SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST HOMESTEAD REGULATIONS

Any even numbered section of Dominion Lands in Manitoba or the North-west Provinces, excepting 8 and 26, not reserved, may be homesteaded upon by any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years of age, to the extent of one-quarter section, of 160 acres more or less.

Entry must be made personally at the local land office for the district in which the land is situate.

HOMESTEAD DUTIES: A settler who has been granted an entry for a homestead is required to perform the conditions connected therewith under one of the following plans:

(1) At least six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each year during the term of three years.

(2) If the father (or mother, if the father is deceased) of any person who is eligible to make a homestead entry under the provisions of this Act, resides upon a farm in the vicinity of the land entered for by such person as a homestead, the requirements of this Act as to residence prior to obtaining patent may be satisfied by such person residing with the father or mother.

(3) If the settler has his permanent residence upon farming land owned by him in the vicinity of his homestead, the requirements of this Act as to residence may be satisfied by residence upon the said land.

APPLICATION FOR PATENT should be made at the end of three years, before the Local Agent, Sub-Agent or the Homestead Inspector.

Before making applications for patent the settler must give six months' notice in writing to the Commissioner of Dominion Lands at Ottawa, of his intention to do so.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST MINING REGULATIONS.

Coal.—Coal lands may be purchased at $10 per acre for soft coal and $20 for anthracite. Not more than 320 acres can be acquired by one individual or company. Royalty at the rate of ten cents per ton of 2,000 pounds shall be collected on the gross output.

Quartz.—A free miner's certificate is granted upon payment in advance of $5 per annum for an individual, and from $50 to $100 per annum for a company according to capital.

A free miner, having discovered mineral in place, may, locate a claim 1,500x1,500 feet.

The fee for recording a claim is $5. At least $100 must be expended on the claim each year or paid to the mining recorder in lieu thereof. When $500 has been expended or paid, the locator may, upon having a survey made, and upon complying with other requirements, purchase the land at $1 an acre.

The patent provides for the payment of royalty at 2½ per cent on the sales.

PLACER mining claims generally are 60 feet square: entry fee $5, renewable yearly.

A free miner may obtain two leases to dredge for gold of five miles each for a term of twenty years, renewable at the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The lessee shall have a dredge in operation within one season from the date of the lease for each five miles. Rental, $10 per annum for each mile of river leased. Royalty at the rate of 2½ per cent collected on the output after it exceeds $10,000.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

TENDERS FOR DREDGING.

SEALED TENDERS ADDRESSED to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Dredging St. Mary's River Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.," will be received at this office until the 13th day of June, 1906, inclusively for dredging in the St. Mary's River at Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., according to a plan and combined specifications and form of tender to be seen at the office of J. G. Sing, Esq., Resident Engineer, Confederation Life Building, Toronto, on application to the Postmaster at Sault Ste. Marie, District of Algoma, Ont., and at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed form supplied, and signed with their actual signatures.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, made payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, for six thousand dollars ($6,000.00), which will be forfeited if the person tendering decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
FRED. GELINAS,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, May 22, 1906.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department, will not be paid for it.

GASOLINE

Put in your tank at our dock.

A large stock of Dry Batteries, Spark Plug and Coils always on hand.

SELBY & YOULDEN
LIMITED.

At Strachan's Hardware

Uptown Bicycle Depot
Jones, 293 Princess Street.

After careful selection of goods and comparison of values, I have in stock an assortment of high grade Wheels of UNIQUE construction, and natty appearance, and at prices both ENTICING and SATISFYING.

Call and inspect. Second hand wheels bought and sold.

Wm. Murray, Auctioneer
27 BROCK ST.

New Carriages, Cutters, Harness etc., for sale.

Sale of Horses Every Saturday

Hot Weather HEADACHES

Tablets, powders, drugs, of any kind will NOT cure headaches. Simply because they never reach the CAUSE of the headache.

What causes headaches? Poisoned blood, always.

If the bowels are constipated—

If the kidneys are weak—

If the millions of pores of the skin are not active—

There are bound to be headaches.

Fruit-a-tives
OR "FRUIT LIVER TABLETS"

cure headaches because they cure the cause of headaches. They do not drug the nerves. They go to the root of the trouble, invigorate and strengthen the liver and increase the flow of bile into the bowels, which cure constipation. Act directly on the kidneys, heal all kidney irritation. Act on the skin, stimulate and open the pores.

With bowels, kidneys and skin all healthy and working in harmony, the blood is kept pure and rich and there can be no headaches.

FRUIT-A-TIVES are pure fruit juices—combined by a secret process with tonics and intestinal antiseptics.

50c. a box or 6 boxes for $2.50. Sent on receipt of price if your druggist does not handle them.

FRUIT-A-TIVES LIMITED - OTTAWA.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

The great Uterine Tonic, and only safe effectual Monthly Regulator on which women can depend. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, 10 degrees stronger, $3; No. 3, fc special cases, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (formerly Windsor)

"AN EXCELLENT FOOD, admirably adapted to the Wants of Infants."

SIR CHAS. A. CAMERON, C.B., M.D., Professor of Chemistry, R.C.S.I., Ex-President of the Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland.

Neave's Food
For Infants, Invalids, And The Aged.

GOLD MEDAL, WOMAN'S EXHIBITION, London, 1900.

DR. BARNARDO says:—

"We have already used Neave's Food in two of our Homes (Babies' Castle and the Village Home), and I have no hesitation in saying it has proved very satisfactory."—July 27th, 1901.

USED IN THE
Russian Imperial Nursery.

Manufacturers:—JOSIAH R. NEAVE & CO., Fordingbridge, England.

Wholesale Agents—THE LYMAN BROS. & CO., Limited, Toronto, and LYMAN, SONS & CO., Montreal.

The Wornout Nerves, The Weak Heart, The Tired Brain, The Wasted Strength.

What a multitude of women there are who feel that these words exactly suit their case. From early morn until late at night they have been on the go, year in and year out, attending to the daily household duties, looking after the wants of her children and spending the rest of her time attending to social and church work. Is it any wonder then that sooner or later there comes a general collapse? The action of the heart becomes weak and palpitating, the nerves become unstrung, the brain feels in a whirl half the time and the usual force of vitality is lacking.

It is at this time a woman should look after herself. If she does not, serious female disorders may set in and often cause weary months and years of helplessness and miserable suffering. What she wants is something to build up her system. For this purpose there is nothing to equal

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

They are the women's friend in every sense of the word.

They will strengthen the weak heart, tone up the shaky, starved nerves, make the brain clear, and restore the lost vitality.

Mrs. George Lohnes, Stanley Section, N.S., writes: "I was greatly troubled with weak and dizzy spells and was so run down I could not attend to my household duties. I bought two boxes of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and after taking them I found that my trouble had all passed away. I am now strong and healthy again."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50 cents per box or 3 for $1.25. If your dealer does not handle them, send direct to The Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

In England one person in 11,000 goes to law, as against one in every 3,000 in 1823; and in Canada the falling off in litigation is almost as great.

You lift no one up by looking down your nose.

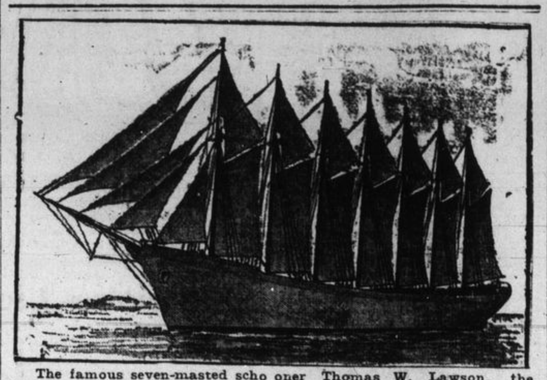
FIRST PARLIAMENT

OPENING IN OTTAWA WAS GRAND AFFAIR.

Prince Consort's Own Rifles There With Lord Cecil—Two Days' Ceremonial — Mace Symbol of War Club of Middle Ages.

J. E. B. McCready gives some reminiscences of the First Dominion Parliament in the June Canadian Magazine. The opening was a grand affair to the men from the east, although Lord Monck was the plainest and least ostentatious of all our governors-general since the union of 1867. Ottawa was a garrison town then, and the officers of the Prince Consort's Own Rifles were present, including Lord Cecil, brother of the late Marquess of Salisbury and many other scions of the British nobility, their rich uniforms spangled with medals adding lustre to the scene. The two days' ceremonial of opening was a new feature to the maritime men. And then there were the mace and the wonderful genuflexions of the Usher of the Black Rod, Mr. Kimber. No provincial legislature east of Quebec ever saw a mace. Canada had long ago adopted it. (An earlier mace was captured by the American invaders when Little York (Toronto) was sacked and burned in 1813, and is now preserved as a trophy at the United States Naval Academy, Annapolis, Maryland). The mace formed a subject for enquiry and speculation. There it was, a copy we are told of that which lies upon the table of the greatest deliberative assembly in the world. A ponderous club of metal, its body of silver covered with gold, and its top surmounted with an orb and crown. Indeed, it had cost £800 sterling. The mace, we are told, though modelled after the war-club of the middle ages, is the symbol of the power and prerogatives of parliament. It is related to the sceptre of kings, and even to that of Jove himself, and by which he sometimes swore a tremendous oath inviolate to gods. The functions of the mace, in the language of Haversham Cox, "befit that ancient symbol of the authority which is associated with so many eventful passages in English history, and which was never yet insulted with impunity, but when liberty received a wound." And yet some of the Nova Scotian Antis made light of it. "What is it for?" was asked. "The mace?" replied Dr. Forbes, of Queen's; "Oh, I suppose it is to give spice to the proceedings!" We did not then known what we all know now so well, that without the mace there can be no real parliament, and that it is so sacredly inseparable from Mr. Speaker, that to pass between him and it during a sitting would be parliamentary sacrilege. Fortunately no man has yet ever ventured to do so, and the fates only know what would happen if one did.

On the first day of the opening, after returning from the senate, whither it seemed they had been called in vain, came the election for speaker. This formality as carried out was then a novelty to the men from the east. The members were in their allotted places, ministers and opposition leaders confronting each other and the clerk, W. B. Lindsay, at the table. Sir John Macdonald arose, the first to speak in the new parliament, he had done so much to create. He addressed the clerk, who arose and silently pointed his finger at Sir John. The latter in a few complimentary words, nominated Hon. James Cockburn, of Northumberland, as speaker. When he was seated, Hon. George E. Cartier arose and addressed the clerk, who arose and extended a digit as before, remaining standing and pointing, while Mr. Cartier, speaking in French, briefly seconded the nomination. It seemed there was to be no other nomination, and the clerk was about to declare Mr. Cockburn elected. Already Sir John and Mr. Cartier had stepped briskly out into the open space before their desks to escort the speaker-elect to his throne, when suddenly a voice from the back bench on the right, speaking in French, called a halt. It was the voice of Joseph Dufresne, of Montcalm, who objected that Mr. Cockburn did not speak the language of the people of this province, and insisted warmly that the speaker be conversant with both the English and French languages. Mr. Cartier replied in French in a conciliatory tone that though Mr. Cockburn did not speak French he understood it very well. Thus the first question debated in the parliament of the dominion was the interminable one of the dual language system. There were some angry mutterings from the French members, but Mr. Cockburn was at once declared elected and escorted to his chair. There, standing, he made the prescribed acknowledgement, and the Sergeant-at-Arms, D. W. Macdonnell, placed the mace on the table. So the first house of commons was organized and constituted.



The famous seven-masted schooner Thomas W. Lawson, the largest vessel flying the American flag, and formerly used in the coal trade, has been turned into an oil ship and will transport petroleum in bulk. It is the largest sailing vessel ever built in America.

Table Advice.

Among the forbidden speeches at table should be: "I do not like that," says Table Talk. "And if, from any personal idiocrynerasy, a child is really unable to eat a certain dish, in which others indulge with impunity, he may be trained to pass the fact by in science and to feel that his peculiarity is a misfortune, not a virtue."

The highest inhabited place in the world is the Buddhist monastery of Hlaine, in Thibet, which is situated about 17,000 feet above sea level.

It would be much easier to tell the truth if it were breaking a commandment.

MARCHING BY THE STARS.

As Onomy as Study for Officers in Army.

Practical astronomy will shortly become a part of the education of army officers holding any command from a company upwards.

The English army council has decided to establish an observatory at Aldershot, and contractors are now busy erecting the building. The site chosen is in the south camp, near the headquarters offices.

When the building is completed a powerful telescope will be mounted, and the study of stars will begin in earnest. The observatory will be in charge of the royal engineers, and it is expected that officers will assemble periodically for instruction.

Astronomical observations are of great importance in warfare by night, and Sir John French has already given it as his opinion that the important military operations of the future will be performed in darkness.

It will be remembered that Lord Wolseley was guided by the stars when he made his famous march to Tel-el-Kebir. The number of officers in the service who could perform a similar work with any accuracy is at present comparatively small.

CHINESE AND MEXICANS.

Celestials Have Advantages in Mexico.

William Eleroy Curtis has a good opinion of the Chinese in Mexico, and writes: "The Chinese have an advantage in Mexico that they cannot enjoy in the United States, in social relations and intermarriage with the natives. The latter receive them on an equality, and their intelligence, industry, and kindly disposition make them admirable husbands. They do not beat their wives nor spend their wages for pulque. They are home-loving and kind in their treatment of their wives and children, and as a rule a Mexican woman will accept a Chinese husband in preference to one of her own race. Hence almost every Chinese who has been in the country a year or two has a Mexican wife, who, naturally, promotes his happiness and contentment. Intermarriage is encouraged by the authorities; a civil ceremony is sufficient, and it is not necessary to go to a priest." The Chinese here are industrious, well behaved as a rule, and often marry women of the lower class. They make, as Mr. Curtis says, good husbands. The Indians and the Chinese are probably, racially, cousins.

Child Life In London.

A London scientist says that life in a metropolis makes young children sharp but not clever; that it often destroys their chance of ever being clever, for it hastens the development of the brain unnaturally; it makes them superficial, alert, but not observant; excitable, but without one spark of enthusiasm; they are apt to grow blase, fickle, discontented; they see more things than the country-bred child, but not such interesting things; they do not properly see anything for they have neither the time nor capacity to get at the root of all the bewildering objects that crowd themselves into their little lives.

Continental School Holidays.

The Russian school boy has the best time as regards holidays for the educational authorities allow four weeks in spring, five weeks in summer, a fortnight in autumn, and a fortnight in winter. In most other continental countries practically all the holidays are taken in the summer, only a very few days being granted for the New Year and Easter. In France the summer vacation lasts from August 1st to October 1st; in Austria, from July 15th to September 15th; in Greece, from August 1st to September 20th; in Norway, from July 5th to August 25th, and in Turkey, from the end of June to the middle of August.

Sore Lungs

We want everybody who has a hard cold in the chest to use Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Our long experience with it, over sixty years, tells us there is nothing its equal for coughs, colds in the chest, bronchitis, hoarseness, sore lungs, weak throats, and weak lungs. Ask your doctor about this.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines!

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

MONTE CARLO LUCK

AN ENGLISHMAN'S SHAM BANK NOTES,

Brought Him in a Nice Little Sum—A Conceited Croupier Makes 2,000 Francs for Another Britisher.

Having lost every cent of his ready money at the gaming tables, an English visitor at Monte Carlo wired a pathetic appeal for help to a friend in England. Two days later he received a letter addressed in the friend's handwriting, which on being opened revealed a £5 note.

Without pausing to read the letter, says Ward Muire in Chambers' Journal, our plunger hastened to Ciro's, the famous restaurant in the Galerie Charles III., and changed his "fiver" into French money. From Ciro's he went straight to the casino, where, experiencing an extraordinary run of luck, he not merely retrieved all his previous losses, but gained a substantial increase into the bargain.

Weary of play, he retired with a few cronies to Ciro's again to celebrate the occasion. The usually genial M. Ciro met the Englishman at the entrance to his establishment with a flood of reproaches and upbraicings. The £5 note was bad. He waved it angrily in the plunger's face—mais oui, it was false, this £5 note!

The plunger took the guilty "fiver" and scrutinized it carefully. It was one of the sham bank notes issued by the late Sir Augustus Harris and bearing on their face an advertisement of the Drury Lane pantomime. The English friend, himself as "broke" as the Monte Carlo plunger, had posted him the flagrantly worthless note as a joke—a joke which, had the plunger taken the trouble to examine the "fiver" or read its covering letter, he would have seen only too clearly himself. It was fortunate that he did not do so. He merely paid Ciro his £5, and, inviting the pacified restaurateur to share in the champagne, pretended that the whole affair was an intentional witticism.

The conceit of a croupier who fondly imagined that he understood the English language was instrumental in presenting another and far less experienced Britisher with 100 francs. This gentleman, handing a thousand-franc billet to the croupier in question, asked for plaques in exchange for it.

Plaques are the large five-louis gold pieces peculiar to Monaco. The croupier, fancying that the player had said "black" and was requesting him to place the note on the "black" compartment of the cloth, did so unobserved, Black duly turned up, and the croupier politely handed 2,000 francs to the surprised Britisher.

SOCIETY WOMEN

Play Tip of African Millionaire and Lose.

London, May 31.—Several wealthy and fashionable women made a big plunge in Kaffir stocks recently. They relied on a tip from a South African millionaire who had made money for them on several previous occasions. Now they are lamenting and retrenching.

Several of them met at Lord Farquhar's party for King Edward this week and exchanged condolence, in which the king joined. But his majesty sought to excuse the millionaire, his friend, by reminding the fair speculators that the pitcher that goes often to the well gets smashed finally.

Mrs. Adair was one of the party, beautifully dressed as usual and wearing a necklace of vari-colored jewels with a pendant which the Princess of Wales brought her as a present from India.

The Experts Know.

Before a class of the Y. M. C. A., Philadelphia, Joseph H. Appel, one of the cleverest advertising managers, spoke on "Store Advertising." "Merchandise is its own best advertisement. The purpose of store advertising is not merely to sell goods, but to sell more goods—to make friends, build up a patronage that will not only stick, but grow. Newspapers reach the greatest number of people in the immediate vicinity, in the most natural way, at the least expense and they are, therefore, the best of all mediums for stores. In a newspaper you follow the lines of least resistance—you flow with the stream—you talk to an audience already assembled, to the people who want to read—their mental cosmos is right—they are on your wire and they won't ring off if you hold their interest."

Finger Badly Crushed.

Latimer, May 30.—Rain is much needed in this vicinity. We are pleased to see Miss May Taylor so improved in health as to be able to be out after her severe illness. Little Taylor Edwards had a finger joint dislocated, and badly crushed in the cogs of a wringer, one day this week. Mrs. R. Dixon, and little Denzal accompanied by her uncle arrived home on Saturday. Mrs. C. S. Burtch, Jones' Falls, is spending several days the guest of her daughter, Mrs. J. Taylor. Mrs. D. McFarlane is much improved in health. P. L. Edwards is just able to move about after quite a siege of sciatica.

Women serve as medical officers in the Russian army. In no other country of Europe is such employment given to the sex.

Like A Thief In The Night.

That's how pain comes.

We sit near an open window, get stiff neck or sore back. Perhaps cool off too quickly after exertion—rheumatism develops.

Spend what you may, but money can't buy anything better than Polson's Nerviline. Its penetrating power enables it to reach deep tissues—that's why it cures aches that all else can't touch. For outward application we guarantee five times more strength than in any other liniment. Inwardly it's harmless and as sure as the hereafter to ease at once. Don't accept a substitute, for Polson's Nerviline, which is the one great household panacea of to-day.

MADE IN CANADA
BY A CANADIAN COMPAN

The New Williams

KNOWN BY NAME AND REPUTATION

NO SIGN NECESSARY.

ALWAYS LOOK FOR THE NAME

The New Williams

THE WILLIAMS MANUFACTURING CO. LIMITED,
COMPANY OFFICES: MONTREAL, P. Q.
TORONTO, LONDON, HAMILTON, OTTAWA, ST. JOHN, N. B.
AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.

CORSETS

The Really Easy Corset

Most corsets are made as some man thinks they should be—so they have style, usually, but little ease. Here's a corset made on a woman's ideas—with ease paramount. Modish to a degree, every corset that bears the "D & A" mark—well-made, whatever their price, every one; but above all easy—comfort and comfort and again comfort—that is the "D & A" supreme merit. Ask your favorite store to show you the "D & A"—no matter what make you think you like best, look at this make.

A-1

A WONDERFUL POTATO

Most Enormous Cropper---Perfectly Blight Proof

Double the crop off the same ground, and every one a sound one. Introduced in England in 1903 at $100 per 14 lbs.; three months later its blight proof and enormous cropping features caused the greatest sensation, resulting in record prices of all time, as high as $1,250 per lb. being paid, and $250 for one tuber.

"Even so recently as September last, when G. Massey sold 14 lbs. of Eldorados for £20 ($100), people were amazed and incredulous; yet three months later the same gentleman received a cheque for £1,400 ($7,000) for 14 lbs. of the same variety."—Free Press (England), January 19th, 1904.

"The yield of the Eldkrado potato the kind that brought the record price, is reported to run from 150 to 300 lbs. from one lb. of seed tubers."—Rural New Yorker, New York, January 14th, 1905.

Introduced here by us in 1905 at $16 per lb., Eldorado is repeating on a smaller scale the sensation it created in England, making the record prices of all time for the United States and Canada. April 30th, to S. J. Connolly, Fishers, N.Y., 2 bbls. (230 lbs.) of Eldorados for $200. April 25th last, to F. S. Beherrill, Jarvis street, Toronto, 40 lbs. for $10. A great many sales of 30 to 60 lbs. made to the leading seed potato growerl. Experimental Farms, etc., in Canada and the United States. These are aware of the history of the truly wonderful potato.

One lb. planted now, within two years will yield enough to plant all the acreage you want. Every lb. planted now is worth $10. Plant now, next year sell seed to your friends.

One lb. planted by us June 20th last, raised 140 lbs. that year. Crops of 800 to 1,200 bushels per acre common.

Pure Seed Eldorados, $1 per lb. Sold only by us in Canada. Send for list, containing history, photos of potatoes, checks paid, extracts eighty-one papers, etc. Also twenty-six other kinds.

SMITH BROS. Box 35, Beachville, Ont., Members of Canadian Seed Growers' Association.

YOUR SUMMER COTTAGE

Would look very much brighter if given a coat of

"Sterling" Paint

It is made from pure lead and oil and will stand both the sun and weather. A coat of this paint will stay bright and last longer than any ready-mixed paint on the market. A full stock of colors constantly on hand.

TRY STERLING VARNISH STAINS

to retouch your furniture; they will make it look like new.

LEMMON & SONS
351 and 353 King Street

PIG LEAD

Immediate shipment. Get our prices. Phone Main 1729.
THE CANADA METAL CO., 31 William St., Toronto.