LADA

RAL GREEN TEA once
return to the adulterated

40c., 50c. and 60c. per lb. By all grocers.
ward, St. Louis, 1904.

Red Cross
AN GIN
BEST
REST
D FOR YEARS in
and bottled un-
Supervision.
CO., Montreal.

n's Wear Store—BIBBY'S

OUR HORN SOME
n doing it. We want to catch the eye
town. This store has a reputation
o much.
f our Suits. $8.50, 10, 12, 12.50,
w lines arriving daily, $8.50, 10, 12
4.50 Trousers ?
1 Underwear ?
Shirts ?
in newest shapes ?
s and our Prices at the same time.
Sweaters, new colorings, new weaves;
Cardigan Jackets!
Galore! Gloves!
BIBBY CO.,
Wear Store.

EVER READY
$5.00 Safety Razor, with 7 blades, for $1.50
Star Safety 1.50
Gillett's 5.00
Curbo Magno 1.50
Guaranteed to shave the hardest face or money refunded.
Sold only at
W. A. MITCHELL'S HARDWARE

X-RAY Stove Polish
The Polish that won't wear off.
Sold Only at Strachan's Hardware

Will Take A Note.

There was a special meeting of the council of the township of Kingston to consider a petition asking for the submission of a local option by-law. The council decided to have a vote taken on January 1st, 1906, on the question.

Make your selection from the display of Christmas goods at Gibson's Red Cross Drug Store, and it will be delivered Christmas morning.

HER PHYSICIANS DESPAIRED. ADVISED CHANGE OF CLIMATE.

Pe-ru-na, Used as a Last Resort, Cured Her of a Severe Attack of Catarrh of the Lungs.

MRS. IDA CALDWELL.

The Sensational Cure of Mrs. Caldwell Is the Talk of Her Acquaintances.

Mrs. Ida Caldwell, 506 Pearl street, Sioux City, Ia., Vice-President Order of Washington, writes:

"I suffered with catarrh of the respiratory organs off and on for the last three years until I thought it was chronic. My chest and lungs were irritated and I had to use the greatest care not to expose myself to chilly air or dampness as it increased my troubles.

"My physician advised me to try a change of climate, but I was unable to leave my family. Reading of the wonderful cures performed by Peruna, I bought a bottle.

"It was with the greatest satisfaction that I found it the one medicine among them all which cured me. I was relieved within three days and after two months and a half the irritation was gone, my lungs perfectly healed and my health restored."—Ida Caldwell.

Thousands of women owe their lives to Peruna. Hundreds of thousands owe their health to Peruna. Hundreds of thousands are praising Peruna in every state of the Union.

We have many thousands of letters from grateful women, with permission to use them in public print, which can never be used for want of space.

Catarrh would not be such a curse in this country if the people thoroughly understand its nature. It must be treated at once to prevent it from making inroads upon vital organs.

If you suffer from catarrh, buy Peruna to-day, for a day gained on the enemy, catarrh, means a day nearer recovery.

We have on file many thousand testimonials like the one given here. We can only give our readers a slight glimpse of the vast array of unsolicited endorsements we are receiving. No other physician in the world has received such a volume of enthusiastic letters of thanks as Dr. Hartman for Peruna.

Women

Dr. Hugo's Health Tablets Hit the Right Spot.

When a woman gets all run down, feels tired and out of sorts it is pretty hard to tell what part of her peculiar organism is causing the trouble.

She takes different medicines, but they do her little good. They don't hit the right spot.

It is useless, for example, taking a stimulant to heal inflammation or correct an irregularity.

Whit the exception of Dr. Hugo's Health Tablets for Women, no compound remedy for the female sex exists to-day. By compound remedy we mean one containing the alterative and tonic medical ingredients necessary to regulate and strengthen every organ of the female system.

And that is just what these tablets do.

In taking the ordinary remedies you may miss the very ingredients your system requires. These tablets contain every ingredient. They go to the weak spot wherever it may be.

It is not necessary to guess at the cause of the trouble and perhaps take the wrong medicine half a dozen times. It is not necessary to even know exactly the cause of the trouble.

Dr. Hugo's remedy contains something for every organ of the female system; something for the stomach to help indigestion—for the bowels to cure constipation—for the nervous system to tone up the nerves—for the liver and kidneys to make them active in carrying off impurities—something for the uterine system to stop all drains, allay inflammation and make women regular.

The tablets are sure to go to the right spot and get there the first time.

The remedy is now recognized beyond doubt or question as the best adapted to the special needs of sick and run-down women, no matter what the cause.

50c. at dealers or by mail postpaid. B. N. Robinson & Co., Coaticook, Q.

TO THE ELECTORS OF KINGSTON:—Having served for five consecutive years in the City Council, and being now honored by many requests to accept nomination for the Mayoralty, I beg to announce myself a candidate for election in the hope that the citizens, generally, crediting me with honest effort to evade none of the obligations and to discharge faithfully all the duties of an alderman, will be willing to return me to the Council as Mayor in 1906.

FRANCIS KING.

FIFTY-SEVEN YEARS.

Austrian Emperor Has Been on the Throne.

Vienna, Dec. 2.—The fifty-seventh anniversary of the accession to the throne of Emperor Francis Joseph was celebrated in all parts of the monarchy to-day. It was on the 2nd of December, 1848, when the young prince was proclaimed emperor after his uncle, unable to cope with the situation during the revolutionary uprising of that memorable year, had abdicated the throne and sought safety in flight from the capital. During the long reign of Francis Joseph Austria has passed through many a serious crisis and although the emperor was never a strong character, his kindness and tact had won for him the universal respect and love of his people and enabled him to guide the ship of state through the stormy political seas without serious trouble. Few rulers have ever been more universally loved by their subjects than Francis Joseph and the sad fate which has robbed the venerable ruler of his beautiful consort and his only son, the hope of the empire, has only strengthened the bonds of sympathy existing between the emperor and his people.

The bells of all churches were kept ringing for a long time early this morning in honor of the anniversary. Nearly all business was suspended and the people, dressed in their best, paraded in the Ringstrasse, gathered in enormous crowds around the Burg, and, in the afternoon, streamed down to the Prater, where military bands played for the entertainment of the crowds. In the evening fireworks concluded the festivity. The emperor attended divine service in the morning and received the cabinet and members of the imperial household later in the day.

A St. John's Sensation.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 2.—Dr. Edward A. Preston was arrested here. He is accused of performing criminal operations that resulted in the death of two young women—Laura E. Jennings, aged eighteen years, and Edith Floyd Clarke, aged twenty-five years.

Excursion To New York.

Holiday excursion to New York and return, via N.Y.C. and H.R.RR., Friday, December 8th. Tickets good up to and including Sunday, December 17th, only $10.20. For further particulars apply to H. S. Folger, N.Y.C. agent, city.

Mechanics, Farmers, Sportsmen.

To heal and soften the skin and remove grease, oil and rust stains, paint and earth, etc., use The "Master Mechanic's" Tar Soap. Albert Toilet Soap Co., Manufacturers.

The fiftieth year of membership in the Sons of Temperance, of James Ward, Renfrew, was celebrated by a gathering of more than 300, in the Temperance hall there, on Thursday, and the hero presented with a gold-headed cane. Mr. Ward is a prominent Mason.

Sunlight soap is better than other soaps; but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

Thomas Boyd, formerly of Lyn, is dead, in Gananoque, aged sixty-one. His second wife, and a family of four grown up children survive. He was a member of the A.O.U.W.

Mrs. Hiram Baxter, aged seventy-seven, is dead, in Lyn. She was a Methodist and much beloved.

OUR COUNTRY'S FOREST

CANADA HAS LARGER AREA THAN ANY LAND EXCEPT RUSSIA.

Northern Forests of the Dominion Cover an Area About Forty-Four Times Greater Than England — Serious Dangers Which Threaten Timber—Suffer Dreadfully From Fire—Causes of Forest Fires — Forestry Convention.

The value of the forests of Canada is being realized more fully with the increasing price of lumber and forest products. It is therefore opportune that a Forestry Convention should have been called by the Premier of the Dominion to meet in Ottawa in January next to consider how best to deal with this important national asset.

Canadians do not realize the large position the Dominion holds to-day in the eyes of the world. But if we consider for a moment what immense stretches of forest land there are in the Dominion the reason may be understood why such should be the case. The area of forest lands in Canada has been estimated at between 700,000,000 acres and 800,000,000 acres, although of this only one-third is covered by mature forest, or say 250,000,000 acres, the remainder being burnt over land, either entirely waste or in various stages of recovery. This is the largest forest area possessed by any country in the world with the exception of Russia. It has been figured that the northern forests of Canada cover an area about forty-four times greater than England.

There are, however, serious dangers threatening this timber. The northern forests are mainly composed of coniferous trees, spruce predominating, and are therefore easily burned. Hardwood forests offer considerable resistance to fire, but the soft woods with their resinous leaves and wood are a most inviting fuel. As has been stated, those who traveled our northern districts and have made close observation of the situation, make the statement that fire has at different times run over two-thirds of the country. If such should be the case again the wealth of these forests may easily be dissipated.

A recent writer speaking of Northern Quebec and Labrador states that the immense forests of those districts have suffered dreadfully from fire, and in many places the vegetable part of the soil has been so completely burned out that a couple of centuries must elapse before it is fully restocked. These fires are of annual occurrence and occasionally burn throughout the entire summer, destroying thousands of square miles of valuable timber to the south of the central watershed. It is authoritatively stated that at least one-half of the forest area of the interior of this part of Canada has been totally destroyed by fire within the past twenty-five or thirty years.

The same is largely true of every part of the northern forest area of the Dominion, from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Any one who has traveled through the forest districts of Nova Scotia or New Brunswick or Ontario will see the devastation which the fires have made. Northern British Columbia has suffered in the same way. Reports show that what explorations of some years ago indicated to be areas of splendid spruce forest, are now largely depleted and burned over.

The question arises whether anything can be done to prevent further destruction in these forests. The answer depends somewhat on the cause of the fires. Unquestionably fires occur through natural causes. Lightning is not infrequently a cause. It is sometimes surmised also that the friction of one tree against another may be sufficient to cause a fire, or that a globule of resin may be formed in such a way as to act as a burning glass. Much the larger number of fires are, however, occasioned by the action of man. It is along the canoe routes and the routes of travel that the fires usually start. The placing of warnings against fire along such routes and the presence of fire rangers patrolling them will do much to help. But the public who may travel through these districts are careless in handling fire, and if the Forestry Convention arouses public interest in such a way as to help the preventive work it will do much good.

There is another direction from which danger may come. The Dominion is expanding and is now preparing to build a transcontinental railway which will pass largely through the northern forest districts. The history of railway construction in Canada has as a rule been the destruction of the forests along the route. So important is it in these northern districts that the wood should be preserved that it is to be hoped means will be devised to prevent a repetition of what has so often occurred before.

A Destructive Fish.

The Perth Expositor tells some remarkable stories of the voracity of that inferior fish, the lyng, which does so much injury to game fish in Ontario waters. Some time ago, The Expositor says, Mr. Robert Moore was granted a license to net bull pout in Christie's Lake, and the other day he brought to The Expositor office one large lyng caught in the lake referred to, and it was dissected. This lyng had swallowed a pike which measured almost fourteen inches in length and also a full-sized sunfish. Mr. Ephraim Deacon, the fishery inspector at Bollingbrooke, called at Mr. Moore's to make an inspection, and he found the fisherman with quite a number of catfish, dozens of lyng, but no protected fish. Three lyng were dissected, with the following result: One contained three whitefish, eight inches long, and one bass; the second one had recently swallowed 39 pickerel minnows and three bass; and the last one opened was found to contain a large number of partially decomposed pickerel minnows and ten recently swallowed.

An Interesting Old Badge.

Manager Orr, of the National Exhibition has received from Mr. Walter Barwick a badge of the Provincial Exhibition held in Toronto in 1852. Mr. Barwick found it when looking over some papers of his grandfather, Col. John Barwick, of Woodstock.

Always Remember the Full Name Laxative Bromo Quinine Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days. E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

GOVERNMENT BY PARTY.

Mr. R. L. Borden Points Out Some of Its Defects.

Mr. R. L. Borden, leader of the Opposition in the Dominion Parliament, who was the guest of honor at a recent luncheon of the Empire Club, Toronto, spoke interestingly on the development of Parliamentary institutions in Great Britain and Canada. His address, which was, of course, non-political, was frequently heartily applauded by the large audience. The party system of government in Great Britain and Canada, he said, was often treated as if it were a rather discreditable system. Yet it was to a certain extent the basis of the institutions under which the people of both countries lived. Until some better method could be found for the purpose of carrying on the affairs of the country the people would have to submit to it. However, it could be said that representative Government in Canada was at least more in the interests of the great mass of the people than any other system devised up to the present time.

The Cabinet system was an essential feature of party government, and there had been a tendency in the last sixty or seventy years, and more especially in the last thrity or forty years, to shelve the power formerly vested in the Crown and transferred to Parliament upon the Cabinet. The latter, strictly speaking, was not a committee of Parliament, because it was a partisan committee, and not only a partisan but a secret committee. A further development in this connection was the formation of a conclave of the Cabinet—a Cabinet within a Cabinet, so to speak—so that all the Ministers of the Crown did not possess equal initiative with regard to policies of administration or measures which were brought down.

A striking development in Canada was the party caucus. The important debates upon great questions in this country, the debates that settled the fate of measures, were those which took place in caucus. The experience of the last fifteen or twenty years proved that debates in the House had little or no influence. One result of these developments was to aid in giving the head of the Government the power of a dictator if he was a strong man; if he was not a strong man, one or two of his Cabinet would control him. Another result was the obedience of the members of the parties to the decision of the majority in caucus.

The power of the Government, Mr. Borden proceeded, was certainly not less in Canada than in Great Britain; perhaps a little more, for two reasons: First, the greater need of small public works in this country; secondly, patronage, happily removed from the sphere of political action in Britain owing to reforms in the civil service, was an incubus in Canada. For his part, he would willingly see Canada follow in this regard along the lines of Britain and the United States, and take away from political parties the power to deal with many important matters of patronage.

The speaker, who quoted freely from Sidney Low and other British publicists in support of some of his contentions and conclusions, summed up by pointing a moral. "In the first place," he said, "a very great responsibility is cast upon the press of this country, the fourth estate, whether it be Liberal or Conservative. But there is a far greater responsibility cast upon the electorate, which should be alive to check a Government."

That brought him to a text from which he said he often preached. He alluded to that duty which fell to every citizen to contribute to public life. Unless each man contributed a little of his time to that line of duty we never could have those high standards in public life which were to be found in British institutions.

Birthrate In Canada.

The large birthrate of French-Canadians is receiving comment on account of the recent repeal of the law which in the Province of Quebec gave 100 acres of forest land to each man who had twelve children, says American Medicine. The desire to be more populous has led the French-Canadian Government into several schemes, mostly to facilitate immigration, although, curiously enough, the flow of population has long been out of Canada into the United States, as though the north were overpopulated. It was this exodus which alarmed the Quebec authorities, who thereupon revived their traditional policy to stimulate the birthrate by rewarding a large family, actuated no doubt, by a desire to make this part of Canada solidly French. It has been learned that the land grant was of no use to the father of such a large family, as he was anchored on his own farm and could not break a new one in the wilderness. The grants were consequently sold to lumber companies at ridiculously small rates, and the exodus of the younger element continues. It is now openly stated that it is no longer possible to support these large families. It was an easy matter formerly, for a large farm could be divided among the children, but the later subdivisions have made the farms too small. Migrations were necessary, and the easiest way was toward the south, to get employment in the factories. A large birthrate, then, is no longer of use to Canada, and is, indeed, rapidly diminishing. It is also stated that the death rate among the children has been inordinate, because it is not possible nowadays to give the proper care and attention to the infants, so that no matter what the number born it will never be possible to rear as many in one family as formerly. It is now recognized that Canada will not suffer from population if the present reduction of the birthrate does continue—her emigration will be less. Indeed, it is also recognized that density of population depends solely upon ability to make a living and the only way to increase it is to stimulate the productivity of a country—the present Canadian policy. He who makes two blades of grass grow where one grew before, does more than he who brings infants into the world but cannot feed them.

Uncertainty.

Now doth the fretful season dawn
So full of harrowing doubt.
It's much too warm with steam turned on
And much too cold without.

It will pay you to buy your sash, glass, putty, paint and oils at Yellow Hardware Store, next to Windsor Hotel.

Ven. Archdeacon Sweeney was elected president of the Toronto Humane society.

A FATAL SEASON

ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-NINE LIVES LOST.

Nearly Seven Million Dollars of Property Were Destroyed — Steamer Western Star, Bound for Fort William, Went Ashore at Fourteen-Mile Point.

Detroit, Mich., Dec. 2.—The Journal says 149 lives have been sacrificed, over seventy ships wrecked and a loss of nearly $7,000,000, has been sustained in the three big storms on the great lakes this season. That this is the most disastrous season in the history of shipping on the lakes is beyond doubt.

Ship Went Ashore.

Marquette, Mich., Dec. 2.—The steel steamer Western Star, bound for Fort William to load grain, went ashore, two miles east of Fourteen Mile Point near Ontonagon, after all bearings had been lost in a struggle for hours in a terrific sea. The crew is reported safe.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

Some Things Concerning the Woman's National Council.

Kingston, Dec. 2.—(To the Editor): If a man wants a wife he does not object to her being a member of the women's council and I wish I saw more young blood there. Young ladies have time to gather statistics and get names to petitions, etc., and so save the physical strength, time and brains of their "mothers in Kingston."

Apropos of our last meeting, in listening to Miss Machar's interesting talk about the meetings on emigration in London, England, I did not "object" to anything. There was no discussion. I merely made a remark which struck me at the moment. Miss Close, in London, asked, I understand, or proposed to ask the dominion for one farm in Nova Scotia, one in Ontario and one in the North West for a home for children, of two or three years old so that they might grow up Canadians and, therefore, be good settlers, and the idea came to nothing. I thought, well, it wouldn't be much to give one farm out of the whole of Nova Scotia and one out of the whole of Ontario, etc., for the good of our own country. Should we not look at this matter and other matters concerning Britain as we would look at one country? We can soon go across in five days. Besides, we have got some of our best men from the old country; Sir Oliver Mowat and others, and given men, too, for Prof. Tait's chair in Edinburgh. University is filled by a Canadian. There is a word I detest in this connection—I heard one of our own ministers use it once in Convocation hall—"dumping-ground." It seems to speak of God's creatures as manure.

Prof. Blackie was said to have said regarding consumptive homes—it was manuring rotten potatoes and we were turniped at the expression, but this is worse. When we think how London and Glasgow and Dublin take in the off-scouring of the earth and say nothing about it, but work away living and let live, and when we realize that "poverty," as a professor said to me the other day, "poverty is not the line of criminality, for the criminal class is rich as well as poor," and when we realize also that God is father of all, and our Lord came to call the "sinners" to repentance, we professing Christians should have more faith. Dr. Herridge once closed a sermon on heredity by saying, "If we go far enough back we get to God."—A. C. M.

VESSELS DRIVEN SEAWARD

Off Newfoundland Coast in Thursday's Gale.

St. John's, Nfld., Dec. 2.—Ten vessels, with crews aggregating 100 men, bound from St. John's, to various harbors around the coast, were driven seaward in a fierce gale, on Thursday. Much appreciation is felt for their safety.

Widow Remarriage In India.

Lahore Tribune.

A widow remarriage was celebrated at Ahmedabad on the second instant, under the auspices of the Widow Re-Marriage Association. The parties belong to the Modh Chacharvadi Brahman caste. The bride, Bai Parvati daughter of Trivadi Motiram Pranjiwan, is a resident of Ahmedabad. Her age is twenty-two, and she had become a widow at the age of eleven. the bridegroom, Paul Ishwar Naran, is a resident of Jaspar, in Kalol Tainka, of the Baroda state. His age is thirty. This is the ninth widow remarriage celebrated at Ahmedabad.

Bread Dropped In Price.

Toronto, Dec. 2.—The price of bread here has taken a drop. To-day the retail price is eight cents per loaf, instead of ten cents and the wholesale price is seven cents instead of eight cents. This decline, the bakers say, is the result of competition.

Contagious Disease Cases.

During November there were the following contagious disease cases in the city: Diphtheria, fifteen; scarlet fever, two. Of the fifteen diphtheria cases five were in one family and two in another.

No Compact.

Winnipeg, Dec. 2.—Archbishop Langevin issued an unequivocal denial of Hon. F. W. G. Haultain's charge that a compact existed between his grace and Premier Scott in Saskatchewan.

Given A Position.

Toronto, Dec. 2.—J. Langley, Toronto, has been appointed permanent liquidator of the National Mercantile Agency.

Y.M.C.A. President.

London, Dec. 2.—Lord Kinnaird has been elected president of the Y.M.C.A. in place of Sir George Williams.

To conquer evil you must hate it, and have a passion for goodness.

"CANADIAN" RUBBERS

Buy Christmas Gifts Now

New Belts, plain silk, gold medallions, white kid and silk, richly embroidered ..... 25c. to $3.00
Rich Lace Collars ..... 75c. to $2.50
Embroidered Collar and cuff sets ..... 45c. to $1.25
Tab Collars from ..... 10c. to 50c.
Cream Lustre and Serge Waists ..... $2.25 and $3.00
Lustre Waists, in black and brown ..... $1.25 and $1.75

Black and Cream Silk Waists, Black Dress Caps, Widow's Caps.

For Children

Tams, toques, hoods, bonnets, hats, toque, sash and mitt set, cloth coats, white fur coats with tams and hoods to match.

SPENCE'S, The Leading Millinery and Mantle Store.

WEDDING ANNIVERSARY.

President Married Nineteen Years Ago.

Washington, D.C., Dec. 2.—Nineteen years ago, to-day, at St. George's church, Hanover square, London, Canon Gutheridge performed the ceremony which made Theodore Roosevelt, now president of the United States, and Miss Edith Carew, of New York, man and wife. Canon Gutheridge was selected, because he was a cousin of the bride, who was then travelling in Europe with her mother and sister.

The anniversary of the day was observed at the White House in the usual, quiet manner. The president attended to his official duties as on any other day and had several conferences with members of the cabinet and other officials. Members of the cabinet and many personal friends of the president remembered the day by sending flowers and congratulations to the White House, but there was no attempt at a formal celebration. It is rumored that President Roosevelt again followed his usual custom of presenting Mrs. Roosevelt with a handsome addition to her collection of jewelry in honor of the anniversary. In the evening a few intimate friends of the Roosevelt family will dine at the White House.

Bringing Out The Shoppers.

Philadelphia Record.

The streets in the shopping district have assumed their customary holiday aspect. They are crowded.

Also the holiday crowding has begun in the advertisement columns of the newspapers.

The connection between these two facts is so obvious that it hardly needs to be pointed out.

The shoppers are drawn to the stores that advertise as surely as steel filings are drawn to a magnet. The greater the volume of "ads." the greater the number of buyers.

Decided At Last.

Santa Claus has decided to make his headquarters for cakes, candies, fruits, etc., at Hambrook's.

A married man always has a hard luck story on tap when his wife asks him for money.

Science is like fire—it burns away dross.

WHITE NATIONS,

Which Are Unknown Into Rest of World.

The idea that in remote parts of the tropics, amidst the dark-skinned races, there exist mysterious isolated white tribes bearing a strong resemblance to Europeans has long possessed a curious fascination for the old world. The early adventures in Central and Southern America brought home many tales of extraordinary cities beyond the monntains, and vague stories afloat in South Africa thirty or forty years ago furnished Rider Haggard with a theme for one of his best known novels. Yet so strong a hold has the idea gained, that even at the beginning of the twentieth century the possibility of the existence of a genuine white race is not altogether scoffed at. It is less than four years ago that an American officer engaged in operations against the Monros in the Philippines collected apparently substantial evidence relating to a mysterious white tribe in the Island of Mindano. The officer was so impressed that he determined to conduct an exploring party across the centre of the island. But apparently the mysterious white folk had vanished, for the world up to the present time has heard nothing of his search being crowned with success.

Getting Ready For Congress.

Washington, D.C., Dec. 2.—Senators and representatives are arriving here in lgrge numbers and everything is getting ready for the opening of Congress. Many of the members are loaded down with bills, which they intend to introduce at the earliest opportunity. The democratic members of the house will hold a caucus this afternoon to nominate officers of the house. The republican caucus will be held this evening.

Health Means Success.

It's impossible for a man or woman to be a business success without health. A strong body and an active mind go together. Wade's Iron Tonic Pills give both. Try them. In boxes 25c., at Wade's Drug Store. Money back if not satisfactory.

William Kelliher, an employee of the Belleville Cement company, had his leg broken in the factory.

FINANCE AND INSURANCE

G. A. BATEMAN
Insurance Broker
ALL KINDS OF FIRE INSURANCE AT LOWEST RATES
District Agent Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada.
69 Clarence Street, Kingston

For Real Estate or Insurance
Consult with GEO. CLIFF before buying at 63 Clarence Street.

If You Want a Home
Or Insurance, have a talk with
George Zeigler, REAL ESTATE & INSURANCE
57 Brock Street.

HOTEL FOR SALE
A First-Class Hotel property for sale in one of the best Villages in Eastern Ontario. Good reasons for selling.
For particulars apply to
T. J. LOCKHART, Real Estate Agent
159 Wellington Street
Kingston, Ont.