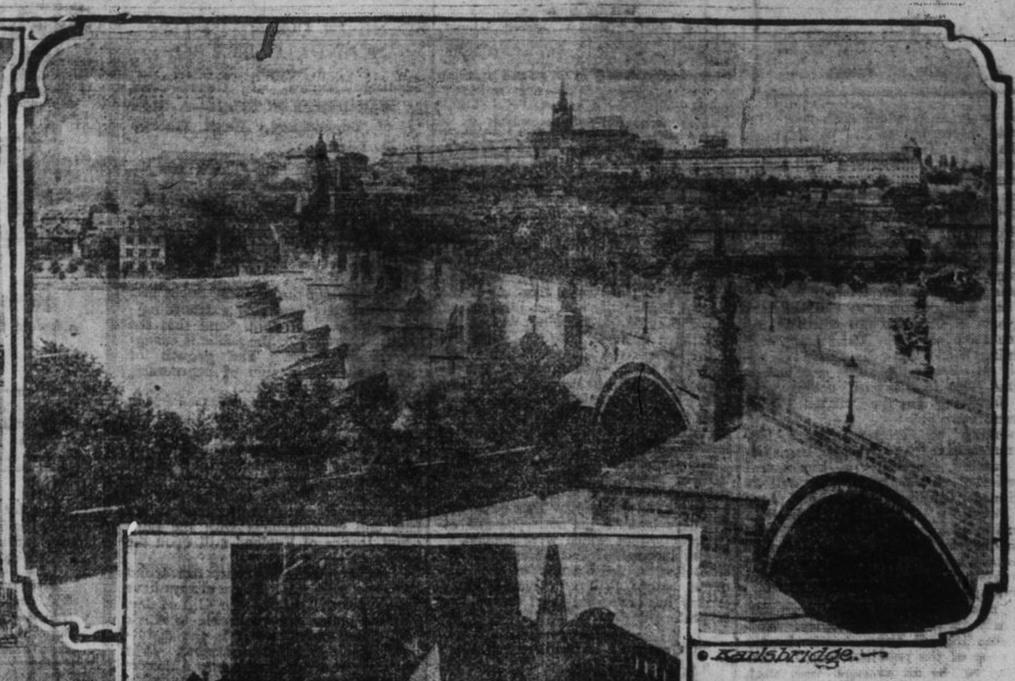
SCENES IN PRAGUE, BOHEMIA'S HISTORIC CAPITAL.

St. Nicholas Church



Charlesbridge.

Astronomical Clock.

Prague, Aug. 10.—That Prague, the romantic and picturesque capital of Bohemia, is fast becoming an attraction for American tourists, the number here at present and the number that has visited it during the spring time and summer are abundant evidence.

There are many places and scenes in this ancient city which appeal especially to Americans of a romantic turn of mind, and almost everywhere within her gates is associated with some thrilling event in history.

This beautiful City of the Hundred Towers has many sights to offer to the tourist. First is the great bridge of Prague, the Mecca of many pilgrims, who come to it to pray to the patron saint of their country, St. John Nepomuk, who, so says tradition, was flung from it into the river, there floated for many days with five stars shining about his head, and so, having caught the conscience of the king, was buried in the cathedral of St. Vitus.

Close by, facing the square in which seven-and-twenty leaders of the Protestant party were executed after the fateful battle of the White Hill, is the Tyn church, unique as to the shape of its Gothic steeples, the burial place of Tycho Brahe, and the old stronghold of the Hussites. Across the way stands the town hall, the oldest part of which goes back to the middle of the fourteenth century, with that wonderful clock made by Master Hanus, so cunningly contrived that with every hour figures of Christ and the apostles appear at a little window above it.

Then there is the powder tower, so called because it once served as a magazine, now innocent of explosives, a standing monument to the ability of fifteenth century architects and a nineteenth century restorer. And, at some distance, perhaps the most interesting "sights" of all—the old synagogue and the Jewish burial ground. Round the synagogue in particular are woven many legends.

In the burial ground, long since disused, lie the famous Rabbi Jehuda ben Bezulel Loew, scientist, and reputed sorcerer; Aaron Spisa, baschevi of Traunberg, the first Jewish noblewoman in Bohemia; the Rabbi Abigdor Caro, and the Rabbi Oppenheim, whose library is at Oxford; with many others, all equal in the House of Life.

These be but few of the interests of Prague—a few that may act as introduction to the many. Much more is there that must be seen; many palaces, many churches, many monuments, views valued for their beauty and their associations—sacred Hradcany, majestic Vysehrad, the heights of Vinohrady, and the mount of Ziakov, the slopes of Vysocany and Prosek, Petrin, the splendid monastery of Strahov, the imperial palace. Especially notable is the cathedral, founded by Prince Wenceslas, who himself was canonized, that fit resting place might be provided for the arm of St. Vitus, given to him by the German king, Henry I.

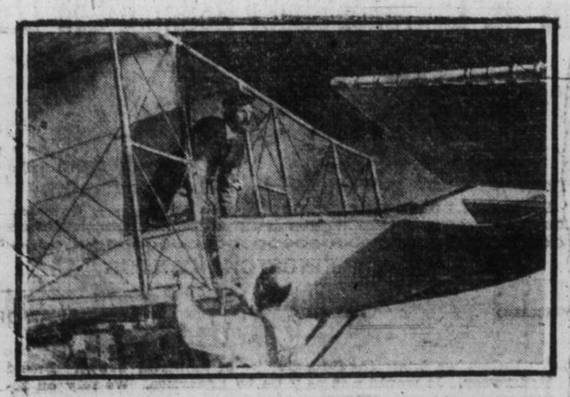
To these recognized "sights," that have existed throughout the centuries, must be added those that have had their beginning within the memory of man. The halo of romance is not about them, the historian has not yet written of them, but they mark the progress of a people who believe that to stand still is to perish, and are determined and content to be known by their works. Some of them are merely utilitarian, some are both useful and ornamental, several are notable. But three need be mentioned here—the Rudolphinum, the scene of Dvorak's and Sevcik's activity, and of numerous exhibitions of pictures, the museum, and the splendid national theatre, which, aided by the state, is doing much to encourage the arts of the stage—three that serve as index to the method of the Czech, and show him a modern of the moderns as well as a reverencer of the past.

Cardinal Gibbons of Baltimore

AGRICULTURAL FAIRS.

Dates of Some of These For 1908.

Brighton	Sept. 22.
Bancroft	Oct. 1 and 2.
Burk's Falls	Sept. 24 and 25.
Robcaygeon	Sept. 29 and 30.
Brockville	Sept. 15, 16, 17, 18.
Cobourg Central	Sept. 16 and 17.
Cobden	Sept. 24 and 25.
Colborne	Oct. 5 and 6.
Cornwall	Sept. 10, 11, 12
Coe Hill	Sept. 23.
Delta	Sept. 29 and 30.
Lanark	Sept. 10 and 11.
Lombardy	Sept. 5.
Lansdowne	Sept. 24 and 25.
Lyndhurst	Sept. 22 and 23.
London, (Western Fair)	Sept. 11, 19.
Madoc	Sept. 15 and 16.
Marmora	Sept. 22 and 23.
Morrisburg	Sept. 1, 2, 3.
Maberly	Oct. 1.
Merrickville	Sept. 17 and 18.
Newboro	Sept. 5 and 6.
Napanee	Sept. 15 and 16.
Odessa	Oct. 2.
Ottawa (Central)	Sept. 16, 26
Perth	Sept. 3 and 4.
Picton	Sept. 23 and 24.
Port Hope	Sept. 29 and 30.
Peterboro	Sept. 17, 18, 19.
Roblin's Mills	Oct. 3.
Renfrew	Sept. 17 and 18.
Sturgeon's Falls	Sept. 23 and 24.
Spencerville	Sept. 29 and 30.
Stella	Sept. 29.
Tweed	Oct. 1.
Toronto (National)	Aug. 29, Sept. 14.
Vankleek Hill	Sept. 15, 16, 17.
Winchester	Sept. 8 and 9.
Wolfe Island	Sept. 22 and 23.
Whitby	Sept. 22 and 23.



HENRI FARMAN, FRENCH AERONAUT.

Henri Farman, the noted French aeronaut, will continue this fall to give demonstrations of the marvelous aeroplane which he brought to this country with him. He has demonstrated that the heavier-than-air flying machine is already invented, although so far the flights have been over short distances and with many drawbacks in the shape of breaks to machinery. Wizard Edison has entertained Farman at his palatial home and congratulated the daring navigator of the air on his success as an inventor of an aeroplane and the ability displayed in handling his new and uncertain machine while speeding through the air. He is a very young man and full of enthusiasm over the possibilities of flying machines for mankind.

FINE ALASKAN WHEAT

YANKEE FARMER MAKES A STARTLING DISCOVERY.

Heavy Storms Had No Effect on This Wheat—Gives 200 Bushels to the Acre.

In 1903 Abraham Adams, a native of Kentucky, who had gone to the great West to farm it, was taken with a desire to try his fortunes in Alaska. Leaping his ranch in northern Idaho, he made a trip to the land of promise and of gold, but nothing came of his attempts at discovery. Turning his attention then to exploring, he drifted along the coast of eastern Alaska. He found many beautiful bays, beaches, sweeps of timber, and meadows heavy with juicy grasses, and chanced upon a surprising discovery. Lodged in under protecting rock, sheltered from the wind, was a little familiar patch. He found that here a patch of wheat was growing. The explorer sought among the thick stems for some heads, but the wild game had been before him and he was just about to give up when he discovered one head of wheat almost intact fully four inches long, with rough beardING, and broad in proportion.

Begins Some Experiments.

The old man brought it back with him to his ranch at Julietta, Idaho. Not a word did he say of his find. Whether it was wild wheat or not he could not say. In the fall of 1904 Mr. Adams planted his head of Alaska wheat on high all-too-dry land. It grew rapidly, and in the summer he had seven pounds of wheat from this one head. He examined the kernels. Four times as large as ordinary wheat; and in color, instead of the homely brownish-grey of wheat of commerce, the prettiest cream color without a darker spot. Seven pounds of wheat from one head and the finest looking wheat mortals had ever seen. Mr. Adams saved his seven pounds to try as spring wheat, and in 1906 planted the whole seven pounds. When it was harvested it weighted 1,545 pounds. His Alaska find had broken the world's record for wheat yield. More than 222 bushels to the acre was the ratio of yield. Was this Alaska wheat of good quality? Would it make good bread? He carried a small quantity to the Idaho experimental station at Moscow. The chemists and experts at the station tested it, and pronounced it a good quality of hard wheat.

Surprising Results.

In the fall of 1906, the 1,545 pounds were planted in fields by the side of the famous Blue Stem and Club wheat grown in that section. Mr. Adams picked, on the same day, green heads of Club wheat and green heads of his Alaska wheat, the latter so many times larger than the ordinary wheat that the Club wheat seemed hardly started. Then nature took a hand and hailstorms of the worst kind came, beating down the ordinary wheat until it was not fit to harvest. The farmer, discouraged, went out to his Alaska wheat fields, and saw that the sturdy stems had partly withstood the storms, and he finally harvested 53,000 pounds of seed. He had enough for a test from winter-grown. Taking this to the experimental station, he soon received a report which made him for the first time sure that he had something worth giving to the public. The station chemist wrote: "The kernels from the fall-sown wheat were plump and sound, and doubtless will grade No. 1. Judging from the chemical and physical condition of this sample, it will probably take rank with the best grade of Blue Stem for flour. The sample grown from spring-sown wheat showed by chemical analysis a somewhat higher protein content (this being an indication of its probable strength for bread-making purposes). I am inclined to think that the wheat that you have here is the equal, if not the superior, of our Blue Stem for flour-making purposes. I should like to have a mill test whenever you can send me a sufficient quantity for that purpose.

Results In Other Sections.

Mr. Abrams had his fields surveyed and has absolute proof of the yield from each field. He has tried his wheat in other lands, and in some places it did better than in Idaho. Alabama raised wheat from it with leaves seven-eights of an inch broad, growing like corn stalks. As a last test, Mr. Abrams sent single heads of wheat to other parts of the country, where he had men he could trust to plant and ascertain the result. Reports are just coming to him, and he finds that in other states his Alaska wheat does better than on its home soil. In Alabama a head was planted December 31, was up January 30, waist high April 1, with leaves seven-eights of an inch broad, and July 7 was harvested. It showed to be hard wheat of a fine quality, and the one head yielded the same as the first head planted in Idaho. Under ordinary soil conditions the new wheat will yield two hundred bushels to the acre; under extra conditions above that. What will be the outcome?— Oscar F. G. Day, in Saturday Evening Post.

Ex-Queen Liliuokalani

She gave a fine reception to the officers of the United States Army at Hawaii.

Treatment For Dyspepsia.

New York Times.

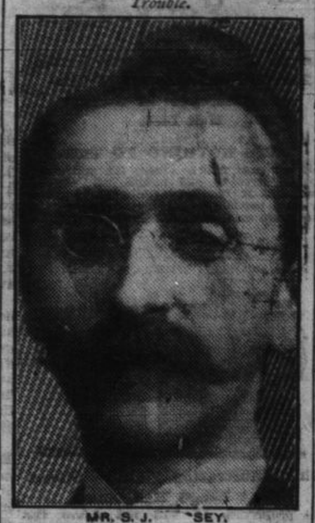
"A lot of people who never buy anything come in here and loaf around and tune up their system," said a Fifty-ninth street marketman. "When those unprofitable visitors began to hang around my shop I felt inclined to resent their cheek.

"But when they explained the reason I hadn't the heart to turn them out. It seems that a few doctors in this town have more common sense than professional sagacity. They have come to the conclusion that the best appetizer a man can find is uncooked cuts of roasts and steaks and fresh fruits and vegetables; so, instead of filling their patients up with pills, they just prescribe a walk around to a combination meat and green grocer's market, where big whiffs of nature's real tonic are on tap free of cost.

"So every day my market is turned into a clinic for dyspeptics. They take up room and often get in the way, but I don't like to kick. I was always soft, and, anyways, the new treatment means new customers for me in the end, so I shall not be out anything."

STOMACH INDIGESTION.

Peruna Strikes at the Root of the Trouble.



MR. S. J. MASSEY.

Mr. S. J. Massey, formerly a resident of Toronto, and a well-known business man, writes from 247 Guy street, Montreal, Quebec:

"I wish to testify to the ***good results I have derived from the use of Peruna.***

"Having been troubled for several years with catarrh of the head, I decided to give Peruna a fair trial and I can truly say I have received great benefit from its use. It evidently strikes at the very root of the trouble and good results are soon noticeable.

"I have also ***found Peruna a very valuable remedy for stomach trouble and indigestion.***

"I have no hesitancy whatever in recommending Peruna as a reliable catarrh remedy."

There are several kinds of indigestion. The trouble may be due to sluggishness of the liver, derangements of the bowels, enlargement of the pancreas, or it may be due to the stomach itself.

In nearly all cases of stomach indigestion catarrh of the stomach is the cause. The only permanent relief is to remove the catarrh.

Peruna has become well-known the world over as a remedy in such cases.

IRISH WHISKEY DISTILLERS

TO HIS MAJESTY THE KING.

Sir John Power & Son Ltd.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1791.

"THREE SWALLOWS" IRISH WHISKEY

Famous for over a century for its delicacy of flavor.

Of highest standard of Purity.

It is especially recommended by the Medical Profession on account of its peculiar "DRYNESS"

WILSON'S FLY PADS

Kill them all. No dead flies lying about when used as directed.

— SOLD BY —

DRUGGISTS, GROCERS AND GENERAL STORES

10c. per packet, or 3 packets for 25c. will last a whole season.

Playfair, Martens & Co.

Members Toronto Stock Exchange

Canadian Northern Ry. Bldg., Toronto, Canada

Special attention given

COBALT STOCKS

We have just issued a new map of the Cobalt Mining District, giving location, capitalization, acreage, shipments and dividends.

Copies mailed to any address on receipt of 25c., or mounted ones for $1.00.

Every Woman

is interested and should know about the wonderful MARVEL Whirling Spray. The new Vaginal Syringe. Best—Most convenient. It cleanses instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies.

WINDSOR SUPPLY CO., Windsor, Ont. General Agents for Canada.

CORNS CURED IN 24 HOURS

You can painlessly remove any corn, either hard, soft or bleeding, by applying Putnam's Corn Extractor. It never burns, leaves no scar, contains no acids; is harmless because composed only of healing gums and balms. Fifty years in use. Cure guaranteed. Sold by all druggists 25c. bottles. Refuse substitutes.

PUTNAM'S PAINLESS CORN EXTRACTOR

WEAK MAN RECEIPT FREE

Any man who suffers with nervous debility, loss of natural power, weak back, failing memory or deficient manhood, brought on by excesses, dissipation, unnatural drains or the follies of youth, may cure himself at home with a simple prescription that I will gladly send free in a plain sealed envelope, to any man who will write for it. A. E. Robinson, 3,838 Luck Building, Detroit, Michigan.

TRAVELLING.

KINGSTON & PEMBROKE RAILWAY

IN CONNECTION WITH

Canadian Pacific Railway

Low Rates to Pacific Coast and Return

Good Returning Until October 31st.

VANCOUVER, VICTORIA, PORTLAND, SEATTLE — $95.80

FARM LABORERS' EXCURSIONS to Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta $10.00 going trip, $18.00 additional for return. Leaving dates August 20th, 22nd, 27th, and Sept. 2nd, 11th and 14th.

Canadian National Exhibition Toronto, Ont., Aug. 29th to Sept. 14th, '08.

Return tickets will be sold at $3.55, Good going Tuesday, Sept. 1st, and Monday, Sept. 7th, and at $4.90, Good going on Aug. 29, 31, Sept. 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 9, 11, and 12. All tickets valid for turning from Toronto on or before Tuesday, Sept. 15, 1908.

Full particulars at K. & P. and C. P. R. Ticket Office, Ontario St. 'Phone, 30.

F. CONWAY, Gen. Pass. Agent.

BAY OF QUINTE RAILWAY

Train leaves union station, Ontario street, 4 p.m. daily (Sundays excepted, for Tweed, Sydenham, Napanee, Deseronto, Bannockburn and all points north. To secure quick despatch to Bannockburn, Maynooth, and points on Central Ontario, route your shipments via Bay of Quinte Railway. For further particulars, apply to R. W. DICKSON, Agent. 'Phone, No. 3.

MOOSE

Open Season.

New Brunswick

September 15th—November 30th

Nova Scotia

October 1st—November 30th

Quebec

September 1st—December 31st

Write General Passenger Dept.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

MONCTON, N.B.

For free copies of

"Moose in the Micmac Country"

"Fishing and Hunting."

Toronto Ticket Office, 51 King St. East.

General Passenger Department, Moncton, N.B.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Farm Laborers' Excursion

To Winnipeg and points west via Chicago, on Aug. 25th, Sept. 2nd, 11th, and 14th, and via Toronto, or North Bay, on Aug. 27th, Sept. 2nd, 11th, and 14th. Fare $10.00.

Canadian National Exhibition, Toronto, Ont. Aug. 29 to Sept. 14.

Return tickets will be issued at $3.55, Sept. 1st, and Sept. 7th, and at $4.90, on Aug. 29th, 30th, 31st, Sept. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12. Tickets not good on trains 1, 2, 3 or 4. All tickets good to return until Sept. 15th.

LABOR DAY, Monday, Sept. 7th

Return tickets will be issued to SINGLE FIRST-CLASS FARE, good going Sept. 4th, 5th, 6th and 7th, returning on or before Tuesday, Sept. 8th.

Reduced Fares to Pacific Coast Points

One way Colonist tickets to British Columbia, Colorado, Idaho, Mexico, Oregon and Washington, at very low rates on sale daily, Sept. 1st to Oct. 31st.

For full particulars, apply to J. P. HANLEY, Agent, Corner Johnson and Ontario Sts.

Lake Ontario & Bay of Quinte Steamboat Co. LIMITED.

KINGSTON, ROCHESTER, 1,000 ISLANDS

Strs. NORTH KING.

Commencing June 27th, leave Kingston for Thousand Island points daily except Monday, at 10.15 a.m. Returning leave at 5 p.m., for Charlotte, N.Y., (Port of Rochester), calling at Bay of Quinte Ports.

STR. ALETHA—Leaves Mondays for Bay of Quinte Ports at 5 p.m.

Full information from JAMES SWIFT & CO., Freight Agents, J. P. HANLEY, G. S. KIRKPATRICK, Ticket Agents.

ALLAN Royal Mail LINE

Montreal to Liverpool

Tunisian sails ....Sept. 4, Oct. 2.
Victorian sails ....Sept. 11, Oct. 8.
Corsican sails ....Sept. 18, Oct. 16.
Virginian sails ....Sept. 25, Oct. 22.

Rates of passage and full information may be obtained from J. P. HANLEY, Agent G.T.R., or C. S. KIRKPATRICK, Local Agents.

STEAMER WOLFE ISLANDER

LEAVES WOLFE ISLAND:—

MON. 7.30—9.15 a.m. 1.00—4.00 p.m.
TUES. 7.30—9.15 a.m. 1.00—4.00 p.m.
WED. 7.30—9.15 a.m. 1.00—4.00 p.m.
THURS., Breakey's Bay 6.30—9.30 a.m. 1.30 p.m.
FRI. 7.30—9.15 a.m. 1.00—4.00 p.m.
SAT. 8.00—9.15 a.m. 1.00—4.00 p.m.
SUN. 9.15, 10.00, 12.30 a.m. 5.00 p.m.

LEAVES KINGSTON:—

MON. 8.30—11.30 a.m. 3.00—5.30 p.m.
TUES. 8.30—11.30 a.m. 3.00—5.30 p.m.
WED. 8.30—11.30 a.m. 3.00—5.30 p.m.
THURS. 8.30—1.00 p.m. 3.00 p.m. 7 p.m.; Breakey's Bay, 3 p.m.
FRI. 8.30—11.30 a.m. 3.00—5.30 p.m.
SAT. 8.30—11.30 a.m. 3.00—5.30 p.m.
SUN. 9.45 a.m. 1.15—5.30 p.m.

Sat.—Special trip to Simcoe Island and Spoor's dock, at 3.00 p.m.

Time Table subject to change without notice.

Boat calls at Garden Island going to and from Kingston.