

Answer This Question

When thousands of women say that they have been cured of their ailments by a certain remedy, does this not prove the merit of that remedy?

Thousands of women have written the story of their suffering, and have told how they were freed from it by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—for thirty years these reports have been published all over America.

Without great merit this medicine could never have gained the largest sale of any remedy for woman's ills—never could have become known and prized in nearly every country in the world.

Can any woman let prejudice stand between her and that which will restore her health? If you believe those who have tried it you know this medicine *does* cure.

Read this letter from a grateful woman, then make up your mind to give Mrs. Pinkham's medicine a chance to cure you.

Canifton, Ont.—"I had been a great sufferer for five years. One doctor told me it was ulcers of the uterus, and another told me it was a fibroid tumor. No one knows what I suffered. I would always be worse at certain periods, and never was regular, and the bearing-down pains were terrible. I was very ill in bed, and the doctor told me I would have to have an operation, and that I might die during the operation. I wrote to my sister about it and she advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Through personal experience I have found it the best medicine in the world for female troubles. For it has cured me, and I did not have to have the operation after all. The Compound also helped me while passing through Change of Life."—Mrs. Letitia Blair, Canifton, Ontario.

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No sick woman does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine. Made exclusively from roots and herbs, and has thousands of cures to its credit.



Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health free of charge. Address Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

Tips For The Farmers

BY UNCLE JOSE

It seldom pays to grind corn for horses, provided their teeth are in first class condition. If horses are old and their teeth not in the best condition there would be some advantage in grinding. It is true that a certain amount of the animal's energy is required to perfectly masticate the corn, but the amount saved by grinding would in many cases hardly offset the cost. In the case of horses which are performing unusually hard work through long hours a general exception might be made to this rule, due to the fact that the animals are required to eat and digest larger quantities of concentrated food in order to perform the work and maintain their weight. Some European experiments have shown some advantages come from the grinding of corn, cob and all. It is not generally considered, however, to be a profitable practice to grind corn, cob and all, for horses feeding.—G. C. Wheeler, Kansas Experiment Station.

Setting Turkeys.

Build a wire coop of sufficient size to accommodate the men. This is placed on the ground and the turkey put in the middle of it. On top put cedar brush to make shade. Plenty of feed, water and grit are given and the turkey allowed to be alone. The coop is six feet on the sides and at least two feet high. When the poults hatch the corners of the coop are lifted after the dew is off and the young ones allowed to run. In the evening the little fellows are shut in to keep out vermin. At first they are fed bread-crumbs and being mixed with water or milk and squeezed dry. When a month old they are allowed to roam with a turkey, but encouraged to be at home in the evening by being fed regularly at a certain hour. When the turkey has been fed for a week or two it will not come home of their own accord unless educated in this way.—M. C. Dean in Orange Judd Farmer.

Corr-tive For Hogs.

There seems to be no better way to supply mineral matter to hogs than to give them free access to salt, charcoal, air slaked lime, wood ashes and bone-meal. Charcoal may be made out of corn-cobs by digging a pit in the ground with sloping sides so as to prevent caving, starting a fire in it and then adding cobs a few at a time, letting the fire burn through each time. This is continued until the pit is full, when it may be covered with an old barn door and the cracks sealed with a little dirt. After twenty-four to twenty-eight hours the pit will contain a fine grade of charcoal for pig feedings. When pigs are fed these various mineral substances they will undoubtedly not have such a craving for nut coal. However, a little nut coal in addition, if they care for it, would not be harmful.—Breeder's Gazette.

Destroying White Grubs.

Probably the most effective check to white grubs is early plowing. If the land can be winter plowed and again plowed in the spring the grubs will be greatly injured. The application of lime will doubtless help to destroy them, and if early potatoes are planted and the crop harvested as soon as possible the land may be at once fitted and sown to alfalfa with almost certainty of a good stand.

Lime For Sour Land.

Is your land sour and sodden? If it is, remember that the antidote is lime. Remember also that alfalfa and clover produce acidity of the soil and that unless lime is present in considerable quantity, to get the best results from leguminous crops, it must be applied in more or less generous quantities. For this purpose finely ground limestone is of most lasting benefit.—Kansas Farmer.

A Tomato Experiment.

An experiment with tomatoes was conducted at the Wisconsin experiment station to determine the relative earliness of fruiting and the amount of fruit produced by plants grown from cuttings and those grown from seed. The results thus far indicate that it is very hard to choose between cuttings and seedlings for use in the forcing house.

Oils For Leather.

Olive oil, cod liver oil, castor oil and neatfoot oil are considered to be the very best oils for leather. Mineral oils, however, are quite extensively used, and we know of no reason why, if they are free from acids and alkalis, they should be at all harmful to the leather.—W. D. Bigelow, Department of Agriculture.

Feeding Hens.

Don't feed all sloppy food. The hens have been supplied with a machine for grinding, and it should be used. Let any member of the body stop work for a time and when called upon to perform its duties it is very likely to be weak.—Farm and Ranch.

Produce And Prices.

Kingston, April 10.—Prices are quoted to the Whig as follows: Fish—Salmon trout, 12c. lb.; skinned digby herring, 20c. lb.; whitefish, 12c. lb.; pike, 10c. lb.; Chinook salmon, 30c. lb.; silver-side, 20c.; quail, 15c.; kippered herring, Yarmouth bladders, 40c. doz.; perch, 30c. doz.; frogs' legs, 40c. lb.; Atlantic salmon, 30c. lb.; salt codfish, 7c. to 15c. lb.; halibut, 15c. lb.; fresh haddock, 10c. lb.; bullheads, 12c. lb.; red herring, 15c. box; mackerel, 15c. lb.; ciscoes, 15c. lb.; lake herring, 8c. lb.; fiman haddie, 10c. to 12c. lb.; red snappers, 15c. lb.; flounders, 10c.; fresh salt water herring, 30c. and 40c.; fresh lobsters, 30c. lb.; sea bass, 12c. lb.; smelts, 15c. to 20c.
Meat—Beef, by carcass, 8c. to 9c.; cuts, 8c. to 16c. pack, 10c. by carcass; cutlets, 15c.; lamb, 12c.; live hogs, 7c.; turkeys, 18c. lb.; chickens, 14c. per lb.
Vegetables—Potatoes, 90c. to \$1 per bag; cabbage, \$1.25 to 2.00; celery, 50c. doz.; onions, \$1 bush; turnips, 50c. bag; carrots, 75c. bag.
Grain—Oats, 50c.; local wheat, \$1; buckwheat, 65c.; barley, 58c.; rye, 80c. to 85c.; peas, \$1; corn, old, 75c.; new, 75c.
Flour and Feed—Flour, bakers', \$2.90 to \$3.15; farmers', \$2.50 to \$3.10; Hungarian patent, \$3 to \$3.20; oatmeal and rolled oats, \$3.40 to \$3.50; cornmeal, \$1.50 to \$2.10; bran, \$2.4 to \$2.5 a ton; shorts, \$26 to \$27

a ton; straw, \$9 to \$10; hay, loose, \$11 to \$13; pressed, \$13 to \$14.
Eggs, new laid, 20c. doz.; butter, creamery, 27c. lb.; farmers' butter, in prints, 25c. to 28c.; packed, 25c.; rolls, 25c.; tubs, 24c.
Wool—Washed, 12c. lb.; sheep skins, frosh, \$1; tallow, rendered, 51c.; deerskins, 75c.; veal skins, 10c.; hides, No. 1, 8c.; hides, No. 2, 7c. lb.; horse hides, \$2.50 each.

SPRING BLOOD

Is Bad Blood—How to Get New Health.

The winter months are trying to the health of even the most robust. Confinement in-doors in over-heated and nearly always badly ventilated rooms—in the home, the office, the shop and the school—takes the vitality of even the strongest. The blood becomes thin and watery or clogged with impurities. Sometimes you get up in the morning just as tired as when you went to bed. Some people have headaches; others are low spirited, some have pimples and skin eruptions. These are all spring symptoms that the blood is out of order. You can't cure these troubles with purgative medicines, which merely gallop through the system leaving you still weaker. What you need to give you health and strength in the spring is a tonic and blood builder in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These Pills not only banish spring ills but guard you against the more serious ailments that follow, such as anaemia, nervous debility, rheumatism, indigestion and kidney trouble. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make new, rich blood which strengthens every nerve, every organ and every part of the body. Try this medicine this spring and you will have strength and energy to resist the torrid heat of the coming summer. J. H. Johnson, Loch Broom, N.B., says: "Some two years ago I began to feel that my constitution was weakening. I could not stand any exposure or knocking about. I finally sought the aid of a doctor who said my system was very much run down, and that the trouble might end in nervous prostration. As his medicine did not help me I decided, on the advice of a friend, to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a trial. I had used less than a half dozen boxes when my health was fully restored, and I think no other medicine can equal these Pills when one is run down and out of health.
Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at the price of six boxes for \$2.00 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Crows On A Spree.

Sitting in an Indian garden one day, and irritated beyond measure by the petty larcenies and effrontery of a party of crows, I was tempted for once to put them to the proof in this matter. They had taken the bananas from the table in front and the biscuits from the table at his side with shameless persistency. So a few more biscuits were procured and a few more soaked in rum. It was not long before half a dozen crows came down and cleared the plate as usual. The spirit worked very promptly upon them, and in ten minutes they were all in a state of semi-intoxication. While a few made little efforts to resist, the rest helplessly rolled into the gutters.

A Slight Difference.

Woman's Home Companion.
Uncle Bob, who lived in Washington and worked at the war department, was at the old home for a few days. Little Ted was a devoted worshipper and tagged about after his uncle all day long, listening to him and asking questions. Finally he delivered himself of an important matter.
"Uncle Bob," he said, "do you ever see the president in Washington?"
"Oh, yes; often. I see him nearly every day."
"Uncle Bob," asked Ted solemnly, after careful thought, "does the president see you?"

WINTRY CHILLS

Makes the Liver Torpid
Congests the Kidneys
Start Rheumatic Pains

You'll Find Quick Relief, Renewed Strength and Freedom From All Winter Ills.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills

Thousands of lives are sacrificed each year through colds that started with "just a chill." These chills act instantly on the liver and kidneys; they congest these organs, prevent their eliminating and filtering the wastes from the body. The system becomes contaminated with poisons that destroy vitality and leave the body prey to disease. Dr. Hamilton's Pills cause the liver to throw off its bile; they flush out the stomach and bowels, purify the blood and free the entire system of all disease-producing matter. Colds, rheumatism, the aches and pains of winter ills are swept away. Every injured tissue is repaired. Every weak spot is strengthened and highly vitalized blood which Dr. Hamilton's Pills so abundantly make, is a guarantee of freedom from sickness of any kind.

Cured Colds And Rheumatism.

Mr. John White, of Stanwood, P. O., Ont., knows the merit of Dr. Hamilton's Pills, and says: "I wouldn't be alive to-day had it not been for Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Last winter I was sick with gripe, and when spring came I was weak, bilious and rheumatic. I took enough medicine to cure twenty times, but I didn't get any help until I tried Dr. Hamilton's Pills. They purified my blood, took the yellow color out of my face, put new tone in my stomach, and increased my appetite. The bilious attacks and rheumatic pains gradually departed, and Dr. Hamilton's Pills made a new man of me. I proved their merit and proclaim them a medicine for all men.
If better health and prompt recovery are important get Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut today. At all dealers, 25c. per box. Or five boxes for \$1.

WOULD TAX BACHELORS.

Arthur Forbes Suggests Duty on Refusals to Marry.

At a Ladies' Evening of the Union Society in Lincoln's Inn, London, Arthur Forbes moved the following resolution: "That this House would welcome the imposition of a special income tax upon bachelors above the age of twenty-five," and proceeded to recommend it on the ground that the bachelor was better able to bear additional burdens than the married man, who, moreover, ought to be encouraged in every possible way. He looked forward to the day when bachelorhood would be regarded with contempt in all civilized countries, and also in Ireland.
Miss Woods of the Pioneer Club, who announced herself as speaking from the point of view of the surplus woman, opposed the motion. In her experience of bachelors, as a rule they had no income to tax; at any rate, that is what they told her when she asked them why they did not marry. As there were a million more women than men in the United Kingdom it was impossible for all women to be married unless widowers were compelled to marry again. Her personal experience was that married men were not doing a noble work for the state, as was suggested; but that they became crumpled and selfish, and in many ways objectionable. She spoke, she said, from sad experience, for she had followed many men to the altar in the capacity of bridesmaid, and she invariably noted that whereas the bride improved after marriage, in nearly every instance, the bridegroom went steadily down hill. So she preferred them to remain bachelors.
One married man expressed the opinion that the country is far more in peril from the cold-blooded, calculating commercial spinster who would not marry on a small income than from the bachelor.
An unmarried lady thought that twenty-five was too young; thirty-five was quite soon enough for a man to marry, and from that age so that if a man was not married at fifty he would be taxed out of existence. She said frankly that she preferred married men to bachelors, who seemed to be under the impression that if an unmarried woman asked them to tea she was going to turn the gas down and get him to propose.

Notes And Comment.

Ottawa Journal.
Hon. L. P. Brodeur, minister of marine and fisheries, whatever may be thought of his abilities, is to be congratulated upon the obviously sincere regard which he enjoys among the men of the marine department affairs in the commons last week. C. J. Doherty, the conservative member for St. Ann's, who moved enquiry in the department, gave testimony to his complete personal confidence in Mr. Brodeur's personal integrity. On the liberal side of the house, man after man expressed in the strongest terms his esteem for the liberal leader in the Montreal district. The Journal has had occasion to differ with Mr. Brodeur. It does not accept his contention that he has done all that a man could do to reform the marine department. It believes that in point of fact, he himself did nothing of real value in that regard until he had been forced. But the friendship which Mr. Brodeur holds is certainly an enviable asset.

Poetic Justice.

New York Times.
A certain couple in a New England village, each the parent of six children, recently had meted out to them a kind of poetic justice in which they failed to see the poetry.
The woman, a widow, pleading that she had no home, and was, therefore, unable to care for her children, induced the local authorities to admit them to an orphan asylum. The man, a widower, pleading he had no housekeeper, and, therefore, no one to care for his children, induced the authorities to admit his six also. Thereupon, being free from all incumbrances, these two married.
All went well for a few months, when the authorities, learning of the situation, promptly despatched the twelve children back to their parents, and the woman, no longer able to represent herself as homeless, or the man without a housekeeper, they were forced to receive them.

A Good Suggestion.

New York Judge.
One of the speakers at the dinner given in Cleveland by the National Educational Association was Booker T. Washington, the distinguished negro leader of the South. In the course of his remarks he told the following story of about a Southern minister, who was evidently rather long winded.
"One Sunday morning, while the minister was in the midst of his sermon and had reached the point where he was shouting, 'And fourthly, dear brethren,' a man poked his head through the door, and said in a low voice:—
"Don't get too much excited, parson, but your church is on fire!"
"All right, Brother Jones," said the parson. "I will hasten out. But possibly you'd better wake the congregation."
Took His Breath Away.
A dapper little man was making his exit from the dining-room of a fashionable hotel when the head waiter stepped up to him, took him by the arm, and said, "I have tumbled to your little game, you rascal. This is the fourth time you've had your dinner here without paying." "Sir," exclaimed the little man, breaking loose from the waiter's grasp, and looking for the official sternly in the face, "you are mistaken. It is the fifth time." Before the waiter had recovered from the shock the man was in the next street.

Spelling Reform.

The Bookman.
Richard Grant White once said that a radical reform in English spelling is, first, unnecessary, second, undesirable, and third, impossible, thus recalling the story of the old Scottish preacher, who, upon meeting one of his hearers after the service, inquired how he liked the sermon. "I dinna like it," he said, "for three rizzens—first, ye read it; second, ye dinna read it; and third, it was na worth readin'!"

A Gambler.

Tommy—Pop, how would you define a gambler?
Tommy—Pop—Well, my son, a man's wife thinks he is a gambler if he loses, and his friends think he is a gambler if he wins.

The EDISON PHONOGRAPH



Serenade
"There is Music in the Air"

wherever the Edison Phonograph abides. The Edison Phonograph is a music maker, a fun maker, an entertainer and a fireside companion that takes the place of a great many other more expensive forms of entertainment. You can use it for your own amusement or to entertain your guests. It is never in the way when you don't want it, and it is the whole thing when you do.

Its cost is not beyond the reach of any family. It can be bought of most dealers on the easy-payment plan, and it appeals equally to young and old.

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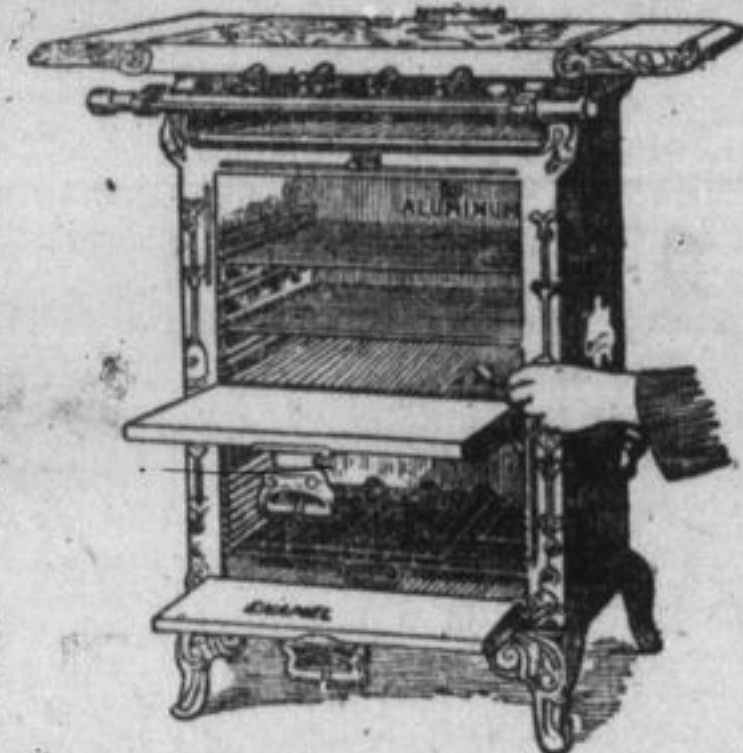
Hear these Records the next time you go to an Edison dealer. They are the new Records that play twice as long as the old ones and exceedingly good.

FREE. Ask your dealer or write to us for illustrated catalogue of Edison Phonographs, also catalogue containing complete lists of Edison Records, old and new.
We Want Good Live Dealers to sell Edison Phonographs in every town where we are not now well represented. Dealers having established stores should write at once to National Phonograph Company, 100 Lakeside Avenue, Orange, N. J., U.S.A.

"Caloric" Safety Lighter

All dangers attached to common ways of lighting gas ranges unknown in the experiences of a "Caloric" user.

WHY?
"Caloric" equipped with a perfect safety lighter.



This lighter collects gas from each burner bar, then directs same to the burner holes in the bottom of the oven.
The moment the burner jet is turned on and the lighted match applied, the gas is lit evenly.
No accumulation of gas, no puffing, no explosions.

McClary's "Caloric" Gas Range

To Produce Best Results Flour Must Be Properly Aged

MILLS with insufficient storage capacity are forced to ship their flour before it is properly aged. Underaged flour requires expert handling in order to secure even fair results. In our big warehouses in six different cities we have storage capacity for 370,000 (98-pound) bags. We are thus able to store "Purity" Flour until it is properly aged.

You can never get underaged flour if you always specify "Purity."

"MORE BREAD AND BETTER BREAD."

PURITY FLOUR

Purity Flour is packed in 7, 14, 24, 49 and 89 pound cotton sacks. Also barrels and half-barrels.



PLUMBERS:
USE our STAR EXTRA WIPING SOLDER, the round end blocks, costs no more than the common kinds. One trial will make it always your SOLDER.
Canada Metal Co., Ltd
31 William St., Toronto

Pay a Fair Price And Get The Best
The grocer who gives the greatest number of pounds of granulated sugar for a dollar, naturally won't give "the best Montreal Granulated."
The only way you can be sure of getting the best, is to insist on having
St. Lawrence Granulated Sugar
Put up by the Refinery in 20 pound Cotton Bags
The analysis of Prof. Hersey, Government Analyst, shows that "St. Lawrence Granulated" contains 99—99/100 to 100 per cent of pure cane sugar, with no impurities whatever.
The St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Company Limited, Montreal.

An Exquisite Evening Waist
"Duchess" No. 126 is one of the daintiest waists of the new spring season.
It's the new surplus effect, with high Gibson collar, and Mousquetaire sleeves.
The body is white china silk, with yoke of net and allover lace insertion.
We show you the general effect here but you must see the waist itself to really appreciate its style and daintiness.
Leading Dry Goods Houses carry the complete line of "Duchess" Waists. Ask to see them.

Cowan's Cake Icings
are different from any other, in that Cowan's always give perfect results.
Housekeepers say that Cowan's Icings are uniformly satisfactory. Eight delicious flavors—
—at your grocer's.