the Old Bailey. One was Arthur Devereux, a young chemist's assistant, who poisoned his wife and twin babies and cemented them in a tin trunk, which he left at a repository.

Another cold-blooded villain was Severine Kissowski, who, as "George Chapman," took a public house in the Borough. He was hanged for the murder of a young barmaid by antimonial poisoning. The evidence showed that the girl had suffered terrible agony, intermittently prolonged over a long period. Yet another heartless and deliberate murderer was Edgar Edwards, the Camberwell "sash-weight" fiend.

The average married man often wonders how his wife can have so much faith in him.

DROP IN MEAT PRICES.

New York Dealers Give Their Reasons.

The New York Herald of Sunday publishes the following table as illustrating the decline in meat prices in the past fortnight:—

	Two weeks ago cts. lb.	Sat'y cts. lb.
Fresh loins pork	20	15
Ham, fresh, corned, smoked	20	16
	Two mos. ago.	Sat'y
Sirloin or porterhouse steak	21	18
Round steak	20	18
Chicken, roasting	21	16
Chicken, broiling	21	16
Mutton	16	12½
Leg of Lamb	18	16

New York, Nov. 13.—After years of climbing prices in the prime necessities of life the wholesale and retail butchers of this city yesterday announced substantial reductions in the prices of meats and poultry, pork leading the list at five cents a pound less than two weeks ago. There has been a lower tendency for a longer period in the prices of other meats.

The dealers differed somewhat in their views as to the reason for the cut in prices several maintaining that the reduction was due to natural causes, while others insisted that the remarkable democratic victories in the recent elections had so impressed the western packers that they hurriedly lowered the prices of their products in order to attempt to forestall a reduction in the tariff on South American beef and Canadian and Australian mutton.

It was pointed out by the butchers that at the Retail Butchers' convention in Chicago last September a committee was appointed by them to agitate for the removal of the duty on foreign meats. It was said that the members of this committee had received assurances from members of the senate and the house of representatives that in the event of a democratic victory at the polls the tariff would be removed.

Jacob Block, one time vice-president of the New York Retail Butchers' Association, said, in discussing the subject:—"We are positive that the tariff on meat imports will be abolished or reduced. The existing duty on imported meats, whether it be beef from South America or mutton from Australia or Canada, is two cents a pound. Since we have an import duty why should we not have an export duty? I was in London recently and saw that American beef, the best of its kind, was being sold there at the same price prevailing here, and that notwithstanding the fact that exporters have to pay three-quarters of a cent a pound for transportation charges.

"It is not right that such conditions should prevail, and the one ray of hope is that the tariff on meats is to be abolished. The American workingman will then be able to eat meat once a day as he used to. At the present time he can eat meat only two or three times a week. Why, when I first started in business meat was eaten three times a day in American homes and we had to put out a long line of meats for the breakfast demand. But the American workman certainly has a right to have meat once a day.

"The present reductions in the prices of meat are beyond a doubt a direct result of the election. The western beef packers are frightened. I do not expect to see the prices go much lower just now. The packers will await the action of congress, and if they see things going against them they will lower the prices still more in order to indicate that there is no need for a reduction in the tariff."

KING AND QUEEN DOMESTIC.

Late King's Set Has Dropped Completely Out of Notice.

London, Nov. 15.—A well-known and well-informed writer on society matters writes that it has not been publicly noticed how completely the late king's set has dropped out of notice. People about whom everyone in the last reign gossiped and chattered have sunk into complete insignificance. No one notices the imprint, and one odd thing is that most of them seem to have faded off the race courses and other such places where they used to be seen.

Meanwhile the domesticity of the new sovereigns is such as that at Balmoral the royal pair invariably went to bed at 10:30, while the queen used to take her knitting with her when she went for a walk and pulled it out of her pocket whenever she sat down.

There will be a fresh development of the revival of needlework for the ladies. The Duchess of Marlborough is a skilled votary of the art.

TOLSTOI SPURNS PLEA.

Of His Wife to Return to His Home.

Moscow, Nov. 15.—Count Tolstoi, the self-exiled novelist and philosopher, in the sanctuary of the Scamorodinski monastery, at Optina, Pastina, yesterday, spurned the pleas of his wife, and refused to return to his home. A pathetic appeal was made by his daughter, Alexandria, who followed her father to the monastery, but the aged count refused to yield. Countess Tolstoi, at her home at Yasna, Polyana, is in a state of collapse. She declared, to-day, Tolstoi's mind has been wrecked by the machinations of the Russian government, and that she would follow him and make a last plea to her husband.

INFLUENZA IN LONDON.

But the Epidemic is of a Mild Type This Year.

London, Nov. 14.—The usual influenza epidemic, which arrives in London with the first cold weather, has made its appearance, but the disease is of the mild type, being chiefly cases of catarrh and bronchitis, with an influenza origin. Among children, however, the more severe gastric type, resembling cholera infantum, is common.

Advice to a girl who would be a housekeeper: First catch a husband possessing a house.

The knocker usually gets hit when the hammer rebounds.

COSTS NO MORE THAN THE ORDINARY KINDS—MAKES DELICIOUS HEALTHFUL, WHOLESOME FOOD—CONTAINS NO ALUM

SOLD EVERYWHERE IN ALL SIZES

FULL WEIGHT ONE POUND CANS 25¢

MADE IN CANADA.

E.W. GILLETT CO. LTD. TORONTO, ONT.

"CEETEE" UNDERWEAR

Look for the "sheep"

For comfort-loving people

"Ceetee" is the underwear that pleases. Fits perfectly—soft and velvety to the skin and guaranteed unshrinkable.

Insist on "Ceetee." In all sizes for men, women and children.

The C. Turnbull Co. of Galt, Limited

Manufacturers—Estb. 1859 Galt, Ontario

QUALITY IN SUGARS

All Sugars do not look alike, if placed alongside each other. Every Grocer knows this. We want the Consumer to know it. Insist on having

Redpath

EXTRA GRANULATED SUGAR

You will not only have a good Sugar, but the best on the market. The clear white color proves the superiority of "Redpath" Sugar.

When buying Loaf sugar ask for REDPATH PARIS LUMPS in RED SEAL dust proof cartons, and by the pound.

The Canada Sugar Refining Co., Limited

MONTREAL, CANADA.

Established in 1854 by John Redpath

PURITY FLOUR

Buy it once and you will choose it every time

32

The Girl Who Lives Alone

whether she attends college or goes to business, needs the Perfection Oil Heater. It will heat a cold, cheerless boarding house or dormitory room and make it livable. It is always a ready help in the many things women do for themselves in their rooms. With the damper top opened it will heat water for tea or cocoa; it will dry the small articles that a woman prefers to wash herself in her own room. It will quickly heat an iron or curling tongs; quickly dry wet shoes or skirts—an ever ready help for the woman who lives alone, dependent on her own resources. The

PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATER

Absolutely smokeless and odorless

is invaluable in its capacity of quickly giving heat. It will burn nine hours with one filling. It is safe, smokeless and odorless; has a cool handle and a damper top.

An indicator shows the amount of oil in the font. The filler-cap is put in like a cork in a bottle, and is attached to the font by a chain. It has an automatic-locking flame spreader, which prevents the wick from being turned high enough to smoke, and is easy to remove and drop back so the wick can be quickly cleaned.

The burner body or gallery cannot become wedged, and can be unscrewed in an instant for rewicking. Finished in japan or nickel, strong, durable, well-made, built for service, and yet light and ornamental.

Dealers Everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of the

The Queen City Oil Company, Limited.