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## Defends Canada

### The Policy of the Founders of the Republic.

A Vigorous Letter by James H. Stark of Boston--The Famous Speech of Josiah Quincy--Little Use for Canada To Make Treaty if She Could Not Enforce It.

James H. Stark, of Boston, known to Kingstontians, takes part in a newspaper controversy on Canada in a vigorous way. After referring to local arguments he says:

The principal complaint that Canada makes against the home government is that they have been too generous with the United States in settling boundary disputes, or as Mr. Thomson facetiously puts it: "J. B. so the Canadians believe, has held the industrious beaver, while Uncle Sam cheerfully skinned off as much of the peltry as he coveted at the time. It is with a hope of saving the remainder of the hide that John Canuck is fain to negotiate for himself." That is true. There is no doubt but that Canada has been badly skinned by the United States in the past, through sharp practice, and that Britain has given way, sooner than have a war with the United States. But Canadians must remember that there would have been no pelts to divide had it not been for Britain, for the first grab was for the whole pelt.

The indifference shown to treaty obligations by Congress and the States, and the secret determination to eradicate everything British from North America is now known to have been the deliberate, well considered policy of the founders of the republic. After the close of the revolutionary war, came the long twenty-three years' war, in which Great Britain in the most part single-handed fought for the freedom of Europe against the most colossal tyranny ever devised by a victorious captain. No nation in the history of the world carried on such a war so obstinately, so desperately, so vital. Had Great Britain failed, what would now have been her position in the world?

At the very time when Britain's need was the sorest, when every ship, every soldier, every sailor that she could find was needed to break down the power of the man who had subjugated the whole of Europe except Russia and Great Britain, the United States the hand of the master liberty, did its best to cripple the armies of liberty by proclaiming war against Britain.

Napoleon was at the height of his power with an army for the invasion of England at Boulogne; England was exhausted in the contest with him; Her great war minister, Pitt, had died broken-hearted. Every indication was favorable to the conquest of Canada by the States and the extinction of all British interest on this continent. In the motherland, it seemed in the popular imagination, that on the other side of the Atlantic lived an impenetrable enemy, whose rancor was even greater than their boasted love of liberty. The action of the United States in declaring war against Great Britain, when she was fighting for the liberty of mankind, is best set forth in the famous speech of Josiah Quincy, delivered before Congress, 1813. Its author, on reading it over in his old age, might well say "I shrank not from the responsibility of after times." He denounced the invasion as "cruel, wanton, senseless and wicked." He said: "We have heard great lamentations about the disgrace of our arms on the frontier. Why, sir, the disgrace of our arms on the frontier is the terrestrial glory in comparison with the disgrace of this invasion of Canada. When I reflect on its criminality and its danger to the repose of this once happy country, I thank the great Author and Source of all Virtue that, through His grace, that section of country in which I have the happiness to reside is in so great a degree free from the imminence of this transgression. I speak it with pride; the people of that section have done what they could to vindicate themselves from the burden of this sin." It must be said to the credit of New England that it refused to take any part in the war and refused absolutely to send any troops to aid in the invasion of Canada. After the fall of Bonaparte, there was reason to apprehend that the British administration triumphant over its rival for its arms and navy released from the incessant service of so many years,

might concentrate the whole of the empire upon the power which it regarded as a volunteer ally of its mighty enemy, and administer an exemplary chastisement. No doubt many Englishmen felt with Sir Walter Scott that "it was their business to give the Americans a fearful memo to that the bale unborn should have remembered." But, happily, the British people wisely refrained from an expenditure of blood and gold which could have no permanent results, and would only serve to exasperate passion and prolong animosity which it were far wiser to permit to subside and to die out.

At any rate the British ministry were content to treat with the American commissioners at Ghent and make a peace which left untouched the pretended occasion of the war, or the acquiring of a foot of Canadian territory, but which deprived the United States of the valuable fishing privileges on the shores of the Gulf of St. Lawrence, which they had previously enjoyed. The settlement of the Maine boundary and the Oregon boundary questions showed American hatred of Britain to be chronic. The question finally resolved itself whether to fight Canada and wrest from her the enormous wealth, furs, now being developed, or to fight Mexico. The result was the Mexican war, one of the most unjustifiable wars ever entered into by any civilized nation. By this war the United States nearly doubled its area. Truly it is a "Century of Dishonor." The first treaty the United States made, to which it owed its very existence, was broken at the first opportunity, but which the United States had to pay dearly for. I refer to the treaty made with France during the days of the Revolution, and by means of which American independence was secured. We had agreed to assist France in foreign complications, in which she became involved, and, furthermore, to protect her possession in the West Indies. When the time came for putting those pledges into force, the United States refused to act. French statesmen did not care to throw their country into the vortex of a great European war as the friend or champion of French Revolution. These were the "foreign entanglements" that Washington afterwards cautioned his countrymen against entering into. The United States remained neutral, and indifferent, and did not give that assistance which they had agreed to by treaty, while England seized the larger part of the French West Indies which the United States had agreed to protect. The French in retaliation ordered its cruisers to take or destroy all vessels carrying the United States flag wherever found. Eight hundred and ninety-eight vessels valued at \$12,766,000, were taken or destroyed. This was the origin of the famous "French Spoilation Claims," a responsibility it succeeded in avoiding for nearly a hundred years, till at last it became an historical disgrace to the government. During Cleveland's administration some of these claims were paid to the grandchildren of the original claimants.

There would be little use for Canada to make a treaty with the United States, without the power of enforcing same. Singular as it may appear, lately Burton Kline wrote the prediction that the United States will annex Western Canada; that is, the Texas-Mexican scheme would be worked over again. American settlers would enter Canada, vote themselves into the United States, and if Canada objected, Western Canada or the whole of Canada would be taken by force of arms if necessary. This spirit is manifested by the following notice, which usually heads a Boston daily paper: "Our Greatest Duty. The thought of every public man year in and year out, should be directed to this, our greatest national economic, political and military safety, the acquisition of Canada." Sometimes it is varied with the statement that "We want Canada; it must and shall be ours." This is the way that the burglar and highwayman reason. No rich and undeveloped country, with a boundary line of 3,000 miles, containing a population of only 6,000,000, would be taken from a country on the other side of the line, professing such sentiments as the foregoing, with a population of 80,000,000, and of unbounded resources, unless it is supported and defended by one of the most powerful nations of the world.

Far away from civilization gesture language is still extant in Australia. Tribes possess such an excellent code that it is almost as efficient as the spoken language.

In Korea the rooms of a wife or mother are the sanctuary of any man who breaks the law. Unless for treason he cannot be forced to leave.

A woman's favorite writer is a husband who is capable of writing checks.

### SCHOOL FOR HAPPINESS.

#### Scheme of Starting One in The Great Metropolis.

The London Telegraph reports that one Dr. Paul Valentin is starting a school of happiness in that metropolis. The scheme sounds promising. The particulars of it include a course of lectures and the publication of a periodical to be called the Normal Life.

We are used to feel-to put it crudely--that folks who have health and money ought to be happy. And so they should. A sufficient income promotes comfort, and that contributes to cheerfulness of spirit; and to have health, of course, means to feel well, and that is a long step towards feeling good. But how far do we have to go to find persons with health to squander and more money than they know how to spend, making strenuous efforts to attain happiness, and merely achieving impaired health!

If you have health and money you can usually buy pleasure, but enjoyment is a different article; and even when you have good enjoyment, happiness may still elude you. Pleasure palls, and sometimes demoralizes; enjoyment easily yields to weariness; but you don't get tired of being happy, and you may be ever so tired and be happy still.

It is a matter of common observation that people who are fully occupied at reasonably congenial tasks are usually happier than idler people and work is very commonly prescribed as a panacea for discontent. But the remedy must fit the individual case. Work undertaken simply to make the worker happier may not yield that result. An idle millionaire may not find relief in stone-breaking, or even in a business the natural object of which is to make more money. The business may be mere drudgery to him, and he may not care for more money. The work must interest, engage and exercise the mind, but in some way it must satisfy the spirit. To want something and to work for it is a very likely basis for happiness.

That an intelligent, civilized man should find a permanent measure of positive happiness without some basis of religion to support him does not accord with expectation. Nature gives us cravings--hunger and thirst to insure due care for the body, mental aspiration to insure activity of the mind, spiritual aspirations to insure something else. If the mind must grow dull, and can't have much fun. Neither can we be happy if the cravings of the spirit find no response.

### SOLD HIS EGGS.

#### A BRITISH COLUMBIA KEEPER.

Displayed a "Distress" Signal to Attract a Passing Vessel--Incident Caused a Commotion in Marine Circles.

Vancouver, June 11.--A lighthouse-keeper not far from Vancouver recently displayed "distress" signals for the purpose of attracting the attention of a steamer on which he desired to load a consignment of fresh eggs for the local market. As a storm was raging at the time and the water was so wild that no landing could be made, the steamer brought to the city a tale of mystery which for some time caused anxiety on the water front. The steamer in question was the Princess May of the C.P.R. Skagway Line. Immediately upon her arrival in port the Dominion government fisheries cruiser Kestrel was despatched to the island appropriately named "Eggs," where the lighthouse keeper lived in his lonely tower. Capt. Newcombe of the Kestrel found the surf rolling so heavily that for hours he lay in sight of the little island waiting for an opportunity to make a landing. When at last he did reach the shore, and asked the reason why the distress signals had been displayed, he was afforded the explanation given above. The lighthouse keeper added that, as the principal virtue of eggs lay in their freshness, he had wanted to get a steamer without delay, and thought that the most effective way of securing one would be by displaying the "help wanted" sign so familiar to mariners. Having solved the mystery, Capt. Newcombe forthwith bought all the eggs and made the lighthouse keeper happy.

### EMBARRASSED WITH RICHES.

#### Heiress to Krupp Millions Has Worries.

It is one of the grim ironies of fate that a young girl, barely of age, should be in a sense responsible for the bloodshed in the struggle between Russia and Japan, owing to the fact that she supplied both powers with practically all of their guns. The young woman in question is Miss Krupp, who, on the death of her father, became chief proprietor of the world-famed Krupp works, at Essen, and likewise became the wealthiest woman in the world.

The heiress seems to have inherited some of the family capacity for industrial organization, for she takes the greatest pride and delight in supervising the work of the different departments, and declares that at some future time she will have gained sufficient experience to take an active part in the direction of affairs.

Meanwhile, her interference in business matters is limited to passive supervision, but she takes a more active part in controlling the management of the numerous auxiliary departments of the establishment. The schools for the children of her employes and the hospitals for the care of the sick receive regular visits from her, and she has a sharp eye for defects of all kinds.

Knowing human nature, it is hardly surprising to find that Miss Krupp's employes do not appreciate her good qualities and charitable ways. Living in Miss Krupp's houses, sending their children to her schools, applying to her hospitals when they or their families are sick, attending her churches, drinking beer in her restaurants, buying meat from her slaughter houses, flour from her mills, bread from her bakeries, and hats and clothes from her stores make them feel that they are her serfs, and not free-born laborers.

Miss Krupp's charitable disposition has become known to the general public in Germany, with the result that she receives, on an average, over 200 purely begging letters a day, and over 150 letters daily entreating her to grant some position in the works to some worthy young man.

She also has to undergo some of the inconveniences which are generally confined to emperors and kings. Her vast wealth and the ownership of an entire city make her a likely target for anarchists' bullets and her friends are in constant terror of assassination. For this reason her guardians have insisted on her being continually guarded by a special corps of detectives, who are always in her vicinity.

## HOW ARE YOUR KIDNEYS?

You Owe It to Yourself to Find Out at Once. Diseased Kidneys Cause More Sickness and Serious Complications Than Any Other Disease.



WILLIAM McLAUGHLIN.

I cannot speak too highly of Safe Cure, and I have recommended it to no less than a dozen of my friends, all of whom received just as good results as I. I was under his treatment for two months, and I feel the change. I continued to take it for about a month, when I entirely recovered.

Many such unsolicited letters are received daily from grateful men and women who have been cured by Warner's Safe Cure.

Thousands of Men and Women Have Kidney Disease and Do Not Know It Until It Has Developed into Bladder Trouble, Rheumatism, Diabetes, or Bright's Disease, Which Will Prove Fatal if Not Attended to Immediately.

PAINS IN THE SMALL OF THE BACK, painful passing of urine, inflammation of the bladder, torpid liver, stony urine, pain in the back of the head and neck, rheumatic pains and swellings all over the body, eczema and jaundice, tell you your kidneys are diseased and are not able to do their work properly. If you have any of these symptoms, great care should be taken to stop the progress of the disease and prevent it becoming chronic and impregnating the entire system.

TEST YOUR URINE. After your morning urine stands 24 hours, if you find a reddish, brick-dust sediment in it, or particles coming to the surface in urine, or if it is cloudy, you will know your kidneys are in a diseased condition and are unable to perform their work.

"SAFE CURE" CURES WEAK KIDNEYS. It purifies and strengthens the kidneys and enables them to do their work; it will cure rheumatism, rheumatic gout, diabetes, Bright's disease, inflammation of the bladder and urinary organs, and restores the patient's health and vigor. Safe Cure is purely vegetable and contains no narcotic or harmful drugs. It is free from sediment and pleasant to take. At all drug stores, or direct from the publishers, Warner's Safe Cure Co., 44 Lombard St., Toronto, Ont., and mention name of this paper. The genuineness of this offer is guaranteed by the publisher.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES AND IMITATIONS. They are worthless and often exceedingly dangerous. Ask for Warner's Safe Cure; it will cure you.

WARNER'S SAFE PILLS move the bowels gently and act a speedy cure.

TRIAL BOTTLE FREE.

To convince every sufferer from disease of the kidneys, bladder and blood, that Warner's Safe Cure will cure them, a trial bottle will be sent absolutely free, post-paid. Also free doctor's advice, and a medical booklet which tells all about these diseases, with a prescription for each, and contains many of the thousands of testimonials received daily from grateful patients who have been cured by Safe Cure. All you have to do is write Warner's Safe Cure Co., 44 Lombard St., Toronto, Ont., and mention name of this paper. The genuineness of this offer is guaranteed by the publisher.

**Brewery Purity.**

The outward general appearance of a brewery is a true indication of the methods followed within.

Carling's brewery is clean, tidy and always well kept--no cobwebs, murky corners, dusty shelves, tainted malt, sour kegs, etc., to be seen, as in common breweries.

The plant includes a perfect system of cold storage, modern machinery for cleaning bottles and kegs, and a large staff of skilled men devote their entire time to keeping everything spot and span.

Ask for Carling's Ale--accept no other, because no other is quite so good.

**Carling's Ale**

The Ale that's Always Pure

J. S. Henderson, Selling Agents.

## THE GERMAN ELEMENT.

Numerically it Holds First Position Among American People.

Harper's Weekly.

A German writer says that in 1750 German blood ran in the veins of about one-fifth of the population of the United States. In 1830 the Anglo-Saxon-Puritan element numbered 2,964,717; the German element, 2,695,167; and the American population, in which the several European strains had already become so thoroughly blended as to be no longer easily distinguishable, 4,852,717.

At the century's end he finds in the United States 25,177,383 Germans, as compared with 12,713,030 descendants of the "American" inhabitants in 1830 and 12,118,640 Anglo-Saxons. The Teutonic element (Germans, Scandinavians, Dutch and Belgians) is given as forty-three per cent. of the total white population; but very little reflection upon the foregoing figures will be required to convince our readers that in the course of a century a large part of the German element--which was important even at first, and has been increasing so rapidly that it now holds the first position numerically, and is indeed twice as strong as the Anglo-Saxon in that sense--must have become by intermarriage thoroughly amalgamated with the descendants of British colonists and the nineteenth century immigrants from Great Britain.

It is a fair presumption that the influence of German blood--the inheritance of "the best of the German nationality"--may be traced in the more or less useful careers of very many of the prominent Americans whose names give no uncertain indication of their German origin, or of German blood derived through some ancestor.

Women with pale, colorless faces, who feel weak and discouraged, will receive both mental and bodily vigor by using Carter's Iron Pills, which are made for the blood, nerves and complexion.

A mother can hardly wait for her son to get to the age when the people can make him prime minister.

The trouble with many a young man is that he spends his fortune before he makes it.

### A MEDLEY NATION.

#### The Russians Are Conquerors, But Not Woovers.

Booklover's Magazine.

With rare exceptions the Russian peasants are lacking in education, sobriety, industry, energy and honesty. They have the characteristics of an inferior race. They are so suspicious of questions that frequently they will lie when it is to their interest to tell the truth; they will use ingenuity in stealing and covering their tracks, but they do not have the cunning to account. Some of these characteristics extend high up. At the time that the Russian Revolution was being built at the Cramps, Philadelphia, another vessel was being built for the Japanese navy, and naval officers were there from both countries to supervise the work. The Russians did little but drink, and seldom went near their vessels, while the Japanese watched every move that went into construction and knew just what it was meant to accomplish.

The Russian population, perhaps the most mixed of all nations, is made up in large measure of conquered peoples. One-third of the whole--from forty to fifty millions--are true Muscovites. Around these are grouped Poles, Finns, Germans, Lithuanians, Lapps, Little Russians, Ruthenians, Romanians, Greeks, Georgians, Tartars, Jews and Gipsies. These are all in European Russia, and this is nothing to the medley in Asiatic Russia, where there is an almost endless variety of races. Each of the races speaks a different tongue, and there are at least six different religions among them, without counting sectaries, such as the Dukhobors. Bitter political hatred of Russia burns fiercely among the Finns, Poles and Armenians.

You may have observed that a bachelor can hold a baby almost as awkwardly as a woman can throw a stone.

Those unhappy persons who suffer from nervousness and dyspepsia, should use Carter's Little Nerve Pills, which are made expressly for sleepless, nervous, dyspeptic sufferers. Price 25c.

## PORT ADAMS, WHERE THE JAPS CUT THE RUSSIAN LINE IN TWO.



The Japanese campaign is beginning to unfold and students of the military situation are now commencing to comprehend the various Japanese movements in Manchuria. The dash through Korea and across the Yalu is now seen to have been merely for the purpose of drawing the main Russian line of defence up from the bottom of the Liao-Tung Peninsula with consequent isolation and small protection of Port Arthur and Dairen, the Russian gates to the Pacific, and to the control of the North China situation. But with General Kuropatkin at Hsichin, 200 miles from Port Arthur and Dairen, the Japanese have sent a strong division into Port Adams, where the railway struck the Russian empire, captured the railway and finally and completely isolated Port Arthur and Dairen from the Russian empire. The Russians replied by destroying 810,000,000 of dock facilities and another ten million of fortifications and commercial construction, 820,000,000 of Russian money (hoovered), by the way, from France) blown into atoms because the Japanese money (hoovered), by the way, from the North China situation. But with General Kuropatkin at Hsichin, the Japanese have sent a strong division into Port Adams, where the railway struck the Russian empire, captured the railway and finally and completely isolated Port Arthur and Dairen from the Russian empire. The Russians replied by destroying 810,000,000 of dock facilities and another ten million of fortifications and commercial construction, 820,000,000 of Russian money (hoovered), by the way, from France) blown into atoms because the Japanese money (hoovered), by the way, from the North China situation.

## Ducks And Duckings.

New York Judge.

That quaint old adage "ne'er grows serene" is illustrated by a recent case. The white ducks father went last year. Are now the ducklings of his son.

A wife should not attempt to soften a hard-hearted husband by soaking him.

## Positive Acetylene Generators

Stand without a peer for making pure gas as well as safety, economy and durability.

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