TRAVELLING.

KINGSTON & PEMBROKE RAILWAY

In Connection With Canadian Pacific Railway.

VICTORIA DAY

Single Fare

Going May 23rd and 24th, returning May 25th, 1906.

Full particulars at K. & P. and C. P. R. Ticket Office, Ontario street.

F. CONWAY, F. A. FOLGER, JR., Gen. Pass. Agent. Gen. Supt.

Bay of Quinte Railway

New short line for Tweed, Napanee, Deseronto, and all local points. Trains leave City Hall Depot at 4 p.m. F. CONWAY, Agent B. Q. Ry., Kingston.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

VICTORIA DAY

Thursday, May 24, 1906

Round trip tickets will be sold to all points in Canada at

Single First Class Fare

Good going on all trains Wednesday and Thursday, May 23rd and 24th.

Valid returning from destination on or before Friday, May 25th, 1906.

For tickets, Pullman accommodation and all other information apply to J. P. HANLEY, Agent.
Office—Cor. Johnston and Ontario Sts.

ALLAN LINE Royal Mail Steamers

MONTREAL TO LIVERPOOL.

Tunisian, May 17, June 14, July 12.
Victorian, May 24, June 21, July 19.
Ionian, May 31, June 28, July 26.
Virginian, June 7, July 5, Aug. 2.

MONTREAL TO GLASGOW.
(moderate rate service.)

Mongolian, May 16, June 20, July 25.
Corinthian, May 23, June 27, Aug. 1.
and weekly thereafter.

For rates, apply to J. P. HANLEY, Agent, G. T. R.; J. P. GILDERSLEEVE.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST HOMESTEAD REGULATIONS

Any even numbered section of Dominion Lands, in Manitoba or the North-west Provinces, excepting 8 and 26, not reserved, may be homesteaded upon by any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years of age, to the extent of one-quarter section, of 160 acres more or less.

Entry must be made personally at the local land office for the district in which the land is situate.

HOMESTEAD DUTIES: A settler who has been granted an entry for a homestead is required to perform the conditions connected therewith under one of the following plans:

(1) At least six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each year during the term of three years.

(2) If the father (or mother, if the father is deceased) of any person who is eligible to make a homestead entry under the provisions of this Act, resides upon a farm in the vicinity of the land entered for by such person as a homestead, the requirements of this Act as to residence prior to obtaining patent may be satisfied by such person residing with the father or mother.

(3) If the settler has his permanent residence upon farming land owned by him in the vicinity of his homestead, the requirements of this Act as to residence may be satisfied by residence upon the said land.

APPLICATION FOR PATENT should be made at the end of three years, before the Local Agent. Sub-Agent or the Homestead Inspector.

Before making applications for patent he settler must give six months' notice in writing to the Commissioner of Dominion Lands at Ottawa, of his intention to do so.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST MINING REGULATIONS.

Coal.—Coal lands may be purchased at $10 per acre for soft coal and $20 for anthracite. Not more than 320 acres can be acquired by one individual or company. Royalty at the rate of ten cents per ton of 2,000 pounds shall be collected on the gross output.

Quartz.—A free miner's certificate is granted upon payment in advance of $5 per annum for an individual, and from $50 to $100 per annum for a company according to capital.

A free miner, having discovered mineral place, may, locate a claim 1,500x1,500 feet.

The fee for recording a claim is $5.

At least $100 must be expended on the claim each year or paid to the mining recorder in lieu thereof. When $500 has been expended or paid, the locator may, upon having a survey made, and upon complying with other requirements, purchase the land at $1 an acre.

The patent provides for the payment of royalty of 2½ per cent on the sales.

PLACER mining claims generally are 00 feet square; entry fee $5, renewable yearly.

A free miner may obtain two leases to dredge for gold of five miles each for a term of twenty years, renewable at the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The lessee shall have a dredge in operation within one season from the date of the lease for each five miles. Rental, $10 per annum for each mile of river leased. Royalty at the rate of 2½ per cent collected on the output after it exceeds $10,000.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorised publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

THE FRONTENAC LOAN & INVESTMENT SOCIETY. ESTABLISHED 1883

President—Sir Richard Cartwright

Money loaned on City and Farm Properties. Municipal and County Debentures. Mortgages purchased. Deposits received and interest allowed.

B. C. McGill, Managing Director.
Office, 97 Clarence street, Kingston.

Science in Selecting Proper Foods

People Are Unhealthy Because They Do Not Eat The Right Food.

In these days of adulterated foods and food products such a food as is known to be pure and wholesome is indeed welcome. We have heard of many breakfast foods and cereal products—some broadly advertised as whole products, others as cure-alls for every disease known to man. No doubt they are all good and possessed of some merit, but most of them are manufactured with some foreign sweetening agent to make them palatable. Among all the breakfast and cereal foods offered the public to-day, we believe we are warranted in saying that Malta-Vita is the only food that is simply and wholly pure grain product and nothing else, except a little salt. Malta-Vita as it comes to you from the factory is all of the wheat. It has been thoroughly cleaned, steamed to gelatinize the starch, then added to it is barley malt extract made from selected barley—this, acting upon the starch, turns it into maltose or malt sugar, pronounced by physicians and food experts the finest, purest, most healthful sweetening agent known. Then the grain of wheat is rolled out flat into a thin wafer flake and baked in the ovens. It comes to you fresh and pure and sweet—absolutely nothing but a grain product prepared in the cleanest and most wholesome way and turned into the most delicious whole wheat food that can be found. Malta-Vita is sold by all grocers. Now 10 cents.

The TERRIBLE PANGS OF DYSPEPSIA CAN BE CURED

To be dyspeptic is to be miserable, hopeless, confused and depressed in mind, forgetful, irresolute, drowsy, languid and useless.

Constipation, headache, heartburn, sour stomach, distress after eating, belching of wind, faintness, and fullness and distention of the stomach are a few of the many distressing symptoms of the poor, weary dyspeptic.

Dyspepsia is a disease that in one way or another resembles nearly every other disease, and the only way to get rid of it is to tone up the stomach, liver, bowels and blood. This will be quickly done by the use of

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

It regulates the stomach, stimulates the secretion of the saliva and gastric juice to facilitate digestion, removes acidity, purifies the blood, and tones up the entire system.

Mrs. M. A. McNeil, Brook Village, N.S. writes: "Last winter I was very thin and was fast loosing flesh owing to the run down state of my system. I suffered from dyspepsia, loss of appetite and bad blood. I tried everything I could get but to no purpose. I finally started to use Burdock Blood Bitters, and from the first day I felt the good effects of the medicine and am strong and well again. I can eat anything now without any ill after effects. It gives me great pleasure to recommend Burdock Blood Bitters, for I feel it saved my life."

Women's Oxfords for Summer Trade

We have a swell line of WOMEN'S OXFORDS for this season. All the newest Spring Styles, heavy or turn sole, with large eylets. :: :: ::

$1.50, $1.75 and $2

H. JENNINGS, King St.

Canada Life Assurance Co.

Established 1847

Head Office, Toronto, Ontario

A CANADIAN INSTITUTION FOR CANADIAN PEOPLE

The first Life Assurance Co'y. made in Canada.

Summed up—it's history is "a story of a great success." It pays to insure in the "Canada Life." Have a talk with any of our agents before insuring your life. We write policies that offer many attractions. Endowment policies that make a strong appeal as an investment. Results unexcelled. Securities strongest on the Continent—warrants large profits—$1,200,000 paid in 1905.

J. O. HUFTON, Manager, Kingston
Office—18 Market St.
Telephone 703.

A HOMESTEAD LAW

NEW REGULATIONS HAVE BEEN PREPARED.

And Are to Be Rigidly Enforced—Land Sharks Are to Be Put Out of Business—Will make a Thorough Investigation.

The extraordinary influx of settlers into the Northwest which has taken place during the last three years has subjected the homestead regulations to a severe test and has demonstrated that they are not suitable to present conditions. When there was little or no emigration to that country the land had scarcely any value. It did not matter that the soil was the best in the world and was capable of yielding enormous crops. People did not come and the land could be had for a mere song. Under such circumstances the homestead regulations were easily carried out and there was no difficulty about their enforcement. No incentive to fraud existed, and if such occurred it was speedily detected. That was all changed when the great fertility of the Northwest lands commenced to be noised abroad, when the possibilities of successful farming began to be realized, and when people started to come into the country at the rate of 200,000 a year. The price of land went up by leaps and bounds, numerous land companies were formed in the United States who purchased large blocks from Canadian railways and other concerns, and generally land was in great demand.

The Land Shark's Chance.

This was the opportunity for the land shark and for unscrupulous persons who saw big profits in evading the law and blanketing quarter sections on a large scale. The history of the western States abounds in land frauds of the most ingenious description. Similar methods were sought to be introduced into the Canadian Northwest, and with a considerable degree of success. The lands bought from railway companies were the alternate or odd-numbered sections. The even numbered sections were, under the law, reserved for the bona fide settler. This, however, did not deter some speculative land companies and individual speculators from securing even-numbered sections. They got bogus homestead entries made under the system which had been in vogue for years of allowing entries by proxy. More than that, they secured the cancellation of genuine entries where the homesteader had failed to fulfill his obligations, or in some way or other had not complied with the law. With the adjoining even-numbered sections in his possession the speculator was able to boost the price of his lands. He would put a stiff price on an odd-numbered section and then say to the prospective purchaser: "Now, if you will take this I will throw in the adjoining even-numbered section also." As the latter had been got for a merely nominal price the speculator could well afford to do so, and, of course, the intending settler would jump at the chance. In this way the former would be handsomely paid for the land which he had obtained legitimately and also for that which had come into his possession through fraud.

The New Regulations.

Recently new homestead regulations come into force which are designed to prevent frauds of the kind described. Hereafter homestead entries must be made in person and no proxies will be allowed. For cancellation of homestead entry only one application will be received from any one person and he must be a genuine homesteader. These changes will get at the root of the evil. Furthermore, an effort will be made to set right some of the irregularities of the past. Frauds are reported to have been especially rampant in Alameda, Regina and Yorkton agencies, the three agencies nearest to the Manitoba and the international boundaries. In these districts the agents have received orders to prepare lists of all lands which have been under entry for more than a year and in respect of which there has been no extension of time granted.

A Thorough Weeding-Out.

When that time comes all the homestead inspectors that are available in Manitoba and also in Saskatchewan and Alberta will concentrate in the three agencies named above, and armed with the lists referred to will go over the lands, township by township. Where they find a quarter section which has been under entry for more than a year but which has no special protection and upon which no improvements have been wrought they will report the fact to the local agent. The latter will cancel that entry and post notice in his office at once of the fact. The land will then be open to the entry of the first applicant at the counter.

An Enforced Holiday.

The Battleford Herald registers a kick because "the entire staff of this paper were taken" to serve on a jury recently and the Herald in consequence had to shut up shop. This was hard luck—for the Herald—possibly also for the litigants. But for the staff it was a windfall. About the only holiday a "staff" gets is when they are locked up, and there may have been sentiments of human pity in the soul of the man who selected the jury. Seasons might come and seasons go, the inviting beauty of spring gives place to the good old summer time and this to the golden glory of autumn, but for the "staff" these were only memory's fading pictures of the dreams of youth. And if by chance a stray sunbeam, struggling through the cobwebbed window, flickered on the withered features of the "old man," or the odor of the rose blooms floated through the open doorway to the nostrils of the "devil," these messengers from the great glad world without brought only a sigh at the privations of the strenuous life. But help comes often from an unexpected quarter, and what the limitations of the laboring world denied was provided by the courts of law.—Edmonton Bulletin.

Electric Pig Iron Samples.

Dr. Haanel, Superintendent of Mines, has sent to the Governor-General a specimen of pig iron smelted by electric process during the recent experiments at Sault Ste. Marie. The pig iron has been beautifully ground and bevelled and enclosed on an ebonized frame. Its smooth and shining surface, which looks like steel, bears a suitable inscription in red letters. Samples of the pig iron in the form of paper weights with suitable inscriptions have been forwarded to the Prime Minister and members of the Cabinet.

BY-LAW NO. -----1906

A By-Law to Fix the Assessment of the Property of the W. J. Crothers Company (Limited) in the City of Kingston at the sum of $8,500 for a period of ten years.

WHEREAS the W. J. Crothers Company (Limited) have represented to this Corporation that they are about to make certain additions and extensions to their factory premises on Wellington St., in the City of Kingston:

AND WHEREAS up to and including the year 1904 the assessment of said factory premises was fixed at the sum of $8,500:

AND WHEREAS the said the W. J. Crothers' Company (Limited) have prayed that the assessment of their factory premises and business should be fixed at the said sum of $8,500 for a period of ten years to be computed from the first day of January, 1906.

AND WHEREAS it is expedient to grant the prayer of the said Company.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED that the assessment of the factory premises and business of the said the W. J. Crothers Company (Limited) situate and carried on, on Wellington street in said City of Kingston shall be and is hereby fixed at the sum of ($8,500) Eight Thousand Five Hundred Dollars, for the period of ten years from the First day of January A.D., 1906; provided that the said Company shall pay in full all rates and taxes imposed or to be imposed upon the property of said Company in respect of local improvement works constructed, or to be hereinafter constructed.

2. This By-Law shall come in force and take effect on its passing.

3. The votes of the duly qualified electors of the said Municipality shall be taken upon this By-Law, on the 31st day of May, 1906, commencing at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon, and closing at the hour of five o'clock in the afternoon of the same day at the following places in the said Municipality by the following Deputy Returning Officers, namely:—

SYDENHAM WARD—Polling Subdivision Nos. 1 and 2, at No. 42 Wellington street, Thomas J. Lovitt, Deputy Returning Officer.

ONTARIO WARD—Polling Subdivision Nos. 3 and 4, at Ontario Hall, John E. Johnston, Deputy Returning Officer.

ST. LAWRENCE WARD—Polling Subdivisions Nos. 5 and 6, at No. 352 Princess street, A. E. M. Loscombe, Deputy Returning Officer.

CATARAQUI WARD—Polling Subdivisions Nos. 7, 8, 9, and 10, at No. 229 Wellington street, James H. Brickwood, Deputy Returning Officer.

FRONTENAC WARD—Polling Subdivisions Nos. 11, 12 and 13, at No. 83 Colborne street, W. J. Driver, Deputy Returning Officer.

FRONTENAC WARD—Polling Subdivisions Nos. 14 and 15, at No. 58 John street, William Purtell, Deputy Returning Officer.

RIDEAU WARD—Polling Subdivisions Nos. 16 and 17, at No. 222 Division street, William Saunders, Deputy Returning Officer.

RIDEAU WARD—Polling Subdivisions Nos. 18 and 19, at No. 346 Brock street, Andrew C. McMahon, Deputy Returning Officer.

RIDEAU WARD—Polling Subdivisions Nos. 20 and 21, at No. 350 University Avenue, Harry Sharpe, Deputy Returning Officer.

VICTORIA WARD—Polling Subdivisions Nos. 22 and 23, at No. 204 Barrie street, A. E. Smythe, Deputy Returning Officer.

VICTORIA WARD—Polling Subdivisions Nos. 24 and 25, at No. 59 King street West, Harry C. Bates, Deputy Returning Officer.

4. On the 28th day of May, 1906 at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, the Mayor of the said City shall attend at the office of the City Clerk in said City, for the purpose of appointing and shall appoint in writing signed by him, two persons to attend at the final summing up of the votes given for and against this By-Law and one person to attend at each polling place on behalf of the persons interested in and desirous of promoting the passing of this By-Law, and a like number on behalf of the persons interested in and desirous of opposing the passing of this By-Law, which place, day and hour are hereby fixed for said purposes.

5. On the 2nd day of June, 1906, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, at his Office in the City of Kingston, the Clerk of the said Municipality shall attend and sum up the number of votes given for and against the By-Law.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the foregoing is a true copy of a proposed By-Law of the Corporation of the City of Kingston, which has been taken into consideration, and which will be finally passed by the Council of said Corporation in the event of the assent of the electors being obtained thereto, after one month from the first publication thereof in the British Whig newspaper, the date of which first publication will be the 10th day OF MAY, 1906; and that at the hour, day and place therein fixed, for taking the votes of the electors, polls will be held.

L. W. SHANNON,
City Clerk.

Kingston, 9th May, 1906.

PERSONALLY CONDUCTED.

A Tour to Elks' Convention, Denver, Colo.

Via New York Central lines, twelve-day tour. All expenses included in rate. Special train of Pullman drawing-room and compartment sleepers, buffet, library and dining cars, will leave Utica, Syracuse, Rochester and Buffalo, Friday, July 13th. Experienced New York Central representative in charge. Option of lake trip returning from Chicago, Detroit or Cleveland to Buffalo. Ask any New York Central agent for full information and copy of itinerary.

Eliza McCready, widow of the late Daniel Carson, died at Picton, Saturday last. She leaves two daughters, Mrs. William Ruttan and Mrs. Emma McGillivray, Picton.

Mr. Turney, who supervised the building of the House of Refuge in Picton, has left for L'Orignal, Que., to superintend the building of a House of Refuge the exact counterpart.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, } ss.
Lucas County.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A.D., 1886.

(Seal) A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY, & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

PECULIAR BURIALS

ODD FUNERAL CUSTOMS OF ESKIMOS OF LABRADOR.

Wise Christian Missionaries Humor Them in the Practices—Ideas of the Pagans in the East.

Labrador's dreary waste is peopled, generally speaking, by a few scattered tribes of Montagnais Indians, while its seaboard in the north is occupied by about 3,000 Eskimos. Each race has its peculiar burial customs, interesting if awesome. When a member of a community dies the Eskimos carry the body to the top of the hill near their settlement and there lay it, in a sitting posture, on the surface of the hard, flinty ground. Heavy stones are piled about it in the form of a cairn, completely covering it so that the wolves and bears may be unable to disturb the body. The male is buried with his weapons of the chase and the female with her domestic implements. After years, when the action of summer suns and winter snows has broken down the mound of stones, it is not uncommon to other natives to help themselves to the stone lamps, flint and ivory arrow and lance heads and other articles of value to them which are found lying besides the bodies. But in every case some substitute, even if less valuable, is placed there instead of what has been removed.

It is the idea of the pagan Eskimos that, though the spirit of the dead person has reached the other world and no longer needs the articles, the ghosts who attended on him in life have to be propitiated by keeping up the number of articles originally placed in the grave, even if the material of these is departed from. The Moravian missionaries humor the natives whom they have Christianized by practicing this habit of substitution, and a favorable article to place in the graves is a rusty razor. Many years ago some admirer of the mission sent out an enormous quantity of razors in the belief that they were in general use. But the last thing one would contemplate doing on this coast in winter would be to use a razor. As no other use could be found for the razors, they have been devoted to this peculiar purpose, and so it is common to see in every Eskimo grave that has been opened an appliance which no old time Eskimo ever heard of.

These curious customs are transmitted from people to people. The Montagnais Indians have a somewhat similar practice. They bury their dead in a box or coffin made out of bark, and in this are placed a loaded gun, a horn of powder, a bag of shot, a pouch of tobacco, a flint and steel for striking fire, an axe and a pair of snowshoes. The burial place is likewise a hilltop, as it is impossible to dig underground in Labrador for eight months of the year, and stopes are also used to cover the coffin. But they are so arranged that some can be removed after ten days, when the relatives return and take out these valuable articles. It is held that by that time the dead one has reached the happy hunting grounds and has no further use for them. But even they, too, substitute wooden sticks for the gun, axe and snowshoes and skins for other articles.—Chicago News.

Northwest Rebellion Recalled.

A picture in The Manitoba Free Press of a bridge (2,300 feet long and 85 feet high) which the Grand Trunk Pacific has just completed over Pine Creek, west of Portage la Prairie, Man., reminded a veteran of the Northwest rebellion of an incident which took place during the transport of troops westward in 1885. The Montreal Garrison Artillery (as it was then known) was the first regiment to make the all-rail trip to Winnipeg over the C. P. R. They laid over one Sunday at Jackfish Bay, on the shores of Lake Superior, and resumed their journey on the Monday morning. When they had got about fifty miles, the conductor came through the train and stated that they were approaching a new trestle which has just been completed. No trains had run over it, and the engineer was afraid to trust his train with its human freight to the possible perils of the trip. So the order went forth for the regiment to march over this bridge, which was about a quarter of a mile long and about 100 feet high. Of course, the men were told to break step, and they did so. All got across safely except one rather stout man, who was a veteran of the Franco-Prussian war, and he collapsed. He was a heavy load to carry, but a fatigue party was detailed to bring him across. They started, and had just got hold of him when they heard the train approaching. The trestle was on a curve, and the train could not be seen until it was nearly upon the party; but they "hustled," and got their man across all right. Then it was not the Alsatian who collapsed, but his rescuers.

A Lover of Humanity.

The Countess of Aberdeen is a lover of humanity. When Lord Aberdeen was Governor-General of Canada, from 1893 to 1898, the countess was probably the most conspicuous and popular woman in Canada. She was born on the estate in Inverness-shire in 1857, and was married to Lord Aberdeen in 1877. In 1886 when Lord Aberdeen became Viceroy of Ireland she accompanied him to a post that required diplomacy and tact. It was at a time when the people were sullen and discontented, for the food supply had failed. The warmth of that lady's presence and her work on their behalf soon won over the people, who were aided materially. She was directly responsible for a revival of the lace-making industry in Ireland, and ordered that all guests to the Castle at Dublin must wear Irish poplin. She organized the Women's Liberal Federation, which has a membership of 30,000. Now, once again, Lady Aberdeen is the first lady of Ireland.

Marooned All the Winter.

When the Bradshaw made the rounds of Isle Royale after the winter had passed there were found two men at Chippewa Harbor, who had been unintentionally left on the island all winter. They were overlooked when the last trip to the island was made last fall. The men are E. D. Bailey and C. B. Hallener of Anento, N. Y., students, who meant only to spend their holidays on the island. Their disappearance was mysterious and their friends have been prosecuting enquiries all winter along Lake Superior, but without avail. The young men put in a good winter, hunting and trapping, and came out with hair hanging on their shoulders and beards falling to their breasts.

Do You Know "SALADA"?

CEYLON TEA

Possesses a Rare Delicacy of Flavor and is Absolutely Pure.

Lead packets only. 25c., 30c., 40c., 50c. and 60c. per lb. At all grocers

HIGHEST AWARD, ST. LOUIS, 1904.

The one to use for making a perfect JOHN COLLINS.

CLUB OLD TOM GIN

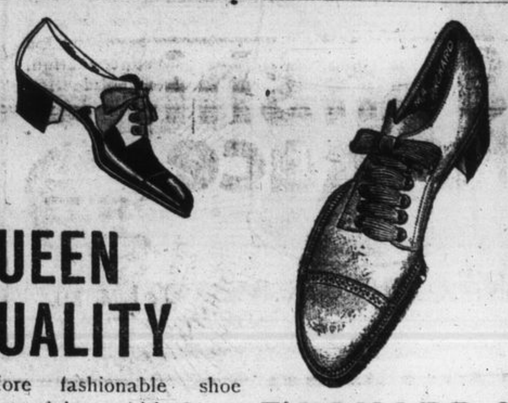
Absolutely Pure, Wholesome and Well-Matured Spirit.

KEEP THE CAPSULES, THEY ARE VALUABLE.

BOIVIN, WILSON & CO., Montreal, DISTRIBUTORS.

Purity, Brilliancy and Uniformity Found in CARLING'S ALE, PORTER AND LAGER

J. S. HENDERSON, AGENT, KINGSTON



QUEEN QUALITY

More fashionable shoe styles originate with Queen Quality than with any other shoes.

It is the recognized leader of style. It originates, others copy. Everywhere it sets the style. If you wear Queen Quality you are with the leaders in fashion. This Gibson Tie is only one of the ma Queen Quality Oxfords that you ought to see.

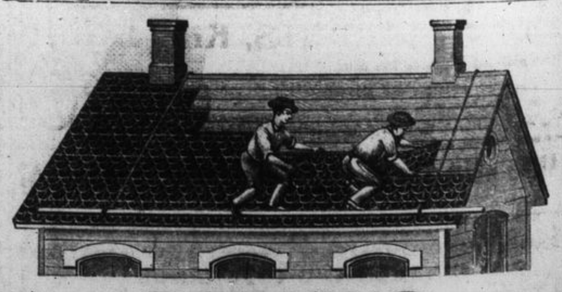
PACKARD & ASTORIA

Are two names known to well-dressed men, as being the leaders in Men's Stylish Footwear. Both of these popular makes have surpassed themselves in the natty styles in spring shoes.

Come and have a look.

J. H. Sutherland & Bro.

The House of Good Shoe Making



ROOFING

If you are thinking of covering your house or outbuildings this year let us know and we will be pleased to give you an estimate on any kind of roofing.

We carry a large stock of Galvanized Iron, Metal Shingles and Siding, and are prepared to do work on the shortest notice and can guarantee you first-class workmanship.

Ask to see our **Rubber Roofing**, which is a very durable but cheap roofing for outbuildings, etc.

LEMMON & SONS

351 and 353 King Street
'Phone 388.