CAPITAL AND LABOR

FRICTION WITH EMPLOYEES RUINING BUSINESS.

Says Sir Chris. Furness—Makes Certain Proposals to Representatives of Unions Connected With the Industry.

London, Oct. 8.—A memorable conference between capital and labor, summoned by Sir Christopher Furness, head of the shipbuilding firm of Furness, Withy & Co., and also of the Furness line of steamers, has been held at West Hartlepool, Sir Christopher told the delegates that it was impossible to carry on shipbuilding business of the firm unless the incessant friction with the employees be stopped. He, therefore, invited the representatives of all the trades unions connected with the industry to meet him to hear certain proposals. These, briefly condensed, were:

First—That strikes must cease or the works would be closed.

Second—If the trades unions thought they could carry on the business themselves the firm was willing to sell out at a price to be fixed by assessors.

Third—If the unions would not, the firm was willing to admit its workers as partners on a profit-sharing basis, and,

Fourth—That a council be formed to settle all disputes or refer them to accredited arbitrators.

Sir Christopher's address, embodying the foregoing proposals, was a lucid and clever defence of the capitalist and an attack on socialism. His hearers were attentive. They declared that they must examine the proposals in detail before expressing an opinion. The meeting then adjourned.

Died On Birthday.

Detroit, Oct. 8.—The remarkable circumstances of a husband and wife both dying on their birthday, was brought out in Saginaw by the receipt of a telegram, last night, from Aberdeen, Wash., announcing the death of Joseph Labrake, who lived in Saginaw several years. Mr. Labrake was prominent in French circles and died on his seventy-fourth birthday. He was born near Montreal and went west recently. His wife died in Saginaw, some years ago, on her birthday. Three sons and two daughters survive.

Baby's Peculiar Death.

Lindsay, Ont., Oct. 8.—Yesterday the eighteen-months-old child of William Baker met death in a peculiar manner. A large candy pail, containing about six inches of water, was standing in the yard, and the child tumbled into it. Its neck was dislocated. This is the second child of the Bakers to meet a tragic end this summer. Their four-year-old boy was killed on a railway crossing near home by being run over by a Grand Trunk engine in April last.

St. John Man Suicided.

St. John, N.B., Oct. 8.—John Campbell, aged sixty-one, committed suicide by drinking carbolic acid. The man had quarrelled with his employer's son and blows were struck. Following this he went home and took the fatal dose. He leaves a wife and four small children. During the quarrel Campbell hit Shirley Peters over the head with a shovel, and fear of arrest is said to have caused the suicide.

Accused Of Robbing Mails.

Toronto, Oct. 8.—Albert Joseph Love, a relief letter carrier, was arrested at his home, West Toronto, last night, on a charge of robbing the mails. Decoy letters with marked money, were found in his possession. They were used after suspicion had been directed his way, owing to the disappearance of letters to private parties. The prisoner, who came from Kingston seven months ago, is a married man with two children.

Canned Meat From Chicago.

London, Oct. 8.—A report has been current in this city that the London representative of a Chicago firm has been commissioned by certain continental countries to secure 20,000,000 pounds of canned meats for army purposes. The manager of the firm in question was spoken to and said that negotiations were pending to supply a limited amount of rations to a continental country, but that the amount reported was ridiculous.

Big Battle To-Day.

New York, Oct. 8.—A tie with New York and Chicago, each having a percentage of .641 in the race for the National League pennant, resulted from New York's third successive defeat of Boston, yesterday. This means that the winner of the New York-Chicago game in this city, to-day, will take the pennant. Pittsburg's percentage is .636.

Killed At Buffalo.

Buffalo, N.Y., Oct. 8.—One fireman was killed and eight were injured in the collapse of the burning walls of a small grain elevator on Broadway near the New York Central Belt line last night. The elevator and a flour and feed mill owned by A. Nowak & Son were destroyed, causing a loss of about $100,000.

Fatal End To Accident.

Belleville, Ont., Oct. 8.—Mrs. James Gallagher, who was hurt in a runaway accident three weeks ago, died in the hospital here. She was injured internally. She was forty years of age, and lived in Thurlow.

Want It?

Ask your doctor all about Ayer's non-alcoholic Sarsaparilla. Then you will know whether you want it or not.

Want a nerve tonic?	Ask your doctor
Want a blood purifier?	Ask your doctor
Want a strong alterative?	Ask your doctor
Want a family medicine?	Ask your doctor
Want it without alcohol?	Ask your doctor
Want Ayer's Sarsaparilla?	Ask your doctor

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.
J. C. AYER CO. - - - Lowell, Mass.

PITH OF THE NEWS.

The Very Latest Culled From All Over The World.

Frederick Ryan, fireman on the G.T.R., was fatally crushed at London, Ont.

At Father Point, the SS. Corsican, Allan line, from Glasgow, inward, at 11 a.m.

Four young Italians, men, are dead from the fumes of illuminating gas in a boarding-house at Waterbury, Conn.

Rev. G. R. Beamish, rector of St. Thomas, Belleville, Ont., has declined the rectorship of Kemptville at $1,300 per year.

The English firm which has made an offer for Knox College site, Toronto, plans to erect a twelve-storey building thereon.

Dr. Bruce L. Riordan, is returning to Toronto, from New York, having been successfully treated for injuries inflicted by a dog.

Burglars forced the door of a Queen street east clothing store, Toronto, with a crowbar, dressed themselves in new suits, and left their old ones.

The Toronto Board of Control, decided to make a bid for the Union Stock Yards, understanding the sale to an American firm has not been cancelled.

The steamer Ohl has been released from her position across the channel at the Dyke in the Soo river. The captain of the Ohl reports that she is not injured.

English woollen manufacturers are taking steps to have a protest made through the colonial office or board of trade against the stories regarding English shoddy cloth.

Montreal street railway gross earnings for the fiscal year ending September 30th, 1908, compare as follows: 1908, $3,572,822.24; 1907, $3,409,183.40; increase, $163,638.84.

Two men were killed and one was injured in a wreck on the Great Northern Pacific passenger train, at Marias River, Mont., on Wednesday.

Twenty aldermen, city officials and other dignitaries, of Montreal, en route from the convention of the American League of Municipalities, visited Detroit on Wednesday.

The C.P.R. has so far put 225 of the strikers back to work, and 525 more have applied for work. The boiler-makers, to the number of about 200, will go back to work, to-morrow, in a body.

Arthur Tipling, aged thirty-two years, a well-to-do man, flung himself in front of a south-bound Yonge street car in Toronto, this morning, but the car was stopped and he was pulled out before he had sustained more than a few scratches. He was arrested on a charge of attempting to commit suicide.

TOUCHED WITH SYMPATHY.

Man Stole Milk to Save His Family.

Toronto, Oct. 8.—Nelson Yake was convicted, at the police court, of stealing a bottle of milk, and was sentenced to five days in jail. Yake had been out of work for a considerable time, and it was found his family was in great want. The magistrate, thereupon, reduced the sentence to twenty-four hours, to which the man and woman, who were crying, murmured their thanks.

One of the men, in the court, charged with keeping a gaming house, thrust a $5 bill into the hands of the youngest of the Yake's children, and, in a moment, everybody in the court, including the officials, was adding his or her mite. A good-sized collection was taken up and some of those present, as counsel, assured Yake they would try to get employment for him.

Holleford Happenings.

Holleford, Oct. 7.—Farmers are digging their potatoes and report an average crop. Elis Bedour and family have moved from Cobalt here to reside. Mr. Morsack and wife have gone to Verona for a time. Miss Ada Martin has returned home after an extended visit at Perth. Mrs. Daniel Freeman is now spending a few days with friends in Kingston. Mrs. E. Smith is ill at her father's, J. Walroth, Reynoldstown. D. Freeman has purchased the farm lately owned by B. Campsall, Hartington. Mr. Freeman has rented his farm here to Mr. Albertson. Visitors: Earl Redmond, Misses Ada Martin and Alma Walker, at A. Redmond's; Charles Walker, Desert Lake, at D. Walker's; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ewing, Elginburg, at J. Ewing's; Mrs. Martin, Sr., at her son's, S. Martin; Mrs. C. McKinght, Godfrey, and Miss Agnes Redmond, Sydenham, at J. W. Redmond's; and Mrs. Alport at George Babcock's.

The Western Outlook.

Toronto, Oct. 8.—The Winnipeg correspondent of the Globe telegraphs: The campaign throughout Western Canada is being waged with remarkable vigor by both parties, but it is hard to figure out more than a corporal's guard for the conservatives after the polls have closed. Every day makes the prospects brighter for the liberals, and most encouraging reports are coming in from almost every seat. The liberals will certainly carry six seats in Manitoba, and may annex nine in Saskatchewan. This, with an even break in Alberta and a sweep in British Columbia, makes a rosy prospect for Sir Wilfrid Laurier in Western Canada.

Bell Rock Notes.

Bell Rock, Oct. 7.—Threshing is about finished in this section. The new pastor, Mr. Collins, preached an impressive sermon, here, last Sunday. Mrs. E. Games and Master Earle spent a few days at Parham recently. Miss Oliva Sanburn is home, after a pleasant visit with her sister at Echo Lake. Miss Goldie Sanborn, of Echo Lake school, spent Sunday at her home here. W. F. Pomeroy is improving his residence, by the addition of a new kitchen. Miss Edith Yorke and Miss M. Churchill, Verona, spent a pleasant day with Miss Libbie Pomeroy, Oak Hill Farm.

Roosevelt Won't Speak.

Washington, Oct. 8.—President Roosevelt told Senator Hemenway that he did not consider it necessary for him to make speeches in support of Mr. Taft. The president said he had received numerous requests to go on the stump, but he had decided not to accede to them.

GREEN FLAG FLOATS

10,000 PEOPLE PROCLAIM NEW ALLEGIANCE.

Many Guns Fired in Street—Crowd Shouts and Sings and Marches to Various Consulates, Notifying the Powers of New Regime.

Canea, Island of Crete, Oct. 7.—A decree announcing the union of Crete with Greece was published here this evening.

Events leading up to the climax followed each other throughout the day with dramatic rapidity. The town is bedecked, and early in the morning people began flocking in from all directions.

There was much firing of guns and revolvers, together with plenty of cheering, but perfect order prevailed. Mussulmans mingled with Christians freely and unmolested.

At two o'clock in the afternoon a great demonstration in favor of union with Greece occurred on the military review grounds. More than ten thousand people, one of the largest crowds ever seen here, gathered at this place.

All the prominent revolutionary leaders, each with his banner flying, appeared, and they were supported by the heads of the different political parties, the mayors of the towns, the clergy and others influential in the councils of the island.

Speeches were made by various representatives, who declared that the peaceful political revolution which they had assembled to consummate was not directed against the powers, which had been the island's benefactors, but solely at proclaiming the island's union with the motherland. They called upon the government to act henceforth in the name of the free kingdom of Greece.

They urged the people as a duty to go respectfully and announce their decision to the representatives of the powers; then they must call together an assembly to confirm the people's decision by an official vote.

Ten thousand men thereupon marched, singing and shouting, to the various consulates, leaving at each of these a written copy of the resolutions adopted. They then surged to the governor's palace and lowered the flag of Crete, raising the Greek flag in its place. The flags on all the public buildings were similarly replaced by the flag of Greece.

With incessant and wild cheering for the union the great procession made its way to the fortress, where a Greek flag was sent up to the top of a flagstaff, but the French troops insisted upon lowering it and unfurled the flag of Crete and those of the four protecting powers. This angered the populace, and for a time there was serious danger of disturbances, but the leaders succeeded in restoring quiet.

A special issue of the government journal was distributed, at five o'clock this evening, containing the decree signed by five councillors, who announce their compliance with the people's decision and direct all officials henceforth to conduct the business of the country in the name of the Hellenic government.

Thousands of people from outlying districts, most of them armed, are pouring into the town, filling the streets and cheering the union. The government is taking special precautions to preserve order and all the public buildings are strongly guarded.

Crete is an island in the Mediterranean, lying to the south of the Aegean archipelago, with a population of something over 300,000. The island was conquered by the Turks in 1669, but never really submitted and continually rose in insurrection against them. In 1898 the powers set up an autonomy under the nominal suzerainty of the sultan, and Prince George of Greece was appointed high commissioner. The prince has since been superceded by M. Zaimia, formerly prime minister of Greece. A large proportion of the population is Christian. The people of Crete have time and again voiced their desire to be united with Greece, the desire often taking the form of a small revolution.

HUNTING FOR NORTH POLE.

Peary Has Early Fight With Weather.

Washington, Oct. 8.—An unusually cold and stormy season is reported by Commander Robert E. Peary, who is now on a polar expedition. A letter received from the explorer at the navy department, dated at Etah, North Greenland, August 17th, says there had been almost continuous winds and frequent snow storms, though no ice had been seen except a narrow string of light scattered ice off the Labrador coast. Commander Peary says he has on board the Roosevelt a good supply of Esquimos, dogs and walrus meat. All on board the vessel are well.

Treated As A Joke.

Ottawa, Oct. 8.—The report that the G.T.R. is endeavoring to withdraw from its contract with the government is treated as a joke by ministers in Ottawa. The government have $5,000,000, in securities, held on condition that work is finished.

Knew Nothing.

Montreal, Oct. 8.—William Wainwright, comptroller of the G.T.R., today, was asked if he knew anything of the reported rumor that the Grand Trunk was to withdraw from the G.T.P. contract, and stated that it was the first he heard of such a thing and did not believe it.

Rioters Fined $100 Each.

Port Arthur, Ont., Oct. 8.—As an outcome of the riot at Schreiber on Saturday night, alleged to have been the work of C.P.R. strikers and sympathizers, F. Rhead and John Randall were fined $100 each, or six months in jail. They broke A.M.C.A. windows. The two fines were paid.

Only One "BROMO QUININE," that is
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

NEW YORK STOCKS.

	October 8th. Opening.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	75	74½
American Loco., com.	46½	46¼
Am. Sugar Refin. Co.	131	131
Am. Smltg. & Refin. Co.	86½	85⅝
Anaconda Min. Co.	43¼	43¼
Atches. Top. & St. Fe	88⅜	88
Balti. & Ohio	96⅜	95¾
Brooklyn Rapid T.	48⅞	48¼
Canadian Pacific	174⅞	173¾
Ches. & Ohio	41	40¾
C. Mil & St. Paul	135½	134½
Cons. Gas, N.Y.	145	145
Col. Fuel & Iron	35⅜	35¼
Erie, com.	31⅜	30⅞
Erie, first pref.	44½	44¼
G. North. Ry., pref.	132	131½
Illinois Cen.	138½	137¾
Kansas & Texas, com.	30¼	29⅞
Louisville & Nashville	106	105½
Missouri Pacific	54	53½
National Lead	83	82½
N. Y. Central	104½	103¾
N. Y. Ontario and West.	40⅝	40¼
Northern Pacific	138¾	137½
Penn. R. R.	123⅜	122⅞
Reading	128¼	129¼
Rock Island	19¾	19⅝
Rock Island, pref.	47	45½
Southern Pacific	103⅜	102⅝
U. S. Steel, com.	46⅝	45⅞
U. S. Steel, pref.	109½	108⅜
Union Pac., com.	163¼	161¾

Chicago Prices.

	October 8th. Opening.	Close.
Wheat.		
May	102⅛	103½
Dec.	99⅛	100¾
July	96¾	97⅜
Corn.		
May	64⅜	
Dec.	64¾	64⅝
July	63½	63¾
Oats.		
May	51¼	51⅜
Dec.	49¼	49¼
July	47	47⅛

Cobalts.

Stocks.	October 8th. Bid.	Asked.
Cobalt Lake	16	17
Coniagas	585	600
Crown Reserve	170¼	172
La Rose	628	638
Nipissing	825	875
Nova Scotia	52	53½
Right of Way	300	360
Silver Leaf	17⅞	18
Trethewey	142	145
Temiskaming	89	91

Bickell's Financial News.

The North-western Miller says: Minneapolis flour output last week decreased 18,975 barrels. Quantity turned out was 153,975 barrels. The mills are running somewhat stronger this week. Sales were a good deal smaller than three weeks. Foreign business was small.

Charles Fairchild & Co., say traders still prefer the position of selling short on good bulges. They will be inclined to take quick profits unless the foreign situation becomes more complicated.

J. M. Fiske & Co.—While we are believers in higher prices eventually we would not advise running after stocks in a market like this. On fairly good recessions we consider that the general market offers good trading opportunities, and if purchases are made on such soft spots and commitments are confined to active stocks or merit, we believe the results will be satisfactory on the ordinary margin.

Americans in London weak ½ to 1 per cent. below parity.

Bank of England rate unchanged.

James J. Hill says that no dividend was declared on ore lands, securities, because the box was empty and that U. S. steel has not yet taken out a ton of ore.

Reading's real earnings on common stock estimated at 14 per cent.

Anthracite output much larger than July or August, but 301,000 tons below September of last year.

Atchison declared regular semi-annual dividend on common.

Average new business of steel companies somewhat less than September, but better than expected.

Iron Age says pig iron production has made quite marked progress.

Illinois Central earned 8 5-10 on stock in past fiscal year.

Advices from the continent are that Austrian troops have occupied the Servian frontier.

Albania, population 2,000,000, has declared her independence of Turkey.

Regular dividend of Northern Pacific RR. declared.

KNEW OF NONE.

He Followed the Custom in Vogue.

Montreal, Que., Oct. 8.—At the marine enquiry before Judge Cassels, to-day, the chief witness was Mr. Chatigny, assistant engineer, who has been connected with the Montreal agency for four years in connection with the buoy service. He said that, in all purchases made he, like all the others, followed the custom in vogue and made use of the patronage list.

Cross-examined by Mr. Watson, he said he always paid the members of the crew of the buoy supply boat Shamrock himself, or was present when they were paid off. There could be no possibility of anyone making a rake-off so far as he could see. He knew of no crooked work.

Is Seeking Damages.

Chatham, Ont., Oct. 8.—Mrs. J. Carswell has entered action for $500 each against Palk and Eberts, proprietors of the Grand Central and Idlewild hotels, respectively, alleging that they sold liquor to her husband, who, as a result, came home unruly and ill-treated her. As Carswell is on the "Indian" list his wife considers that she has just cause of complaint against the hotel-keepers.

Board Of Missions.

Vancouver, B.C., Oct. 8.—Out of a membership of forty-four of the Methodist general board of missions meeting in this city, only seven are absent. The committee on estimates recommended a grant for home departments of $217,024; for the foreign department, including missions to the Chinese and Japanese in British Columbia, $203,142; for the Young People's Forward Movement, $10,500; for miscellaneous work, $78,560.

A pretty man may be ornamental—but there is where he usually gets off.

Downright curiosity prompts many men to ask a lot of fool questions.

GIVE US THE DETAILS

OF WHAT BORDEN CAN GIVE IN PLACE

Of the Present Laurier Government—So Far He Has Made No Declaration of Intentions—Scandal His Only Plea.

Woodstock Sentinel-Review.

It is very good of Mr. Borden to bring the leaders of the conservative parties in the various provinces to his side in the campaign, and thus give the people an opportunity of seeing and hearing them. We are sure the people will feel duly grateful for such intellectual feasts as may be spread before them in this way—by Premier Roblin, of Manitoba, for instance, whose refined and elevating humor must have left quite as deep an impression on his hearers as the vigor of his eloquence—but, really, the electors have a right to expect something more. Mr. Borden is asking the electors to turn out a government under which, during the past twelve years, the country has undergone development at a rate and in a way that have attracted the attention of the civilized world and resulted in Canada taking her place among the nations of the earth. Before taking such a critical step, the electors have a right to know what they are to have in its place. Surely they are entitled to that. Mr. Borden offers himself. He is a very respectable gentleman and one against whom, personally, there is not a great deal to be said, and no great disposition to say anything. But a respectable gentleman is, fortunately, no unusual thing in this Canada of ours. If the only qualification for the premiership was personal respectability, the country would be full of eligible candidates.

But what else has Mr. Borden to offer? His claims to superior purity may be set aside. Such claims are always put forth by men who are in opposition. It is like making a virtue of a necessity. More than that, Mr. Borden might be as straight as a telephone pole and as white as an Easter lily, and yet be wholly unable to give any guarantee of a pure government. If the opposition under his leadership has become so demoralized that he simply cannot bring himself to be found associating with its leading and dominating spirits, what would happen if the party were in power? The fact that Mr. Borden has invited the conservative leaders of the provinces to his side to escape association with his own followers, throws a queer light on his purity campaign. It is a confession that he cannot trust his own party even in opposition. What would happen if the spoils of office were within their reach?

What else has Mr. Borden to offer? There is a good deal of criticism and abuse. It is the privilege and the duty of an opposition to criticize; but capacity for criticism does not show capacity for government. If Mr. Borden were asking the electors to retain him in office as opposition leader or justifying his position as a salaried opposition leader, his salary being paid by the country, then the campaign he is conducting and has been conducting might prove serviceable to his cause. But he is asking that he be placed at the head of the government. He should, therefore, be asked to show his capacity for government, not merely for fault-finding. The electors have to consider, not merely the record of the government; they have to consider the alternative. If they turn out the government, what then? A man is justified in putting up with even a poor servant if he cannot get a better one. Mr. Borden must, therefore, convince the people, not only that the Laurier government is as bad as he says it is, but that he is in a position to offer the country a better one. He cannot do this by simply finding fault. If a farmer had a reaper which, in spite of some minor defects, had rendered him good service, would he throw it aside at the suggestion of some enterprising implement agent who simply pointed out the faults of the machine to him? Would he not ask the agent to show that the machine he offered to substitute was a better one?

Now, what evidence does Mr. Borden offer the intelligent elector that he would furnish a better government than the country has had during the past twelve years? There is the Halifax platform, of course. It is to be feared, for Mr. Borden's sake, that the time has passed when people take campaign platforms at their face value; but let that pass; let us get down to details. He talks a great deal about electoral purity. What would he do to advance the cause of political purity? What has he done? How would he improve on the election machinery now in existence? The people are entitled to particulars.

He criticises the tariff policy of the present government. What is his own? The paragraph in the Halifax platform about the tariff may mean anything or nothing. Why does he not interpret it for the people? What would he do with the British preference? Would he destroy it? What would he do for the relief of the woollen industry? Would he put an additional tax on clothes? The electors are entitled to some frank talk in regard to the tariff. It is well known that one section of the conservative party is as strongly in favor of a moderate tariff as the other is in favor of the Haman's gallows type; Mr. Borden himself seems to be in favor of one kind of protection when he is in the west and of quite a different kind when he is in the east. As the leader of an opposition he may enjoy the privilege of being everything to everybody; but as a candidate for the position of premier he should define his policy.

Mr. Borden is strong at times on the question of public ownership. At other times he is very reticent. Is he afraid of being too outspoken now about public ownership lest he should lose the sympathy and support of the interests that are opposed to public ownership? What would he do as head of a government?

Mr. Borden professes to be very zealous in the interests of organized labor. What does he propose to do for organized labor in addition to bestowing his sympathy on it? Would he stop immigration so as to preserve the market for the native supply? By what stroke of magic would he help both the employer and the employee at the same time?

And so on. Mr. Borden may take the ground that he is not compelled to divulge his policy in advance. He is entitled to take that ground if he sees fit; but if he does take it, how can he expect to appeal to the intelligent people with any confidence? He is not merely asking the people to condemn the present government; he is asking them to let him furnish a substitute. The people know what the present government has done and proposes to do. In order that they may make an intelligent response to Mr. Borden's appeal, they should know what he proposes to do.

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A MEMO IN HIS NOTEBOOK

Correct Fall Millinery

Full and complete displays of the accepted styles, including many Exclusive Novelties shown only in this store.

David M. Spence,
The Leading Mantle and Millinery Store.

Eastern Jaunt Next For Taft.

New York, Oct. 8.—While the itinerary of Judge Taft has not been definitely fixed, the information was given out at republican national headquarters, to-day, that he probably would resume his speaking tour early next week. It is expected that he will spend one or two days in Kentucky, Tennessee, Ohio, West Virginia, Maryland, New Jersey, New York and Connecticut.

Four Are Asphyxiated.

Waterbury, Conn., Oct. 8.—Four persons were found dead in a tenement house, this morning, about two o'clock. Four more are unconscious, and may not recover. The deaths were due to asphyxiation by illuminating gas. All the victims are Italians. The tenement was filled with escaping gas.

W. E. Mayhew, Carleton Place, has sold out to Baird & Riddell, and purposes retiring from business.

Seidlitz powders, fresh and fizzy, at Gibson's Red Cross drug store.

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