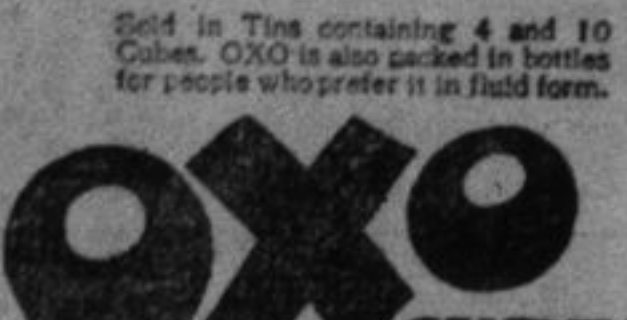




We invented OXO Cubes to save all sorts of people everywhere, time and trouble.

Not only the cook and the nurse but also those hosts of people who have to look after themselves. The OXO Cubes are just the right size to make a cup of delicious Beef Tea...



OUR ROOSTER BRAND Of Smoking and Chewing Tobacco at forty-five cents a pound in a good Tobacco. Why pay eighty-five?

Electric Restorer for Men Phosphonal restores every nerve in the body to its proper tension restores vitality...

GRAND UNION HOTEL CENTRAL STATION NEW YORK CITY

THE CLUB HOTEL WELLINGTON ST., near PRINCE ST. There are other hotels, but none approach the Club for homelike surroundings.

BE WISE And have your heating and cooking arrangements in good shape before the cold wintry days set in.

Make the Liver Do its Duty New thing to try when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

COAL! the kind you are looking for is the kind we sell.

Scranton Coal is good coal and we guarantee prompt delivery.

TORONTO ORTHOPEDIC HOSPITAL 100 WEST BLOOR STREET, TORONTO, ONT.

He Didn't Know Her. The telephone call of a suit of apartments in a ladies' boarding-house is 190.

Scott's Emulsion. The organization of a Canadian Army Veterinary Service Corps is announced in military orders.

NUMBER OF LETTERS POSTED IN CANADA DURING THE PAST YEAR.

Ontario Does More Business Than All Other Provinces Combined—Toronto Easily Leads the Cities.

Ottawa, Nov. 14.—According to the annual Report of the post office department, the people of Canada posted during the past fiscal year 456,985,000 letters, 45,104,000 post cards, and 10,460,000 registered letters.

The rapid expansion of the service involved an increased expenditure of \$622,951, but in spite of this the total revenue of \$7,959,547 was \$713,719 in excess of the total expenditure.

Other figures showing the growth of country areas follow: In the number of post offices there was an increase of 498; in post office offices, 141; in aggregate mileage of mail routes, both by land and water, 1,475,595 miles;

By cities the reports show the following totals for letters: Toronto, 1,709,493; Montreal, 1,068,228; Winnipeg, 695,651; Vancouver, 257,361; Ottawa, 210,139; Hamilton, 202,921; London, 145,250; Halifax, 117,318; St. John, 111,974, and Calgary, 125,749.

HOME DYING. The Thrifty Housewife Can Effect a Great Saving.

Has it ever occurred to you what a large number of things one can dye at home, and in that way make quite a saving?

When on shopping expeditions you have often noticed on the "Bargain Counters," Remnants offered at ridiculously low prices. The reason for these low prices is not, by any means on account of the materials being of poor quality, but because the shades or colors were out of style; the materials often being of superior quality.

Now, these bargains could be taken advantage of by dyeing the goods; the colors could be changed to the most delicate shades of any of the fashionable colors popular at the time.

White summer dresses can be dyed delicate shades of any color by using these new home dyes very weak—say about an eighth of a package to about five gallons of water.

It is not alone to "Wearing Apparatus" that these improved home dyes lend their services. Portiers, couch covers, table covers, shade curtains, draperies, or in fact, anything that is made of cloth can be made to look just like any.

Never try to color anything a lighter shade than the article is originally. White or very light colored goods can be dyed any darker shades or any color.

Just as soon as you have decided what you are going to dye you will want to know how much you will require. For the lighter shades, and for small articles such as ribbons, silk or cotton gloves, stockings, blouses, etc., one package as a rule will be sufficient.

For heavy suits, coats, curtains, etc., it is best if possible to weigh your goods before they are wet and use a package to about a pound of goods.

Making Use of the Schools.

As a usual thing the school houses of a city are in use only about twenty-five hours a week out of a total of 168 hours, and this for only about three-quarters of the year.

Cleveland, Ohio, which city "Tom" C. Johnson taught many things, has discovered a way to make her schools useful outside of the hours sacred to education.

Relief comes almost as soon as this ointment is applied. Gradually the irritation disappears, the sores are healed up and the skin is left soft, smooth and natural.

There is always danger of eczema spreading and becoming chronic. For this reason the use of the ointment should be regular and persistent until the cure is thorough and complete.

Mrs. John J. DeLoey, Linwood, Antigonish county, N.S., writes: "I want to say that Dr. Chase's Ointment has proven a great blessing to me. I had salt rheum on one hand, and could not get it healed up. The itching was most distressing at times. Two boxes of Dr. Chase's Ointment has cured me completely, and I gladly recommend it to every sufferer."

In every home there is a demand for Dr. Chase's Ointment. It is particularly useful where there are children. Chafing and skin irritation are relieved at once. Ulcerate wounds are readily healed. Bala eczema and all forms of poisoned or irritated skin are soon cured by this soothing, healing ointment.

CANADIAN BIG GAME. Moose and Caribou Lead Among Kings of the Forest.

Northwestern Canada and portions of Alaska still contain great numbers of large game, but in some localities this has already become very scarce.

It is evident, says Forest and Stream, that in a new country lacking transportation facilities and invaded by great numbers of civilized men, who must depend in large measure on the country for subsistence the larger native fauna will soon disappear.

There has been enormous waste by the white game killers, and if the waste by the Indians has been less it is only because the Indians are fewer in number. In some localities the continued and reckless killing of game for sale in the mining camps has resulted in the almost complete disappearance of such game. Besides this there are not a few people who go into the country in search of fine game heads and who kill with the usual selfish recklessness. They have been known after a day's hunting to load to spoil on a hillside enough meat to supply a prospector with provisions for a whole winter.

The chief game animal in much of that country is the moose, which is so abundant that from a good lookout can be seen almost any fine day by the aid of field glasses. In certain portions of the country west of the Mackenzie River caribou are still seen in great herds at the proper season of the year, but these herds appear to be growing constantly smaller.

Mountain sheep are yet abundant in many places, and owing to their habits of life are perhaps in less immediate danger of extermination than the moose or caribou.

It is obvious that as the settlement of this northern country proceeds the game must disappear. It is only by the establishment of game refuges in these regions that it can be preserved, and at the present time the residents of that northern country are interested in the game only so far as it may be turned into money.

Canon Tucker an Eloquent Irishman.

No bishop of the Anglican Church is more widely known in Canada than Rev. Canon Tucker, who has recently been appointed rector of St. Paul's Cathedral, London, Ont.

Canon Tucker possesses a marvellous memory for figures, and when he begins to deal with finances, population, square miles or less immediate subjects in his addresses, he makes the people who are listening simply gasp.

Canon Tucker's long experience as a missionary organizer has saturated him with the spirit of that branch of church activity, and his admirers are wondering how he will adapt himself to the narrower sphere of parish work.

The number of employees with salaries of £5,000 has recently nearly doubled. There are to-day 202 people drawing £5,000 or over for their work.

Whistler's Reveng. The celebration of the twenty-eighth birthday of Lord Brooke, elder son and heir of the Earl of Warwick, and the fact that last year he married Miss Eden, the daughter of Sir William Eden, recalls the sensation created by Whistler, the famous artist, in connection with a portrait of Lady Eden, which he painted. Piqued on account of the modesty of the honorarium offered to him Whistler ripped the picture out of the frame and forthwith destroyed it.

Two Women. See the woman. Why is she so cross? Oh, she's having a lot of dresses made.

Twice Lucky. While fishing off Daugeness, Mr. Borough of Wanshead Park, London, caught a sardine weighing 1612 pounds, and upon opening it found a whole fresh herring wrapped up in a German newspaper.

When Honours Hears This. New York Herald. Honours are to be dropped from the public schools. Part of the energy expended on them might be used to give to our needed better English.

BRITAIN'S WEALTH. Figures About a Thing Everyone Discusses But Few Understand.

Eighty years ago the total earnings of all the people living in the British Isles, amounted to \$15 millions of pounds. These earnings have been increased at such an amazing rate that for the calendar year March 31st, 1910, they passed the thousand-million mark, says Answers in a recent issue.

The jump in the national income from last year to this year is, accordingly, in the "Report of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue," no less than twenty-nine million pounds; but this increase is largely explainable by the far more effective methods for ascertaining income which have recently been introduced.

For instance, in 1908-9 only four-tens individuals and seventy-nine firms paid income-tax on incomes of £20,000 or over. These figures rose in a twelvemonth to twenty individuals, and ninety-nine firms. The increase is too great to be natural, and must be due to the new forms of income-tax legislation.

After all, the question of our gross national income is not of particular interest to you or me, who work for our living. What we want to know is whether wages and salaries are on an upward or downward grade.

Profoundly, who, in 1865, were paid 38. now get £2, or more. Shipwrights' wages have remained fairly steady at about 42s.; but the number of hours worked weekly has diminished.

Compositors, cabinet-makers, and coal miners are all rather better off than they used to be. In the textile trades workers are quite 10 per cent better off today than they were only twelve years ago. The average weekly rise in all the weaving and spinning industries between 1896 and 1908 is 2s. 10d. per week.

Oldly enough, but quite justly, the women employed in the Lancashire mills have received a much larger rise, comparatively speaking, than their men-standards and brothers.

In the cotton mills, the men receive an average weekly wage of 29s. 6d., and the women of 18s. 3d. Twelve years ago the average wage of the woman cotton spinner was only 15s.

Agricultural wages have not improved on the same scale as those of other workers. The range from 22s. a week in Renfreeshire down to the miserable pittance of 9s. in County Mayo, Ireland. There are a score of counties in the Great Isle where the farmhand gets no more than 10s. a week and six English counties where they do not exceed 15s. Oddly enough, wages are lowest in the arable counties—that is, where most of our wheat is produced.

Clerks of all kinds are doing worse than any other class who work for their living. The latest statistics show that the salaries paid to employees of companies and firms are falling. They dropped £8 a head last year. But the number of employees, on the other hand, increased enormously—from 313,000 to 385,000.

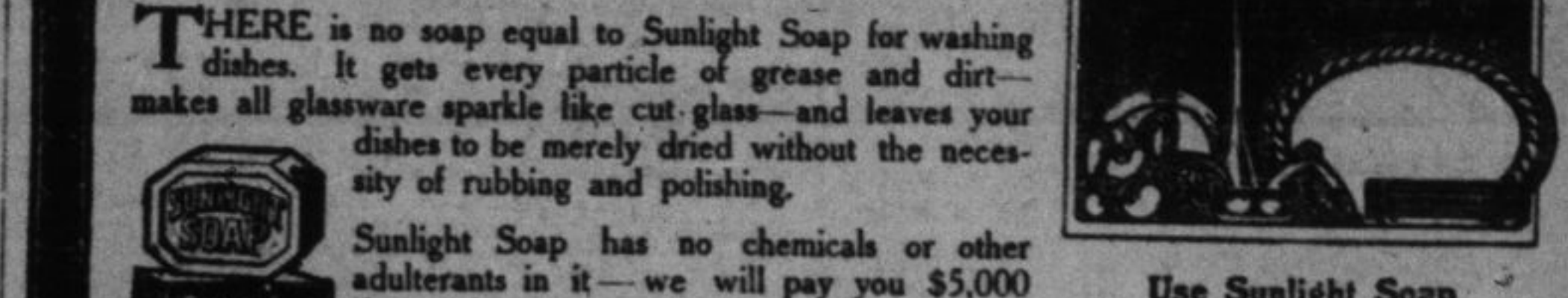
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FOR USE AFTER MEALS. THERE is no soap equal to Sunlight Soap for washing dishes.



Use Sunlight Soap This Way. Into a dishpan half filled with warm water, shave enough Sunlight Soap to make a copious suds. When you have washed the dishes thoroughly and the grease has been dissolved, rinse in hot water and dry with a dry towel.

SUNLIGHT SOAP. 5c. Use Sunlight Soap according to directions—try it just once—and convince yourself that it will do twice as much as other soaps.

Brass Castings, Bronze Castings, Aluminum Castings. THE CANADA METAL COMPANY, LIMITED. OFFICE: 31 WILLIAM STREET, TORONTO.

COWAN'S PERFECTION COCOA (MAPLE LEAF LABEL). Give the children Cowan's Perfection Cocoa and drink it yourself. It is the best beverage for young and old.

Children Often Need a laxative—but you cannot be too careful what you give them. Harsh purgatives injure the bowels and pave the way for life-long troubles. The new evacuant in NA-DRU-CO LAXATIVES does the work most effectively without irritating the bowels or causing any discomfort. The children like them for they taste like candy.

"FROM MILKMAID TO HOUSEMAID." No More Trouble. We are now getting our MILK, CREAM, BUTTER, BUTTERMILK, and ICE CREAM from PRICE'S. WHAT A COMFORT. Phone 845. 288 Princess St.

Str. ALETHA. Leaves Kingston daily except Sundays at 2 p.m. for Picton and Intermediate Bay of Quinte ports. Full information from James Swift & Co., J. P. Hanley, Freight Agents. Ticket Agent.

W. MCGANDLESS. 318 Princess Street. Opposite St. Andrew's Church. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry. Reliable Watch Repairing.

KINGSTON BUSINESS COLLEGE (LIMITED). HEAD OF QUEEN STREET. "Highest Education at Lowest Cost"

Rubbers, Rubbers Rubbers. Nothing but the best would bago through for this store. That's why we are handling The Life Buoy Brand. Last year they proved the best Rubbers in town. This season they are better than ever, at last season's prices.

J. H. SUTHERLAND & BRO. THE HOME OF GOOD SHOES.

W. F. KELLY. Chemist and Optician. 270 York Street. Kingston, Ont.

Hotel Directory. DESERONTO. Go to the STUBBS BUILDING. Leading Commercial Hotel. Rates, \$1.50 per day. JAS. STEWART, Prop.

Trains Leave Kingston. 12:01 p.m. Express—For Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N.B., Halifax, Boston, Toronto, Chicago, Denver, St. Louis, Kansas City, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Seattle, Portland and San Francisco. 5:00 p.m. Local—For Sherbrooke, connecting with C. P. R. East and West.

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