

# The Daily British Whig

YEAR 76-NO. 237.

KINGSTON, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1908.

LAST EDITION

## NOT A VASSAL

The Reason Why Bulgaria  
Rebelled.

## REFUSAL OF TURKEY

TO INVITE THE REPRESENTATIVE OF BULGARIA

To the Sultan's Birthday Dinner Turkey Took Ground That Bulgaria Was a Vassal State When She Was Independent From 1878.



PRINCE FERNAND. His proclamation announcing the independence of Bulgaria may force immediate war with Turkey.

Sofia, Oct. 8.—The Bulgarian minister of foreign affairs explains that the first reason for Bulgaria declaring her independence at the present time was because Turkey, in refusing to invite the representative of Bulgaria to the sultan's birthday dinner, on September 12th, took the ground that Bulgaria was a vassal state, and not independent as she really had been since the treaty of Berlin in 1878. The second was because of the dispute over the Oriental railway. The strike on the section running through Bulgaria threatened the integrity of the country, and Bulgaria, according to an agreement with the line of ten years standing, asked the company to sell its rights to Bulgaria. This Turkey objected to, claiming that the railway belonged to the Turkish government when it in reality belonged to the Oriental Railway company.

Bulgaria and Eastern Roumelia were withdrawn from the sovereignty of Turkey by stipulations in the treaty of Berlin of 1878. They obtained also the same exemption from Turkish control, although that country is not involved in the present difficulty between the former provinces and the government of Turkey. By the same treaty Romania, Serbia, and Montenegro acquired their independence. Bosnia and Herzegovina were committed to the control of Austria though not under sovereignty in the full sense, while England helped herself to the Island of Cyprus in that little arrangement of South-Eastern Europe which was consummated under the presidency of Prince Bismarck.

Bulgaria lies directly to the south of the River Danube and of Roumania and directly east of Servia. It is on the northern side of the Balkan mountain chain for about three-fourths of its length, east and west. It has an area of 37,000 square miles and a population of about 4,000,000. It is by nature a very fertile country but

miserably cultivated and for centuries, until within recent years, has been so wretchedly ill-governed as to make progress very slow if not actually impossible.

Southern Roumelia lies directly south of Bulgaria and has an area of about 22,000 square miles, with probably 2,500,000 population. Comparative few of the inhabitants of either country are Turkish. The great body of the people are what is called Christian in that part of the world and are not of the same race as the Turks. The inhabitants in both these countries are warlike; they have been preparing for many years for a conflict with Turkey in order to sever completely their political relation with the sultan. If the effort is made by the sultan to reduce them to comparative submission or to the status existing before the declaration of their independence the question comes up to the greater powers of Europe to determine whether they will interfere as in 1878 and settle the dispute in accordance with their own interest or whether they will permit the Turks, Roumelians and Bulgarians to fight it out.

### Dismemberment Comes.

London, Oct. 8.—The dismemberment of Turkey runs on apace. On Monday Bulgaria declared herself independent; on Tuesday night the Emperor Francis Joseph, of Austria, proclaimed the practical annexation of the provinces of Bosnia and Herzegovina to the dual monarchy, and now Crete has broken away from the Ottoman empire and claimed the protection of Greece, a proclamation to this effect being published last evening. Meanwhile the governments of Great Britain, France and Russia are working to bring order out of the chaos which the virtual destruction of the Berlin treaty has caused. Turkey has virtually agreed to refrain from taking hostile measures against Bulgaria and Austria, pending action of the powers. She, however, will send a formal protest against the annexation of her territory by Austria. The independence of the Bulgarians she, already, has declined to recognize. Turkey is anxious for peace in the interests of internal reform. The pride of the Young Turks cannot brook the loss of even a minute territory; hence it is believed there will be no bloodshed. Britain is most particularly desirous of calling a conference of the powers to deal with the situation in the near-east, inferring that the Berlin treaty should not be revised and that it should be settled without reference to the signatories of that pact. Consequently she is advising Turkey to try to come to terms with Austria and Bulgaria. Should a conference become necessary, however, Great Britain would become a party after only she had bent all her efforts to admitting the scope of the congress.

### Late Despatches.

Constantinople, Oct. 8.—Turkey has delayed its declaration of war in the belief that Austria can be forced to recede from her position. Montenegro has issued a proclamation that the Berlin treaty is no longer binding on Montenegro, a practical declaration of independence.

Berlin, Oct. 8.—Germany ridicules the idea of Austria reconsidering her annexation of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Bucharest, Oct. 8.—The reported assassination of Crown Prince Constantine is given the widest credence.

Belgrade, Oct. 8.—The Servian ministry has resigned.

### Very Warlike News.

Bukhara's Stock Exchange, at noon, received cables that Albania, with 2,000,000 population, has declared her independence and that Austrian troops are occupying the Servian frontier.

## TO SEND HIM AWAY

### AN INCENDIARY PARSON NOW SEEKS LIBERTY.

**DAILY MEMORANDA.**

Board of Education, 8 p.m.  
14th Band at Rooley Rink, to-night.  
Band Concert Friday evening at Rooley Rink.  
Fire and Light Committee, 4 p.m., Friday.

Saint Paul's Church Tea and Concert, this evening.  
"The Young Musician," Grand Opera House, 8.15 p.m.

Limestone Lodge, No. 91, A.O.U.W., meets Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Bro. Dr. Massie and R. Grier will entertain the Brethren.

Oct. 8th, In Canadian History.  
1613—Sault Ste. Marie, the first victory of New France, was appointed to office.  
1854—The Hon. John M. Clark, member of the cabinet of Prince Edward Island, was born at Beauport.  
1857—The Supreme Court of Canada organized with the Hon. William Buell Richards as Chief Justice.  
1877—Mr. Alfred Laurier entered the Dominion Government as Minister of Inland Revenue.  
1877—The first locomotive entered Winnipeg.

## White and Gold China

We are showing some very dainty things in rich White and Gold China with a gold border.

QUANT CUP, SAUCER AND PLATE SETS.

Sugars and Creams etc.

Robertson Bros.

## IN DRY DUST

### Spontaneous Combustion Took Place

## AND IN EXPLOSION

### SOME THIRTEEN PERSONS LOST THEIR LIVES.

A Grain Elevator Was the Scene of the Disaster—Flames Immediately Broke Out—The Wreckage Blocked the Railway Tracks.

Richmond, Va., Oct. 8.—With a con-  
fusion, which shook the entire vil-  
lage, a large grain elevator, having a  
capacity of 500,000 bushels, ex-  
ploded, yesterday afternoon, causing  
the death of at least eleven workmen  
and two women, who were walking in  
the immediate vicinity. It is possible  
the death toll may be further increased  
when a careful search of the ruins  
can be made.

The explosion blew off the entire  
roof of the big building, scattering tim-  
bers in all directions and almost in-  
stantly flames burst out over the  
whole structure. Twenty-one men were  
employed in the building, which was  
owned jointly by the Canadian Pacific  
and Boston & Maine railroads, and was  
occupied by the Quaker Oats company,  
of Chicago. It is thought the  
flames started by spontaneous com-  
bustion in the dry dust of the grain.  
The elevator was totally destroyed,  
the loss being estimated at \$400,000.  
The wreckage from the explosion  
and fire blocked the tracks of the  
Canadian Pacific railway completely  
for many hours.

### BAYNE TO BE TRIED.

Jury Finds That There is Sufficient Evidence.

Halifax, Oct. 8.—Alonzo R. Bayne,  
the Colechester operator, was indicted  
before the grand jury, at Truro, and a  
true bill found on all but one count.  
Judge Longley pointed out that  
the particular offence with which  
Bayne was charged was of the gravest  
importance. The very fountains of  
government would be sapped if such  
practices were permitted to continue.  
All the elections should be conducted  
in a fair and cleanly manner. He re-  
minded the jury of its duty to weigh  
the evidence impartially and come to  
an honest verdict, unbiased by political  
considerations. In his opinion he  
felt there was abundance of evidence to  
justify the jury in committing Bayne  
for trial. The sworn statements that  
Bayne had been distributing rum and money during the last  
campaign could not be disregarded.  
The trial will proceed at once.

### MILLS IN OPERATION.

Half of the Regular Force at Work.

Watertown, N.Y., Oct. 8.—Three of  
the four paper mills of the International  
Paper company in this Watertown  
district are in operation, and the  
pulp mill of "C.R." Mill at Glen  
Park is also in operation. At the Ontario  
mill and No. 4 full forces are at  
work. At the Sewell's Island mill  
there is practically full force. In  
all between 125 and 150 men are at  
work in the various mills, or half  
the regular force, most of these being  
non-union men. A few of the strikers  
have applied for their old positions,  
and these men have been given work.  
Two deputy sheriffs are on guard at  
each mill to prevent trouble.

### FIFTY YEARS MARRIED.

Dinner Party Given By Mr. and Mrs. Bagley.

Charles Stuart Bain, Who Set Fire to Waterloo Church, Thinks Himself Thoroughly Cured.

Poughkeepsie, N.Y., Oct. 8.—After the  
authorities of the Matteawan state  
hospital for the criminal insane had  
registered opposition against the habeas  
corpus proceedings brought by Charles  
Stuart Bain to obtain his liberty.

Mr. Bagley has always been a pro-  
minent republican, having served as  
congressman from 1875 to 1879. He  
acquired a fortune in the Bagley &  
Sewell Manufacturing company. Of  
the seven children, four are now living.

### Parted From Child 15 Years.

New York, Oct. 8.—Mrs. Flora Avery, of Spearfish, N.D., her fifteen-year-old daughter, Myrtle Barber, for the first time in nearly fourteen years, in the supreme court, where the child had been produced on a writ of habeas corpus. The child, for two years, has been an inmate of the Roman Catholic Protectory in Westchester, to which the girl had been committed by Magistrate Fitzgerald, of Brooklyn.

Mrs. Avery's discovery of her daughter's whereabouts followed the arrest in this city of Charles Barber, father of the girl and former husband of Mrs. Avery.

### An Expensive "Joke."

St. Catharines, Oct. 8.—William Hall, late of Toronto and Henry Shetler, a sailor on the steamer Strathcona, were fined \$25 each for assaulting Leonard Venning on Saturday night, with intent to rob. They claimed it was a joke.

### A Chinaman Dies.

Woodstock, Ont., Oct. 8.—Lee Hong, the first Chinaman who ever died in Woodstock, joined his ancestors yesterday, and the surrounding circumstances are deemed rather suspicious, and an inquest will be held.

### Baseball On Wednesday.

National League—New York, 7; Bos-  
ton, 2; Philadelphia, 4; Brooklyn, 2;

American League—Boston, 10-3;

Philadelphia, 1-5; Washington, 1-9;

New York, 0-4.

### EXPORTS OF FLOUR.

	Conservative rule
1892	\$1,784,413
1893	1,741,023
1894	1,699,467
1895	839,112
1896	718,433
Total	\$6,782,448
Liberal rule	
1904	\$6,129,226
1905	5,877,607
1906	6,179,825
1907 (9 mo.)	4,095,516
1908	8,457,564
Total	\$30,739,738

It requires no long argument to prove the advantage of having Canadian wheat converted into flour at home. The conservative policy had wrecked the milling industry; the liberal policy enables it to compete successfully in the world's markets.

## LATEST NEWS

### Despatches From Near And Distant Places.

## THE WORLD'S TIDINGS

### GIVEN IN THE BRIGHTEST POSSIBLE FORM.

### Matters That Interest Everybody

—Notes From All Over—Little of Everything Easily Read and Remembered.

Race track men in New York state are organizing to defeat Governor Hughes at the polls.

R.M.S. Empress of Ireland, inward, at Rimouski, with 150 cabin, 271 second, 396 steerage passengers.

The C.P.R. took a large number of its old men back at Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, and other points.

Hon. G. P. Graham, and Hon. W. S. Fielding addressed a large meeting at Athens in Mr. Graham's constituency on Wednesday night.

Dr. Vogel's Mendelssohn choir, Toronto, voted unanimously to accept the invitation to give three concerts in China in March.

Twenty thousand dollars is the sum which the Anglo-Chinese men of Ottawa—Chinese will endeavor to send towards the Laymen's Missionary Movement.

A loan of \$25,000 sterling for the redemption of the bonds of the Peking-Hankow railway has been provisionally decided upon by the Chinese government.

The government has decided that

volunteers receiving land grants must

sign an agreement to begin settlement

within six months after their application is accepted.

W. H. Taft and W. J. Bryan, the two rival candidates for the presidency of the United States, met Wednesday night, at the banquet of the Chicago Association of Commerce.

Joseph Tyro, Hull, Que., on Monday night, was taken into custody on a charge of having stolen \$120 from George Petit, a companion. Tyro

had been married Tuesday night.

W. R. Hearst has denounced John

W. Kern, Bryan's running mate, as

the attorney of the Big Four railway,

a corporation convicted of rebating

and friendly to the oil and sugar trusts.

Several attempts have been made to save the oak by filling the rotted places with paraffine.

The acorn from which the tree grew was brought by the Prince of Wales from England.

At Williamstown, Mass., on Tuesday night, Harry Augustus Garfield, of the class of '85, former professor of politics at Princeton University, was inducted to-day into the office of president of Williams College.

Sir Henry Elzear Taschereau, former chief justice of the supreme court of Canada, was seventy-two years of age on Wednesday.

Toronto railway gross earnings for the month of September were \$323,694, an increase of \$22,199 over the corresponding month of 1907, the biggest month of any month this year, and, in fact, the biggest month in the company's history.

A decision of the supreme court, in favor of the defendant in the case of Drudland vs. Welsh, closes another chapter in a lawsuit which came first in the Sandwich assizes three years ago. The dispute was over the boundary line.

Richard L. Ralls, postmaster at Fenelon, Ont., has been arrested on a warrant issued, on Wednesday, on information laid by County Constable Smith before Police Magistrate Holland, Cobourg, charging the theft of conservative campaign literature.

Ten jury cases will come up to trial before Chancellor Boyd at the Sandwich, Ont., assizes.

There are thirteen cases on the list, the three damage suits against the Michigan Central railway company, resulting from the Essex dynamite explosion.

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