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MR. BUILDER,

DEAR SIR:

We have a fine lot of well manufactured HEMLOCK, SPRUCE, and PINE LUMBER in the rough.

Can dress or match it to your order on the shortest notice.

Would be pleased to give you further particulars upon inquiry.

YOURS TRULY,

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You get genuine Scranton, as he handles nothing else.

Wood's Phosphodine, The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new blood in old veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Sexual Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhœa, and Effects of Abuse or Excesses. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet free. The Wood Medicine Co. (formerly Windsor) Toronto, Ont.

Fine Salt—that dissolves quickly on the food—flavouring deliciously—never gritty, never bitter, WINDSOR TABLE SALT, of course! 148

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Carpenter and Jobber,
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Real Estate Headquarters

If you want to buy or sell City Property, go to a man who makes a specialty of same.

GEO. CLIFF,
95 Clarence St., Opposite Post Office
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Now's the Time for Filling Up

If your coal bin is empty or even half full. It's folly to wait until you have to scrape up the last scuttleful from the bottom of the bin. Order now, get the benefit of lowest market prices and run no risk of delay on account of earlier orders. Finest grades of cleaned coal at

R. CRAWFORD
Phone 9. Foot of Queen St

THE WHIG, 74th YEAR

DAILY BRITISH WHIG, published each evening at 306-310 King street, Kingston, Ontario, at $6 per year. Editions at 2:30 and 4 o'clock.

WEEKLY BRITISH WHIG, 12 page and over, published in parts on Monday and Thursday morning at $1 a year.

Attached is one of the best Job Printing Offices in Canada; rapid, stylish and cheap work; nine improved presses.

The British Whig Publishing Co., Lt'd.
EDW. J. B. PENSE,
Managing Director.

Daily Whig.

TRICKS OF A TROUBLER.

Mr. Borden is not the fair man he poses as. At the Pacific coast, where the anti-Asiatic feeling is intense, he was crowded by the Exclusion League into giving an opinion, and took a night to think over what he had to say. Then, at a political meeting, where anything goes in the way of a charge against the other side, he held the federal government responsible for the situation. It imposed an onerous and odious treaty upon the people. Was that a correct statement?

After the Russian war Great Britain made a treaty which provided for freedom of travel and immigration "between Japan and the British empire." The Canadian parliament gave its consent so far as the treaty affected it commercially. Mr. Borden says the government should have anticipated the consequences? Did he do this? Did he foresee the roundabout away in which the Japanese are reaching Canada, from Hawaii, and did he raise his voice in parliament in a noisy protest against it? Had he the prescience which he expected government to display, and if so why did he not put himself on record as one repudiating the treaty?

Mr. Borden sneers at Mr. Macpherson, M.P., one of the fiercest oriental-ists at the coast, and wants to know why he did not make a row in parliament, when something would have been accomplished by it? Mr. Macpherson can very conveniently ask what Mr. Borden was thinking about, when the treaty was under consideration, and why he did not make his "kick against it?" Mr. Borden has not done himself any credit by his pronouncement at the coast.

OUR LAND OF PROMISE.

To Canada's unprecedented prosperity is due, it seems, the later Asiatic invasion. So it is learned from late reports. The Chinese were the first to emigrate (under conservative government) and a cure was found in the head tax, which began with $50 and was gradually increased to $500. Ten years ago the Japanese began to enter Canada, and so numerously that an exclusion law was suggested. Chamberlain, then colonial secretary, suggested an educational test, and the federal government disallowed it. Later the imperial government arranged the agreement by which the number of Japanese admitted to Canada in any one year would not exceed 600.

Peace reigned until the Hindoos, ex-soldiers of the British army in China, heard about this land of promise, and largely emigrated. The first contingent, arriving late in the season, suffered much. Many died. But the survivors, in the next summer, thrived. They wrote to their friends, and this alien blood again poured in. The fury of the people against Oriental subjugation was at once revived. The only test that can be applied — of money and present independence—has been defeated by the showing which the Hindoos and Japs have made. For the time being, the Canadian government is helpless.

The Japanese, against whom the hatred is intense, are coming from Hawaii, which is under American rule, and yet they are excluded from the mainland of the United States. The new treaty between the British empire and Japan is being examined into. It may have wiped out the old arrangement respecting a limited emigration, and it may not. The Canadian government is investigating and negotiating, and without creating international troubles relief will be found if possible.

Meanwhile these Orientals are tantalizing in their attitude. They remind Canada that it wants population, and they affect surprise that they should be objected to when they are willing to work and so develop the marvellous resources of this fair country. The Chinese and Hindoos are humble in their bearing. The Japanese regard themselves as a superior race, and aim to become active in business, the managers and employers of men, and eventually the captains of industry.

A DRAMATIC COURT INCIDENT.

While the railwaymen were laying their views before the attorney-general, in the interest of a course which might mitigate the prosecution following railway accidents, so lightening the nervous strain which these prosecutions involved, a dramatic event was transpiring at Hhitby.

A C.P.R. conductor was on trial for manslaughter, the indictment being incidental to the accident near Myrtle, in consequence of which two men were killed. The conductor and his engineer had received orders to pass a certain train, but in a fog another train was seen, (not its number), and presuming that it was the one referred to in the despatch, no stop was made. The smash up and fatality followed.

The evidence was strongly against the conductor. The judge was unfavorable in his charge. The verdict was "not guilty," and Justice MacMahon was so astonished that he remarked: "I hope, gentlemen of the jury, if you should happen to be on a train when there is a collision and you are injured, your ideas of the duty and care of officials will change." The Globe quotes the foreman as saying that the verdict was influenced by sentimental reasons. The judge said the verdict "should be manslaughter or nothing." It was felt that manslaughter would call for too severe a penalty, and so the alternative was "nothing."

The conductor himself deprecated the idea that a jury by making an example of him, could prevent mishaps. "Accidents," said he, "will happen so long as trains run in opposite directions on a single track." And he could have added, "so long as men will take chances and fail to carry out literally and fully the orders they are given." No one wants to see the railway men harshly dealt with, but the people who travel depend upon them for the protection of their lives, and they want to feel that they are not placing this confidence in the train employees in vain.

The deputation to the government gave expression to a very serious thought—that the conditions of their service make for errors of judgment, lapses of memory and accidents. This statement should be laid before the management of the railways, and the "superior officers" should be made to realize that they are more responsible than the subordinates for the almost daily record of deaths upon the rail.

THE INTEREST OF LABOR.

The meeting of the Trades and Labour Council, in Winnipeg, attracted considerable attention, by reason of the subjects which were discussed. First there was the Lemieux act. The impression was spread abroad, by tory prints, that the labour party was not satisfied with it, and one or two delegates did attack it in an irrational way. The sentiments they expressed, however, were personal or political. They may have represented a party which, when in power, did nothing to earn the respect or gratitude of the workingmen, and in opposition are given to the ignoble occupation of spreading discontent.

Organized labour has put itself on record, through the executive of the Trades and Labour Council, as in favour of the Lemieux Act, as heartily endorsing it in principle, and of desiring its provisions to be extended so that they may cover every labour dispute and every class and division of wage workers. The vote on this point was overwhelmingly large, this despite the fact that some tory emissaries did what they could indirectly to produce a different result.

The Asiatic immigration was a difficult matter. The council viewed it with alarm, and felt that the only course Canada could pursue was to repeal the treaty which permitted of the invasion. The appeal to the prime minister evoked the only sensible reply—that the treaty with Japan was not the act of one sect or one party, but the unanimous expression of parliament in the interest of that wider commercial relationship which circumstances had suggested. The premier promised, however, an inquiry into all the facts. The convention was dissatisfied, and some of its members talked of taking the issue to the polls.

This is the correct resort. The issue is not a political one. That foreign labour is crowding into Western Canada, that it is supplanting white labour, to some extent, that some of it is exempt from the poll tax which is levied on the Chinese, is troublesome enough, particularly so in the case of the Japs. But when international complications are possible, the government cannot, dare not, act impetuously. So say liberals and conservatives alike, for there would be no sense in any one party assuming an attitude which time and circumstances would not justify.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The manufacturers do not want the Anglo-Japanese treaty denounced. There's money in it.

Wages are rising. Why not the pay of average juryman more? Judge MacMahon endorses the demands for higher rewards.

Steel-clad, fire and collision-proof cars are now being made. A contingency of their use will be armoured engineers, firemen and brakesmen.

The Laurier government responsible for an increase in crime. So George Johnson, ex-dominion statistican, alleges. Isn't he a curiosity?

With the advent of the proper season the expected has happened. An amateur hunter shot his companion having, in the distance, mistaken him for a deer.

When the Anglo-Japanese treaty was before the Commons Mr. Borden did not say a word in disapproval. His reference to it in Vancouver is not sensible or statesmanlike.

Commissioner Stone recommends the appointment of advisory committees for the Deaf and Dumb Asylum, Belleville, and the Blind Asylum at Brantford for the Deaf and Dumb Asylum, Belleville. The tasks of the hour?

The Christian Guardian castigates Mr. Borden and Mr. Aylesworth because they have indulged in the "filthy, reckless, mud-slinging business." Reproof from so impartial a source will be kindly received. 6

An audience of three hundred persons heard Mr. Bourassa at Ormstown, Que. The point of his talk was that he had the offer of a seat in the Quebec government and did not accept it. That was his mistake.

Before the manufacturers in Toronto, J. A. Emery, a distinguished economist, advocated the training of our boys along the lines which promised him the greatest usefulness. Some one should present a copy of this address, suitably mounted to the minister of education.

Following a fierce discussion on the fiscal policy of Canada, Mr. Whitney, at the C. M. A. banquet said the people were united on the tariff question, and "it would be like bringing coals to Newcastle to again discuss the question." Was there a reproof implied in this?

A DOCTOR'S RUNAWAY.

Verona is Rather a Busy Place.

Verona, Sept. 25.—Rev. Emerson Snider, Uxbridge; Mrs. Anson Grant and brother, Miles Snider, Gananoque, have been called home to attend at the bedside of their aged father, who is very ill. Mrs. McKnight, Westport, visiting her sister, Mrs. McMullen, for some weeks, returned home. Archibald Asselstine returned to Alameda last week. F. Burley is relieving Henry Jackson, Camden East, while the latter is at camp. Jack Frost made his appearance here this season. Levi Tryon arrived home from Lake Temagami, bringing with him some of the fine fish in those waters, weighing some thirty pounds. F. Simmons is at Fairhaven, N.Y. When he returns he will find a little lodger at his home; it's a boy. T. Riser has started to operate his new mill and is receiving good patronage.

Another accident happened to an old and respected resident. While William Hamilton was getting on the train at Sharbot Lake, last week, he reached for the hand rail, slipped, fell, and broke his leg. He is in the general hospital, Kingston. Judge Madden motored out from Napanee, on Friday, in time to open court.

Andrew Graham is visiting his son at Ottawa. Joseph Percy and wife spent last Saturday and Sunday with Mr. Pringle, Camden East. Miss Edith Look and Miss Winnie Claxton are at Belleville Ladies' College. Ethel McMullen is attending school at Westport. Francis Keates is at Parham. Miss Hattie Davidson, Kingston, who won the Nichol scholarship, this summer, was a caller in the village, Friday. Miss Maggie Keates is visiting at Ottawa.

The song service held in the Methodist church, Sunday evening, was of a high order, and much appreciated by the large congregation present. Mrs. Claxton is the organist. An interesting paper was read by the Rev. Mr. Churchill, minister in charge, on the doings of the late conference. Division court was held on Friday.

Dr. Ballantyne's horse ran away last week. The doctor was thrown out but fortunately received no serious injury. The horse was caught after running some distance. Mr. Simmons' mill, South Verona, had a by fire last week. The friends of Mr. narrow escape from being destroyed Harrison, superintendent of the mines, are sorry to hear of his sad accident lately.

Miss Florence Trousdale is visiting at Harrowsmith. Rev. Mr. Ferguson and wife are expected back to take up their abode here. J. Brown and H. B. Percy made a short call at "The View" Wednesday.

Wagarville Waffs.

Wagarville, Sept. 27.—Farmers have begun their fall ploughing. A few have started digging their potatoes and report them very good. Quite a number from here attended Parham fair. Frank McCumber is home from Brownville. William A. Wagar and family have left for Cobalt. Miss Edith Cronk is spending a few days at Selby, Misses Lena and Josephine Wagar are spending a couple of weeks at their home here. Miss Hattie Wagar, Enterprise, has been visiting friends here. Bert Wagar is home for a few days from Gananoque. Mrs. E. Walker and daughter, Oreta, of Mississippit, spent a week here. George Raymond has rented M. Cronk's place for a year. John Wagar has gone to live with his father, Philip Wagar. Mr. and Mrs. George Black, Tamworth, visited M. Cronk.

Well-off Farmer Murdered.

Colbrook, N.H., Sept. 28.—The authorities are searching for the perpetrator of an atrocious murder, the victim being David Laughlin, a well-to-do farmer of South Columbia. Laughlin's body was found in a shed in the rear of Lombard Bros.' store. His throat was cut and his body shockingly mutilated. He was supposed to have had a large amount of money with him, but a search if his clothing revealed only twelve cents. Laughlin was about sixty-five years old. Louis Gadway, a gardener, was detained in connection with an investigation of the murder. Gadway denied all knowledge of the affair, but admitted that he was with Laughlin in the store of Harry Legro a short time before Laughlin's mutilated body was found in a shed. According to the authorities, there had been a quarrel between the two over a woman.

When a man with a square jaw marries a woman with a will of her own then comes the tug of war.

Hyacinth bulbs, 8c. and 10c., at Chown's.

SPIRIT OF THE PRESS

Bread vs. Pie.

Toronto Star.

Bread in Ottawa is twelve cents a loaf. But little does Ottawa care, being one of those superior cities in which government officials who do not live on cake eat pie.

The Receipts And Losses.

Exchange.

One hundred Chinamen paid the $500 poll tax, and were admitted into Canada. The fifty thousand dollars the country is ahead by them represents about ten per cent. of what these almond-eyed soldiers of fortune will take home to the Flowery Kingdom say ten years from now.

Hitting The Wrong Man.

Hamilton Times.

It remained for the Mail and Empire to suggest the suspicion that the Japanese immigration is chargeable to W. T. R. Preston, who is now in Japan. The fact that the Japanese immigrants are not coming from Japan, but from Hawaii, doesn't bother the cheerful idiot of the Mail a bit.

No Great Alarm.

Victoria Times, Conservative.

"Very promptly and very properly the Ottawa government has refused to entertain the suggestion of the Trades and Labor Congress that notice should be given of the abrogation of the treaty with Japan. Only desperate disease require desperate remedies, and the country is not yet in extremes over the invasion from the Orient."

Workers Not In It.

Brantford Expositor.

President Cockshutt, of the Manufacturers' Association, views with alarm the advance in wages that employees have been getting. According to his own figures the number of employees has increased 13.8 per cent. from the years 1900 to 1905, and in the same period there has been an increase of forty-five per cent. in the wages paid. But the products of the factories have increased nearly fifty per cent. in the same time, and prices have arisen. All the advantage has not been secured by the workers.

Something To Leave.

Montreal Star.

The national policy was not intended to enrich a few manufacturers, but to pour the proceeds of prosperity into the laps of the nation. It is not only amongst the members of the Manufacturers' Association that we ought to hear of benefits arising from our protective tariff, but from the labor organizations composed of the men on the pay rolls of these industries. If protection does not raise wages as well as increase profits, it is not a national policy, but a magnate's policy.

Help From Tweed.

Tweed News.

Among other departments of the "Made-In-Canada" exhibition, in Kingston, will be the farm products' booth, in which a display will be made of all the various fruits, vegetables, grains, etc., grown in this part of Camda. After the fair is over this produce will be sold and the proceeds go to the aid of the hospital. An appeal has been made to the farmers of this vicinity to contribute to this department, and circulars have been sent out by the Deseronto Milling company, stating that any contributions left at the company's mill in Tweed will be forwarded, with their own contribution, on Friday morning, October 4th. It is to be hoped that a generous response will be made to this, the first appeal that has been made for aid, and that the shipment from Tweed will be a big one. It is understood that many of those who will exhibit at the Tweed fair on October 2nd will hand over their produce, etc., to J. J. Armstrong, at the Deseronto Milling company's office and have it sent to the exhibition at Kingston.

Glendower Gleanings.

Glendower, Sept. 27.—The late rains have softened the ground for farmers to plough, but not much water in the wells yet. Quite a number attended the Parham fair. Mrs. M. L. Gowdy, at Sanford Leeman's; Mrs. Amos Tyo is on the sick list. J. Babcock is very poorly with rheumatism. Joseph Hasey passed through here.

"Gee,—that Malta-Vita is great—I feels as I could kick 'sky-high.'" The KID.

Malta-Vita is a good substitute for medicine, especially when taken in the morning. You keep your "ginger" up all day. It's a brain feeder, and a strength maker. The malt's a tonic and—it's always delicious.

The best cereal that ever went onto a table.

Malta-Vita 10¢

A Favorite in Overcoats.

Our Black Cheviot Silk Faced Overcoats are, perhaps, the most admired Overcoats, in our entire line.

There's an air of elegance about these Coats not to be found in any other style.

Again this style of Overcoat is cut in medium length and is of medium weight Fabric, which makes it an appropriate Coat for all times and all occasions.

It's a Garment for Each Season.

$13.50 & $15.

The man who appreciates a handsome Overcoat will be greatly interested in this special style.

THE H. D. BIBBY CO.

FASHIONABLE CLOTHIERS.

SHARPTON BUDGET.

State of the Crops—Chat and Reminiscenses.

Sharpton, Sept. 26.—Since the 10th of September there has been quite a lot of rain for growth. The warm weather and absence of frost have contributed greatly to help pastures along. Very late corn is still growing. Potato tops with the exception of a few pieces, are all dead. A great deal of buckwheat has been ploughed up and what was left for crop is not very good. Should the weather continue warm and no frost throughout the greater part of October, it would do considerable in the solution of the fodder shortage problem. With hay at $20 per ton, we are getting a taste of what we predicted months ago, that fooder would be unusually high. The pastures are at best only half good, and as a result cows are gradually declining in their milk. The cheese factories will close early, and many milch cows will be dried up early, seems now inevitable. As the ground is only wet a little on top it is hard to plough.

J. Redden, T. Revelle and A. Koen have done a great deal of work for the township council, on the roads in this vicinity. Some pieces of corn are running a race with the frost. Mr. Adair is tax-collector and it is said taxes will be about the same as last year. The many friends of Philip Oswald will be glad to hear of his escape from the boat which was burned to the water's edge in Toronto harbor. He is a nephew and brother of B. Toomey and B. Oswald, Odessa, respectively. R. Parks is brakesman on the G. T. R.

B. Parks who has rented a farm in Fredericksburgh will move thither next spring. As fodder corn is scarce, filling silos is not so usual this fall. This is the second year that the township of Kingston has had local option. As the evenings lengthen people will be inclined to congregate to discuss the current topics of the day. It is remarkable the increased facilities for obtaining news as compared with fifty or even twenty-five years ago. Then it was that one paper had to do several families, but now most every home receives several papers. It is truly remarkable the cheapness of newspapers when we consider the advance of late years in all other things we have to buy.

The school is successfully conducted by Miss Bartley. Visitors: Miss Pearl Taylor attended Napanee fair. Miss M. Taylor with friends at Hartington. Miss N. Drumm, Belleville, Miss N. Kearns, Centreville, and J. Drumm, Enterprise, at D. Karin's.

Toledo Topics.

Toledo, Sept. 25.—Miss Lizzie Coughlin attended the Ottawa exhibition. Samuel McCrea Edgar, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. James Edgar, died on Tuesday evening, 17th inst. after a short illness. The funeral was conducted on Thursday by Rev. Mr. Beckstedt, from the residence to the Presbyterian church and thence to the cemetery. The sympathy of the entire community is extended to the parents. The little child was an unusually bright, clever boy and his bright cheery voice will long be remembered by all who knew him. J. Brounton has moved into the residence lately vacated by Mr. Dunham. Miss Agnes Smith visited friends at McIntosh's Mills recently. The little son of C. A. Wood, jr., who was quite ill, is recovering. Miss Maud Singleton returned home this week after spending the past couple of months with friends in Merrickville, Spencerville and Ogdensburg. Mr. and Mrs. S. Lewis, Smith's Falls, visited friends here last Sunday. Dr. Kenney, I.P.S., Brockville, paid his official visit to the school here on Friday, 20th inst.

SEALED TENDERS ADDRESSED to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Southampton Wharf Extensions," will be received at this office until Friday, October 25, 1907, inclusively, for the construction of an extension to Wharf at Southampton Harbour of Bruce County, Ontario, according to a plan and specification to be seen at the offices of J. G. Sing, Esq., Engineer in charge, Confederation Life Building, Toronto; H. J. Lamb, Esq., Resident Engineer, London, Ont., on application to the Postmaster of Southampton, Ont., and at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed form supplied, and signed with the actual signatures of tenderers.

An accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, for four thousand dollars ($4,000.00), must accompany each tender. The cheque will be forfeited if the person tendering declines the contract or fail to complete the work contracted for, and will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
FRED. GELINAS,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, September 25, 1907.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.

Tenders for Coal and Wood.

Tenders addressed to the City Clerk will be received up to noon of the 2nd DAY OF OCTOBER, proximo, for 100 tons more or less, of anthracite coal, and 10 cords more or less of hardwood, foot long, and one cut, to be delivered in such quantities and in such places as ordered at the City Buildings and Fire Hall.

W. W. SANDS,
City Clerk.

Sept. 26th, 1907.

N.B.—Tenderers will note altered terms of above.

Nurses' & Mothers' Treasure—most reliable medicine for baby. Used over 50 years. First compounded by Dr. P. E. Picault in 1855.

Makes Baby Strong

Restores the little organs to perfect health. Gives sound sleep, without resort to opium or other injurious drugs. At druggists', 25c. 6 bottles $1.25. National Drug & Chemical Co. Ltd., Montreal

MONEY IN CANARIES

More profitable than poultry. Experience unnecessary. We give advice free. Our new 192 page book, "Money in Canaries," tells all about it. With book we send free, if you name this paper, a 10c. packet BIRD BREAD. Also, "How to Rid Birds of Lice," and "Bird Magazine." Send 2c. in stamps or coin. Refunded if you buy birds from us. Birds shipped anywhere any time. Write us before buying. Address:

COTTAM BIRD SEED
82 Bathurst St., London, Ont.

Court of Revision.

TAKE NOTICE THAT THE COUNTY Judge will hold a Court for the Revision of the Voters List for the Township of Pittsburg, on the 8th day of October, 1907, at the hour of 2 o'clock p.m., at the Township Hall, Barriefield.

All persons interested will govern themselves accordingly.

WM. MURRAY,
Township Clerk.

FOR THE HOUSEKEEPER.

Roll Bacon, 12½c. per lb. For a quick dinner try our Hamburg Steak or Blood Pudding. H. J. MYERS, 60 Brock St.

EX-Govern
Endorses
As a Catarrh
Remedy.

Responsible People.

PEOPLE occupying positions of h responsibility and trust are alw very busy people.

They have little or no time to dev to side issues.

It is therefore very rare that such p ple are willing to write testimonials anything.

Then again there is a natural d dence in giving public endorsement any commercial enterprise on the p of people who are much before public.

Rare Endorsements.

It is thus that it is very rare that p le officials, like governors, congr men, consuls, senators, etc., give pu endorsement to a proprietary m cine.

It is therefore a great triumph t Peruna has the unqualified endo ment of so many men in official p tion.

Scores of public officials of natio reputation have enthusiastically clared in favor of Peruna in pu print over and over again.

A Startling Fact.

There is no way to account for suc startling fact as this except that Per has extraordinary unusual merit.

After all, people high and low, constituted very much alike.

New Duches

Angella Underskirt
Heatherbloom Und
Franklin Silk Und

These materials ra or geo grain, does not more durable.

Mantles.

The Coat rush is now at

SPENCE'S

A HURRY ORDER

We'll handle your coal ord without delay, and guarantee y coal quality that won't fail get your approval.

Large or Small Order Given Ready Attention

And in addition to giving you t best coal, we put it where y want it without causing you di or useless worry.

The Frontenac Lumbe and Coal Company.

A. CHADWICK, MANAGER

Successors of The Rathbur Company. Phone No. 67.

When a crowd of women have lately, nothing to talk about, start in saying anything about ot hers.