

TRAVELLING. KINGSTON & PEMBROKE RAILWAY

IN CONNECTION WITH Canadian Pacific Railway

Kingston Civic Holiday AUGUST 10th, 1908.

Round trip tickets will be issued from Kingston at SINGLE FIRST-CLASS FARE, good going Saturday and Sunday, Aug. 8th and 10th, good returning on or before Tuesday, August 11th.

HOMESEEEKERS' EXCURSION To Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Good to go Aug. 4th and 18th, Sept. 1st, 15th and 29th. Tickets good to return in 60 days. Full particulars at K & P, and C. P. R. Ticket Office, Ontario St., Phone, 50.

BUY OF QUINTE RAILWAY

Train leaves union sta., Ont. Ontario street, 4 p.m. daily (Sundays excepted), for Tweed, Sydneyham, Napawan, Deseronto, Bannockburn, and all points beyond. To secure quick despatch to Bannockburn, Maynooth, and points on Central Ontario, route via Quinte Railway. For further particulars, apply to R. W. DICKSON, Agent, Toronto, No. 2.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

Special Excursion Fares to the Seaside

Maritime Express leaves Montreal 12.00 noon daily except Saturday. Ocean Limited leaves Montreal 7.30 p.m. daily except Saturday.

Table with columns for destinations (Riviera du Loup, Murray Bay, Cap. L'Ange, etc.) and fares.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM SEASIDE EXCURSION

To Maine Coast, Lower St. Lawrence and Maritime Provinces, on Aug. 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th, good returning on or before Aug. 31st. The following are fares from Montreal: Port-au-Fort, N.S., \$20.80; Pictou, N.S., \$18.80; Moncton, N.B., \$18.80; St. John, N.S., \$18.80; Old Orchard, N.S., \$14.30; Sydney, N.S., \$25.30; Pictou, N.S., \$22.80; Summerside, P.E.I., \$20.80.

Table with columns for destinations (Vancouver, Victoria, Portland, Seattle, San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego) and fares.

Quebec Steamship Company LIMITED.

River & Gulf of St. Lawrence Summer Cruises in Cool Latitudes

With Steer Iron S.S. "Cangana," with electric light, electric bells and all modern comforts. SAILS FROM MONTREAL ON MONDAYS, at 4 p.m., 27th July, 10th and 24th August, 7th and 21st September, for Pictou, St. John, N.S., Old Orchard, Gaspe, Mal Bay, Percé, Grand River, Summerside, P.E.I., and Charlottetown, P.E.I.

NEW YORK FROM QUEBEC

Calling at Charlottetown and Halifax, S.S. Trinidad, 2,000 tons, sails from Quebec 25th July, 8th and 22nd August.

Bermuda

Summer Excursions, \$10 and upwards, by the Twin Screw S.S. "Bermuda," 5,500 tons. Sailing fortnightly from New York from 2nd June to 5th October. Temperature cooled by sea breeze seldom rises above 80 degrees.

Lake Ontario & Bay of Quinte Steamboat Co. LIMITED.

KINGSTON, ROCHESTER, 1,000 ISLANDS.

Sirs. NORTH KING.

Commencing June 27th, leave Kingston for Thousand Islands points daily except Monday, at 10.15 a.m. Returning leave at 8 p.m., for Charlotte, N.Y. (Port of Rochester), calling at Bay of Quinte Ports.

No Bachelor's Buttons

are required for Pen-Angle Underwear. Buttons are sewed on to stay, which will be a boon to the "single" man—and the housewife too.



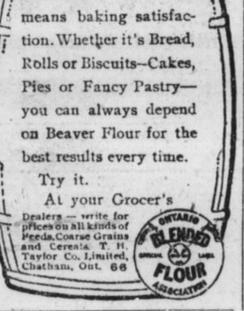
Best for all members of the family. Every garment guaranteed by dealer and maker.

THERE ARE MANY BAKING POWDERS



BUT THERE IS ONLY ONE MAGIC BAKING POWDER. It is Pure, Wholesome and Economical. SOLD IN ALL SIZES. E. W. GILLET COMPANY LIMITED TORONTO, ONT.

Beaver Flour



This is the barrel that means baking satisfaction. Whether it's Bread, Rolls or Biscuits—Cakes, Pies or Fancy Pastry—you can always depend on Beaver Flour for the best results every time.

BABY HAD DIARRHOEA FOR SEVEN WEEKS

Thousands of infants die annually who could be saved by the timely use of DR. FOWLER'S EXTRACT OF WILD STRAWBERRY.

There can be no doubt about it. Sixty-three years experience has proved this sterling remedy to be the best for Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Colic, Cramps, Cholera Infantum, Cholera Morbus Summer Complaint, and all bowel troubles in both children and adults.

ALLAN Royal Mail Line

MONTREAL TO LIVERPOOL. Virginian sails July 31, Aug. 28, Tunisian sails Aug. 7, Sept. 1, Victorian sails Aug. 14, Sept. 11. MONTREAL TO HAVRE AND LONDON. Corinthian sails Aug. 1, Sept. 12, Pomeranian sails Aug. 8.

STEAMER WOLFE ISLANDER

LEAVES WOLFE ISLAND. MON. 7.30-9.15 a.m. 1.00-4.00 p.m. TUES. 7.30-9.15 a.m. 1.00-4.00 p.m. WED. 7.30-9.15 a.m. 1.00-4.00 p.m. THURS. 7.30-9.15 a.m. 1.00-4.00 p.m. FRI. 7.30-9.15 a.m. 1.00-4.00 p.m. SAT. 8.00-9.15 a.m. 1.00-4.00 p.m. SUN. 9.15-12.30 a.m. 5.00 p.m.

RUSE WAS SUCCESSFUL

SOUTH AFRICAN FARMER PLANTED DIAMONDS.

When Engineers Found Pocket the Price of His Farm Soared Until He Got \$150,000 For It—Then He Slipped Away and Left the Company Looking For More of the Brilliant Stones.

A few years ago a man purchased a small farm in an adjacent colony of Johannesburg, and built himself a nice house and stables, and the property. He did very little in the farming line, but as he was supposed to be rich, people assumed he had only gone in for farming for his own amusement. But if he was rich enough to buy a farm, it did not concern his neighbors.

This farmer had a small parcel of rough and uncut diamonds which he had brought with him, and whether from anxiety for their safety or his own, he buried them on his farm, carefully locating the spot. After they had been hidden a year or more, a bright thought struck him. What was the use of going in for farming unless he had a good water supply? Of course he must have water, and that at once.

Accordingly he started next day for Johannesburg, and consulted a firm of eminent engineers, and they agreed to send out a man with the necessary apparatus and machinery and start boring at once. The man duly arrived, fixed his gear up, and set to work on the spot indicated by the farmer as the one on which he was most likely to be successful.

On the second day he was astonished on withdrawing his tube to find several diamonds. The next day the same thing occurred—a few more diamonds. These he carefully pocketed, never mentioning the matter to the farmer. On the Saturday he returned to Johannesburg, and showed his find to his employers. They were equally astonished, and told the man not to open his mouth about the discovery he had made until such time as they could have them thoroughly tested, meaningly rewarding him with an extra \$25 for his smartness.

Now during the engineer's visit to Johannesburg the farmer must also have been busy, for the man found a few more stones the next day he resumed work, and on the following Saturday he handed them over to his employers, who informed him that the stones had been declared by experts to be undoubted diamonds and of the best quality. He was again well pleased, and he remained in Johannesburg for some time, and what a drawback to his water supply was to farming operations.

"Now, look here," said the gentleman, "I have a fancy to go in for farming myself, and I have taken quite a liking to your place. Do you wish to sell?" "To sell you the truth," said the farmer, "I don't understand much about the business myself, but I have taken a great liking to this place, and so has my wife; then it is convenient to the town for the children going to school, and I was thinking of going in for fruit-raising, and I know it would break my wife's heart to leave this lovely place. No, I don't think I will part with the place."

So the matter ended for the moment, and the gentleman returned to town to think over a plan for purchasing the farm, the farmer no doubt chuckling to himself at the success of his scheme. Meantime the diamonds had been shown round Johannesburg, and attracted great attention, the gentleman keeping it a profound secret whereabout the farm lay. During the week he got a number of his friends and some financiers to guarantee \$250,000 for the purchase of the farm, but he would be paid the smallest possible sum he would accept.

Together with one of his friends he again visited the farm, and again critically examined the work in progress, and after carefully inspecting the matter, expressed his opinion to the farmer that he did not think they would be successful in finding water, at any rate on that particular spot where they had been at work, and suggested trying another place.

"No," said the farmer, "if you do not find water there I will give it up as a bad job; this experiment will cost me quite enough as it is." Here the offer to purchase was renewed, but there was anything on my farm. "Well," said the financier, "would \$125,000 be an inducement? You know there are no minerals or anything else on your farm, and \$125,000 is a big price." "If never said there was anything on my farm," said the farmer, "but I will consult my wife about selling, and let you know." "Very well," said they, "just think the matter over; but you must give us a decided answer this day week, as we have another farm in view, and the price is much less."

The farmer promised to do so, and his visitors departed. A few days after he called upon the engineers and paid the expenses of his unsuccessful boring experiment. He then said he had talked the matter over fully with his wife, and he was prepared to sell if he got \$150,000, but not for a cent less. The gentleman asked to be allowed an hour to consult his friends and see if he could raise that amount. On his return to the office he found the farmer waiting for him, and he explained to him if he would bring in his title-deeds next day he would take him to his solicitors and complete the sale. "Oh," said the "cute" farmer, "here they are," pulling the documents from his inner pocket. "We can settle the whole affair now; it will save me coming to Johannesburg again over the matter."

A POISON PANIC.

Wild Wave of Fear Passes Over the City of Manchester.

An extraordinary panic wave has passed over Manchester. It began in a simple gift of sweets by an unknown man to some school-children. Something in the taste of the sweets was unpalatable, and a rumor quickly spread that a stranger was going about giving children poisoned sweets. The police sampled some of the sweets, and found them quite harmless; but they thought it advisable to ask schoolmasters and mistresses to warn the children against accepting any such gifts in future. The warning, if anything, only increased the agitation of the mothers and children. An Ardwick schoolboy on Friday went to school, leaving behind him a supply of milk and tea, which he was accustomed to take. A lodger at his mother's house volunteered to carry it to the school. He did so, putting the mixture accidentally in a bottle which had contained furniture polish. When he arrived, he handed the bottle through the school railings to a lad, who smelt the turpentine, and immediately announced that a man was giving poisoned tea to the children. The lodger explained, but a crowd of indignant mothers assembled and mobbed the unfortunate man, who had to be taken to the police station, the women making strenuous efforts to assault him on the way. Eventually the misunderstanding was cleared up, and the chapter of accidents ended.

A CREEPY STORY.

Weird Tales Told by Occupants of Haunted House.

A creepy story of a haunted country house has come to light, the circumstances of which are to be investigated by the Psychological Research Society. The house was taken over for a fortnight by a party of wealthy Londoners. After they had been in the house a week concerts in the form of violent bell ringing commenced and continued until the occupants left. On one occasion a visible hand was seen to pull the bell, but it was not the hand of any human person in the house. At dinner time the concerts began with a violent peal, involving at least four bells, and this was continued at short intervals for quite an hour and a half. The whole household was upset by the disturbances that it was found necessary to move the children from one room to another where they were at a great distance from the disturbances. The bells rang out at midnight, and pealed for two hours on one of the towers. The occupants of the house saw the bell-pulls in the room away, heard the tug of the wire in the wall, and from the movements of the handles could tell beforehand which bell was rung. The bells hung in a long row in the kitchen. They would sometimes swing without actually ringing. It was found that it took a violent tug to make the drawing-room bell ring in the ordinary way, yet the sound of it was clear enough when it rang without being touched. The morning that the house was vacated the bells began ringing quite early. The lady who took the house adds the amazing fact that since their departure the bell-ringing has ceased. "It almost looks as if whoever or whatever it was that rung the bells," she says, "was very anxious to get rid of us from the house. More especially did the peal of the bells on the morning we left seem to indicate this. I may mention that for the last three or four years, I have been in the habit of taking country houses for short periods, and that, though exactly the same party has been gathered together, we have never before been troubled by anything of the kind."

Debate on Vivisection.

The debate, as a means of public education, which has been employed so much effect in the campaign for and against Socialism, was turned to a new use when vivisectionists and anti-vivisectionists met at Hanover square recently, and discussed the right of man to use living animals in experimental scientific purposes. Dr. Starling, who spoke in favor of vivisection, maintained that "the rights of animals exist only in subordination to the necessities of man."

The King Laughed.

A curious court story went the rounds some little time ago about a lovely foreigner, one of whose verbal slips gave King Edward occasion for a hearty laugh. A very lively personage with a delightful accent, she had such a favorable impression upon the King that he asked her to be his partner at bridge. "But, sir," she said, "I really don't know how to play." The King would take no denial, however, and she became rather embarrassed. "I assure you, sir," she said, "I could not think of playing. I don't know the difference between a king and a knave." There was an awkward silence, and then she realized what she had said and was covered with confusion. The King, who laughed it off, and now tells the story with gusto.

The National Flag.

An official statement has been issued by the Home Office to the effect that the national flag is the Union Jack, and that all British subjects are entitled to display it freely. The statement is intended to set rest arisen from time to time as to what the national flag really is, the red ensign and other forms of the flag having been suggested as proper for general use by suggestions are henceforth null and void.

This Cat Kills Snakes.

A snake-killing cat is owned by a settler in Sierra Leone. Master Puss is a perfect adept at catching small snakes. He watches them till they uncoil and begin to glide off, then springs on to them, and clutching them close behind the head, bites at the vertebrae until the reptile is dead. He always manages by means of his claws to keep a snake from getting a coil round him.

Aboriginal Pips.

The aborigines of North Australia have peculiar methods of smoking. They use a "smoke box" made of a joint of bamboo. Smoke is blown into this receptacle by a faithful spouse, who closes its opening with her hand and presents the box of smoke to her husband. He inhales the smoke and hands the bamboo joint back to his wife for refilling.

GALLANTRY AT SEA.

His Majesty Awards Medals to Some Brave Sailors.

The King has been pleased to award a silver medal for gallantry in saving life at sea to Mr. John Robert Leggett, London, England, in recognition of his services in endeavoring to rescue a steward of the British steamship Arzila, of Liverpool, who jumped overboard when that vessel was anchored a mile from the shore off Agador, Morocco, on Feb. 24 last. His Majesty has also been pleased to award similar medals to Lieut. John Stacey, R.N.R. (chief officer), Robert J. Jones (boatswain), Robt. Matthews and James Redmond (quartermasters), and Henry Wilson, Walter Harper, Matthew Blake, and John Russell (seaman), of the British steamship Cymric, of Liverpool, in recognition of their services in rescuing the survivors of the crew of the British steamship St. Cathbert, of Liverpool, which was abandoned on fire in the North Atlantic Ocean on Feb. 3 last. The Board of Trade have awarded a piece of plate to Lieut. William Finch, R.N.R., master of the Cymric, a binocular glass to Lieut. John Stacey, and the sum of £3 each to the men named above, in recognition of their services.

Ten Stick Island.

In Southwest Bay, in the New Hebrides group, there is a small wooded island of considerable height above the sea, although only a few hundred yards in circumference. The story of its acquisition is a curious one. Southwest Bay used to be considered a good place for target practice by the British men-of-war on patrol duty there, and this small islet was used as a target so frequently, that it seemed in danger of being grazed by a bullet. The chief who owned it protested, and wanted compensation. The captain of a man-of-war, who understood the natives, knew that these claims would be a ceaseless source of blackmail unless they were settled once for all; so he offered the island for the British Crown, paying ten sticks of tobacco for it, and everyone was satisfied. The place, since then, has been known as "Ten Stick Island."

Sugar Cane Dance.

A very curious, and exceedingly clever dance may be witnessed in Fiji, called by the natives "the sugar-cane meke," or sugar-cane dance. It represents the growth of the sugar-cane. In the first figure, the dancers squat low on the ground, shake their heads, shut their eyes, and murmur slowly and softly an unintelligible sentence. Gradually they all stand up together, growing taller and taller, and as they "grow" they wave their arms, and tremble all over from ankle to head, like the tall, tasselled cane waving in the wind, and still they keep on chanting louder and louder. The last figure represents a series of combats meant to symbolize the exactions of the chiefs, who compel the "kasi," willing or unwilling, to come and cut their crops.

Hieroglyphics in Africa.

Tranvaal and Rhodesia papers to hand by current mail give interesting accounts of recent antiquarian discoveries of great value in the Tete district of East Africa. One "find" is a rock-face, 38 feet long by 20 feet in height, closely-covered with hieroglyphics of Phoenician origin. The inscription appears to relate to worship. There are signs distinctly resembling stars, there are sets of clearly defined hands, with outstretched fingers raised as if in supplication. There are signs in close juxtaposition conceivably representing the sun and moon, and there is a symbol carrying what may very well be intended to be the sign of a pair of horns.

Premature Burial.

The Association for the Prevention of Premature Burial held its annual meeting recently in London, England. A number of startling statements were made as to the occurrence of premature burials, and Dr. W. B. Hadwen said: "I have verified 100 cases in which persons have been buried alive, and 200 cases in which they have only been saved from that fate by chance."

A Natural Laxative

Inward cleansing is as necessary as outward bathing. To keep the bowels free and regular is of even greater importance than to keep the skin-pores from becoming clogged. The neglect of either invites disease. Everyone needs a natural laxative occasionally, to free the bowels of accumulated impurities. For this purpose take

BEECHAM'S PILLS

the greatest boon ever offered to those who suffer from the ills that follow constipation. For over fifty years Beecham's Pills have been famous as a Stomach corrector, a Liver regulator and Bowel laxative. They never gripe nor cause pain. Powerful purgatives are dangerous. Avoid them. Use Beecham's Pills. They give relief without doing violence to any organ. Their action is in harmony with physical laws. Take them regularly and the necessity for their use becomes less frequent. They are a natural laxative and a positive cure for Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache and Dyspepsia. Prepared only by the Proprietor, Thomas Beecham, St. Helens, Lancashire, Eng. Sold everywhere in Canada and U. S. America. In boxes 25 cents.

HAVE YOU BEEN TO THE

Public Sale

Roney & Co

STOCK

\$25,000 WORTH OF Clothing

Furnishing Goods

Now Being Sacrificed to Raise Money?

All-Wool Raincoats going at \$2.95; Handkerchiefs, 2c; Braces, 14c; Working Shirts, 39c; Good All-Wool Suits for Men, worth \$10 and \$12 are now selling at \$5.95, and thousands of other great and wonderful BARGAINS to be had at

Roney & Co's

127 Princess Street, Kingston.

All Our Oxfords Must Go.

Our Windows this week show our determination not to carry over one single pair of Oxford Ties.

A Few of the Tempting Prices:

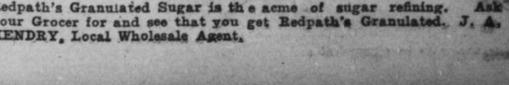
- All Queen Quality and Ultra \$4 stamped price Oxfords and Pumps, in Tan, Black and Patent Colt Skin. Now -- \$2.95.
All Ladies' \$3 Tan, Patent Colt and Kid Oxfords. Now -- \$2.25.
About 15 pairs Queen Quality and Ultra Swede Buckle Pumps, stamped price, \$5. Now -- \$3.75.
All our \$3.50 Men's Tan and Patent Colt Oxfords. Now -- \$2.49.
About 90 pairs Men's Tan, Gun Metal and Patent Colt Oxford \$4 Shoes. Now -- \$3.00.
55 pairs Men's Patent Colt, Tan and Gun Metal Shoes, the best American makes. All \$5 goods. Sale Price --- \$3.97.
3 gross Lily White Shoe Dressing, regular 10c. Now -- 5c.

J. H. SUTHERLAND & BRO.

The House of Good Shoes.

SUGAR

Forms a large proportion of every housekeeper's supplies. It will be to your interest and profit to use (especially for preserving fruit the season being now on) BEST GRANULATED which is the well-known



Redpath's Granulated Sugar is the same of sugar refining. Ask your Grocer for and see that you get Redpath's Granulated. J. A. HENDRY, Local Wholesale Agent.