The Swell Shoe

Always makes a favorable impression on a woman of refinement. If this Shoe has also an appearance o substance, it wins her favor every time.

THE CINDERELLA SHOE

Is of this sort. has got the style and the substance and appeals to the wise woman. They sell at $3.00.

H. JENNINGS, KING ST

VOTERS' LIST, 1907.

Municipality of the Township of Wolfe Island, County of Frontenac.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in sections 8 and 9, of the Ontario Voters' List Act, the copies required by said sections to be so transmitted or delivered of the list, made pursuant to said Act, of all persons appearing by the last revised Assessment Roll of the said Municipality to be entitled to vote in the said Municipality at Elections for Member of the Legislative Assembly and at Municipal Elections; and that the said list was first posted at my office, at Wolfe Island, on the 9th day of August, 1907, and remains there for inspection.

Electors are called upon to examine the said list, and, if any omissions or any other errors are found therein, to take immediate proceedings to have the said errors corrected according to law.

D. J. DAWSON,
Township Clerk.

Dated at Wolfe Island, this 8th day of August, 1907.

T. McAuley

HAS REMOVED TO

93 Princess St.

Between Corbett's Hardware Store and Taylor & Hamilton's, directly opposite Angrove's.

COME AND SEE US

'Phone No. 725.

If you wish to be successful attend The

Kingston Business College

Limited, head of Queen street.

Canada's Highest Grade

Business school. Bookkeeping, shorthand, typewriting, telegraphy, and all commercial subjects thoroughly taught by competent experienced teachers. Day and night classes. Enter at any time. Rates very moderate. 'Phone, 440.

H. F. METCALFE, President.
J. E. CUNNINGHAM, Secretary.

When You Buy

COAL

From

P. WALSH

You get genuine Scranton, as he handles nothing else.

COAL!

The sudden changes in weather ought to suggest the wisdom of putting in some good Coal. We sell good Coal. It's the kind that sends out the most heat, and makes the home comfortable; it's the best money can buy, and there is none better mined.

We deliver it to you clean and without slate, at the very bottom prices.

BOOTH & CO.,
Phone 133. Foot of West St

New England Chinese Restaurant, 331 King Street.
'PHONE 655.

Regular Dinner, 11 a.m. to 3 p.m., 25c. 5 Tickets for $1. Also meals to order, at all hours as before, 9 a.m. to 3.30 a.m. LEE JUE, Proprietor.

New York Chinese Restaurant
83 Princess Street
Open from 10.30 a.m. to 3.00 a.m

The best place to get an all round Lunch in the city. Meals of all kinds on shortest notice. English and Chinese Dishes a specialty.

Wm. Murray, Auctioneer
27 BROCK ST.

New Carriages, Cutters, Harness etc., for sale.
Sale of Horses every Saturday

One kind of underwear, and only one, fits right, wears out slowest, and satisfies you from the day you buy it. That kind is trademarked (as above) in red, and guaranteed to you by stores that sell it and the people who make it. Made in many fabrics and styles, at various prices, in form-fitting sizes for women, men and children. Look for the PEN-ANGLE. 207

RUB-A-DUB-DUB.

Rub-a-dub-dub, three men in a tub
Set forth to sail on the lakes;
Let the wind blow a gale—
They'll be hearty and hale;
For their larder holds

Toasted Corn Flakes

"The Flavor That Grows in Favor."

Sanitas Toasted Corn Flakes digests easily in the weakest stomach—good for the sick as well as the well. It has a flavor so different and so delicious that it tempts you to make a hearty meal of it.

Your Grocer Sells It.

Battle Creek Toasted Corn Flake Co., Limited
LONDON - - - - - CANADA

THE OLD AND THE YOUNG THE STRONG and THE WEAK

During the Summer Months are Subject to Sudden Attacks of Bowel Disturbance Such as Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Colic, Pain in the Stomach and Summer Complaint, and the Children get Cholera Infantum and Cholera Morbus.

DR. FOWLER'S EXTRACT OF WILD STRAWBERRY

is a perfect specific for all bowel complaints. It has been in use in thousands of families for the past sixty-two years and we have yet to hear a complaint of it not giving perfect satisfaction.

Do not let an unscrupulous druggist talk you into buying a cheap substitute. Insist on getting DR. FOWLER'S. Price 35 cents. Manufactured by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Mrs. C. W. Brown, Grand Harbor, N.B., writes: "I consider DR. FOWLER'S EXTRACT OF WILD STRAWBERRY to be the best remedy for Summer Complaint, as it cured me of a very bad case. I can recommend it highly to any one."

Beware of imitations and substitutes.

Better than Bleaching

Don't rot your white waists and linen, when yellow, by using powders or soaps full of strong acids. Dye them.

Maypole Soap

gives bright, even, fast shades, contains nothing that will injure the most delicate fabric. Cleans while it colours. All dealers'. Colours, 10c. Black, 15c. Book on Home-Dyeing, sent with full-size cake (mention shade) for 10c. Send 15c. if black is desired. 22
F. L. Benedict & Co., Montreal, P.Q.

The girl of matchless beauty is never matchless.

TRIP WITH FISHERMEN

THE TEEMING LIFE OF THE OCEAN.

Herring Shoals Grow, Despite Onslaught From Many Enemies.

Gaspe Basin, Canada, Aug. 9.—A trip with the fishermen who go out to meet the great armies of herring on their leisurely semi-annual migration to the spawning grounds is a revelation in the way of affording a conception of the immense number of these fish.

It i seven exciting to catch a sight of the herring school for the first time. The sea glitters far as the eye can reach with the reflected sheen from the silver-sided multitude. The air vibrates with the wings of innumerable gannets and other gulls, swooping as often as appetite calls to snatch another meal from the prodigal provision beneath. There is a splashing, romping fringe on three sides of seals, white, piglike porpoises, little blue herring sharks, and now and then the flutelike tail of a grampus, standing bolt upright a dozen feet out of the water.

The great curtain nets, as well as the seines, have to be of the stoutest materials, or they would be, as indeed they often are, smashed by the dead weight of the multitude. The side ropes and meshes are at certain seasons incrusted several inches thick with herring spawn, which gives the water a milky appearance for miles. But all this does not give one such an idea of the amazing size of these silver-clad armies of the sea as does a walk on the beach in some of the New Brunswick coasted counties after a heavy gale in the spawning time. The eggs of the herring fall at that season through the water, and in gummy clusters affix themselves to rocks and stones at the bottom.

Each one is about a quarter of an inch in size, protected by a fairly stout gelatinous horny shell. These are often thrown out by heavy gales, and lie upon the shore knee-deep. Farmers busy themselves for days carting these eggs to their fields where they form a valuable manure.

An observer in Pleasant Bay, on the Magdalen Islands, reported that the sand was "covered two or three feet deep with them for several miles." No uninstructed person could believe that these incredible masses of marine flotsam were of animal origin. There are thousands of tons of them, each ton aggregating millions of potential herrings.

The shoals of herrings are never appreciably smaller, in spite of the vast quantities of spawn thus destroyed by gales or high tides. Each herring, it has lately been demonstrated, produces about 30,000 eggs each season. The old naturalists used to calculate the number as ten times as great.

The fishermen take thousands of barrels of mature herrings each year. The lobster fishery alone uses 40,000 barrels for bait; the cod fishery many times that number. The manufacture of herring oil disposes of immense quantities also. Each barrel of fish produces nearly three gallons of oil and a fifth of a ton of expensive fish guano. Only the best fish are barreled for sale.

On the Pacific coast the fish are even more numerous than on this side of the continent. In one year one of the American companies, the Alaska Oil and Guano Company, shipped 172,000 gallons of herring oil, 1,200 tons of guano and 192 barrels of choice herrings. This represented about 60,000 barrels of herrings. Hundreds of thousands of barrels are taken altogether in American waters each year.

How these prodigious armies of fish get their living in the sea has only been exactly determined during the past few years. In fact experiments to perfect the proof are still going on along this coast.

Following to a logical conclusion the argument that all animal life depends directly or indirectly upon the vegetable kingdom, a dragnet composed of the finest sort of bolting cloth as used by millers was drawn slowly behind a steamer across a bay. An acre of salt water, it was discovered, produces about as much vegetation in a year as an acre of good meadow land.

One great naturalist has computed that if one of the countless number of varying minute organisms was allowed perfect development without any counteracting destruction for one month the product would be a mass of protoplasm many times larger than the sun. One little plant manipulates itself by breaking in two about five times a day, and becomes mature in three hours.

An immense number of tiny animals browse upon this rapidly-increasing herbage, and together with it constitute plankton, which is the scientific name for this prepared ration of meat and greens dealt out in amazing quantities at Nature's free lunch counter.

The herring family is provided with an automatic straining apparatus of the utmost fineness whereby as they breathe the water through their gills, they unconsciously sift out their daily food. Thus they have the happiness of feeding without effort and of finding their supplies without exertion, and thus they stand at the very apex of idealistic trampdom.

To one who knows the secret of the green coloring of the ocean, the wonder is not how does its countless animals get their living, but how the amazing vegetation of the plankton can possibly be kept under, even by the multitudinous grazing things which throng those aqueous pasturages.

The Fraternal Spirit.

"The time had come," recently spoke that great leader, the Bishop of London, "to look upon the Nonconformists of England as something more than an integral part of the religious life of England. They formed almost half the Christians. Was it quite Christian to ignore the existence of the Nonconformist minister in the country town or village? It did not mean that they were to preach in his chapel or invite him to their church—such short cuts to reunion defeated their own purpose: it did not mean that they were to cease to preach and teach the Catholic truth of Christendom clearly and effectively; but it did mean that they were to recognize him as a Christian brother shepherding his own flock in his own way, and teaching them to love and follow Jesus Christ. So far from such a spirit being inconsistent with sound church principles, the contrary was the case, and all over the country it was the strong, convinced churchman, who knew his own principles and was not ashamed of them, who was living on more brotherly terms than anyone else with his Nonconformist neighbor."

A BUSINESS PARABLE.

You Can't Fail to Appreciate the Point.

Once a farmer had 1,800 bushels of wheat, which he sold, not to a single grain merchant, but to 1,800 different dealers, a bushel each. A few of them paid him in cash, but far the greater number said it was not convenient then; they would pay later. A few months passed and the man's bank account ran low. "How is this?" he said. "My 1,800 bushels of grain should have kept me in affluence until another crop is raised, but I have parted with the grain and have instead a vast number of accounts, so small and scattered that I can not get around and collect fast enough to pay expenses."

So he posted up a public notice and asked all those who owed him to pay quickly. But few came. The rest said, "Mine is only a small matter; and I will go and pay one of these days," forgetting that, though each account was very small, when all were put together they meant a large sum to the man. Things went on thus. The man got to feeling so bad that he fell out of bed and awoke and, running to his granary, found his 1,800 bushels of wheat still safe there. He had only been dreaming.

Moral—The next day the man went to the publisher of his paper and said: "Here, sir, is the pay for your paper, and when next year's subscription is due you can depend on me to pay it promptly. I stood in the position of an editor last night, and I know how it feels to have one's honestly earned money scattered all over the country in small accounts."

The Men's Outlook.

East and West.

Two dollars a year from each church member would support a sufficient number of missionaries to bring the gospel message to every human being in all the earth, in one generation; that is within twenty-five years. This is the careful calculation of the cautious business men who stand for the Laymen's Missionary Movement. If every church member were to give a one cent stamp on five days in the week, or a single street car fare for any one day in the week, the aggregate would be sufficient to equip and maintain a missionary force large enough to overtake the task.

The reckoning made by experienced missionaries is a man or a woman free to give whole time to the work, to 25,000 people, with native assistants trained. This would mean trebling the present staff at work, the world over. For cost, it would mean an advance from $21,000,000 per year, at present contributed by all Christendom, to $80,000,000 a year. Great Britain, the United States and Canada, amongst them, give 85 per cent. of what is now contributed. If the total increase is to be reached, these great missionary nations must keep up their percentage share of the increase. The appeal is thus brought very close, especially to young people, now beginning to earn money. It is entirely practicable.

Largest Stones.

The walls of the Acropolis at Baalbek are truly called Cyclopean. The famous Trilithon, the largest stones ever used in building, measure respectively 65, 64 and 68 feet in length, each block weighing 750 tons. How these huge masses were accurately placed in position twenty feet above the ground is a problem which modern science, with all its appliances, leaves unsolved. Above them are Arab fortifications. The quarries whence these gigantic materials were obtained are among the most interesting features of Baalbek, Syria. Here may still be seen the method of work of the ancient quarrymen, stones vertically hewn lying almost ready to the hand of the builder. One of these stones, to which the Arabs give the name Hajar-el-Houbla, measures 69 feet in length and weighs 915 tons. It would take the united efforts of 40,000 men to put this huge block in motion. This quarry is now used as a necropolis by the inhabitants of Baal-

Are All Right.

It is sometimes necessary but not always wise to pitch away recalcitrant timber, even in the church, where ever so much depends upon loyalty to standards. It is too good to lose. The good streak often prevails over the balky spirit. Professor Charles Briggs, Union Theological Seminary, who a few years ago was convicted of heresy by the Presbyterian church and then joined the Episcopal church, recently read a paper before the Presbyterian Union of New York upon "The Virgin Birth." It was so orthodox that it was requested for publication, and the erstwhile heretic was unanimously elected an honorary member of the union. Marcus Dods, successor of Principal Rainy in New College, Edinburgh, though once suspected of heresy was lately described as one of the strong conservative forces in Scotland, a bulwark against the tide of restlessness in religious thought. At seventy-three years of age, he has tremendous physical and intellectual vitality.

The millionaire tells us how to get rich—but it is a fake trail to lead us away from his own private hunting grounds.

WHY ARE YOU SICK.

Join The Ferrozone Health Club.

These clubs are springing up all over the country. They embrace careful diet, fresh air, water drinking and the use of Ferrozone.

Thousands have been cured—raised to health from a condition of nervousness and semi-invalidism.

First of all Ferrozone is a body builder,—those taking it immediately increase in weight, which proves how highly it improves digestion and assimilation.

Then Ferrozone is a blood former. This colorless blood even in a single week shows great increase in red cells and coloring matter. This is why Ferrozone makes thin, colorless people glow with ruddy health. When the nerves are taken into account Ferrozone shows its marvellous power. Morbid thoughts, depression and sleeplessness disappear as mist before the sun. The nerves are made strong, given energy and withstand the wear and tear of hard toil or worry.

Altogether there is no remedy to equal Ferrozone. It builds up surely and effectively. For the weak, the sickly, those effected with nervous insomina or langour, Ferrozone is a boom; try just one box and see the enormous good it will do. Sold by all dealers in 50c. boxes.

LAMBETH PALACE.

A Place Where Many Great Gatherings Occur.

At this great centre of church interest the delegates from America, Anglican, Presbyterian, Methodist, Congregational, were received twice, and once entertained by the Archbishop of Canterbury, who wrote to the conference at the Bible House cordially and unreservedly in its behalf. The delegates attended a service of intercession in His Grace's chapel. Will this recognition from the highest authority, following the Bishop of London's sermon, satisfy those in Canada who decry interdenominational courtesy?

A great gathering was the annual reception of colonial and missionary church workers by the Archbishops of Canterbury and York. Organised by the United Boards of Missions, of which the archbishops are the presidents, this year's function was attended by a more numerous and representative gathering than ever before. It was under the auspices of the United Boards of Missions that the pan-Anglican Congress is to be held next year, and there are already diocesan boards in twenty-seven out of the thirty-seven dioceses in England and Wales.

Among the speakers at the reception was Dr. Schieffelin, president of the American Church Missionary Society, who explained the new Laymen's Movement in America, which had appointed eight members to visit England in answer to an invitation, to originate a campaign of the same character there. The American delegates commenced their work in London the last week of May; there were receptions at the Bible House and the Holborn restaurant by the treasurers of the various missionary societies whose headquarters are in London. Speeches were made by the delegates also at Queen's Hall, where Sir Mortimer Durand presided. A letter from the Archbishop of Canterbury expressed intense interest in the movement. The American delegates in June addressed meetings at Bristol, Leeds, Edinburgh and Liverpool, and returned to hold a conference in London. Dr. Hoyles, of Canada, was one of the most effective speakers. The sixteen days' campaign was a great success; Christians of many names were united on a common purpose as never before; prudence was joined to faith, wisdom inspired by enthusiasm. The movement was effectively launched in England and Scotland.

At Edinburgh the delegates were entertained at a breakfast with 200 prominent business men. The Master of Polworth, Sir Walter Scott, presided. The Sunday evening mass meeting was most enthusiastic. It was unanimously resolved to establish the work in Edinburgh, and the necessary funds were given. The honorary presidents of the movement in Scotland are: Lord Overtoun, Lord Kinnaird and Lord Guthrie. At Liverpool were three meetings. At a formal luncheon by the Lord Mayor were 100 leading men. Dr. Grenfell, of Labrador, was among the speakers. Bishop Chavasse had a conference of one hundred representative laymen of all bodies. In the evening came the most remarkable missionary meeting ever held in Liverpool. Eighteen hundred representative business men, Churchmen and Nonconformists, joined heart and mind and appointed a committee to co-operate with the central committee in London.

At a final meeting at the Bible Society House, London, a committee reported plans for a Laymen's Missionary Movement in England, which were unanimously adopted. A committee of sixteen was nominated, representing all denominations and every party in the Church of England. Ample provision was made for expenses, here as in Scotland. The movement will be conducted on the same lines as in this country. It will neither interfere with nor take the place of any existing organization, but will further the work of all by enforcing the responsibility of laymen to work for missions, to give to missions, and to know about missions, sure that a common interest in the supreme work of Christianity will bring them into closer union and the fulness of Christian brotherhood. The archbishop entertained the delegates at Lambeth palace, and the delegates (of four denominations) attended special supplications by the Archbishop and Bishop Montgomery.

RECESSION, SAYS SELIGMAN.

Banker Expects Curtailment in Business.

Before sailing for Southampton with his family on the American Line steamship, St. Paul, Henry Seligman, the banker and member of the house of J. & W. Seligman & Co., of No. 15 Broad street, New York, gave his views on the condition of business and finance througout the United States. Mr. Seligman agreed with John W. Gates in maintaining that the money supply has not yet kept pace with business development, and predicted a decided recession in all lines of business as a result of this marked scarcity of money for industrial expansion. This recession in business, however, he believed would prove to be desirable for future enterprise.

"I certainly believe that the money supply has not been adequate to meet the requirements of the constantly growing business of this country," said Mr. Seligman, "and I surely believe that there will be a recession in business as a result of this state of affairs. In fact, I can see that the recession has already begun. Such a recession will be productive of good and, briefly, may be described as the best thing which can happen under the circumstances."

When asked whether he thought the government were exercising too much power and proceeding too far in its crusade against corporations, Mr. Seligman replied:

"The government has gone far enough, but I won't say that it has gone too far. The corporation interests are being operated in the best business way for the public. Even in the case of the Standard Oil Co. the public at present is benefiting from up-to-date methods of conducting business. What may have been the case 20 years ago is wholly different."

Another Sea Yarn.

From Pack.

Mr. Flatdwell (the first Atlantic voyage): Do you know, Marcella, this ship burns 100 tons of coal every day?

Mrs. Flatdwell: William Henry, have you been letting the janitor stuff you with any such fairy tale as that?

It is true that a good woman may lift a man from the gutter; but it is usually better to ask a policeman to do so.

HERE IT IS

—the air-tight box of biscuit goodness. Baked by the Mooney chefs for folk who want something better than cream sodas have ever been before.

Do you know MOONEY'S?—the always fresh—always crisp—always tasty biscuits.

Mooney means perfection.

Make sure that your grocer gives you MOONEY'S.

TRAVELLING.

KINGSTON & PEMBROKE RAILWAY

IN CONNECTION WITH
Canadian Pacific Railway.
HOMESEEKERS

Round Trip Second-Class Excursions to MANITOBA, ALBERTA, SASKATCHEWAN, going dates from Kingston, July 16, 30; August 13, 27 Sept. 10 and 24. Tickets good for sixty days. Return Fares From Kingston.

Winnipeg	$32 00	Strassburg	$36 25
Souris	33 50	Saskatoon	38
Brandon	33 55	Prince Albert	39 00
Moosomin	34 20	No. Battleford	39 00
Arcola	34 50	Macleod	40 00
Estevan	35 00	Calgary	40 50
Yorkton		Red Deer	41 50
Regina	35 75	Stettler	42 50
Moosejaw	36 00	Edmonton	

Comfortable berths in tourist sleepers at moderate rates. Free copies of Homeseekers' pamphlet, giving rates to other points, and full particulars at K. & P and C.P.R. Ticket offices, Ontario St.

KINGSTON—OTTAWA

Leave Kingston, 12:10 p.m., arrive Ottawa, 4:45 p.m. Leave Ottawa, 10:45 a.m., arrive Kingston 3:45 p.m. Direct connections at Renfrew with C.P.R., No. 1; leave Renfrew, 4:15 p.m., for Pembroke, Port Arthur, Winnipeg and Pacific Coast points.

Full particulars at K. & P. and C. P. R. Ticket offices, Ontario street.

F. CONWAY, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Bay of Quinte Railway

New short line for Tweed, Napanee Deseronto, and all local points. Trains leave City Hall Depot at 4 p.m. R. W. DICKSON, Agent B.Q.Ry., Kingston.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Cheap Seaside Excursions

From Kingston to

Halifax, N.S.	$19.30
Little Metis, P.Q.	14.80
Moncton, N.B.	17.30
Murray Bay, P.Q.	13.30
Old Orchard, Me.	14.30
Pictou, N.S.	21.30
Portland, Me.	13.95
Riviere DuLoup, P.Q.	13.30
St. John, N.B.	17.30
Sydney, N.S.	23.80
Tadausac, P.Q.	14.30

And to many other points, good going August 12th to 15th, inclusive returning on or before August 30th, 1907.

For Pullman accommodation and all other information, apply to J. P. HANLEY, Corner Johnson and Ontario Sts.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

SPECIAL EXCURSION FARES TO THE SEASIDE.

"MARITIME EXPRESS" leaves Montreal, 12 noon, (Daily except Saturday.)

"OCEAN LIMITED" leaves Montreal 7.30 p.m., (Daily except Saturday.)

FROM MONTREAL

Riviere du Loup	$ 6.00
Murray Bay	6.00
Cap L'aigle	6.00
Ste. Irene	6.00
Cacouna	6.00
Rio	7.50
Little Metis	7.50
Rimouski	7.50
Moncton	10.00
St. John	10.00
Shediac	11.00
Summerside	12.00
Charlottetown	13.00
Parrsboro	13.00
Halifax	14.00
Pictou	14.00
Malgrave	15.50
Sydney	16.50
North Sydney	16.5
St. John's Nfd.	30.50

Proportionately low fares from Kingston.

Good going August 12th, 13th, 14th, and 15th. Return August 30th, 1907.

Our Illustrated Booklet "Tours to Summer Haunts" tells of the places mentioned above. Write for free copies and any further information, to

Toronto Ticket Office,
51 King Street East.

ALLAN ROYAL MAIL LINE
MONTREAL TO LIVERPOOL

Victorian sails Friday, Aug. 9, Sept. 13
Tunisian sails Friday, Aug. 23, Sept. 6
Virginian sails Friday, Aug. 16, Sept. 27
Corsician sails Friday, Aug. 23, Sept. 20

MONTREAL TO GLASGOW

Pomeranian sails Thurs., Aug. 8, Sept. 12
Mongolian sails Thurs., Aug. 22, Sept. 26

Rates of Passage and full information on application from J. P. HANLEY, City Agent, or J. P. GILDERSLEEVE, Clarence street.

When a dozen of women have absolutely nothing to talk about, they start in saying anything about everybody.

TRAVELLING.

RICHELIEU & ONTARIO NAV. CO. Toronto Montreal Line

Steamers "Toronto & Kingston"

EAST BOUND

Leave Kingston daily, 6 a.m., for 1,000 Islands, Montreal, Quebec and Saguenay River points.

WEST BOUND

Leave Kingston, 5 p.m., daily, for Charlotte and Toronto, making connections for all Western points.

Hamilton-Montreal Line
Tri-weekly service

EAST AND WEST BOUND

For tickets and berth reservation, apply to, J. P. HANLEY, Ticket Agent, R. & O. N. Co., Kingston, Ont., H. FOSTER CHAFFEE, A.G.P.A. Toronto

Quebec Steamship Company
LIMITED

River and Gulf of St. Lawrence

Summer Cruises in Cool Latitude

Twin Screw Iron SS. "Campania," with electric lights, electric bells and all modern comfort.

Sails from Montreal on Monday, 12th and 26th August, for Pictou, N.S., calling at Quebec, Gaspe, Mal Bay, Perce, Cape Cove, Grand River, Summerside, P.E.I., and Charlottetown, P.E.I.

BERMUDA

Summer Excursions, $35 and upwards, by the new Twin Screw SS. "Bermudian," 5,500 tons. Sailing from New York every alternate Wednesday, commencing 5th June. Temperature cooled sea breezes seldom rises above 80 degrees.

The finest trips of the season for health and comfort.

ARTHUR AHERN, Secretary, Quebec.

For tickets and staterooms, apply to J. P. HANLEY, or J. P. GILDERSLEEVE, Ticket Agents, Kingston, Ont.

TIME TABLE

STEAMER WOLFE ISLANDER

Leave Wolfe Island:—

MON.	7.30—9.15 a.m. 1.00—4.00 p.m.
TUES.	7.30—9.15 a.m. 1.00—4.00 p.m.
WED.	7.30—9.15 a.m. 1.00—4.00 p.m.
THURS.	Breakey's
Bay	6.30—9.30 a.m. 1.00—2.30 p.m.
FRI.	7.30—9.15 a.m. 1.00—4.00 p.m.
SAT.	8.00—9.15 a.m. 1.00—3.00 p.m.
SUN.	9.00—10.00 a.m. 12.30—5.00 p.m.

Leave Kingston:—

Mon.	8.30—11.30 a.m. 3.00—5.30 p.m.
Tues.	8.30—11.30 a.m. 3.00—5.30 p.m.
Wed.	8.30—11.30 a.m. 3.00—5.30 p.m.
Thurs.	8.30—11.30 a.m. 2.00 Breakey's
Bay	3.00—7.00 p.m.
Fri.	8.30—11.30 a.m. 3.00—5.30 p.m.
Sat.	8.30—11.30 a.m. 2.00—5.30 p.m.
Sun.	9.30—11.30 a.m. 1.15—5.30 p.m.

Sat.—Special trip to Simcoe Island and Spor's dock, at 3.30 p.m.

Time Table subject to change without notice.

Boat calls at Garden Island going to and from Kingston.

E. BRICELAND, Manager.

Lake Ontario & Bay of Quinte Steamboat Co., Limited.

1000 ISLAND-ROCHESTER ROUTE.

Strs. North King and Caspian

Steamer leaves Kingston daily, except Monday, at 10.15 a.m., for Thousand Islands and Gananoque. Returning leaves at 5 p.m. for Rochester, N.Y., via the Bay of Quinte, calling at intermediate ports.

Steamer Aletha leaves on Mondays at 5 p.m., for Picton and intermediate ports.

Full information from J. P. HANLEY, GILDERSLEEVE & KIRKPATRICK, Ticket Agents, JAMES SWIFT & CO., Freight Agents.

GASOLINE.

Put in Your Tank at Our Dock.

A large stock of Dry Batteries, Spark Plug and Coil always on hand.

SELBY & YOULDEN,
LIMITED.

THE FRONTENAC
LOAN AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY
ESTABLISHED 1863.

President—Sir Richard Cartwright

Money Loaned on City and Farm Properties. Municipal and County Debentures. Mortgages purchased. Deposits received and interest allowed.

S. C. McGill, Managing Director,
Office, 87 Clarence Street, Kingston.

Girls with dimples do not always make the best laughter.