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THE DAILY BRITISH WHIG.

71ST YEAR. NO. 134.

KINGSTON, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 8, 1904.

LAST EDITION.

WHAT COMFORT IN A NORFOLK SUIT

For summer wear, with belt and straps. We have some very charming designs at

\$8, \$8.50, \$10.

Come in and try one on and see how nice it feels.

JENKINS
Promoters of Progressive Dressing for Men and Boys.

Eye Needs

Eyes Carefully Examined and Glasses Properly Fitted.

Framed in any style, and price to suit every Spectacle or Eye-glass wearer.

Optical Repairs promptly & neatly done

SMITH BROS.
Jewelers and Opticians,
350 King Street.

WANTED.

TWO-SEATED SPRING WAGGON, AT 51 Brock street.

A NURSE GIRL. APPLY TO MRS. John Donnelly, 50 Earl street.

PLASTERERS. APPLY TO ROBERT Ferguson, Renfrew, Ont.

A LAUNDRESS, WHO WILL DO FAMILY washing at home. Apply at this office.

AN EXPERIENCED GENERAL SERVANT. Apply in the evening to Miss Bigg, 126 Johnston street.

A COOK, NO WASHING OR IRONING. Apply in the evening, to Mrs. Howes & Folger, 25 Bedford street.

EMPLOYMENT AS PRIVATE TUTOR—departmental and university examinations. Address "Teacher" care of Whig office.

DETECTIVE—Can you spare part of your time for profitable detective work? No experience needed. Write American Detective Association, Indianapolis, Ind.

LADIES—\$15 PER WEEK SEWING AT HOME. Materials free, no canvass. Beautiful sample sent free on receipt of addressed envelope. Majestic Lace Co., New York.

FERRY BOAT—GOOD OPENING, where ferry has been running thirty years. Capacity, six rigs. Give full particulars apply Henry R. Bedford, Secretary Board of Trade, Deseronto.

CONTRACTS TO FURNISH PLANTS AND KEEP LAND AND GARDENS IN ORDER FOR ONE OR TWO HOURS. ALL WORK DONE PROMPTLY AND WITH EXCELLENCE. Geo. Lloyd, Nelson street green-houses.

TEMPERATE MAN, WHO THOROUGHLY UNDERSTANDS BOATS AND BOATING, ALSO WANTS TO DO PLAIN COOKING. June 20th, for island near Gananoque. Family of four. Some references and terms to Tilbury, Tongue, N.Y.

ARE YOU INDEPENDENT, OR HAVE YOU A LOSS? Get out of slavery and be free. Write G. McDonald, Co., London, Ont., and they will show you the way. They have started thousands on the road to freedom.

L. W. SHANNON, City Clerk, Kingston, June 7th, 1904.

KINGSTON YACHT CLUB ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Kingston Yacht Club Association, Limited, for the election of Directors and other business, will be held at the Club house on the 26th day of June, at 6 P.M.

J. H. MACNEE, Secretary-Treasurer.

DAILY MEMORANDA.

Skirts galore at Spence & Co's. The searchlight excursion this evening. Pauline at Grand opera house, 8:15 p.m.

Frontenac cheese board, Thursday, 10:30 p.m.

Rubber sponges a specialty at Taylors' store.

The first Parliament met at Ottawa, June 8th, 1867.

The sun rises Thursday at 4:17 a.m., and sets at 7:39 p.m.

What I most value next to eternity is time.—Mad. Swetstone.

Charcoal for hot days at Lemmon, Clinton & Lawson's.

Evening paper, if you know how to read him.—Channing.

Many a man turns up his toes while waiting for his fortune to turn up.

Tenders for fuel supply for county buildings received till noon on Thursday.

Tenders for repairs public school building received till 8 o'clock this evening.

By the time a man thoroughly understands the ways of a woman he is so old that he doesn't care anything about them.

Don't forget open air concert by Young Men's Club, of St. Luke's church, Thursday evening, June 9th, on Union street.

11th band in attendance.

DICKEN'S Coaching Days

AND

Coaching Ways

We are showing some very pretty goods in this quaint old style,

and odd shapes, dainty plates

that can be used for plaques,

etc., at 25c. and 50c. Odd shapes,

Old Dutch Jugs, etc. You can

make a handsome gift for very little money.

ROBERTSON BROS..

Always On Time

wins respect for a woman. It has gained a reputation for our

Watches and Clocks

That we feel proud of. White

we consider the movement of the

watch and clock business too, should be mentioned. Our selection of Time

Pieces are marvels of artistic skill in design and finish.

**THEY MUST BE SEEN
TO BE APPRECIATED.**

(We are leaders in our line.)

P. B. CREWS, Cor. Princess & Wellington Sts., KINGSTON.

Tenders for Smelter Site

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE undersigned up to MONDAY, June 13th, inst., at 12 o'clock, noon, from persons desirous of renting the property known as the Smelter Site, for pasturage, from the 15th of June, instant, to the 1st of January, 1905, exclusive of the buildings thereon, access to and from the site, the right to cancel the lease at any time the property may be required by the city. Tenders to be endorsed "Tender for Smelter Site."

L. W. SHANNON, City Clerk, Kingston, June 7th, 1904.

NATIVE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

New Chivang, June 8—Ezel, the

London Daily Mail correspondent, re-

ported killed by Chinese bandits, was

a native of Butler, Pa., and his

father resides now either at Denver,

Col., or San Diego, Cal.

UNITED STATES CONSUL Miller has left

here by special train for the scene of

the killing of Ezel, and will make a personal investigation.

STOOD FIRM.

Kouropatkin Is Given a Free Hand

HIS DECISION

WAS THAT ATTEMPT WAS IMPRACTICABLE.

The Relief of Port Arthur is Considered Impossible, And Will Not be Attempted—Russian Operations Limited to Skirmishes—The Black Sea Fleet Can Get Out.

London, June 8.—A despatch to the Daily News from St. Petersburg says there is the highest authority for stating that the attempt of Admiral Alexejeff and the naval party to induce the czar to order Gen. Kouropatkin to march to the relief of Port Arthur at all costs, has failed. A special council of war voted by a narrow majority that Gen. Kouropatkin should be ordered south. The czar confined himself to requesting the general to make the attempt if he thought it practicable.

Touching the German surtax, Mr. Fielding said that it had resulted in decreasing German imports in woolens, cottons, iron and steel, and other articles from eight millions in the first ten months of last year to five millions in the same period of this year. It had helped the West Indies, as shown by increased importations of raw feature.

Mr. Fielding declared that the present tariff had been shown to be a revenue tariff. It had also afforded Canadian industries a reasonable measure of incidental protection, as shown by the establishment of such great American-owned industries as those of the Deering at Hamilton.

He reminded the house that Canada had led the way in the adoption of the preferential tariff in 1897. Since then other colonies had followed. But in England reciprocity had not been taken up except by Mr. Chamberlain. Mr. Chamberlain had originally minimized the value of the Canadian preference, he had since been converted.

The two political parties in Canada to-day, Mr. Fielding said, were practically in favor of preferential trade with the empire, though they might not agree as to the details. Canadians were not called on to discuss the details, but Mr. Chamberlain's advocacy had made it proved that the policy of preference had come to stay. The Canadian government would adhere to its preferential policy in the hope that it would be supported by other parts of the empire, including the motherland.

Mr. Fielding said he had no evidence of tariff changes to announce, but he announced his request for a maximum general tariff, a minimum tariff and the British preference, the tariff to apply to nations inclined to treat Canada fairly. The minimum tariff would be applied to countries inclined to treat Canada fairly, and the British preference would give the lowest figure of duties.

The result would be that the government would be able to deal with specific items.

General tariff revision would follow only a government inquiry.

A few tariff changes were announced, crude oil and several kinds of machinery being placed on the free list.

The British preference on woolens has been diminished by about seven per cent., which gives that much additional protection to the Canadian manufacturers. Twine and cordage, twine and cord, instead of fifteen per cent., importation of stallions and mares are prohibited when valued under \$30; coal oil, previously five cents per gallon, has been reduced to two and one-half cents a gallon, and a horse of one and one-half cents a gallon given on crude oil manufactured in Canada and crude oil imported free.

A despatch to the Times from Tokio, says, that Japanese correspondents with the first army state that the Russian operations are limited to a series of skirmishes by Cossacks and mounted infantry, that accomplish nothing beyond keeping the Japanese outposts busy. About 6,000 men, with several light guns, are engaged in these operations in the Ai-Yang and Saimantsu districts. They seek to menace the Japanese provinces, but their efforts are quite without result.

A despatch to the Daily Telegraph from Tokio, says an official telegram states that a Japanese detachment, which landed at Takushan, surprised thirty Russian cavalry at Kanchutian. The Russians were routed and two of them were captured.

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A provision is to be inserted in the Canadian tariff to impose special duty on "dumped" goods equal to the difference between the price at which these goods are held for delivery in Canada and a fair market value in the country of production.

A. C. Bell was the first speaker on the opposition side and Sir Richard Cartwright moved the adjournment of the debate.

H. R. Emmerson, minister of fisheries and canals, together with Hon. Sir William Mulock, postmaster general, and possibly some other members of the cabinet, will visit Port Hope as soon as the session of the house closes and personally inspect the proposed canal route from Rice Lake to Port Hope.

PAN-PRESBYTERIAN ALLIANCE.

LIVERPOOL, June 8.—Presbyterians from all over the world are here to attend the ecumenical meeting of the Pan-Presbyterian Alliance, which opened yesterday. About 500 delegates are present and the following countries are represented:

United States, Canada, England, Ireland, Scotland, Austria-Hungary, Belgium, East Frisia, France, Germany, Greece, Italy, Russia, Spain, Switzerland, Ceylon, China, Japan, Australia, South Africa, Victoria, Queensland, Tasmania, New Zealand, Otago, Southland, Jamaica and New Hebrides.

The alliance is not a legislative body; its work is to discuss church and religious questions. The session will continue a week or ten days, during which time many eminent Presbyterian divines will deliver addresses. The opening sermon was preached by Rev. Dr. John Watson (Rev. Dr. John MacLean).

THE GRAND DUKE ALEXIS, commander-in-chief of the navy, according to an apparently reliable report, which, however, is not officially confirmed, has obtained the permission of the emperor to create a third Pacific Squadron from the ships of the Black Sea fleet and permission already has been obtained from Turkey to take the ships through the Dardanelles on the condition that they will not return. This squadron will be composed according to the report, of the battleships Rostislav, Dvenadzat, Apostolof, and Triasvititza, and will be accompanied by torpedo boats and torpedo destroyers, and will sail for the far east simultaneously with the Baltic fleet.

The government has the confirmation of the report from Chefoo and elsewhere that the Russian squadron has made a sortie from Port Arthur and that the Japanese had begun a land attack on the fortress.

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Very prosperous.

There was a surplus of over \$15,000,000.

Ottawa, June 8.—Hon. W. S. Fielding in the commons yesterday delivered the budget speech which showed his country to be prospering exceedingly.

The surplus for the past year amounted to over \$15,000,000. The liberals have been able to carry on the administration of the country without adding one dollar to the public debt.

That is the surplus that have been made to meet all additions that have been made to the public debt since 1896, and the reduction in the debt will be greater this year than at any time in the past. He claimed net surpluses for the eight fiscal years of fifty-seven millions. He estimated the debt of the current year at \$257,412,000, as against \$264,912,000.

Touching the German surtax, Mr. Fielding said that it had resulted in decreasing German imports in woolens, cottons, iron and steel, and other articles from eight millions in the first ten months of last year to five millions in the same period of this year. It had helped the West Indies, as shown by increased importations of raw feature.

Mr. Fielding declared that the present tariff had been shown to be a revenue tariff. It had also afforded Canadian industries a reasonable measure of incidental protection, as shown by the establishment of such great American-owned industries as those of the Deering at Hamilton.

"A Chinaman escaped from Port Arthur says that the rations of the soldiers comprise two pounds of bread daily and as the officers have an abundance of food the men are disconcerted."

If the German people intend to participate in the struggle for the domination of the world, it must accustom itself to the idea of a war.

In the course of long years England has grown great through the dimensions of continental powers. For centuries past England has reaped advantages from every war, most of which were instigated by herself.

"It required the genius of Bismarck to awaken the German empire to a sense of its power. Shall Germany be content to be dependent on England for light, air, and for daily bread, or has she retained some of the power which won her victories?

"Will the three powers which stood together after Japan's victory over China, to thwart England's plans—will Germany, France, and Russia remain longer idle or will they combine for their mutual benefit?

"I see in spirit the armies and navies of Germany, Russia and France advancing against the common enemy—England—which like an octopus encircles the world with its tentacles.

"My dreams before me the war and the victory of three great nations—Germany, France, and Russia—over England, and the fresh apportionment of the possession of the earth, as a final result of this mighty struggle.