

Interest Paid On Savings Deposits

BANK OF TORONTO

Capital - \$4,000,000
Reserve Funds - 4,818,871
Assets - 48,000,000

KINGSTON BRANCH:
107 PRINCESS STREET.
George B. McKay,
Manager.

See Our Window Display of Motor Boat Supplies.

We have everything to make your boat complete. Don't worry about the price. We give you manufacturers' prices better than you can send away and get.

First Comes.
Copper Paint for the Bottom.
Chats, Chocks.
Lamps, Fenders.
Rope, Anchors,
Cellenoid for Spray Heads,
Flags and Paddles.
Estimates furnished on complete outfits.

W. A. Mitchell's Hardware,
85 and 87 Princess St.

MUST HAVE MONEY

NEW REGULATIONS AFFECTING IMMIGRANTS.

Twenty-five Dollars in Cash Besides Ticket or Funds Enough to Provide Transportation to Destination—Double That Sum During Winter Months.

Ottawa, March 22.—An order-in-council has been passed providing that any immigrant, male or female, entering Canada, at the port of arrival, must have in cash, between March 1st and October 31st, must have in his or her possession at the time of arrival at least \$25 in cash, in addition to a ticket or such sum of money as will pay his transportation to the said immigrant's destination in Canada. It is also provided that if an immigrant is head of a family, and is accompanied by members of such family, he or she must have a further sum of money equivalent to \$25 for each member of the family of fifteen years of age or upwards, and \$12.50 for each member of said family between five and fifteen years of age, in addition to tickets or a sum of money equivalent to the cost of transportation to their place of destination in Canada. Between November 1st and the last day of February it is required that each immigrant must have in cash double the amounts mentioned above. It is further provided that immigration agents may exempt any immigrants from the operation of the foregoing regulations if it is shown to his satisfaction that they are going to assured employment at farm work or as domestic servants, and have means of reaching the place of such employment.

Would be Prohibitive.

Cleveland, Ohio, March 22.—Many of the lumber carrying vessels will be put out of business if the maximum rate of duty of twenty-five percent on Canadian lumber, as provided by the Aldrich-Payne law, stands. Vessel men claim that about sixty per cent of the lumber shipped by lake last season, was sent from Canadian ports. If the high rate of duty is imposed it will increase the price of lumber from \$7 to \$10 a thousand feet and the increase would, no doubt, prove prohibitive to the public.

Save money by wearing Wood-Mills revolving rubber heels.

Prices, women's, 10c, and 25c, per pair; men's, 25c, and 35c, per pair. Put on without extra charge. Sole agents, Dutton's Shoe Store, 209 Princess street.

Three trainmen were killed and twelve other persons were injured in a collision between two freight trains on the Kentucky Central division of the Louisville & Nashville railway at White Station, Kentucky, on Tuesday.

The provincial secretary's department reports there are now thirty-seven persons bitten by alleged mad dogs under treatment in various places.

A serious wreck on the Minneapolis & St. Louis railway is reported at Tara, Ia., near Fort Dodge. Several persons are reported killed.

Dan Egan's stock of cigars, pipes, etc., must be sold in nine days. 35c, and 25c, pipes now 15c.

Charles Bailey, a Windsor teamster, was attacked and bitten by a bulldog.

The west is experiencing the earliest spring in a quarter of a century.

Sale of pictures, 5c, each. O'Gorman's fire sale.

C. P. R.'S. POSITION

WHERE THE COMPANY DEVOTES ITS ENERGIES.

Should Not Ignore Canadian Ports in Winter Even if That Season Results in Putting Cash on Wrong Side.

Montreal, March 22.—G. M. Bosworth, fourth vice-president, issued a denial of assertions made in a section of the press that the proposed extension of G.T.R. to Providence was a phase of battle between the C.P.R. and G.T.R. for New York business. Mr. Bosworth stated:

"The C.P.R. devotes its energies and its money to building up Canadian traffic and Canadian sea ports. It is not in any way concerned with the desire of the G.T.R. to establish an independent line into Providence nor the efforts of that company, as stated in the newspapers, to establish a line of ocean going steamers from that port. We consider that a steamship company, which has the advantages of Montreal and Quebec, should not ignore the Canadian ports during the winter although the voyage, by all accounts, in the winter season, shows debit blanks against the steamer more often than is agreeable."

After May 1st the price of gas for lighting will be reduced by the Montreal Light, Heat and Power company to \$1.05 per thousand feet. Competition is the cause of the reduction.

The city council voted down a proposal to increase the salaries of the mayor and controllers from \$5,000 to \$10,000 a year, and also a proposal to establish a police commission.

HOOKWORMS COME NORTH.

Victim Near Utica, N.Y., Native of South.

Utica, N.Y., March 22.—The hookworm has been discovered in Chenango county. The victim is a native of Alabama. When taken sick he was operated on for appendicitis. His appendix was found to be in good condition, but suspicious looking worms were removed from the intestinal tract. They were sent to Birmingham for examination and promptly pronounced by the bacteriologists as hookworms.

STRIKE SPREADS.

Paper-makers in Mills at Watertown Walk Out.

Watertown, N.Y., March 22.—The strike order of the paper-makers employed in the four mills of the International Paper company in this city went into effect yesterday, with the result that there are about 355 men idle, of whom two-thirds went out in sympathy with the paper-makers. The mills are closed down and picketed, but no violence has been offered.

Famed as a Trust Fighter.

United States District Attorney Edwin W. Sims, who has charge of Uncle Sam's suit against the meat trust, on trial before the federal court at Chicago, has several notable legal battles to his credit. It was Mr. Sims who successfully prosecuted the case against the Standard Oil company which resulted in a fine of \$29,240,000. The fact that the decision of Judge Landis was reversed in no way detracts from the triumph of Mr. Sims as a personal achievement. Another legal contest in which Sims waged successful warfare was the trial of John R. Walsh, the millionaire banker and railroad man. Walsh is now serving time in a federal prison.

Mr. Sims is a Canadian by birth and will be forty years old next June. When he was an infant his parents moved to Bay City, Wis., where his father was an agent. After several years spent in newspaper work he began the study of law at the University of Michigan. He was admitted to the bar in 1894 and began practice in Chicago. He served as county attorney of Cook county, Ill., from 1900 to 1903, resigning to take the position of special attorney for the bureau of corporations at Washington. Next he was solicitor of the department of commerce and labor and in 1906 was appointed district attorney for the northern district of Illinois.

Stella Happenings.

Stella, March 21.—At the home of the bride's parents, on March 15th, Miss Catharine Cochrane, was united in marriage to William Johnston, Sedwick, Alta. The ceremony was performed by Rev. James Cumberland. The young couple were the recipients of many beautiful presents. After the mystic knot was tied, all partook of a bountiful wedding breakfast, after which the bride and groom left for their new home, in the west. They have the congratulations of a host of friends. The spring birds have arrived back after spending the winter in the south. Quite a number of wild geese have been seen here. The patrons of Stella cheese factory held their annual meeting on Friday last. The factory will open on the 28th. Quite a number are suffering from severe colds and grippe. A number of our young men are leaving for the west. S. L. Pringle attended and lodge A.O.U.W., in Toronto, last week. Henry Filson attended the Orange grand lodge at Ottawa. Miss Mary Moutray and Mrs. V. Moyle, Pieton, are taking in the Easter excursion to New York. W. D. McDonald, Jr., left, to-day, for Buffalo, N.Y. F. Richards lost a valuable horse some time ago.

Live Stock Convention.

Ameliasburg, March 21.—A farmers' convention and short course in live stock and seed judging was held here March 15th, 17th, 18th, under the auspices of the Redversville and Mountain View Farmers' Clubs. George Putman, B. Bailly and Mr. Squirrel were sent from the agricultural department as judges. Mr. Vaneel and Mr. Jackson, of the Agricultural College, in Pieton, conducted the convention, which John Hyatt, of Bloomfield, was the chairman of the evening meeting. Great interest was evinced by the farmers, as many as 400 turning out to some of the meetings.

Stock was brought by Mr. Wolf, Hillier, George Anderson, Mountain View, and John Walker, Rossmore, and others. The sum of \$750 was given by the legislature, county and municipal councils to carry the convention through.

AN ORPHAN GIRL.

Brought to Canada and Adopted at Annan.

Annan, Grey County, March 22.—The sensational speech of woman suffrage made by Miss Olivia Smith in the legislature in Toronto, on Saturday, has caused more talk in this quiet village than all the bills passed by the members put together. For Miss Olivia Smith is known here better than any other place in Canada. The village claims the right to any credit that may come from the suffrage speech, for if it was not Miss Smith's birthplace it trained her for over fifteen years, from the time she was a young child of five until she was a grown-up woman of twenty.

It was some twenty-five years ago when a child of five, an orphan, brought out from an English home, and adopted by James Turnbull, a tailor here for many years, and his wife. The couple then were well up in years, and had a grown-up family. Olivia was given a comfortable home with them and treated as one of their own, attending the public school and the Sunday school of the Presbyterian church. She was well-liked in the village and did not show any leaning towards woman's rights. She was generally known as Olivia Turnbull. At twenty years of age, about the year 1900, she left here and went back to England, entering a London hospital to train as a nurse. Her adopted parents in the meantime moved away, it is thought to Galt. Mr. Turnbull is still living in Owen Sound. Little was heard of Miss Smith for several years until she had graduated and been nursing for some time, when she came here on a visit. She has been back several times during periods in which she was nursing in the United States.

About two years ago the village was startled by the news that she had been imprisoned for taking part in a suffragette demonstration. About a year ago she was here again on a visit and talked about her experiences in prison.

Johnnie Poe's Excess Baggage.

Johnnie Poe, one of the famous Princeton football players, and incidentally a great-nephew of Edgar Allan Poe, was a general in the army of Honduras in one of their recent wars. Finally, when things began to look black with peace and the American general discovered that his princely pay was being misappropriated, he was sent to the United States for transportation home.

"Sure," the commander told him. "We'll be glad to have you. Come aboard whenever you like and bring your luggage."

"Thanks," said Poe warmly. "I'll sure do that. I only have fifty-four pieces."

"What?" exclaimed the commander. "What do you think I'm running? A freighter?"

"Oh, well, you needn't get excited about it," quipped Poe. "My fifty-four pieces consist of one pair of socks and a pack of playing cards."

Sanwiching the Stories.

Saturday Evening Post.

John M. Butler, of Indiana, was a great orator, but somewhat heavy. One day, the campaign managers went to him and said: "Mr. Butler, we think your speeches, admirable though they are, would have a better effect if you would lighten them up. Suppose you tell a story or two while talking."

"Story?" said Butler. "I never told a story in my life."

"Well," replied the managers, "it's time to begin."

"But I know no stories to tell."

"Oh, that's all right. We'll get up some for you."

So they gave up six stories for Butler and fixed them to him. That night he made a speech at Terre Haute. He talked for an hour. Then he stopped and said: "They told me I should tell a few stories in my speech, so I'll tell some."

Whereupon, he gravely told all six stories in a row and then proceeded with his argument.

A Skillful Retreat.

Things hadn't turned out too well with their love affair. The fatal word had just been spoken, and he was rejected. The rejected suitor stood respectfully before her, listening to her elaborate explanations of her decision. Below the smooth waters of Oriental Bay rested in awesome wonder "What I have myself sufficiently plain," she said. "Well, I would scarcely go so far. It was answered, as his courage gradually returned. "It's but fair to give nature the credit for that," he added as he retired in good order.

Received Blow Before Death.

Cosuit, Ont., March 22.—Dr. Hair gave medical testimony in the inquest into the death of W. M. Cope and his wife on Thursday night by fire. He said Mrs. Cope had received a severe blow on the face with a blunt instrument, but that death in both cases was caused by burns and suffocation.

Is It To Be Reciprocity?

Ottawa, March 22.—The government newspapers, which are being guided by the premier in their reports from the Order of the day, are beginning to suggest that the next few weeks will see trade reciprocity with the United States entered into. This is significant.

At Osgoode Hall, in the case of Robert Burns, a motion for a writ of habeas corpus was made.

Order was appointed J. L. Whittier, of Kingston to represent both adults and infants in same class as asked.

Free speech may be carried so far as to be nothing more or less than insulting.

If your resolves are still intact you are making progress.

New line of Algor's books, 15c. each. S. H. Knox & Co.

Actions, at times, are more beneficial than sermons.

"Rubber Tooth Brushes," just in at Best's.

The family skeleton sometimes wears the clean white sheet garb.

New line of Algor's books, 15c. each. S. H. Knox & Co.

Post cards, 5c. a dozen. O'Gorman's fire sale.

A GAME SPORTSMAN

THIS IS HOW CANNON IS REGARDED.

Danced a Jig Just to Show They Hadn't Got the Old Man Yet—Touches of Sentiment About "Uncle Joe."

Washington Correspondent, in New York Herald.

"If there ever was a clean, game sportsman in congress, Joe Cannon is he," said Vice-President Sherman on Friday night after the smoke of battle had drifted away and members of congress were preparing to sleep on their arms. What brought out this remark was a little incident in the speaker's room after adjournment.

The speaker entered his room almost exhausted. His face showed the strain of the tremendous fight which he had been directing against the so-called democratic party and nearly thirty republican rebels. In the room with the speaker were Representative Dwight, the republican whip of the house, James E. Watson, of Indiana, the vice-president and half a dozen newspaper men. The newspaper men asked the speaker for a statement.

"Gentlemen," said he, "this house of ours has talked about 175,000 words the clock struck noon yesterday, mostly about me, but like the mummy of old Rameses, I haven't got a word to say. But I can dance a little jig for you to show you that they haven't got the old man yet."

Wary almost to the point of dropping the clock struck noon, he stepped up, stepped into the middle of the room and for several minutes danced a lively jig while Mr. Dwight patted Juba.

It was just a little side light in the greatest period of stress and storm through which the republic has passed, and he has had many of them. It was the same spirit that sent his ancestors marching day and night without sleep or food to take part in the battle of Guilford Court House during the revolution.

The speaker will begin his seventy-fifth year on May 7th next, and he does not refuse longer to preside over a house that is not likely to accomplish very much he will have been "eaker eight years" when the sixty-first congress goes out of existence, March 4th, 1911.

Speaker Cannon is not the unlovely character the magazine writers who have been so persistently attacking him would have the public believe. The speaker of the house is always the subject of attacks. Whether it be Clay, Blaine, Randall, Reed or Cannon. The speaker dearly loves a game of paper and he takes a drink when he feels the need. He has never been a hypocrite and if he has ever deceived his friends his friends have not found it out.

There isn't anything in the United States he is afraid of unless it be his daughters, and the best reason for this statement—that can be cited is that two years ago he defied practically the entire press of the United States in refusing to promise a special rule for a bill placing print paper on the free list. He knew at that time that there were stormy days ahead of him, and he met a great many of them in the campaign of 1908, when the most desperate effort was made to beat him in his district, and "Cannonism" became an issue in the middle west.

There are many touches of sentiment about "Uncle Joe" Cannon. The other day he met a distinguished Canadian editor, Dr. James A. Macdonald, of the Toronto Globe. He talked of many things, touching on religion, literature, art, drama, journalism and legislation that charmed the Canadian editor. Then he learned that Dr. Macdonald was a bosom friend of that famous Canadian divine, who, under the pen name of Ralph Connor, wrote "Black Rock," "The Sky Pilot" and "The Man from Glenarry."

"Do you mean to tell me that you know the man who wrote 'The Man from Glenarry'?" "Shake!" exclaimed the speaker. "Why, do you know, I read that book regularly once a year."

Speaker Cannon in his moments of leisure is often prone to revert to his boyhood days, which in his case were the days of a little life on the farm, when he was half grown had to do a man's work.

In the neighborhood where Mr. Cannon lived in those days, in the western reserve, religion revivals were wont to sweep the community. The Cannons at that time belonged to the Society of Friends. But the young plowman, aged about ten, fell under the spell of the exhorters and became much immersed in religious subjects. The unpardonable sin was dinned into his ears. What was the unpardonable sin? The lad often asked. It was to curse God. So plowing one day in a loamy bottom and meditating long and earnestly between corners on theology and the hard life he led, he began to commune with himself.

"What is the unpardonable sin?" "It is to curse God—well, damn God, anyway."

Instantly remorse seized the young plowman. The heavens grew black. The earth was about to open and swallow him up. The tortures of hell fire and brimstone seemed imminent. He had cursed God, he had committed the unpardonable sin; he would surely die.

Tormented in spirit, he went to his mother and made his awful confession. "But Joseph," said his mother kindly, "telling me that 'thee didn't mean it, curse God, did thee?' Of course he didn't mean it and said so, but still he had committed the unpardonable sin."

"But if thee didn't mean it thee will not be punished for it, son," said his mother kindly.

In telling this incident, the speaker says: "The load that fell from the shoulders of Christian on his toilsome journey as related by Bunyon, was light, compared with the burden that fell from my small shoulders when my mother told me that."

Extra strong corset clasps, side studs, bones of every description for repairing of corsets. Sold only at New York Dress Reform, 209 Princess street.

Hon. George E. Foster is confined to his home at Ottawa, a sufferer from muscular rheumatism, and neuralgia, brought on by overwork.

\$100 A MONTH FROM POPCORN.

From Farm to Consumer Rule of Young Women.

"Making and selling popcorn balls may not seem a very big business, but for the last three years we have made in the neighborhood of \$100 a month by it," a young woman whose home is on the outskirts of a large Eastern city, confessed to an old school teacher she met the other day in New York. "You know our house is near the railroad and only a few hundred yards from the spot where all the passenger trains go into the city, and often come to a dead halt."

"We got the idea for our business by seeing the newsboys hop on the trains with papers and magazines. It seemed such an easy way of selling such little items that the whole household began to worry their brains on what we could sell. Pins and cakes are old-fashioned, sandwiches are no longer in demand by travelers on first class passenger trains. At last some one thought of popcorn and we determined to try it."

"For that trial we bought a bushel of the corn in the ear and my two younger sisters and I proceeded to get it ready. We made balls and bars, then we took what was left and made little forms like croquettes. Because we had used our syrup we used only salt water for the best sellers, not of course when re-peating our venture we made more of them, and with a similar result. Now after three years we find that they are the greatest moneymakers of our three varieties, so many people appear to prefer the salt to the sugar."

"The year of our start we bought all our popcorn and even then made a fair profit. After that we began by planting half of the little garden plot that belongs to our lot and this past year we rented a vacant lot so that we might be able to raise all the corn we pop. It may be fancy, but I am firmly convinced that home grown corn tastes better than that which we bought. From the way our trade has grown I am convinced that our patrons agree with me."

"From selling to the people on the trains we gradually increased our circle of customers until now I think I am safe in saying that we supply a large part of the demand for popcorn in our city. We have several large candy stores on our list and to each of them we deliver a ton of popcorn a day. One of the points about popcorn is having it fresh. Besides being fresh the popcorn should be as nearly white as it can be popped. There are some makers who use artificial whitening, but we depend on the purity of our corn and its popping over the right degree of heat. It is easy enough to tell when the corn has been artificially whitened, as it is almost tasteless."

"We do all the work of raising the corn after the ground is prepared in the spring. My two sisters do all the cultivating with our horses and one wheel plough. We do not find the work either hard or disagreeable and never enough to be tedious."

"As my two sisters and I plan to be either farmers or farmer's wives this part of our business is most interesting. Our parents agree that they had rather see us working on a farm than going into an office or shop, so as soon as we finish the high school we are each going to take a course in practical farming, one of us remaining at home to carry on the popcorn business so we will not only have money to pay for the course but maybe work on the farm."

Court of revision for statute labor tax appeals was held in the city council chamber, this afternoon.

"Don't stop at that. The Moth Proof Bags Sold in Kingston, at Gibson's Red Cross Drug Store."

Toronto juries are now out on two more cases of the alleged illegal possession of Cobalt ore.

Students propose to establish a "down-town" settlement in Toronto.

JOHN LAIDLAW & SON.



Just received a splendid range of Girls' Suits

These fine tailored suits are made by an expert in this class of work. These are all different in style and for ages 14 years, 10 years, 18 years. The materials are fine Wool Serges, some with stripes others plain. The colors Navy, Wisteria, Pole Nord, Reseda, Grey, Myrtle, Brown and other shades, and the prices for the different qualities are

\$14.50, 15.75, 18.50



Glove Perfection

Awaits you here when you purchase a pair of

Perrin's Gloves, Dent's Gloves Or Reynier Gloves

These three famous makes stand for all that is BEST in the Kid Glove line and we have them.

\$1 and 1.25

New Veilings

In many attractive makes, sold at Dry Goods' prices, which means a saving to you.

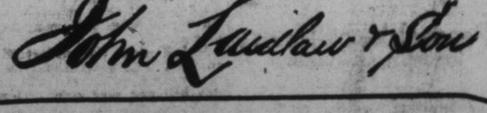
20c, 25c, 35c, 39c yard.

The Materials for Your New Spring Dress Is Here.

And judging by the purchases of the past ten days we are convinced our Dress Materials are correct.

All Wool French Serges, 49c, 75c.
All Wool Venetian Cloths, 75c, \$1, 1.25.
All Wool Satin Cloths, \$1, 75c.
All Wool Fancy Striped Serges, \$1, 75c.
All Wool Sedan Broadcloths, \$1, 1.25, 1.49.
And many others.

Butterick Patterns for April.



Hands Crack in Winter

WATER AND COLD CAUSE BUFFERING—SPLENDID RESULTS FROM USING

Dr. Chase's Ointment.

Most women know what it is to have sore, cracked hands during the cold weather, and oftentimes seasons and salt crusts on its beginning under these circumstances.

There is nothing so bad for eczema as cold water or going into the cold after having the hands wet. By avoiding these conditions as much as possible and applying Dr. Chase's Ointment frequently you can keep the skin soft, smooth and velvety and prevent the serious forms of skin trouble.

J. H. Anderson, Chapman, Westmoreland, county, N.B., writes: "For ten years I was troubled in the winters with my hands. The skin used to dry up and break open in cracks round the ends of the fingers, the joints and lines of the hands. These cracks would break into the flesh and bleed and were very painful. No treatment seemed to be of any benefit."

"At last I heard of Dr. Chase's Ointment and obtained relief almost immediately. It took out the soreness, softened the skin and with persistence made a complete cure. It is six years since I used the Ointment and there is no recurrence of the trouble."

Everything that's new and pretty you will find at

The Lockett Shoe Store