

# BROTHER TOLD BROTHER

One Suffered for Fifteen Years, the Other for Thirteen.

The convincing powers of a testimonial were never more clearly shown than in the case of Mr. Hugh Brown, a brother, Lemuel Brown, of Avondale, N.B., read in the paper about Hon. John Costigan being cured by "Fruit-a-tives." Knowing the Senator would only endorse a medicine which had cured him, Mr. Lemuel Brown tried "Fruit-a-tives." They cured him of Chronic Indigestion and Constipation. So he urged his brother to try them.



Hartland, N.B., Oct. 28th, 1907.

"Three doctors told me that I had Liver Disease and serious Stomach Trouble. My stomach was very weak. I took their medicines for thirteen years and grew worse. My brother (who was cured of terrible indigestion by "Fruit-a-tives" after suffering for six months) recommended me to try these wonderful tablets. I bought half a dozen boxes and have just finished the sixth. I eat all kinds of hearty foods without distress and am greatly improved in every way. "Fruit-a-tives" also cured the Chronic Constipation which was so distressing in my case."

(Signed) HUGH BROWN.

50c a box, 6 for \$2.50; a trial box, 25c. At dealers or from Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa.

## MADE A STRONG PLEA FOR HIS LIBERTY



New York, March 12.—With a calm but dramatic plea for "liberty or death," Albert T. Patrick, convicted almost seven years ago of the murder of William Marsh Rice, appeared before the appellate division of the supreme court, in Brooklyn, and, coolly and trenchantly incisive as a

lawyer appearing in behalf of a chance client, argued for his freedom from Sing Sing prison.

It was the second time within the current week that the lawyer, whose fight for liberty when he lay in the shadow of the electric chair brought him but the alternative of a term of life servitude, had appeared in this court in the presence of a great throng to fence with the technical

traps of the law for his freedom. Eagerly affirming that life imprisonment, to which the death sentence was commuted by Governor Higgins, was worse than the death penalty originally imposed, Patrick assailed with an array of technical arguments the lawful authority which supported that commutation of punishment without his acceptance of the altered conditions imposed.

a very strong germ it may be held over two or three weeks before setting without deterioration is a poor thing to cling to. In the first place there is no known way to determining the vigor of a germ; some eggs in every clutch always being weak. Highly vital hens with vigorous mates ought to produce strong germs but all hens have their off days and so it is not safe to assume that the germ is strong. Again the hatchability of an egg depends as much on where and how it is kept as on its original quality. If kept at a temperature of about fifty with atmosphere not too dry, and it turned regularly, the shell of the egg will be strong and the embryo will develop normally. If the temperature is too high, the shell will become soft and the embryo will be unable to make the necessary muscular exertions at birth for want of space. Many fully feathered chicks are found in shells that do not split, and almost without exception it is found that the moisture had evaporated too rapidly causing them to overgrow.

watering and sufficient exercise, would avoid this.

Lymphangitis, a disease in which the small vessels accompanying the veins are affected, sometimes known as "Monday-morning" disease, could be prevented by moderate feeding and reduction of nutritive food when the animal was not at regular work. Brinash on Saturday night, and again on Sunday, and perhaps Monday morning, would be a preventive. If the case became habitual, four drachms of saltpetre could be put in the Saturday night's mash.

Sheep should be protected from storms and cold winds, but should not be kept too close and unventilated quarters, for they will all the more easily catch cold when going out. Then too, efforts should be made to have all parts of the barns or sheds as nearly uniform as possible; for if any part be warmer than the rest they will pile up there and get too warm and so catch cold the more easily. Uniformity in temperature is an essential for sheep as for any other animal.

When looking over the flock there will likely be found some that are not doing as well as others, and for no apparent reason. It may be that something is wrong with their teeth and thus they are unable to secure the full benefit of the food they consume. It is, therefore, well to look into their mouths, and if they are in bad shape

## Cips For The Farmers

BY UNCLE JOSH

As a rule the kicking cow is not the first offender in the kicking line. The best pig, calf or lamb is as likely to die in cold quarters as the poorest one.

It requires live stock and clover to make a properly balanced ration to feed the soil.

The breed of horse manure may be burned in the coldest weather if left lying in large heaps.

There are but few days in winter when horses are not better for being turned out awhile.

Seed potatoes should be kept too cold to sprout, but if not then seed potatoes sprouted by nature should at once be sprouted by man.

In making a starter, the whole or skim milk should be kept at a temperature of from 70 to 80 degrees Fahr. At this temperature it should sour in twenty-four hours and form a solid curd.

Every farmer has at least one extra good cow, or as the farmer expresses it, a cow that money would not buy. Increase the number of good cows by breeding that one to a dairy bred animal.—Jenson's Dairyman.

Some fellow inquired of a leading dairy paper which was the best dog for the dairy barn, whereupon the reply came true as gospel, that the best dog for a dairy farm was the dead dog, buried four feet underground.

Vicious bulls are generally made so by unwise treatment when they are young, giving them too much liberty or using them cruelly. It is well to use them kindly, but they should be trusted no more than is necessary, for it sometimes happens that a bull that was quiet suddenly and unexpectedly becomes vicious and maims a man for life or gorges him to death. It is the part of wisdom to handle a bull with a strong staff and a safe connection with his nosing, no matter how quiet he may be.

## The Nerves Not Understood

By Most People and By Many Doctors—Hence Their Treatments Fail.

The Best Authorities Now Agree That Restorative Treatment Such As Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is the Only Rational and Successful Means of Cure.

It is not so very many years since diseases of the nerves were attributed to the presence of evil spirits and more recently sufferers from nervous derangements have been told that they only imagine they are sick.

When Dr. Chase's Nerve Food was first put upon the market as the only natural and effective method of curing derangements arising from exhausted nerves it was considered almost revolutionary but its success was remarkable from the start, many who used it being cured of such severe forms of nervous trouble as locomotor ataxia and partial paralysis.

Now the very best authorities claim to cure diseases of the nerves is to make the blood rich, red and nutritious and to build up the wasted nerve cells by such treatment as Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

Mrs. W. B. Sutherland, St. Andrews, Man., writes: "In 1903 I was stricken with paralysis, fell helpless to the floor and had to be carried to bed. The doctors pronounced it a bad case as I had no power in my tongue and left leg. For six months I lay in that condition without benefit from the doctors' prescriptions. My husband advised me to try Dr. Chase's Nerve Food and by use of this treatment all the symptoms disappeared. I can now talk plainly, my leg is all right and I can do all my own housework. I am grateful to be cured by so wonderful a remedy."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food 50c. a box, six boxes for \$2.50, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

## Exquisite Complexion

Quickly Acquired if the System is Regulated By Dr. Hamilton's Pills.

The power of Dr. Hamilton's Pills over the complexion is marvellous. As it by magic all pimples, humors and pimples disappear. A clear, healthy glow is quickly manifested on the cheeks and looks that delight the eye come to stay. It is by purifying and enriching the blood, and thereby building up the constitution, that Dr. Hamilton's Pills accomplish so much in a short time.

I can heartily recommend Dr. Hamilton's Pills for the complexion," writes Miss E. M. Porter, of Clear View, Io. "Before using this medicine I had a very pale, murky complexion, and there was no redness or color in my cheeks. But Dr. Hamilton's Pills changed this and my locks have been much improved."

In every case of dull, sallow complexion, wherever the skin is blotchy and rough, Dr. Hamilton's Pills quickly prove their merit. You'll look better, feel vastly improved by relying on this great medicine, which is instantaneous in effect. Price, 25c. per box, or five boxes for \$1, at all dealers.

It is time that such animals should be culled out.

The question of keeping sheep clean must not be overlooked. While it can remain longer in winter without cleaning, if there is any chance for the manure to heat, it must be kept clean, if not, some wool, if not the sheep, will be lost. When sheep have to lie out on the pile of horse manure to keep warm but little will be secured from them. Cotted wool will be found where sheep have to lie in wet, dirty places.

Where sheep are housed for only a short time, they may be kept in quite close quarters, provided it is well ventilated. They cannot, however, be kept this way for a long period without serious results.

A very necessary feature in the care of sheep is cleanliness of the food and water they eat and drink. Unless compelled by thirst and hunger to do so, they will not eat unclean food nor drink unclean water.

## Produce And Prices.

Kingston, March 13.—Prices are quoted to the Whig as follows:

Grain—Oats, 46c; local wheat, \$1; buckwheat, 65c; barley, 58c; rye, 80c; to 85c; peas, \$1; corn, old, 72c; new, 74c.

Flour and Feed—Flour, bakers', \$2.90 to \$3.15; farmers', \$2.80 to \$3.10; Hungarian patent, \$3 to \$3.20; oatmeal and rolled oats, \$2.40 to \$3.50; cornmeal, \$1.80 to \$2.10; bran, \$23 to \$24 per long shorts, \$25 to \$27 per ton; straw, \$10 to \$11; hay, loose, \$10 to \$12; pressed, \$13.

Eggs, new laid, 28c. doz.; butter, creamery, 30c. lb.; farmers' butter, prints, 25c. to 28c.; packed, 25c.; rolls, 25c.; tubs, 24c.

Meat—By carcass, 77 to 83c; cuts, 6c. to 15c. lb.; pork, 10c. lb.; cutlets, 12c. to 15c.; lamb, 12c. lb.; mutton, 10c. by carcass; live hogs, 87; turkeys, 18c. a lb.; chickens, \$1.25 to \$1.50 per pair; geese, \$1.50.

Fish—Salmon trout, 12c. a lb.; skinned, 18c. to 20c. a lb.; whitefish, 12c. a lb.; pike, 10c. a lb.; chinook salmon, 30c. a lb.; kippered herring, Yarmouth blotters, 40c. a lb.; perch, 30c. a doz.; frogs' legs, 40c. lb.; Atlantic salmon, 30c. lb.; salt codfish, 7c. to 15c. lb.; halibut, 20c. lb.; fresh haddock, 10c. a lb.; bullheads, 10c. a lb.; red herring, 15c. a box; mackerel, 15c. a lb.; trout, 12c. lb.; ciscoes, 15c. a lb.; bluefish, 15c. a lb.; lake herring, 8c. a lb.; finnan haddie, 10c. to 12c. a lb.; red snappers, 15c.; flounders, 10c.; fresh salt water herrings, 40c.; fresh lobsters, 30c. a lb.; sea bass, 12c. a lb.; smoked salmon, 30c. a lb.; smelts, 15c. to 20c.

Vegetables—Potatoes, 90c. to \$1 per bag; cabbage, 75c. to \$1 doz.; celery, 50c. doz.; onions, \$1 bush; turnips, 50c. bag.

Wool—Washed, 12c. per lb.; sheep skins, fresh, 75c.; tallow, rendered, 55c.; deskins, 75c.; veal skins, 10c. per lb.; hides, No. 1, 85c. per lb.; hides, No. 2, 74c. per lb.; horse hides, \$2.50 each.

## A Prompt Decision.

It was Andrew McIntosh, a stranger from Hamilton, who told the police he lost \$22 in a local hotel last night, and that William Smith, his new-found acquaintance, was the thief of the money. So Smith was arrested and held before the court.

McIntosh's evidence was a moving picture exhibit of a young man on a jambouree in a city he did not know. "How much money did you have?" "Eighty-six dollars."

"Where did you spend last night?" "Don't know."

"Are you acquainted with 99 King street west?"

"No."

"You were pretty drunk?"

"Oh, very drunk."

"Where did you put your money when you went to bed?"

"In my stocking."

"And where did you put the stocking?"

"Don't know."

It was then that his worship's curt but expressive remark, "Get out," fell from his lips.

"There's nothing to this case; get out!"

Which both complainant and prisoner did with alacrity.

## The Coming of Spring.

By Francis Thompson.

Cast aside the folding doorways of the East.

For now is light increased!

And the wind-besouled chambers of the air.

See they be garnished fair.

Spring is come home with her world.

And all things are made young with April's light increased!

And all for her is light increased in yellow stars and yellow daffodils.

O Earth, unchided, widowed Earth, so long!

Lifting in patient pine and ivy tree

Memorial belief and steadfast prophecy.

Behold how all things are made true!

Rejoice, O barren, and look forth abroad!

Your children gathered back to your embrace with a mother's face.

Inteграted are the heavens and the earth!

From sky to sod

The world's unfolded blossom smells of God.

## Poet's Grandson A Beggar.

London Daily Mail.

At Ship, Westmoreland, Charles Southey, son of the late vicar of Ashham, and grandson of the poet, Robert Southey, was sent to jail for a week for begging at Patterdale Hall.

He told the bench a pathetic story. His father, he said, gave him a good education, but no trade, so he took up literature. He got married and had a comfortable home, but his wife left him years ago and he had to sell his home. Afterwards he stole half a sovereign for which he was sent to prison. He had since been unable to procure literary work, his appearance being against him.

"I have not known what it is to have a proper meal for a long time," added the prisoner, "but have had to subsist at the best of times on fish and chips in common lodging-houses."

Simplified Debate.

Washington Star.

"Are you going to attempt to answer all the charges made against you?"

"Certainly," replied Senator Sorghum. "Answering charges these days is easy. All you've got to do is to say, 'You're another.'"

### Our \$3.50 Gift

Don't buy Silver Butter-Spreaders. We have a set of six for you. They are Wm. Rogers & Sons' AA triple plate. If you could buy this set in a jewelry store it would cost you \$3.50.

But this is the lily pattern, made exclusively for us. You can buy nothing like it. Simply do this: Send us the metal top from a jar of Armour's Extract of Beef, or the paper certificate under the top, with 12c for packing and mailing, and we'll send you one of the Spreaders.

Send 5 tops or certificates and 10c with each and get the full set of six.

Thus, for a little time, we give you back more than you pay for the Extract. We want you to know the many uses of a good Extract of Beef. Try it in adding flavor to soups, gravies and meat dishes.

Get Armour's, for that is concentrated four times the strength of others. Other extracts of beef costing a trifle less go but one-fourth as far. The directions on Armour's are "Use one-fourth as much."

Order a jar from your dealer today. Send for one of these Spreaders. Address: MacLaren, Imperial Cheese Co., Ltd., Agents Armour Liquid, Toronto, Department 70.

### Armour's Extract of Beef

### The sale of DEWAR'S "Special Liqueur" increases yearly!



### Anty Drudge Gives More Reasons.

Little Eunice—"Boo Hoo! I had a pretty pink frock and mama cooked it and the pink all came out."

Mother—"I didn't know the color would fade or I shouldn't have boiled it along with the other clothes."

Anty Drudge—"Anything will fade, my dear, if it's boiled long enough. Boiling weakens the fabric and dissolves the dye. The best way is not to boil your clothes, but to wash them with Fels-Naptha in cool or lukewarm water. Fels-Naptha sets the colors instead of fading them, besides making the clothes wear longer. It also saves you time, work, bother and money."

There are cheaper laundry soaps than Fels-Naptha but no other so economical. Sounds odd, doesn't it? But it's true. Fels-Naptha is more economical because it saves time, saves work, saves the cost of fuel and makes your clothes wear twice as long.

Fels-Naptha cleans your clothes in cool or lukewarm water in summer or winter without boiling or hot water to weaken their fabric, and without hard rubbing to wear them into holes.

It takes half as long and requires much less work than the old way. Try it next washday. See how white, and clean, and sweet Fels-Naptha makes your clothes. Follow carefully the directions on the red and green wrapper.

### THE IDEAL DUSTER

HAS IT OCCURRED TO YOU THIS WAY?

For a few cents (35) you get a part, for 50 cents you get all the results of months of strenuous effort and the expenditure of much money, resulting in the production of the IDEAL, a high and low dust collector and general cleaner.

It opens and shuts like your hand; the movement has never been equaled. It's handy; every day you need it, some days more than others.

To demonstrate and advise you just how this marvellous invention with an automatic hand returns the labor of housecleaning to the operation point, with the least effort of yours (when the duster is used), and also how the back-breaking step is dusting floors, we offer extraordinary inducements with complete instructions, beautifully illustrated circular, etc. In these desiring to undertake this gratifying mission. One sent ordered seven cents in the week.

AGENTS WANTED

WRITE US TO-DAY

Tarbox Bros., Mfrs. Toronto, Ont.

### HOW TO FREE HIGH HALLS OF DUST-WEBS

See our new stock of Granite and KINGSTON GRANITE & MARBLE WORKS Cor. Princess and Clergy Sts.