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Wood's Phosphodine, The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Sexual Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhœa, and Effects of Abuse or Excesses. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. The Wood Medicine Co. formerly Windsor. Toronto, Ont.

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DAILY BRITISH WHIG, published at 300-310 King street, Kingston, Ontario, at $6 per year. Editions at 2.30 and 4 o'clock p.m.

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Daily Whig.

SOME ONE SHOULD SPEAK.

The Hamilton Spectator does not like the idea of Hon. Mr. Hanna being referred to as the apologist of the license department, and for its shortcomings. Well, that is the way a good many people regard his attitude in certain cases, and without looking at them through the glasses of the partizan. There were the scandals which a special commissioner in Toronto exposed. They suggested various recommendations for the commissioners. Were any of them adopted? There were the scandals of the whiskey detectives, sent out by the department because the local inspectors had not been doing their duty, and they were excused. When a minor was used in a way that made a certain county judge protest, a statement was handed out, and all was said to be harmony again. At Berlin several cases were reported and some dropped. The statement followed that the practice of the department, not the law, had been followed with good effect.

There was to be such an improvement in the license department under conservative government, such freedom from political influence, and there have been so many evidences of lapses from grace that some one should apologize, and Hon Mr. Hanna is, by virtue of the office which he holds, the man for the job.

The bill in the Albany legislature which aims at the abolition of the third degree, conferred upon criminals by the police departments, is meeting with strong opposition. Anything which checks the detection of crime should not be tolerated.

CONFERENCE AND CHARITY.

A conference was held in Peterboro, between the mayor and other civic representatives and certain unemployed persons who were clamoring for bread. The talk on one side was made up of sage advice as to the need of industry and economy in Canada, as to the change socially which the conditions involved, as to the difficulty which the city had in meeting the demands for help that were made upon it. The talk on the other side was composed of piteous appeals for relief. One man did not drink, did not live improvidently, did not find all the work he could do, and through illness in the family and reverses went into debt, a year ago, and failed to get out of it. A second did not realize what a Canadian winter required, and so did not prepare for it. His wife and children were very hungry. A third was not a new comer, but a resident of Canada for twenty years. Adversity had overwhelmed him and want, gaunt and insatiable, stared him in the face. It was a case of advice against appeal, and the record reads thus: "This concluded the meeting and the men (in their penniless and desperate conditon) were left to think it over." Conferences of that kind will not contribute to the solution of a great and pressing problem.

The heroes of the government, the men who serve the nation in war, should be given a gratuity or small pension. What is the use of giving men land grants when they are not serviceable? Talk of speculation in scrip. It is bound to follow.

A CONTEMPT OF LAW.

The revival of conditions which emphasize the need of it is the excuse, and the only one that the board of health can now advance for enforcing a by-law the council passed a couple of months ago. It seems that the board has decided that the responsibility for action lies with it, and it suddenly becomes exceedingly busy. The pity is that it did not wake up a long time ago, and before the people had reached the conclusion that the law of the council was to be honored in the breach rather than the observance.

For many weeks a host of children were excluded from the schools. Some of them, for various reasons, could not be vaccinated, and medical men had either given certificates to that effect or were too ready to do so. These scholars suffered with the larger number whose parents for conscientious or other reasons refused to let them be vaccinated. The Board of Education waited as long as possible—a good deal longer than some trustees were willing to admit was reasonable—and as the law passed by the council appeared to be a dead letter, they rescinded the resolution which excluded the children from the schools. Now a prosecution of those who ignored the civic proclamation is proposed.

A test of the law and of its efficacy is absolutely necessary. Twice, within a few years, there has been a presumed enforcement of the law with indifferent results. To let the matter go, with the danger of certain conditions being revived, is to invite that contempt for authority which has already been expressed both directly and indirectly by certain persons in this community.

The South African veterans who sold their scrip for 320 acres of $50 and $100 are now grieved to learn that it is worth in some cases $300 and in some cases $500. Serves them right. Why did they part with their birthright for a mess of pottage?

THE MERGER IN POWER.

Watertown is having an excited time over the proposal of the Watertown gas and electric light companies merging for business purposes. There seems to be a strengthening of the forces against the public interests, and an appeal has been made to the Public Service Commission—a creation of recent years and a most useful institution—to prevent the deal from going through.

The big objection is to the issue by the merger of bonds, (after recapitalization), which would not be redeemable for forty years, and then with these out the city would be seriously handicapped when it undertook to go into the light and power business municipally. Kingston knows this by the difficulty it had in dealing with certain stockholders when it purchased, by arbitration, the gas and electric plants. The preference bonds which some people held had to be assumed and carried since they could not be acquired or ignored.

The method of impressing the public service commission is not new, but it is effective. The socialist party has distributed thousands of postal cards among the people. These cards offer an emphatic protest against the deal. All who are opposed to the change are expected to sign and forward them to the commission, so that for days there will be a significant delivery of mail matter in the offices of the commission. Its members have been against the merger. The council, hypnotized or mesmerized, has expressed concurrence, which is the surprise of the hour.

Watertown pays $22,000 a year for its street lights, and $72 a year for every new lamp that is erected. It is calculated that the city can instal its own plant for $40,000, and pay for the same in the next five years, on the present outlay for service to a private company.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The question before the civic finance committee this evening is, Gymnasium or no gymnasium for the Collegiate Institute.

The public operation of the guillotine in France will be prohibited. The scenes attending exhibitions have been of the most disgraceful and degrading character.

Sanitation is going to cost something if the council does not make the people who are responsible for the spread of disease pay something toward it.

The insurance men of New York are out for education on hygiene to the end that life may be prolonged. Will the insurance tariffs be reduced accordingly?

The agitation for sanitation and hygiene is in accordance with socialistic doctrines. Better law, better conditions, better health, fewer doctors. Does the medical profession approve?

At a conservative convention in Red Deer it was declared that there was not a conservative paper in Alberta. Then what the party wants is not a leader so much as a moulder of public opinion.

The difference between parties in Manitoba is this—that the liberals want an exposure thoroughly of the wrong doing in regard to the voters' lists, and the conservatives want to gloss the matter over.

Mr. Roblin Is Disqualified.

Peterboro Examiner.

The Manitoba Free Press claims that Premier Roblin is disqualified as premier of Manitoba, and liable to a fine of $2,000 per day according to chapter 96 of the statutes of Manitoba. This law disqualifies from sitting or voting in the legislature any person who holds an interest in any firm receiving money from the government. Mr. Roblin is a partner in the Eli Sand company which, according to the public accounts, received money from the provincial treasury, thus making the premier of the province liable to a fine of $2,000 for every day he sits and votes under such conditions.

It Pays To Advertise.

Hamilton Times.

A year ago the business men of St Paul began a $50,000 advertising campaign on behalf of the city. It was regarded by some as a wasteful venture. It proved to be so satisfactory in tangible results, however, that this year the municipality will appropriate $25,000 to supplement the work of the business men. Most of the fund is to be devoted to advertising the city throughout the United States. There is a hint here for Hamilton.

See Bibby's 50c. golf caps.

Salt whitefish, 10c. a lb., at Gilbert's.

Bibby's, the $2 hat house.

SPIRIT OF THE PRESS

A Pertinent Question.

Toronto Globe.

This imperial general staff does not mean more gold lace and less ammunition for rifle practice, does it?

Who Will Get It?

Toronto Globe.

It will be a sore arm for the mayor or a black eye for the doctor in Kingston. The mayor says he will knock down anyone who attempts to enforce the vaccination order on him.

Essense Of Success.

Guelph Mercury.

"Financial success," Lincoln once said, "is purely metallic. The man who gains it has four metallic attributes—gold in his palm, silver on his tongue, brass in his face, and iron in his hand."

The Kiss Must Go.

Montreal Herald.

"The kiss is an intoxicant, and, like the saloon, must go." At least an Ohio preacher says so. Here is the most popular argument yet against abolishing the bar. Youth will fight for the kissing privilege to the last ditch.

Struggle For Education.

Montreal Gazette.

In England there are some who propose to keep boys at school until they are seventeen years of age. Usually boys are self-supporting at that age. The change, if it comes, will put a heavy load on parents with big families and moderate means.

Cause Cannot Grow.

Edmonton Bulletin.

According to the Calgary Albertan, which secured a long and seemingly accurate report of the Red Deer convention, "a resolution was submitted to the convention for the subsidising and controlling of a conservative daily newspaper, there being no conservative daily at present in the province of Alberta." Well, well.

The Law And The Lash.

Montreal Gazette.

The law as it is provides for the flogging of men who, in an attempt to commit an indictable offence, undertake to choke, suffocate, or strangle any person into insensibility, or by such means to make any person incapable of resistance. persons using drugs for any such purpose are also liable to be lashed, as is also any person who when arrested while house-breaking at night is found to have on his person any offensive weapon. Offences of violation against females are also within the category for which punishment by whipping may be administered, and frequently is administered. It is notable in the criminal code, which is the product of the experience of more countries than Canada, that except in cases of offences against females the lash is not regarded as the greatest deterrent of those criminally inclined. The hard fare and stern repression of the penitentiary have been considered by those who have given the matter greatest study to be the more effective means of checking the more dangerous crimes; and seemingly the law makers have been in agreement with the magistrates, who are not as a rule inclined to be unduly lenient. The judgment of the latter should count for much. Mr. Aylesworth, the minister of justice, spoke wisely in the house of commons when the matter came up the other day, and parliament would do well to heed his words.

Huge Concrete Chimney.

From Popular Mechanics.

Great Falls, Mon., has the distinction of having the highest concrete smokestack in the world, even though the work was done by a German firm. The stack is 506 feet in height, and weighs 34,000,000 pounds, or 17,000 tons. It rests on a concrete foundation twenty-five feet deep and 103 feet in diameter. The diameter of the stack at the base is seventy-eight feet six inches and at the top fifty-three feet. The stack is also claimed to be the largest piece of concrete masonry of any kind ever constructed.

Brandy Chocolates.

Toronto World.

The World has no hesitation in saying that a manufacturing confectioner can better afford to keep his reputation intact than run the risk of losing it by turning out brandy chocolates. Children and women buy these goods in the main and it reflects no credit on any manufacturer or storekeeper to be a party to the insidious sale of alcohol under the guise of a sweet. Quit it all round. Fine good and hard those who continue in the trade.

Hetty Is A Somebody.

Toronto Mail.

Mrs. Green, who is known to the world as probably its richest woman, is also known to the world by the unqualified name "Hetty." This familiar way of referring to her is not in token of affection, still less of disrespect, but in compliment to her decision of character. A woman whom it is the custom to speak of by her first name is rarely weak-minded, whatever her husband may be.

Want Of The Hour.

Montreal Star.

Possibly some day our politicians will discover that what the people are longing for are public men who will keep closely in touch with public feeling and public interests—not merely such public feeling as centres about party questions, but public feeling towards matters that have no reference to party politics whatever.

"Spring Bargain Counter prices" at Gibson's Red Cross drug store:

Jackson's cod liver oil wine, regular $1, for 50c.

Dr. Grant's Hairine, regular $1, for 50c.

Cocoa and Beef tonic, regular $1, for 50c.

Mira Blood Purifier, regular $1, for 50c.

Wa-Hoo Tonic, regular $1, for 25c.

Blue Ribbon Malt Extract, regular 25c., two for 25c.

Ozone, regular $1, for 25c.

Blaud's Kidney Pills, regular 25c., two for 25c.

Dr. Grant's Iron Tonic Pills, regular 25c., two for 25c.

It will pay you to look over the bargain counter.

WOMEN IN SWEDEN.

They Now Lead in the Franchise—Vote on Everything.

Montreal Witness.

Women would seem to have achieved political emancipation in Sweden without proving their fitness for it by barbarous lawlessness, and measuring physical strength with men. The Swedish Diet, by a vote of 120 to 98, in the upper chamber, and of 134 to 98 in the lower, has passed an act to establish universal suffrage. Hereafter Swedish women will be entitled to vote in all elections in the same way as men, and be eligible as candidates for all elective bodies. A similar law is in force in Finland, and some eight women have seats in the diet of that grand duchy. Sweden is the first independent nation to adopt this system. In several of the states, in the United States, universal, or, rather, equal suffrage for both sexes has been in operation for many years. More recently it has been adopted in Australia and New Zealand. None of the evil effects, foretold by opponents of female enfranchisement have followed, though it will be questioned whether results would be the same in more densely populated countries where conditions are more complex. The Swedes, like all northern races, are foreseeing and hardheaded. They are devoted to free political institutions and are less under the control of ecclesiastical authority than southern races. In thus extending the power of government to women the democratic principle is overleaping a mysterious boundary imposed by nature whose whole import no man or woman knows. All who stand in reverence before the facts of nature will watch these experiments with anxious interest. The experiment is one which can more easily be tried in countries having a fixed population of common origin, and institutions tending to individual development than by Canada or the United States, where many strains intermingle.

NEW LIFE PRESERVER.

New Invention For Protecting Life at Sea.

A valuable adjunct for protecting life at sea and on the coast is offered by a new life preserver, the invention of J. S. Nowotnick, of Hamburg. This device differs very materially from the prevalent types of life preservers and combines several novel and valuable features. It consists of a hollow belt of rubber five and one-quarter inches in diameter. The ends consist of flat plates of the same diameter, furnished with the requisite attachments, so that the belt can be quickly and easily hooked together beneath the arms.

Closely fastened to the upper surface of the belt is a small metallic cylinder filled with liquid carbon dioxide. On turning a tap the liquefied gas escapes at once into the belt, volatilizes and inflates it to its fullest capacity, twenty-seven and a half quarts. The whole operation of attaching and inflating the belt requires thirty seconds.

The buoyancy of such an inflated belt is uniform at all points, so as to allow a perfectly vertical position in water to any person wearing it. Its buoyancy far surpasses that of the current types, filled with cork or reindeer hair. A cork belt of the same buoyancy would weigh over twenty-six pounds.

Tremendous Cost Of Prairie Dogs.

Technical World.

In the state of Texas alone, prairie dogs eat annually enough grass to support 1,562,500 cows. Utterly useless, the little animal is a pest so dreaded that the forestry service has undertaken his extermination. Poison is killing him, wherever he now flourishes, and another resource of the farmer is safeguarded.

Who would think that the prairie dog, the shy and amusing little rodent that we like to watch before the door of his burrow at the Zoo, would ever become the subject of the government intervention or endanger the success of stock-raising? Yet such is the fact. Out on the national forests which Uncle Sam is guarding for the use of the public, expert hunters have gone after the prairie dogs with zeal, ingenuity and poison and literally exterminated them in great numbers, because some of the choicest bottom lands have had the grazing ruined for stock by the industrious burrowing of the dogs.

A Case Of Extortion.

Music and Drama.

One of the leading comedians of the Frankfurt Theatre, in Germany, recently, went to the director and asked for an advance on his week's salary. The books showed that the whole amount had already been drawn and the director said, "No."

"Very good," said the actor; "then I shall refuse to go on to-night."

The director saw that it was dangerously near curtain time and reluctantly gave the actor the amount asked for, but said: "Remember, sir, this is nothing short of extortion, and a cowardly one at that."

"Not at all, Herr Director," said the actor, stuffing the money in his pocket, "my name is not on the bill for to-night, anyway."

Blunt.

Chicago Tribune.

The other-people's business man persisted in trying to extract information from a prosperous looking elderly man next to him in the Pullman smoker. "How many people work in your office?" he asked.

"Oh," said the elderly man, getting up and throwing away his cigar, "I should say, at a rough guess, about two-thirds of them."

Shipping Tags.

Of all sizes at lowest prices. The British Whig, "The Home of Good Printing."

Try Bibby's 75c. night robes.

Thomas Mills, 79 Clarence street, pays highest price for South African scrip. Will advance money and handle sale on shares, if preferred.

Try Bibby's great $1 glove.

The Canadian Northern railway is preparing to electrify its shops at Winnipeg, using power from the street railway's plant.

Try Bibby's special $1 gloves.

2 doz. Navel oranges, 25c., at Gilbert's.

Try Bibby's special $1 gloves.

BIBBY'S.

The Very Latest Hats, $2.00

No Higher.

Derbies and Soft Styles.

The Best $1.00 Gloves in Canada

Perrin's, Dent's and Fawnes' Make.

SHIRT SPECIAL, No. 1

To-Morrow we place on sale 25 Dozen more Tooke and Crescent $1.00 and 1.25 Shirts.

For 69c. Each.

SHIRT SPECIAL, No. 2

25 Dozen more Men's regular 75c Soft Shirts.

To-Morrow, for 49c. Each.

NEW SHIRTS FOR SPRING, 1909.

A Beauty for $1.00.

New Suits for Spring, 1909

See our Swell Young Men's Suits at $15.00. Colors Browns, Blues, Greens, etc.

THE H. D. BIBBY CO.,

Kingston's Cash and One Price Clothing House

Special for Women.

Regular $3.75 and 4.00 Tan Calf, Vici Kid, Gun Metal Calf and Pat. Colt Skin Boots,

Now $2.95.

Special for Men

Regular $5.00 Black and Tan Winter Calf, Viscolized Soles, Genuine Water Proof,

Now $3.95.

See our windows.

Reid & Charles.

ESTABLISHED 40 YEARS.

TO SMOKERS!

500 50c. Briar Root Pipes. Special, 25c.

200 Regular Briar Root, 25c. for 10c.

And all Repairs for Sick Pipes and Squeaky Instruments

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A bargain for everybody. Buy early Buy now. Everything included.

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