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See the Rest.

VESTS AND DRAW-
dm and grey wool mix-
k and long sleeves, but-
neatly finished. Draw-
length. Unshrinkable.
e, 65c. and 75c. gar- .39
rday, each

EA TOWELLING—Ex-
ty of red or blue check-
lling, superior in qual-
, very even weave, 18
wide. Regular price .07
rday, per yard.
it of ten yards to a customer.

E MINK STOLES—
six tails and fancy
nts, lined with brown
German otter stoles—
5 to 52 inches long.
, 812 to $13.50. 6.98
arly buyers

EN'S PANTS—In five
es. Made of English all
strong and well made.
0. Regular price $2.25. 1.48
rday

at Remarkable
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ANDUM:
ll Wool Sweaters at 44c.,
55c.
eavy Duck Working Shirts at
orth 60c.
ickers at 39c., worth 65c.
Beaver Overcoats at $9.98,
$15.
eavy Denham Overalls at 69c.,
90c.

Princess St. 180
een Redden's and Crawford's
Groceries.

Well Cleaned Coal

Is not only a saving of cash, but a saving of labor. When you buy cleaned coal, you don't buy dust and slack. You don't carry dirt into the home or office in your coal buckets. This coal is the pride of our city It helps your home comfort in many ways.

THE FRONTENAC LUMBER AND COAL CO.

A. CHADWICK, Manager
Successors of The Rathbun Company. Phone No. 67.

TRAVELLING.

KINGSTON & PEMBROKE RAILWAY
IN CONNECTION WITH
Canadian Pacific Railway
CHEAP RATES

Second Class from Kingston, Sept. 1st, to Oct. 31st, 1907:
$46.00 —Vancouver, Victoria, Seattle, Tacoma, and Portland.
$43.50 —Spokane, Nelson, Rossland.
$43.00 —Missoula, Salt Lake, Helena, Butte.
Proportionately low rates to other points.

KINGSTON TO OTTAWA

Leave Kingston at 12.10 p.m., arrive in Ottawa 4.45 p.m. Direct connections at Renfrew with C.P.R. No. 1, leave Renfrew at 4.15 p.m. for Pembroke, Port Arthur, Winnipeg and Pacific Coast points.
Full particulars at K. & P., and C. P. R. Ticket Office, Ontario St.
F. CONWAY, Gen. Pass. Agent.

Bay of Quinte Railway

New short line for Tweed, Napanee, Deseronto, and all local points. Trains leave City Hall Depot at 4 p.m. R. W. DICKSON, Agent B.Q.Ry., Kingston.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Single First-Class Fare for Hunters.

Good going Oct. 8th to Nov. 5th, to all points on Temiskaming & Northern Ontario Ry. points, Mattawa to Port Arthur, points Aylmer to Waltham, Que., Ste. Adele to Nomining, Que., also to points New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Newfoundland, and going Oct. 24th, to Nov. 5th, to Benetang, Midland, Lakefield, and all stations, Severn to North Bay, Argyle to Coboconk, Lindsay to Haliburton, Madawaska to Depot Harbor and to all points reached by Muskoka Navigation Co., and Huntsville, Lake of Bays & Lake Simcoe Navigation Co.

All tickets are good returning from destination on or before December 7th, 1907.

For full particulars, apply to

J. P. HANLEY, Agent, corner Johnson and Ontario streets.
Cor. Johnson and Ontario Sts.

Quebec Steamship Company
LIMITED
River and Gulf of St. Lawrence

Summer Cruises in Cool Latitude

Twin Screw Iron SS. "Campian," with electric lights, electric bells and all modern comfort.

Sails from Montreal on Monday, 9th and 23rd September, for Pictou, N.S., calling at Quebec, Gaspe, Mal Bay, Perce, Grand River, Summerside, P.E.I. and Charlottetown, P.E.I.

BERMUDA

Summer Excursions, $35 and upwards by the new Twin Screw SS. "Bermudian," 5,500 tons. Sailing from New York 4th, 14th and 25th September. Temperature cooled by sea breezes seldom rises above 80 degrees. The finest trips of the season for health and comfort.

ARTHUR AHERN, Secretary, Quebec
For tickets and staterooms, apply to J. P. HANLEY, or J. P. GILDERSLEEVE, Ticket Agents, Kingston, Ont

BIG GAME SEASON OPENS.

MOOSE, CARIBOU, DEER, BEAR
New Brunswick Sept. 15th.
Quebec September 1st
Nova Scotia October 1st.

Write for Publications

Containing Latest Information About Fishing and Hunting Week in the Canaan Woods, Hunting Grounds of the Micmacs, Big Game of the Southwest Miramichi

Districts, Guides, Routes

—TO—

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

Montreal Office, 141 St. James St.
Toronto Office, 51 King St. East.

Central Passenger Department, Moncton, N.B.

Time Table, Beginning Oct. 13th

STEAMER WOLFE ISLANDER

Leave Wolfe Island:—
Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursdays, Breakey's Bay 6.30—9.30 a.m. 1.00—2.30. p.m.
Friday, 7.30—9.15 a.m. 1.00—3.00 p.m.
Saturday, 8.00—9.15 a.m. 1.00—3.00 p.m.
Sunday 9.30 a.m. 12.30—3.00 p.m.

Leave Kingston
MON., TUES., WED., THURS., FRI., SAT., SUN.
8.30—11.30 a.m. 2.00—4.30 p.m.
Bay, 3.00—7.00 p.m.
10.00 a.m. 1.15—3.30 p.m.

2 o'clock trip from Kingston to Wolfe Island, Spoor's Dock and Simcoe Island.
Time Table subject to change without notice.
Boat calls at Garden Island going to and from Kingston.

E. BRICELAND, Manager.

ALLAN ROYAL MAIL LINE
MONTREAL TO LIVERPOOL

Victorian sails Fri., Oct. 11. Nov. 8.
Corsician sails, Fri., Oct. 18. Nov. 15.
Virginian sails, Fri., Oct. 25. Nov. 21
Tunisian sails Fri., Nov. 1.

MONTREAL TO GLASGOW.

Sicilian sails Thurs., Oct. 17.
Grampian (new), Thurs. Oct. 10. Nov. 14

Rates of Passage and full information may be obtained from J. P. HANLEY, G.T.R., or J. P. GILDERSLEEVE, Clarence street.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine
Carter's Little Liver Pills.
Must Bear Signature of
Brent Good
See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION
GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE
1 Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable. *Brent Good*

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Milled in model mill. For model Canadian Homestead

For all kinds of Family Baking
BEAVER FLOUR
has no equal. It is the only flour blended especially for household use and this blending Manitoba Spring Wheat Ontario Fall Wheat enables the housewife to get the best results. Fall Wheat gives flavor Spring Wheat gives strength.
The best costs no more than the next best. Your grocer should have it for you.
Dealers, write for prices on all kinds of Feeds, Coarse Grains and Cereals.
T. H. Taylor Co., Limited, Chatham. 36

Rheumatics all tell the same story about
Bu-Ju
The Gentle Kidney Pill

Do you live near Picton, Ont., or know anyone who does? Then find out for yourself how Mr. Mills feels about **Bu-Ju.** Is it any wonder he thinks **Bu-Ju** is a life-saver?

"I have used Bu-Ju with great benefit to myself, and cheerfully recommend it to all who are suffering from Rheumatism and Kidney Trouble. I think it is the best remedy made."
JAMES MILLS.

After you have tried **Bu-Ju,** seen how quickly it relieves the pain, and how completely it cures you of Rheumatism, you will gladly recommend **Bu-Ju** to your friends, just as Mrs. Kidd, of Young's Point, Ont., does:

"Have found Bu-Ju very beneficial for Rheumatism. They are certainly a blessing. My husband is also receiving great benefit from Bu-Ju. He has had great pain in the small of his back, but is so much better now."
MRS. A. C. KIDD.

Mr. J. H. Cairncross, of Toronto, urges everyone to give **Bu-Ju** a fair trial. In a signed statement he says, after telling how **Bu-Ju** cured him:

"In my own case I had taken three boxes before I felt I was receiving any benefit."

Bu-Ju must cure you of Kidney and Bladder Troubles and Rheumatism, or your money will be promptly refunded. 50c. a large box. Sent on receipt of price if your druggist does not have it. 77

The Claflin Chemical Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

GILLETT'S GOODS ARE STANDARD ARTICLES

IT IS TO THE ADVANTAGE OF EVERY HOUSEKEEPER IN CANADA TO USE THEM . . . . . .

Magic Baking Powder.
Gillett's Perfumed Lye.
Imperial Baking Powder.
Gillett's Cream Tartar.
Royal Yeast Cakes.
Gillett's Mammoth Blue.
Magic Baking Soda.
Gillett's Washing Crystal.

MADE FOR OVER 50 YEARS.
(ESTABLISHED 1865)

E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
TORONTO, ONT.

Wood's Phosphodine,
The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new blood in old Veins. *Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Sexual Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhœa, and Effects of Abuse or Excesses.* Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. *New pamphlet mailed free.* The Wood Medicine Co. formerly Windsor Toronto, Ont

When you face misfortune it is time to turn your back on discouragement.

MAKE PAPER HERE

GOVERNMENT'S POLICY WITH PULP RESOURCES.

Tenders Have Been Asked For Two New Concessions, But the Raw Material Must Be Manufactured in This Province.

Toronto Globe.

The government will shortly call for tenders for two pulpwood concessions, and in the terms to which the successful bidders will have to agree will be found the keynote of the policy decided upon with regard to future treatment of the pulpwood areas of the province, namely, the manufacture of the raw material into paper in Ontario. The question has lately been more or less a subject for consideration by the cabinet, in view of the many inquiries being made for pulpwood areas in Ontario, and a definite decision has now been reached.

The concessions for which tenders will be called are known as the Nepigon and the Fort Frances concessions, respectively. The areas which they will include were covered by concessions granted some years ago, but which were cancelled because of non-fulfilment of the terms of the agreements. In the case of the Nepigon concession it is said that the territory will not be so extensive as that comprised in the original concession. The agreements will no doubt embrace conditions as to the size of the timber to be cut, the length of time which the concessions are to run, the amount of money to be expended within a specified period on mills and other works, and the dues to be paid for any pine timber cut other than pulpwood, as well as for the latter.

It is probable that these concessions will be the last to be offered for some time to come, for, while every year's work of the provincial survey parties is proving the truth of the statements of those who made the preliminary surveys of New Ontario as the immense extent of the pulpwood resources, much of it is at present commercially inaccessible, but the extensions of railways in the years to come will add immensely to its value.

There is no intention on the part of the government to interfere with concessionaires whose agreements give them the right to export pulp, and it should be borne in mind that in all the concessions so far granted it is expressly provided that the wood must be manufactured into pulp or paper in Ontario. The ground is taken that those people entered into contracts with the government in good faith, and it would be grossly unfair to attempt to change them now, particularly where there is no doubt as to the earnestness of the parties in trying to keep their agreements. Nor can the government put a tax on pulpwood cut on private lands for export. In these cases the exportation could only be affected by a federal export duty, or a federal prohibition of the export of pulpwood which would apply to the whole of the dominion. The government could allow, as in the province of Quebec, the exportation of pulpwood cut on crown lands, charged thereon an extra stumpage to be rebated, as is also the case in the other province named, if such is manufactured into pulp or paper within the provincial boundaries. This and all other aspects of the situation, The Globe understands, were given the most serious consideration, with the result that the course decided upon was the one outlined in the beginning of this statement.

THE PUNISHMENTS

Imposed in Olden Days in Glasgow.

Most interesting glimpses were given into old-time punishments of the city of Glasgow by Detective-Superintendent John Ord at a meeting of the Old Glasgow Club. The pillory was introduced into Glasgow in 1647; and the jougs, the branks—for scolding women—the cutty stool, and the stool of repentance were also used. One of the most common sentences passed by the magistrates was the banishment of offenders beyond the city, death being the penalty if they returned. On September 7, 1605, John M'Cleland, on whom such a sentence had been passed, returned to the city, and was arrested. As no person could be found to carry out the law, M'Cleland's sentence was remitted on his accepting the post of hangman.

In a diary kept by the official in charge of the town officers between 1773 and 1790, Mr. Ord found many curious entries. A woman who stole goods from her employer was sentenced to stand on the stairhead at the Tolbooth with a label on her breast to that effect, and thereafter to be banished from the city. If she returned she was to be whipped out of Glasgow. A man who had been banished for reselling stolen goods returned, and was stripped naked by the hangman, and whipped out the Gallowgate past the tollbar. A case of some interest was that under date 1775, as it referred to a certain Mary M'Lean, who admitted stealing a silver-mounted snuff-box from Captain Paton—the hero of Lockhart's ballad—for which, having been several times in the House of Correction and several times banished for life, she was imprisoned for six months and again banished. While some persons were only banished for periods ranging from one to seven years, others were banished for life. The magistrates continued to exercise this form of punishment for the first twenty or thirty years of last century. Young men convicted of serious crimes were sometimes released on condition that they would enlist in the army. What a change from the present day, when a man required to produce a certificate of character before he could enlist even into the militia! In 1677 the magistrates enacted that only persons born in Glasgow would be allowed to beg in the town, and that they must wear a badge bearing the town's arms.

On Sunday, March 26, 1815, news reached Glasgow that Bonaparte had escaped from Elba. On that day Professor Mylne, conducting service in the College Hall, read the verse from the 25th Paraphrase—

Behold he comes! your Leader comes,
With might and honor crown'd.

Government spies construed this into treason; information was sent to the crown officials at Edinburgh, and the Lord-Advocate and the Sheriff of Lanarkshire precognosced citizens and students who were at the service, as a result of which Professor Mylne was actually arrested on a charge of high treason.

The city guard was established by the magistrates in 1781. All householders, masters of ships, or warehouses, citizens, and inhabitants, whose yearly rents were 40s. and upwards, and who were over 18 and under 60 years of age, except ministers, professors, schoolmasters, physicians and surgeons, and the Faculty of Writers, were obliged in rotation, to the number of 36 each night, to patrol the streets from 10 o'clock, anyone failing to attend being fined 5s. The guard were prohibited from expending in liquor more than 4d per man while on duty, under a penalty of 3s. 0d., and if they went into a house to drink they were fined 5s.

Polyglot Churches.

Some of the church structures recently built in New York city indicate that the old-fashioned steeple is not popular with modern architects. The Madison Square Presbyterian church (Reverend Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst) which has an immense dome, is an example of the new style of ecclesiastical architecture. It is the centre of a group of the most striking buildings in New York. The church proper and the parish house form one structure. The exterior is of brick upon a marble base; the floors, dome and partitions of terra cotta tile blocks, so that safety from fire is assured. The cost of the church and parish house was $325,000.

Another house of worship even stranger is the Broadway Tabernacle (Congregational), which cost $350,000 and has the appearance of a combination church and office building. It is also of fireproof construction, being built of steel protected by hollow terra cotta blocks. The Tabernacle has a tower, but not one commonly associated with churches. All of it is put to use. On its first floor are the Sunday school rooms. Between them and the belfry is room for all activities of the church organization. Mission rooms and a ladies' parlor are on the third floor, the young men's library on the fifth, the sexton's living quarters on the sixth, and a museum on the seventh. Above that is the belfry. In the basement are two spacious halls for all sorts of gatherings.

Far outstripping either of these in cost is the Christian Science church, at Central Park West, which cost $1,300,000 exclusive of the land. It is not really a church, because it has an organization that treats the sick, keeping open seven days in the week; 5,000 persons go there for treatment every year. Marbles were brought from every corner of the globe to line the walls of this edifice. Huge steel girders support the dome and the galleries. Terra cotta tile makes floors and walls irresistible to fire. There are about forty rooms, besides the auditorium.

Ancient Meanings.

Even those who know London have been puzzled by the curious names borne by some localities. "St. Margaret Pattens" has no reference to footwear; "pattens" is a corruption of "patines," plates used for consecrated bread. "St. Mary Woolnoth" took its name from the wool market which once stood near it, "noth" being the old form of "nigh." "St. Mary Axe," popularly pronounced "Simmery Axe," gained its name from a house with the sign of an axe which once stood in the street. "Crutched Friars" does not refer to crippled monks; it merely commemorates the cross worn by an order of friars known as "crossed" friars—"crossed" in course of time becoming "crutched." Threadneedle-street was originally Three Needle-street, from a house bearing a sign of the "Three Needles." Breadstreet was once the only street where bread was sold, while Friday-street was the resort of fishmongers who provided the Friday diet of our pious ancestors.

"Bulls" In The Pulpit.

The saying is well known that "the most dangerous time to be in church is when there's a 'big gun' at the lectern and a 'canon' in the pulpit." That even "bulls" present themselves, from time to time, is also a fact. When the former are properly loaded, and hit in the right place, their services are indispensable; the presence of the latter is to be deplored, generally. For instance, the Rev. Mr. Spooner, a well-known English clergyman, unhappily introduced these "bulls" occasionally. "Who is it," he once exclaimed, "that cannot find in his bosom a *half-warmed fish?*" Now this perhaps might have been excused had not the worthy minister made matters worse by declaring, before his hearers had time to search out the *half-formed wish,* that they would all find a "lead devil" in their graves! Is it to be wondered at that more often they found their "dead level" in suppressed merriment?

The greatest combination in the world is ability, ambition and initiative, seasoned with honesty.

Revenge may be sweet, but seeking it is apt to sour one's disposition.

Better a word in season than an hour's lecture out of season.

Fooled the Doctors and Got Well

GIN PILLS CURE RHEUMATISM

They certainly were a surprised lot of doctors out Tyneside way. They had been treating Mrs. Harris for years. Gave her about everything that was ever heard of for Rheumatism—and then told her the disease was chronic.

A friend told Mrs. Harris about GIN PILLS. Just to oblige her friend, Mrs. Harris took a box. When that was gone, she dismissed the doctors and bought another box of GIN PILLS. By the time these were gone, she was so much better that she bought the third box and laughed every time she saw a doctor.

Tyneside P. O., Aug. 6, 1906.
I received your sample box of Gin Pills, but as there was only enough for a trial I got a box from our druggist, and now I am taking the third box. The pain across my back and kidneys has almost entirely gone, and I am better than I have been for years. I was a great sufferer from Rheumatism, but it has all left me. MRS. T. HARRIS.

The doctors can't explain it. They don't try to. They said Mrs. Harris could not be cured. GIN PILLS cured her. Proof beats explanation all to pieces. Do YOU want proof? Write, mentioning this paper, for a free sample of Gin Pills and try them yourself. Then you will see what Gin Pills will do for YOU. Write now to the Bole Drug Co., Winnipeg, for a free sample.

Sold by dealers everywhere. 50c a box—6 for $2.50. 90

LIPTON'S LIMERICKS

In view of the tremendous interest which has been created through our last Limerick, we have decided to offer larger Prizes, and so that our friends at a distance may have an opportunity of competing this competition will cover a period of three weeks, closing October 17th.

$500.00 IN PRIZES

First Prize, $150 Cash
2nd " 50 "
3rd " 25 "

25 Prizes of $5 Each.
75 Prizes of $2 Each.

The conditions of this competition are perfectly simple. All you have to do is fill in the last line of the Limerick which is shown below and then send it, accompanied by a TIN LID (with label attached) of a package of LIPTON'S TEA, Gold, Red, Pink, Orange, or Blue Label, or LIPTON'S COFFEE, Blue Label, which entitles the reader to send in one Limerick. You may send in as many Limericks as you like so long as a TIN LID accompanies each Limerick.

LIPTON'S
By Special Appointment
TO H.M. THE KING
TEA
The Finest the World Can Produce.
Packed Only in Airtight Tins.
FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERIES.

LIMERICK

A lady of Sault Ste. Marie,
Asked a friend from Toronto to tea,
She wired back, on the spot,
"Is it Lipton's? Eh! what"

.....

I agree to abide by the decision of Editor of The Toronto MAIL AND EMPIRE as final, and enter the competition on that distinct understanding.

Signature .....
Address .....
.....

The competition will be decided by Editor of The Toronto MAIL AND EMPIRE, whose decision must be accepted as final. Envelopes must be addressed "Lipton's Limerick," and sent to MAIL AND EMPIRE, Toronto, Ont., not later than the last mail on Thursday, October 17th.

VOTING CONTEST.

SAMPLE OF BALLOT:
NO. 1 FOR THE MOST POPULAR LADY
VOTING CONTEST
FOR ***LADIES' FUR LINED COAT***
DONATED BY THE JOHN McKAY FUR HOUSE

To "Made in Canada Exhibition" for the benefit of the Kingston General Hospital

This ballot entitles the holder to.....votes

Name.....
Write on this line name of lady for whom you wish to vote

VOTES—5 CENTS EACH.

The 'Happy Thought' Range

In the model Kitchen at the "Made-In-Canada" Exhibition and

The "Capital Favorite" Steel Range

In the Hardware Section, both carry with them our fullest guarantee, just the same as if they were sold from our store. Please remember, too, that every dollar obtained for these Ranges goes directly to "Made-In-Canada."

McKELVEY & BIRCH
69 and 71 BROCK STREET.

Just Arrived
BROWN'S BUTTERSCOTCH and EVERTON TAFFY, 20c. lb., at
A. J. REES, 166 Princess Street

Synopsis of Canadian Northwest HOMESTEAD REGULATIONS.

Any even numbered section of Dominion lands in Manitoba or the North-West Provinces, excepting 8 and 26, not reserved, may be homesteaded by any person the sole head of a family, or male over 18 years of age, to the extent of one-quarter section, of 160 acres, more or less.

Application for homestead entry must be made in person by the applicant at the office of the local Agent or Sub-Agent. Entry by proxy may, however, be made on certain conditions by the father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of an intending homesteader.

An application for entry or inspection made personally at any Sub-Agent's office may be wired to the local Agent by the Sub-Agent, at the expense of the applicant, and if the land applied for is vacant on receipt of the telegram such application is to have priority as the land will be held until the necessary papers to complete the transaction are received by mail.

In case of "personation" the entry will be summarily cancelled and the applicant will forfeit all priority of claim.

An application for inspection must be made in person. The applicant must be eligible for homestead entry, and only one application for inspection will be received from an individual until that application has been disposed of.

A homesteader whose entry is in good standing and not liable to cancellation, may, subject to approval of Department, relinquish it in favor of father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister, if eligible, but to no other, and, on filing declaration of abandonment.

Where an entry is summarily cancelled or voluntarily abandoned, subsequent to institution of cancellation proceedings, the applicant for inspection will be entitled to prior right of entry.

Applicants for inspection must state in what particulars the homesteader is in default, and if subsequently the statement is found to be incorrect in material particulars, the applicant will lose any prior right of re-entry should the land become vacant, or if entry has been granted it may be summarily cancelled.

Duties—A settler is required to perform the conditions under one of the following plans:—

(1) At least six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each year during the term of three years.

(2) If the father (or mother, if the father is deceased) of a homesteader resides upon a farm in the vicinity of the land entered for by such homesteader the requirement as to residence may be satisfied by such person residing with the father or mother.

(3) If the settler has his permanent residence upon farming land owned by him in the vicinity of his homestead, the requirement may be satisfied by residence upon such land.

Before making application for patent the settler must give six months' notice in writing to the Commissioner of Dominion Lands at Ottawa, of his intention to do so.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST MINING REGULATIONS.

Coal.—Coal mining rights may be leased for a period of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 per acre. Not more than 2,560 acres shall be leased to one individual or company. A royalty at the rate of five cents per ton shall be collected on the merchantable coal mined.

Quartz.—A person eighteen years of age, or over, having discovered mineral in place, may locate a claim, 1,500x1,500 feet.

The fee for recording a claim is $5.

At least $100 must be expended on the claim each year or paid to the mining recorder in lieu thereof. When $500 has been expended or paid, the locator may, upon having a survey made, and upon complying with other requirements, purchase the land at $1 per acre.

The patent provides for the payment of a royalty of 2 1-2 per cent. on the sales.

Placer mining claims generally are 100 feet square, entry fee $5, renewable yearly.

An applicant may obtain two leases to dredge for gold of five miles each for a term of twenty years, renewable at the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The lessee shall have a dredge in operation within one season from the date of the lease for each five miles. Rental, $10 per annum for each mile of river leased. Royalty at the rate of 2 1-2 per cent. collected on the output after it exceeds $10,000.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorised publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

HERE'S SOMETHING NEW IN POST CARDS
Greetings from Kingston,
"Life Models" and Kingston Views.
Come in and have a look.
T. McAuley.

COAL!
The sudden changes in weather ought to suggest the wisdom of putting in some good Coal. We sell good Coal. It's the kind that sends out the most heat, and makes the home comfortable; it's the best money can buy, and there is none better mined.
We deliver it to you clean and without slate, at the very bottom prices.
BOOTH & CO.,
Phone 133. Foot of West St

Alarm Clocks
You need an Alarm Clock to get you up these dark mornings. Our clocks are all guaranteed and range from $1 up.
Kinnear & d'Esterre,
Jewelers
100 Princess St.
Phone 336.

GASOLINE
Put in Your Tank at Our Dock.
A large stock of Dry Batteries, Spark Plug and Coils always on hand.
SELBY & YOULDEN,
LIMITED.

THE FRONTENAC
LOAN AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY
ESTABLISHED 1863.
President—Sir Richard Cartwright
Money loaned on City and Farm Properties. Municipal and County Debentures. Mortgages purchased. Deposits received and interest allowed.
S. C. McGill, Managing Director.
Office, 87 Clarence street, Kingston.

A thousand men do a thing so-so and exist on liver to one who does it well and commands his own price.