

FREE

Let Me Cure Your Catarrh

Trial Package of My Combined Treatment Mailed Free—Duty Free—No More Coughing and Spitting or Foul Smelling Breath—Send Your Name To-Day.

Catarrh is not only dangerous, but it causes bad breath, ulceration, death and decay of bones, loss of thinking and reasoning powers, kills ambition and energy, often causes loss of appetite, indigestion, dyspepsia, raw throat and consumption. It needs attention at once. Cure it with Gauss' Catarrh-Cure. It is a quick, radical, permanent cure, because it rids the system of the poisonous germs that cause catarrh.



C. E. GAUSS.

In order to prove to all who are suffering from this dangerous and loathsome disease that Gauss' Catarrh Cure will actually cure any case of catarrh quickly, no matter how long standing or how bad, I will send a trial package by mail free of all cost. Send us your name and address to-day and the treatment will be sent you by return mail, duty free. Try it! It will positively cure you, that you will be welcomed instead of shunned by your friends. C. E. GAUSS, Marshall, Mich. Fill out coupon below.

FREE

This coupon is good for one trial package of Gauss' Combined Catarrh Cure, mailed free in plain package. Simply fill in your name and address on dotted lines below and mail to C. E. GAUSS, 4587 Main Street, Marshall, Mich.

Hay's Hair Health

Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Natural Color and Beauty.

No matter how long it has been gray faded, Promotes a luxuriant growth of healthy hair. Stops its falling out, and positively removes dandruff. Keeps hair soft and glossy. Refuse all substitutes, 2 1/2 times as much as \$1.00 as 50c. size. Is Not a Dye.

Hay's Hairina Soap cures Pimples, Red, rough and chapped hands, and all skin diseases. Keeps skin clean and soft. 25c. drugists. Send 2c for free book "The Care of the Hair." Philo Hay Soap Co., Newark, N.J.

JAS. B. McLEOD

With Maypole Soap With Ease at Home With Sure Results

For colors, 15c. for black.

Frank L. Richards & Co., Montreal.

Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful MARVEL Whirling Spray. The new Yaginal Sprayer. Best on the continent. It cleanses naturally.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the M.A.R. Whirling Spray, or other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sent by mail. Particulars and directions in- cluded in the book.

WINN OR SUPPLY CO., Windsor, Ont. General Agents for C. Canada.

A woman gets a lot of satisfaction out of her belief that other women envy her. There is a good deal in luck; intelligence and perseverance, for instance.

TSAR FERDINAND AND HIS CHILDREN



St. Petersburg, Feb. 27.—Russia has determined upon the quasi-recognition of Tsar Ferdinand of Bulgaria as an independent sovereign during his forthcoming visit here, to be present at the final funeral rites over the body of Grand Duke Vladimir Alexandrovitch, but formal ratification of the independence of Bulgaria, declared by Tsar Ferdinand at Tirnova, October 5th of last year, is to be postponed awaiting the joint action of the powers without which the treaty of Berlin cannot be changed. Tsar Ferdinand will be received with loyal honors and styled king or tsar, not prince. It was explained authoritatively that it would be most ungracious of Russia not to permit Tsar Ferdinand to attend the funeral of his old friend on account of formal scruples, when it is expected that the sultan of Turkey, in a few days, will recognize the independence of Bulgaria.

SIX CENTS PER MILE

POSTOFFICE SENDS WOMAN AS PARCEL.

Curious Way of Being Officially Conducted to Any Address in London.

London, Feb. 27.—Scarcely one person in 100,000 is aware of the regulation under which "human parcels" can be dispatched to their destination.



Yesterday, I met the process which is both simple and economical. I was dispatched as an "article" under the exceptional express service from Baker street post office, and delivered at Carmelite House, all within three-quarters of an hour. It was five minutes past one when we entered the postoffice in Baker street.

"I believe it is possible to arrange for a person to be sent in an address under the care of an express messenger," remarked my companion tentatively, to the young woman behind the counter.

"Yes, three-pence a mile. What address, please?" was the girl's reply, in business like tones, as she opened her express letter book, and prepared to write the address.

"Carmelite House—that will be nine-pence, please. The lady pays her own fare."

"We had been prepared for objections and expostulations, and had come armed with the postoffice guide, in case of emergency. This matter-of-fact acceptance of the human parcel was a surprise.

"No labelling is necessary. The messenger here was the girl's reply, in reply to further questions, and I and my voucher were placed under the care of one of the waiting messenger boys. From first to last there had not been a smile on the girl's face."

"Turn to the right, please," directed the messenger politely, as we left the postoffice, and began our journey toward Oxford street. At each crossing he waited for a lull in the traffic, and then conducted his "parcel" safely across.

"Suppose I want to stop and look in the shop windows—what would you do then?" observed the "parcel."

"First ten minutes free, 2d each succeeding ten minutes," was the brisk answer.

"At the end of Orchard street we halted. A Vanguard No. 6 will take us almost to Carmelite House, volunteered the youth. The omnibus soon appeared. "Will you please take a 2d ticket?" directed the messenger, when the conductor came round. He paid for his own ticket.

"This is our stop," remarked the messenger, as we reached Chancery lane. The boy kept a watchful eye on the traffic, and at the crucial moment piloted his "parcel" across Fleet street and down Whitefriars street to Carmelite House, and just before ten minutes to two received a receipt in full for his charge."

There is practically no limit to the utility of the human parcel service. Messenger boys will convey country visitors from the railway stations to the houses of their relatives in the suburbs. They will take parties of children to pantomime matinees, and call at the theatre for them when the performance is over. Deaf, blind and lame people can be conducted in safety across London.

Frozen Raspberries. Red raspberries were a novelty offered for sale in Chicago the other day. A fruit dealer last August put three crates of the berries in cold storage and had them frozen solid. Later they were thawed out and offered for sale at 25c. a quart. It is said that though the red raspberries could be kept fresh in frozen state for three years, the black raspberry, treated in the same way last August, has come out of the ordeal entirely lifeless and tastes like cork.

GOLDEN FLEECE.

Sheep Source of Australia's Wealth Not Native There.

It is 120 years since the first shipment of people left England for Australia. There was then not a sheep in that country. The pioneer sheepmen were met with ridicule and rebuffs on all sides. The first flock, in 1787, brought sheep, the genesis of Australian wealth, but only for food on the voyage. Spain, Holland and France had sneered at Australia and passed it by.

The sheep shipped in England were taken on reaching Cape of Good Hope. Forty-four sheep were taken aboard, with some cattle and pigs. The sheep were Cape natives, hairy fantails. Some were landed but died. Governor Philip blamed the rank grass.

Never did other sheep reach Australia alive till 1791, when the Governor brought sixty-eight from the Cape. In 1792 twenty were brought from Calcutta.

To Capt. Waterhouse, an army officer, belongs the credit of bringing the first Spanish Merinos, the ancestry of our valuable flocks, says the Imperial Review. In 1797, he was sent from Australia to the Cape for Merinos, a service which he described as almost a disgrace to any officer. Col. Gordon had some years before brought a few Spanish Merinos to the Cape and they had increased to thirty-two. Waterhouse bought 29 of them and brought them to Sydney.

"Macarthur was allowed to take three rams and five ewes. He noticed that as they remained in the colony their fleeces became heavier, the wool softer and of better quality. By judicious breeding he further increased the quality.

"Samples taken to London in 1803 were valued at six shillings a pound. He had gone to London with a great scheme. He explained to the secretary of state that his flocks would double themselves every two and a half years. In twenty years with proper encouragement, he could make England independent of Spanish Merino wool.

"His ideas were pook-pooked on every hand. The sheep could not live on Australian grasses, such was the voice of the experts. Failing to get extra capital Macarthur yet persevered. He returned to Australia with a few particularly valuable rams and ewes presented to George III by the King of Spain. His flock increased to 4,000.

This extraordinary growth of sheep raising is seen from a few figures. In 1792, there were only 105 sheep in the country. In 1800 there were about 6,000; in 1810 about 33,000; in 1821, about 200,000, and in 1842 over 6,000,000. To-day they are the true Golden Fleece of Australia.

NASAL CATARRH

Responsible For Much Deafness, Hoarseness, Bronchitis and Stomach Trouble.

Medicated Air Will Cure.

These are common diseases, but not less dangerous and difficult to cure as they change. In our climate the weather changes quickly. We are careless. Disease attacks us before we know it. A large majority of our people have nose, lung or throat troubles, and find it hard to get cured.

It is remarkable with what tenacity both the medical profession and the laity adhere to the old theory that these diseases can be reached and combated by dosing. And this despite the fact that failures to cure in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred attend this mode of treatment.

Stomach Medicine Can't Cure. At least it is a roundabout way of trying to reach the disease which is in the air passages of the throat, nose, bronchial tubes and lungs. Leave the stomach alone—use a remedy that air will carry into the minutest air cells, into the sinist cavities of the affected organs.

Liquid Remedies Dangerous. Doctors say only "Catarrhzone" can cure—you inhale it along with the air you breathe—it goes where the living disease germs are gnawing into your system—it kills these germs—it heals, soothes, it CURES.

Catarrhzone Guaranteed. Wouldn't it be wise to use Catarrhzone now-to-day—and be cured permanently?

You can send the soothing vapor of the pine woods, the richest balsams and healing essences, right to the cause of your trouble by inhaling Catarrhzone.

Little drops of wonderful curative power are distributed through the whole breathing apparatus in two or three seconds.

Like a miracle, that's how Catarrhzone works in bronchitis, catarrh, colds, and irritable throat. You simply breathe its gently fragrant vapor and every trace of congestion and disease flees as before fire. So safe, infants can use it; so sure to cure, doctors prescribe it; so beneficial in preventing winter illness, no person can afford to do without Catarrhzone. Used in thousands of cases without failure. Try it yourself! 25c. 50c., \$1 sizes. Sold by all dealers, or by mail from the Catarrhzone company, Kingston, Ont.

COAL IN SUMMER.

Traveller Writes About French Cave Dwellers.

"There are no fewer than 2,000,000 cave dwellers in France," writes a traveller. "Whether you travel north, south, east or west you will find these curious imitations of the hordes of primitive man."

"They stretch for fully seventy miles along the valley of the Loire, from Blois to Saumur, and as the train proceeds you can catch a glimpse from time to time of their picturesque entrances, surrounded by flowers and verdure.

"As they are so near you will see the inhabitants standing or sitting in front of their mysterious-looking caverns, and, unless you have learned the contrary, you will be inclined to imagine that they possess some of the characteristics of the troglodytes of old times, and that their homes are mere dens. Not so, as you will find on visiting them.

"They are nearly all well-to-do peasants, owners perhaps of some of the vineyards that deck the slopes on all sides, and their habitations are as comfortable as the healthiest and most comfortably furnished.

"These singular houses are remarkably cool in summer, without being in the least damp, while in winter they can be warmed much more easily than the ordinary apartments of the town. The health of the modern troglodyte is, as a rule, excellent, and it is not uncommon to find centenarians among them.

"In the majority of cases these rock houses were not excavated for the special purpose of being inhabited, but with the object of obtaining stone for the building of houses.

"At Rochebeaucourt there is a rock dwelling carved out of a single block of stone, and the ingenious owner in addition to making a two-story villa therefrom has provided himself with a roof garden, from which a fine view of the valley can be obtained.

"A similar house exists at Bourne, in which locality the disused quarries are said to date back to the days of the Romans."

Noisy Madrid.

Some one has well divided the inhabitants of Madrid into two classes; those who go to bed after 3 a.m., and those who get up before four. It is true that the streets are never quiet.

The stone-cutters, who were mending the sidewalk, began chipping at day-break. Next we heard the chattering carts, clattering over the noisy cobblestones. By breakfast time the sound of the hurdy-gurdy echoed in our ears. Street fakirs shouted their wares, and singing beggars, with their beads, rattled up and down all day. Just before dinner the women who cry lottery tickets and evening papers took their stand at the corner, and their stentorian voices never stopped until after midnight. Madrid carries no late-night. The congerie holds it by day, the street-watchman by night. Consequently, the hours of sleep were constantly broken by the sound of hand-clapping, followed by the quick, heavy step of the watchman in response to this medley of summons. Altogether, I unhesitatingly pronounce against Madrid as a rest cure. It is by far the noisiest place I was ever in.

If You Have Rheumatism

Read This Offer. A Fifty Cent Box Mailed Free To All.



MR. JOHN A. SMITH, Discoverer of the Great Rheumatism Remedy, "Gloria Tonic."

On the theory, "that seeing is believing," John A. Smith of Windsor, Ont., wants everyone to try his remedy for the cure of rheumatism at his expense. For that reason he proposes to distribute fifty thousand 50 cent boxes among all persons sending him their address. Mr. Smith had suffered all the agony and torture from rheumatism, tried all the remedies known and yet utterly failed to find relief.

At times he was so helpless that he had to take morphine and after considerable dosing he gave up the idea and began studying into the causes of rheumatism and after much experimenting, finally found a combination of drugs which completely cured him. The result was so beneficial to his entire system that he called his new remedy "Gloria Tonic." Those of his friends, relatives and neighbors suffering from rheumatism were next cured and Mr. Smith concluded to offer his remedy to everybody who had tried a hundred or more remedies and they couldn't be made to believe that there was such a thing as a cure for rheumatism. But an old gentleman from Seguin, Texas, wrote him saying if Mr. Smith would send him a sample he would try it, but as he had suffered for over thirty years and wasted a fortune with doctors and advertised remedies, he wouldn't buy anything more until he knew it was worth something. The sample was sent, he purchased more and the result was astonishing. He was completely cured. This gave Mr. Smith a new idea and ever since that time he has been sending out free sample boxes to all who apply. At National Military Home, Kansas, it cured a veteran of rheumatism in hips and knees. In Hannaford, N. Dak., it cured a gentleman who writes: "Since taking 'Gloria Tonic' I am as supple as a boy."

In Stayner, Ont., it enabled a lady to discard her crutches. In Westerly, R.I., R.R. No. 1, it cured a farmer, 72 years old. In Fountain City, Wis., it cured an old gentleman after suffering 33 years, and after seven physicians had tried in vain. In Hull, Quebec, it cured a gentleman of chronic inflammatory rheumatism which was so severe that he could not walk a block without sitting down. In Lee Valley, Ont., it cured a gentleman of lame back and salt rheum. In St. John, West N.B., it cured a case of Sciatic Rheumatism after other remedies had failed. In Oconto, Ont., it cured an old gentleman 80 years of age.

Mr. Smith will send a fifty cent box, also his illustrated book on rheumatism, absolutely free of charge to any reader of the Whig who will enclose the following coupon, for he is anxious that everybody should profit by his good fortune. Don't doubt, fill out coupon below and mail to-day.

COUPON FOR A FREE 50 CENT BOX OF "GLORIA TONIC"

JOHN A. SMITH, 312 Laing Bldg., WINDSOR, ONT. I am a sufferer from rheumatism and I want to be cured. If you will send me a 50 cent box of "Gloria Tonic" Tablets free of cost and post paid, I will give you a trial and will let you know the result. My name and address is: Name _____ Street No _____ City _____ State _____

JOHN MILTON'S BLINDNESS

Called Beneficent—Forced Dietation of "Paradise Lost."

London, Lancet. John Milton is generally supposed to have suffered from amaurosis, of which the old name was gutta serena. In the great autobiographical opening to Book III of "Paradise Lost," the blind poet, apostrophizing Light, plays on the Latin name in well-known lines:

These I revisit safe, And feel thy sov'rain vital lamp; but Reviv'st not these eyes, that roll in vain To find thy piercing ray, and find no dawn! So thick a drop serene hath quenched Or dim suffusion veild."

According to others, among whom was his late biographer, Leslie Stephen, Milton's complete loss of eyesight was due to glaucoma. To judge from the passage above quoted, the poet himself was not entirely convinced of the nature of his disease, though he glanced in the fact that he had incurred it in the service of his country. The lines seem to express alternative etiologies. The darkness fell upon him soon after his completion of the "Defensio Populi Anglicani," in 1651. "Paradise Lost," therefore, was the magnum opus of a blind man. Now, though such an affliction as complete loss of the use of a sense might be supposed to militate against the highest kind of achievement in art, it is a question whether in Milton's case such loss did not enhance his performance. Accord- ing to Jonathan Richardson, who wrote when Miltonic tradition was still quite fresh, the poet dictated his poem in stanzas between 1658 and 1662—ten lines to a chance caller, twenty lines to his daughter Anne, whom he would wake up in his grain paternal fashion to act as his amanuensis during the hours of a sleepless night.

WORK THAT WEAKENS.

Booth's Kidney Pills Have Done Great Service For People Who Work in Kingston.

Many Kingston people work every day in some strained unnatural position, bending constantly over a desk, riding on jolting wagons or cars, bending over heavy house work, lifting, reaching, pulling, all these strains tend to wear, weaken and injure the kidneys until they fall behind in their work of filtering the poisons from the blood. Booth's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys, put new strength in lad backs. Kingston cures prove it.

Mrs. T. Moore, 226 Division street, Kingston, says: "Very often I was unable to stoop or lift anything with the dull, bearing down pains that were almost constantly in the small of my back. I had tried many remedies but could find little or no relief for this. The kidneys were disordered and inactive and I was languid and weak. I would awaken more tired and unrefreshed than on going to bed. I tried Booth's Kidney Pills on recommendation of a friend, procuring same at Mahood's Pharmacy. I soon found them to benefit me, going directly to cause of the trouble. My back strengthened and the pains left it. The languidness had soon gone. I have not had the least trouble since and can conscientiously recommend Booth's Kidney Pills."

Sold by dealers. Price 50c. The R. T. Booth Co., limited, Fort Erie, Ont., sole Canadian agents.

Weakness And Failure. Human energy is almost unlimited in its power. Energy comes from rich, vital blood. Weakness and failure result when blood is weak and impure. Have utmost mental and muscular energy by enriching and vitalizing your blood with Wade's Iron Tonic Pills (Laxative). They help almost at once. They are a great nerve strengthener and blood maker. In boxes, 25c., at Wade's Drug Store. Money back if not satisfactory.

Necessity Past.

Congress had been asked would it please do something for the Delaware. "Delaware?" repeated the members, "that's that?" "It's a river that Washington once crossed," explained an advanced representative of the people. "Well, he got across all right, didn't he?" responded the inquirers. "What's the use of improving the river now?"

A Bad Stomach

may come from one of three causes—faulty digestion, constipation or weak kidneys.

Whether it's one or all three of these troubles, ABBEY'S SALT will sweeten the stomach, make the digestion sound, and regulate and strengthen the kidneys.

How He Got The News.

George R. Sims tells us in the Strand that he owes "The Lights of London," his first dramatic success, to a tramp whose lunch of a raw turnip he once shared.

"We were both tramping in search of work," he writes, "only he was looking for carpentering, and I was looking for 'copy.' It was that tramp who brought to my mind, as we came

to Highgate archway, and saw the far-off glare of the city, the remark of Noah Claypole, made to his unfortunate female companion at the same spot. 'Much further! Yr as good as there, said the long-legged tramps, pointing out before him. 'Look there! Those are the lights of London.' "And years afterwards I remembered the scene and the words, and used them, first as the title of a song, and then of a play."

Abbey's Effervescent Salt

25c. and 50c. a bottle. At all dealers